Lands

VOLCAN LAND & WATER CO.

REPORT ON SAN LUIS REY RIVER VALLEY AND THE COUNTRY TRIBUTARY THERETO.

THOS P. ELLIS. October 1912 SAN LUIS REY RIVER VALLEY AND THE COUNTRY TRIBUTARY THERETO.

By THOS. P. HLLIS, Cotober-1912.

The scope of the following report is to include and summarise the amount of tillable land tributary to a transportation line followingalong the main course of the San Luis Rey River, San Diego County, California. Extending eastward from a main at Oceanside to the Warner Ranch Vicinity.

The TERRITORY, taken as tributary to this system is bounded by the creats of adjoining hills, and limited by its proximity to other sources of transportation. This gives a natural method of fixing the bounding lines; while thoretically good, we must allow wide variations for practice. The area thus included is from 800 to 1000 square miles.

The VALLEY of the San Luis Rey River is some 50 miles in length and has an average width of over one mile. It consists of some 40,000 acres of bettom land the greater portion of which can be utilized formfarming. In this valley and its tributary valleys frost occurs in the winter months, consequently we find no citrus orchards but in their stead alfalfa, beans and other lagumes, sugar beets, garden truck, hay, grains, green ffuits such as peaches stc.

The CITRUS BRLT extends approximately from the 500 foot to
the 1500 foot elevation and lies eastward of a direct line
between Escondide and Fallbrook. This area comprises about
92,000 acres. Below the 500 foot contour and above the valley
or bottom land therein is an additional 22,000 acres part of which
also can be used for citrus growing. This gives a combined area
of 114,000 acres fifty percent of which can be used for the
growing of citrus fruits or hays, grains, wine and table grapes

which are likewise principal products. Peaches, pears, plums, clives and some apples are also raised. Dairy farming is carried on with good results.

Above the 1500 foot elevation there are some 590,000 acres, of which 260,000 acres are about 50 per cent efficient for stock raising and growing apples, cherries and other deciduous fruits and berries. The remaining 150,000 acres are very mountainous and are about 10 percent efficient for similar produce, lumber and minerals are extensive and much wild buckwheat, sage and other flowering plants abound from which any number of bees can obtain a copious supply of honey.

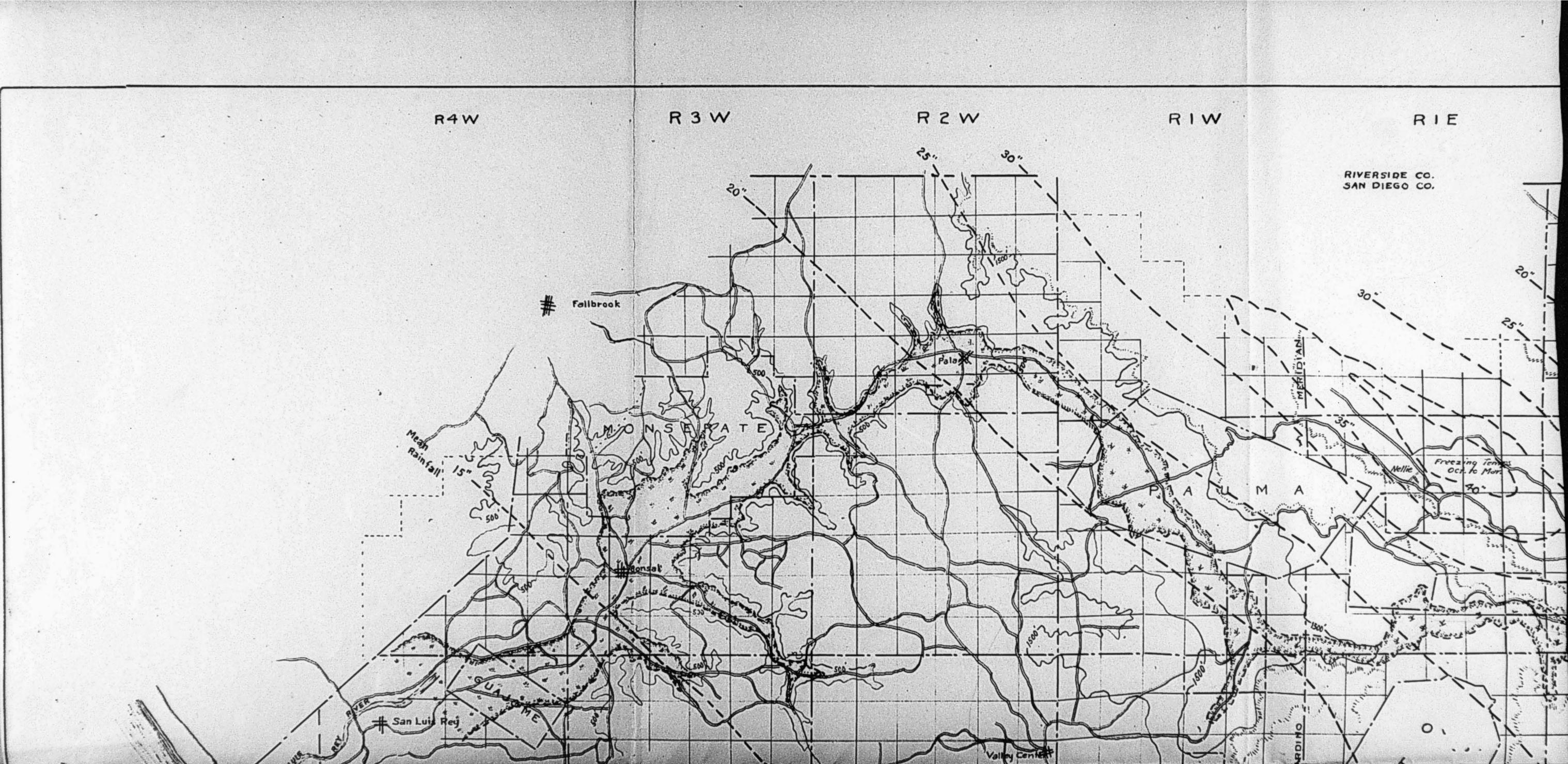
The accompanying map will show the probable extent of the tributary country; the San Luis Rey River Valley in shades; the wagon roads in light parallel lines; the towns and villages; the 500 and 1500 foot contours; the ranches; the very mountainous land dimly outlined with contour dashes; the average rainfall for 25 years indicated with heavy dashed lines; and the first and last months of frosts for the season indicated at various places. This information is not abundant and can not be shown by isothermal lines.

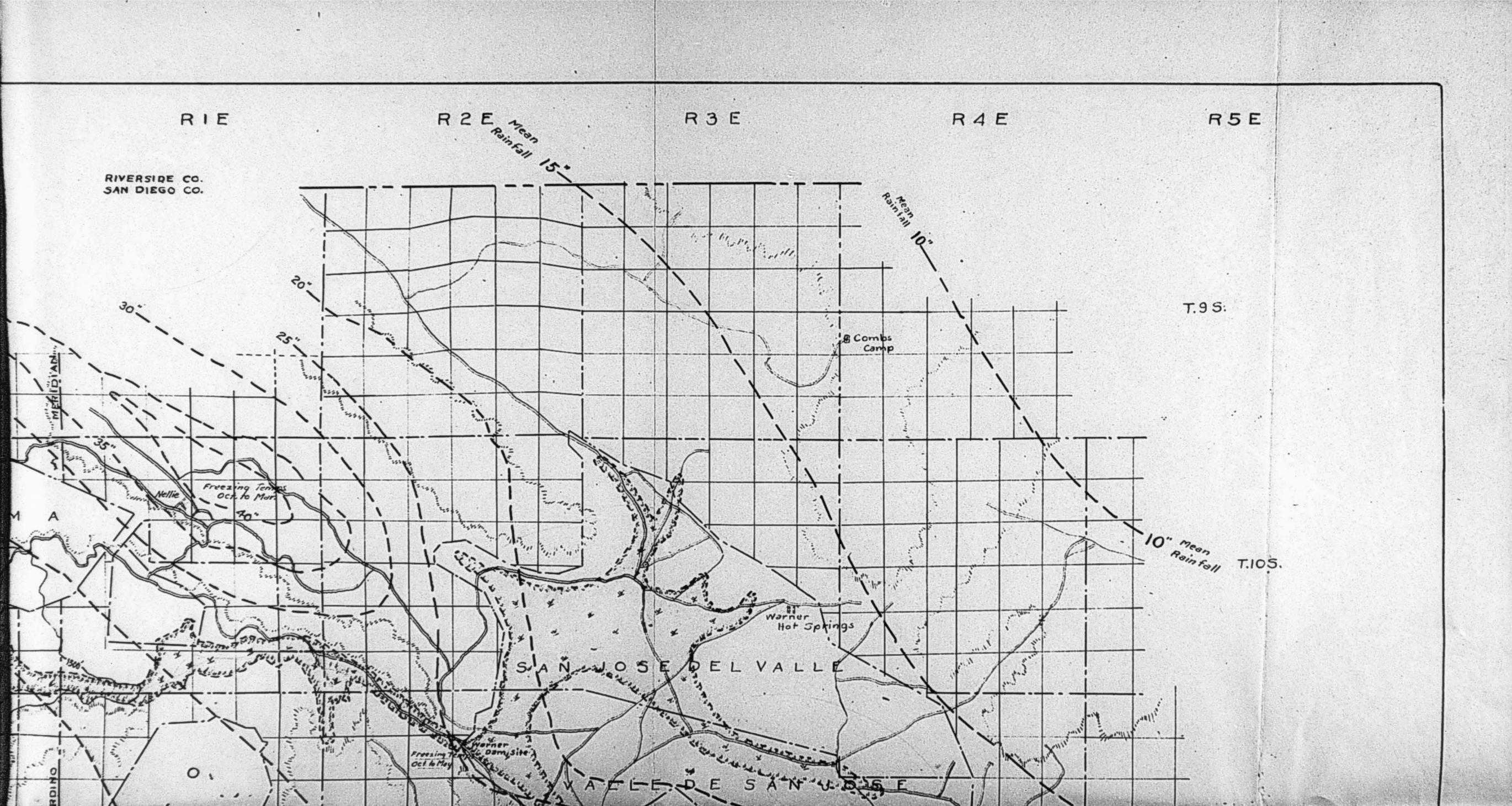
Respectfully submitted,

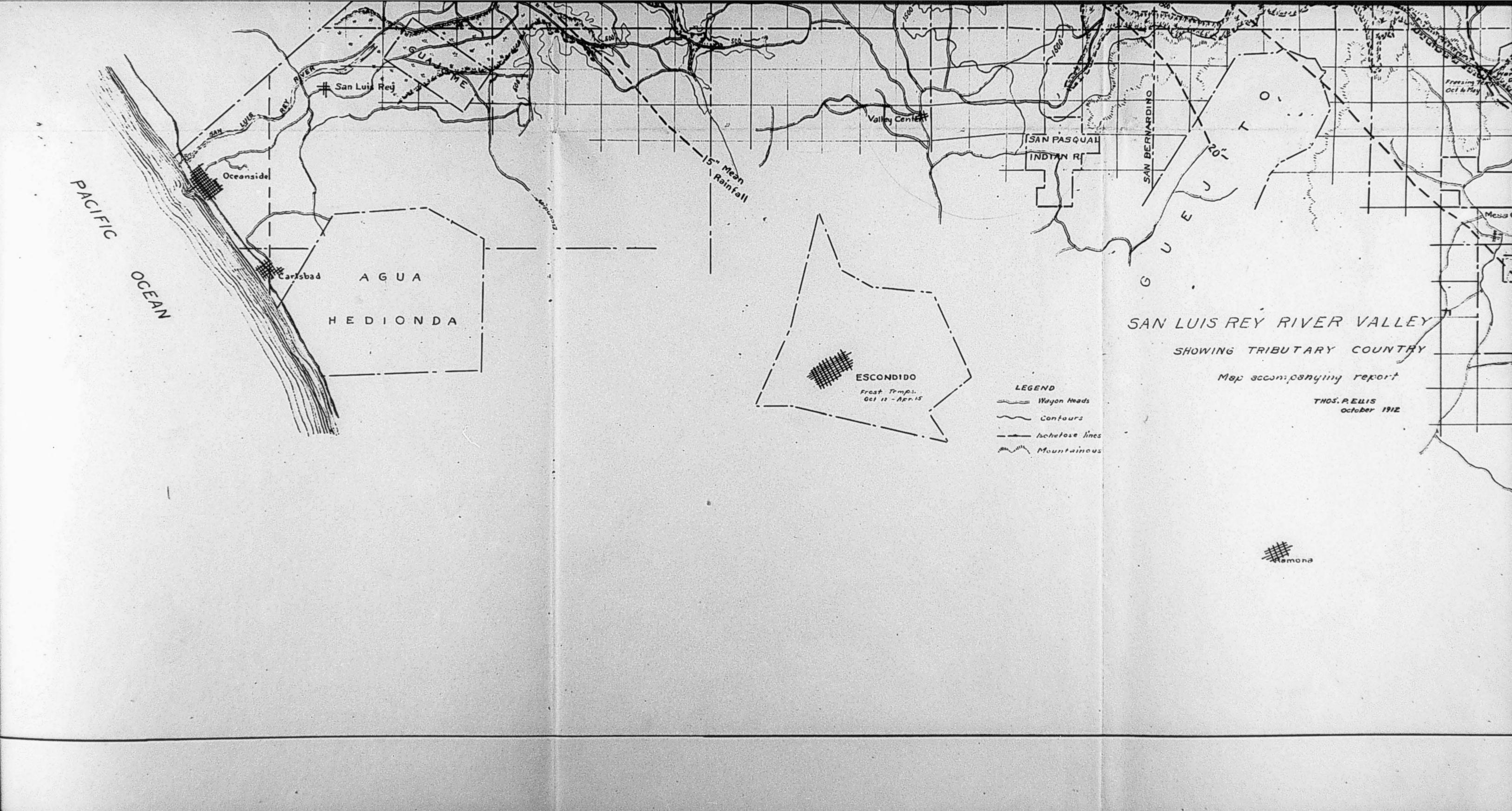
Civil Engineer.

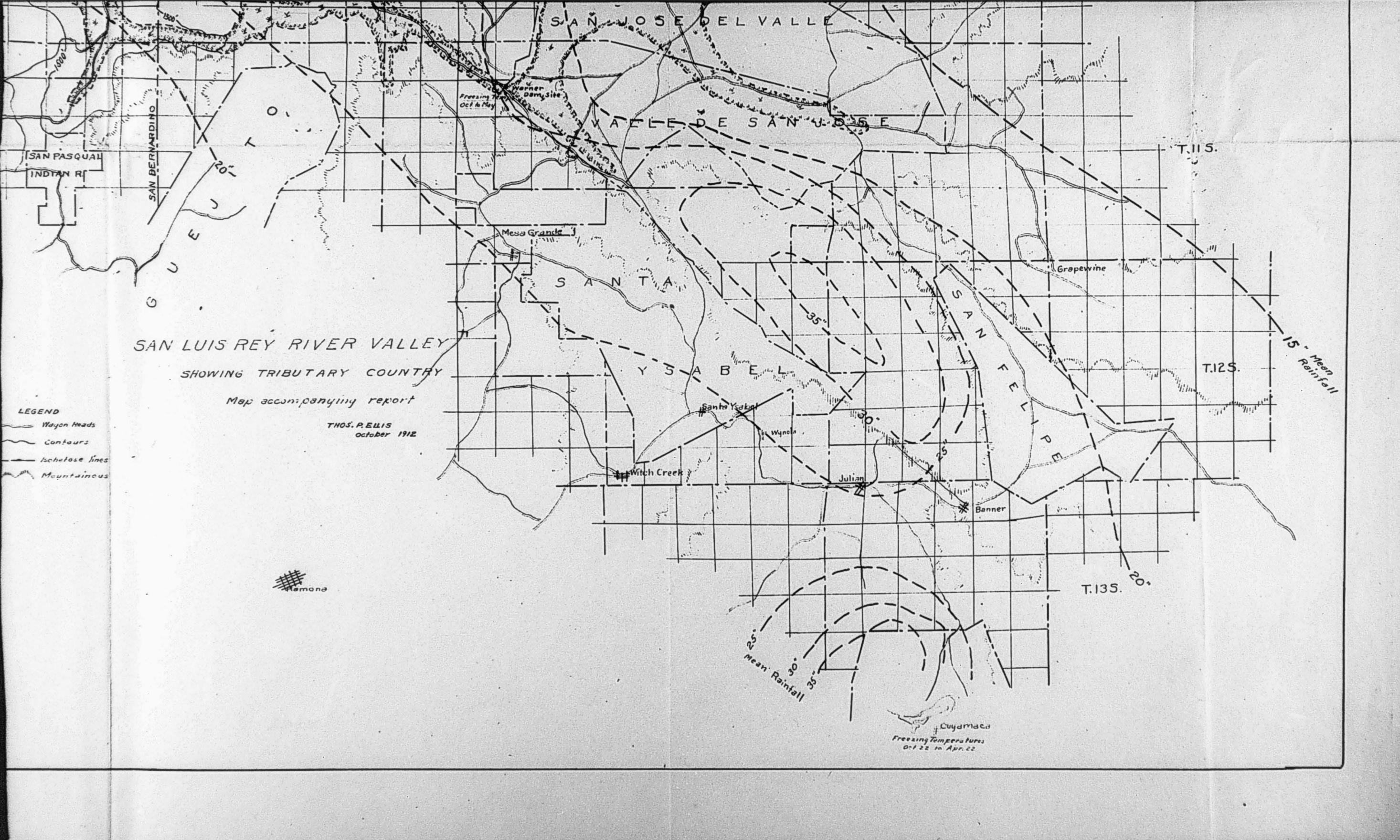
Thos. P. Cellis

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## **Ed Fletcher Papers**

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Business Records - Reports - Ellis, Thomas P - "Report on San Luis Rey River Valley and the country tributary thereto



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