I. THE USUAL PATH FOR SMALL COMPANIES

WELL WORN PATH TAUGHT IN MOST BUSINESS SCHOOLS

- 1) HAVE THE IDEA
- 2) ASSEMBLE THE TEAM (SUBJECT MATTER) Exparto
- 3) IDENTIFY THE FINANCIING
- 4) DECIDED ON CORPORATION STRUCTURE
 - A) "C" CORPORATION
 - B) "S" CORPORATION
 - C) LLC
 - D) PARTNERSHIP
- 5) INCORPORATE

6) WHEN THE COMPANY (DEPENDING ON THE BUSINESS) NEEDS
FURTHER FINANCIING SECOND AND THIRD ROUNDS OF
FINANCING ARE ARRANGED

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- 7) WHEN THE COMPANY IS READY IT MAY BE TAKEN PUBLIC $^{\triangleright}$
- II. THAT APPROACH WAS NOT FOR ME
 - I FOUNDED SAIC IN 1969 BECAUSE I WANTED A GOOD PLACE TO WORK
 - 2) I USED MY OWN MONEY AT THE BEGINNING
 - 3) LET'S START BY TELLING A LITTLE OF MY HISTORY.
 - 4) SAIC WAS FOUNDED BY JUST TWO PEOPLE MYSELF AND A PROGRAMER
 - 5) SAIC GREW BEYOND MY WILDESS EXPECTATION
 - 6) THE REASON WAS I SHARED THE OWNERSHIP
 - 7) WE BY-PASSED TOTALLY THE CONVENTIONAL ROUTE

- 8) OWNERSHIP WAS SHARED ON THE BASIS OF PERFORMANCE
- 9) WE INTRODUCED SEVERAL INNOVATIVE APPROACHES TO
 GETTING THE COMPANY IN THE HANDS OF THE EMPLOYEES
 SUCH THE USUAL STOCK OPTION PROGRAM, STOCK BONUS
 AND, OF COURSE, OPTIONS. WE HAD AN ESOP THAT HAD 25%
 OF THE STOCK AND A 401K WITH AROUND 24% OF THE STOCK,
 51% WAS EMPLOYEE OWNED DIRECTLY.
- 10) IN ADDITION, THE EMPLOYEES WERE GIVEN THE

 OPPORTUNITY TO SET THEIR OWN GOALS, BID ON PROJECTS

 OF THEIR OWN CHOOSING WITHIN REASON AND DO THEIR

 OWN MARKETING
- 11) THE COMPANY GREW UNEXPECTEDLY FAST AND SOON WE HAD THE RESOURCES FOR ACQUISITIONS. AMONG OWR FIRST MAJOR ACQUISITIONS WAS NETWORK SOLUTIONS THAT RAN THE DOMAIN NAME REGISTRATION FOR THE INTERNET AT THE TIME WHEN THERE WERE ONLY 150 USERS OF THE INTERNET. WITH THE RESOURCES GRANTED BY NSI WE WERE ABLE TO MAKE LARGER ACQUISITIONS.

AT THAT TIME, THE RBOCS WISHED TO DISPOSE OF
BELLCORE. THEIR ANSWER TO BELL LABS ON A LOCAL SERVICE
BASIS, NOT LONG DISTANCE. WE WERE FORTUNATE TO WIN THE
BID FOR THE ACQUISITION INCLUDING ALL CONTRACTS,
BUILDINGS AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY. FROM THAT POINT
ON SAIC HAD NO NEED FOR FURTHER FINANCIING.

- 12) BOTH WERE SOLD EVENTUALLY.
- 13) WITH THE INFUSION OF CAPITAL FOR BUILDING THE

 COMPANY, WE DECIDED TO MAKE OUR COMPANY MORE OF A

 MERITOCRACY WITH:
 - A) WIDE SPREAD EMPLOYEE OWNERSHIP
 - B) EMPLOYEE PARTICIPATION THROUGH COMMITTEES
 - C) FREEDOM TO TALK TO ANYONE IN THE COMPANY
 - D) AND WITH OWNERSHIP BASED ON PERFORMANCE

- 14) I RETIRED FROM THE COMPANY IN 2004 AND HAVE SINCE
 THEN DEVOTED MY ATTENTION TO WRITING A BOOK ON SAIC
 WITH MUCH HELP FROM OTHERS
- 15) THE BOOK WAS PUBLISHED ABOUT TWO MONTHS AGO BY
 JOHN WILEY AND HAS SOLD CLOSE TO 6,000 COPIES. YOU
 CAN GET IT THROUGH AMAZON.COM
- 16) MY PLANS FOR THE FUTURE ARE TO CORRECT AND IMPROVE
 THE SUBSEQUENT EDITIONS OF THE BOOK AND TO HELP
 OTHERS THROUGH THE FED TO UNDERSTAND EMPLOYEE
 OWNERSHIP
- 17) THERE ARE TREMENDOUS BENEFITS TO A COMPANY IF YOU

 CAN KEEP A COMPANY PRIVATE AND EMPLOYEE OWNED

 SUCH AS:
 - A) THE BENEFITS OF THE STOCK APPRECIATION GOES

 ONLY TO THE EMPLOYEE S
 - B) EMPLOYEES MAKE THE DECISIONS

- C) RESOURCES ARE SPENT WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE EMPLOYEES
- D) THE MAJOR COMMITTEES AND THE BOARD HAVE A MAJORITY OF EMPLOYEE OWNERS
- 18) I HAVE ENJOYED BEING HERE AND WOULD BE HAPPY TO ANSWER ANY QUESTIONS.