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# PATROL REPORTS

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Station : Morehead

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Period : 1943-1944

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# Papua New Guinea Patrol Reports

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**NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF P.N.G. - WAIGANI.**

PATROL PORT OF: MOREHEAD ACC. No: 496.

Volume No: ..... 1..... 1943/44 Number of Reports: ..... 1.....

TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

PATROL REPORT

District of *Geck head* Report No. *9 of 4740*

Patrol Conducted by *P. K. C. S.*

Area Patrolled *Moresby*

Patrol Accompanied by—Europeans

Natives

Duration—From *19/11/19* to *24/11/19*

Number of Days *16*

Did Medical Assistant Accompany? *No*

Last Patrol to Area by—District Services */19*

Medical */19*

Map Reference *None*

Objects of Patrol *None*

DIRECTOR OF DISTRICT SERVICES  
AND NATIVE AFFAIRS,  
PORT MORESBY.

Forwarded, please.

Amount Paid for War Damage Compensation £ .....

Amount Paid from D.N.E. Trust Fund £ .....

Amount Paid from P.E.D.P. Trust Fund £ .....

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES

DO DARU

30/1/8

EQ  
SOUTHERN REGION  
ANGAU PORT MORESBY  
20 June 44.

Ref. No. 962

P/R No. 9 of 43/44 - DARU

Receipt of the above report is acknowledged.

2. DADMS SOUTHERN REGION advises that JT HUNTON is going to  
DARU and will be patrolling this area.

3. Identity disc John C. Smith received.

*F. M. H. M.*  
Maj.  
ADDS & NA:

333.1

*FILE*

221/5/44

District Office  
DAFU, RIVER DISTRICT  
16 MAY 44.

Mr. M. H. D. B. S.  
District Officer

NOTICE OF INSPECTION PROGRAMME

1. You are leaving on 16 May 44. You will travel by train, KIPURE - NAMATHEA FOR 100 MILES. ARRIVE 2/UP. 17 MAY 44. HAVE A TENT AND THE FOUR PERSONNEL ARRIVED.

2. ON THE OUTWARD JOURNEY, YOU WILL CALL ON THE VILLAGE HEAD OVER THE PARCEL OF WORKS AND REPORT TO THE ARMY. IN THIS CONNECTION, YOU WILL ALSO REPORT TO THE VILLAGE HEAD AND LEAVE THE FOUR PERSONNEL ARRIVED, DIVIDED INTO TWO GROUPS. GIVE EACH GROUP ONE OF THESE. THE LETTER TO THE VILLAGE HEAD IS AS FOLLOWS:

3. ON RETURN VOYAGE, YOU WILL TAKE MEETING CONCERNING THE SUBSTITUTION OF NATIVE LABOUR BY THE INSTRUCTIONS OF 16 MAY. INSTRUCTION NO. 29 OF 1 APR. 44.

4. TAKE A CENSUS OF VILLAGES FROM WESTERN BOUNDARY TO THE EASTERN BOUNDARY.

5. WHEREVER POSSIBLE, READ AND EXPLAIN TO THEM THE LETTER FROM GOVERNOR-IN-CHIEF TO VILLAGE COUNCILS AND COUNCILLORS IN ALL TOWNS OF RIVER, RELATING ON THE SUBJECT IN WHICH IT IS CONCERNED.

6. INQUIRIES INTO VARIOUS SUBJECTS.

7. INSPECT VILLAGES AT DAILY BASIS AND REPORT TO THE COUNCILLORS AND VILLAGE COUNCILS AND COUNCILLORS CAN BE MADE.

1/3. 16 MAY 44. DAFU.

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200-44 Acting under instructions from the 1st. officer, the above mentioned party boarded the launch "KAWI", and at long hours a start was made. In view of a gale force wind the

On a line - 100 fms. S. anchor was dropped in the same hole as before. The anchor was dropped in the same hole as before. The anchor was dropped in the same hole as before.

卷之三

11-20-44 - Total number of 1000 trees, having been selected  
and cut ready for sawing, is 1000. There have been no  
accidents at this time.

100

1000 hrs. After attending a Communion service conducted by the BFGCU people (see our notes) we started out on the lake in our boats and had a walk around some of the small islands. We have people on our way. At about 1000 hrs. the wind began to blow from the SW. I think it will be too dangerous to go on the lake so we turned back to the village where anchor was dropped at 1100 hrs. Since we have small nets and traps it is difficult to catch fish. A boat came across us and carried us to the village where we were welcomed. Did not arrive in time with the boats and could not be helped.

卷之三

1960 - inserted signs at corners and then called  
ME OF 100 PEOPLE FOR A GENERAL PERSIAN SURVEY, THE LEAD  
MEMBER OF THE TEAM WAS DR. H. M. RUDOLPH, THE VICE-CHIEF  
OF THE TEAM WAS DR. J. B. D. VAN DER KEMP.

— 10 —

THE POSITION OF THE 2<sup>nd</sup> BATTALION AND 1<sup>st</sup> BATTALION WAS THE  
VILLAGE OF PAKA 10 MILES TO THE EAST. AT 0600 THEY WERE  
TO ROLL OUT AND MOVE  
WIND BLOWING FROM THE WEST. THEY WERE TO MOVE  
OUTWARD AND STRIKE THE 1<sup>st</sup> BATTALION WHICH WAS  
SOUTH OF PAKA. THE 2<sup>nd</sup> BATTALION WAS TO MOVE  
AND TAKE POSITION IN PAKA. THE 1<sup>st</sup> BATTALION WAS TO  
MOVE SOUTH AND TAKE POSITION IN PAKA.

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15. **Ward:** 1948-1949. **Time:** 1948-1949. **Location:** 1948-1949.

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11-27.

11-28.

## LEADER.

proceeded to MAITUM, a new village on the west coast of the KALIMANTAN RIVER, where a village inspection was made and a general health survey carried out.

As a result of the reading of the G.O.C.'s, no one gave his voluntary for work.

At 1000 hrs we started and proceeded via the KALIMANTAN RIVER. The concrete causeway bridge was completed which shortened our travel time by two hours.

At 1200 hrs the same procedure was carried out. The G.O.C. was read and those who were available took their voluntary.

At 1300 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 1400 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 1500 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 1600 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 1700 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 1800 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 1900 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 2000 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 2100 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 2200 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 2300 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 2400 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 2500 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 2600 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 2700 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 2800 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 2900 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 3000 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 3100 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 3200 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 3300 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 3400 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 3500 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 3600 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 3700 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 3800 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 3900 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 4000 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 4100 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 4200 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 4300 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 4400 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 4500 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 4600 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 4700 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 4800 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 4900 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 5000 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 5100 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

At 5200 hrs we came to another bridge which was under construction.

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PLATE

PAGE 1.

## REBELLION

Left at 8 A.M. and proceeded up the LAMBERT river to 1000 where no inspection of village no people was carried out.

During the trip considerable engine trouble was experienced, with the result that this was not reached until 1000 hrs. After landing we started and saw at this point I descended up river for a further hour's trip, and made an inspection of two villages KIWI and KIWI.

Returned to 8 A.M. where the boat was sent.

## REBELLION

Visited village and took census 1 March 1900, all men were in the field section of the G.A.U.'s command, and were seen and accounted downstream to HALL where a large number were seen to be in camp.

Boat also started from this village and went upstream along the river, passing the right bank.

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*M. J. Scott*  
M. J. Scott

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1960-61 - 1961-62

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THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO LIBRARIES

In the spirit of my letter, I am approached by the 712. Comm. of Dist. It asked if I would be master of ceremonies at the celebration to be held that evening.

THE 200TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE BIRTH OF FREDERICK DODD

THE BOSTONIAN, OR, THE INDEPENDENT, NOVEMBER 1770.

the following day, and others at intervals of one hour.

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THE BOSTONIAN SOCIETY OF BOSTON, MASS., AND THE BOSTON LIBRARIES COMMITTEE

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卷之三

The result of this will be to increase the number of  
the species, and to extend their distribution, the global nature of

10-1 MERRILL BILLIE WILHELM, instructed  
to appear as a witness in the trial of



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新嘉坡總理、新嘉坡市長、新嘉坡議會議員、新嘉坡議會議員

This is a very large village of 60 houses with several more under construction. All houses are well constructed and new slates or tiles well maintained.

THE VILLAGE OVER WHICH THE 1000 LEGIONS IN CHARGE

ONE HUNDRED FIVE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.  
THE BILLS I HAVE SENT UP ARE SIGNED AND IN A TWO SPACED LINE.

卷之三

ALL DAY AND ALL NIGHT  
WE STAYED ON THE PLANE.  
WE WERE SO EXHAUSTED  
WE WERE SO EXHAUSTED  
WE WERE SO EXHAUSTED

10. The following table shows the number of hours worked by each employee.

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卷之三

卷之三

**2007-2008** DATES REMAIN THE SAME AS LAST YEAR. ALL 2 MONTHS WILL COUNT.

卷之三十一

...THERE ARE VILLAGES OF 20 HUNDRED FOLK WHICH ARE  
DEVOID OF CLOTHING AND THE PEOPLE ARE THIN AND WEAK. THE VILLAGE  
AND COUNTRY IS SO DILAPIDATED THAT NOT ONE MAN WORKING  
TO SUPPORT HIMSELF AND HIS CHILDREN HAVE ENOUGH TO EAT. THEY ARE WILD  
AND HUNGRY. THEY HAVE BEEN SO LONG IN THIS STATE THAT THEY  
DON'T KNOW HOW TO WORK. THEY HAVE BEEN A BURDEN TO OTHER PEOPLE FOR SO LONG THAT THEY  
DON'T WANT TO WORK. AS A RESULT THEY HAVE BEEN FORCED TO LEAVE THEIR  
VILLAGES AND ARE SICKENED.  
THIS WAS OBSERVED WITH THE OTHER VILLAGERS WHO CAME TO

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RECORDED IN 1910.

PAGE 8.

to carry out the work of a councilor efficiently, and asked  
that another man be appointed to the position.

A vote of the people selected a young man named John  
so I confirmed the appointment and the committee's seal was  
handed over.

| NAME | AGE     | SEX  | RELATION |
|------|---------|------|----------|
| John | 18 yrs. | Male | Son      |
|      |         |      | Daughter |

AN OLD VILLAGE visited & called up of all the  
people who have served as councilor since.  
No one, but those were seen during the incite trip,  
was surprised to find the past state of health and of their  
public eney.

Number of blind eye is very small. In fact I could  
not find any in the entire village.  
In the Report of the 1910 survey several cases of  
blindness were found among people who had failed with other eyes.  
The number of blind eye in the town in the past year  
is about 10 or 12 hundred in the entire world and may be small percentage.

*D. M. H.* - 1910  
RECORDED

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OXFORD REMARKS.

Page 4.

## ROYAL CORONATION CEREMONY.

In the morning of May 14th, '44, I was approached by the Vill. Comm. of SIGHT and asked if I would be Master of Ceremonies at the celebration to be held that morning.

The ceremony began a little after 8 A.M. and began with a march of all village people, headed by V.D.C. Personnel and Native Soldiers and the R.O.R.C. Policeman and two members of the R.P.C. as Flag Bearer and Guard of Honour, through the village, passing beneath arches formed by the Boy Scouts and Girl Guides holding palm leaves, to the church where a short service was conducted by a Native Pastor.

After the Church Service the entire party formed up once more and marched to the village school where the flag was raised.

I then gave an address on the Ceremony and meaning of the Coronation and concluded by reading the G.O.C.'s letter, stressing the wonderful example shown by the King and Queen during the present crisis.

At the conclusion of the address the assembly sang the National Anthem and, after three hearty cheers, broke off to the village playground where a Sports Meeting was to be held.

## VILLAGES AND CRAFTS.

### JARAI, Vill. Comm. SITY No. 77.

A well spaced village of about 15 houses, the road being clean and the grass cut back to a straight line at the boundary of the village, about one chain from the nearest house.

Houses are solidly constructed and are walled and roofed with Pi-tree bark. At the back of the line of houses are well constructed sheds for storing root crops and other goods.

The Best House is a small but solid building and is kept in excellent condition.

Intensive veg gardens covering at the back of the village, those people are good agriculturists and the gardens are in excellent condition. Farther back from the village are other gardens of banana and other foods.

The root gardens are not yet in full production, but during the months of June and July when the fall harvest will be in they will obtain enough to tide them over the slack period and still have plenty for sale to the other coastal people.

### MARAI, Vill. Comm. No. 116.

These are the same people as above, this village is slightly smaller and has no best house, it is well looked after and all houses are solid and weather proof.

As the garden area of this village merges with the JARAI area, all remarks passed about the former village may also be applied to MARAI.

### SINYA, (MERIKA) Vill. Comm. PARAKOM. No. 116.

A large well spaced village of 30 houses, all solidly constructed and walled with Pi-tree bark; Pi-tree bark and another bark is now used for roofing.

The rear of the village is lined with store houses and pig pens, all of these are well constructed, the cleanliness of the pig pens showing that these people place a great value on their live stock.

The best house is a small solid building, I understand that certain repairs were carried out to the floor which should be quite suitable for a stay of anything up to a week.

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GENERAL SUMMARY.

PAGE 4.

KUNDI. (continued.)

This village has it's gardens situated in areas best suited for the particular crop, bananas, root crops etc.

11 gardens are in first class order and show extensive work; at present the food supply is barely enough to cover village requirements, but in a few weeks the main root crop harvest will be made and they will have plenty of food for storage in store.

SCIERIE.

This is only a new village, the people having come from the Island, at present the area is only roughly cleared and no definite boundary has as yet been marked.

7 houses have already been constructed and at present the people are engaged in building a Root House and making gardens.

These people have good gardens in the interior and are well supplied with food.

WILL. GARDEN. No. 25.

This is what a small village of 6 houses, two men in charge and all houses are entirely constructed, it will be time before there is any real village as there are still more people coming from the Island.

The main point of interest of villages is that the people are concentrated or a "big flock" which has recently been scattered in the interior, and they are scattered over they will return gradually to the coast.

This village has large gardens and is well supplied with food.

WILL. GARDEN. No. 26. MAMBAKU. HALL.

This is a small village of 9 houses, situated on a narrow strip, it is in as easy place to keep clean as all houses are built back over one side & carried away by the sea.

All houses are solidly constructed and don't mind the effect waves have on them.

A large root house is situated at the back of the village, this is well looked after and the surrounding area kept clean.

This village has gardens only sufficient for village requirements, may say this is due to the fact that five of their men are at present working in Port Moresby. Their gardens though are clean and well tended.

HIGH HILL. No. 26. KWA OF JESUITA.

This is a fair sized village of 14 houses, Root House, and 2 houses ready construction. The houses are in a very bad state of repair and I issued instructions that all houses have to be repaired before the next tidal comes through.

The village area is also very untidy and the councilor was instructed that this also should be cleaned up with out delay.

The village has two big gardens a few miles inland, these have recently been damaged by wild pigs and the people are at present engaged in repairing fences and replanting.

There is sufficient food for village requirements.

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SECRET SERVICE

Page 6.

## MOUNTAIN VILLAGE, KALI, N.Y.

There is a very large village of 50 houses with several more under construction. All houses are well constructed and show signs of being well maintained.

The village site is clean and is maintained in that direction by regular cleaning parties.

The best house is an excellent habitation, one of the best I have seen in any district. It is a two roomed house with a porch with a balcony on each floor.

The general condition of the village does the credit of the head of the community, Mr. Daniels and the people of the village which are poor and ignorant the people.

There are no organized groups in the village but the church has a small group of power, they are not numerous in the village which is well supplied with food and clothing to the natives from my observations.

## MOUNTAIN VILLAGE, KALI, N.Y.

This is another large village in the same place. It was pointed out to me by Mr. Daniels that this village had been under the influence of the Amherst Indians before the Amherst Indians were driven out.

Food is scarce in this village but there is 20% surplus of food in the village.

## MOUNTAIN VILLAGE, KALI, N.Y.

This village of 30 houses and less houses, all houses are well constructed and the village site clean and free of debris. These people have good gardens and an abundance of food.

## MOUNTAIN VILLAGE,

This is the village above the one mentioned in the same place.

I saw no tracks those in the village were reported to be very ignorant and did not know where to go.

## MOUNTAIN VILLAGE, KALI, N.Y.

This village of 20 houses and less houses, all houses of stone, mud and adobe made with the exception of the one which is made of wood. The houses are well built and clean, the village site is clean and free of debris. The people are very ignorant and do not know where to go.

Food is scarce in this village but there is 20% surplus of food in the village.

## MOUNTAIN VILLAGE, KALI, N.Y.

This is the mountain village of 7 houses and 20 houses less houses. I observed that all the houses in the village are well built and clean. The houses are made of stone, mud and adobe. The houses are well built and clean, the village site is clean and free of debris. The people are very ignorant and do not know where to go. Food is scarce in this village but there is 20% surplus of food in the village.

## MOUNTAIN VILLAGE,

This is the mountain village of 10 houses and 20 houses less houses. The houses are well built and clean, the village site is clean and free of debris. The people are very ignorant and do not know where to go. Food is scarce in this village but there is 20% surplus of food in the village.