

For Labson 312 (2346)

"Two subjects with a structurally abnormal X were found to have this chromosome consistently heteropycnotic and late replicating". These observations are consistent with the 'fixed differentiation hypothesis' of X-chromosome behaviour.

Human Sex Chromosome Abnormalities in Relation to DNA Replication and Heterochromatinization.

Melvin M. Grumbach, Haira Morishima and J. Herbert Taylor

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"Grumbach / Morishima proposed that the change of state, heterochromatinization, is induced in a large part of one of the two X-chromosomes of each cell during an early embryonic stage, the fixed differentiation hypothesis (beta cytals 6 p 46 1962)

See also (14)(27)

Jacobs, P.A; DC Marden; K.E. Buckton, W.M. Court Brown, M.J. King, J.A. McBride, J.N. Anne Freger, and N. Viss Lee, Lancet 1, p 1123 (1961)

Jacobs P.A, et al Lancet 1, 1212 (1960)