

Amelia in Arith & the others
Grammar

A.M.

Testament. 9 1/2

2 Childs Guide 9-50

3 Reading in Spell Book { Moses, Louisa, Eben
Mary Eliza, Salome
Richard, 10-20

4 Colburns Arithmetic

5 Emersons "

6 Smiths Geography 10-40

7 Smiths Geography Recess

8 Hist. U.S. 11 1/4 Recess @ 10 1/2

9 Village Reader

10 Spelling } George Sealing ought

11 Ann Elisabeth in spelling 1/2 or 40

12 Reading in Rhetorical Reader

13 Spelling

Ann Elis in spell 10 1/4 + 5

Village reader 11 3/4

0

2-0 So

2-20

P.M.

1 Rhetorical Reader

2 Village Reader

* 3 Reading in spelling book { Moses, Mary Eliza,
Louisa, Salome
Eben - Richard

4 Justin in Geography & Sabars Parley A.M.
& Amelia Andrews

5 Grammar 2 1/2 hour

6 Colburns Arithmetic Recess at 3

7 Emersons "

8 Spelling } Ann Elisabeth spelling

9 " } 1/2 hour

10 Testament

Arith. & spelling book
Mary Eliza Cass

P.M.

Boston's system of punishment
 for boys & girls
 by the Board of Education
 in 1840

- 1 Laban M. Bailey aged 14
- 2 Charles Sawyer " 13-14
- 3 J. Andrew J. Sawyer " 10
- 4 Francis Morse " 10
- 5 Joseph Carr " 10
- 6 Justin K. Clement " 9
- 7 Thomas Frederick Colby " 8
- 8 Moses Stewart Brown " 4
- 9 Eben Barzley " 4
- 10 Richard Bailey " 5
- 11 George Bailey " 6
- 12 James Paris " 14
- 13 John Bailey " 11 - 12
- 14 Charles Foster " 6

corn

Teachers are required to make a written report in detail of all cases of disobedience or improper conduct on the part of scholars, including the names & ages & previous conduct of the offenders, & the punishment if any inflicted. To be forwarded monthly.

- 1 Catharine Morse aged 13
- 2 Mary Clement " 13
- 3 Amelia Andrews " 11
- 4 Lucinda Bailey " 8
- 5 E. Snett Sawyer " 9
- 6 Ann Elizabeth Sawyer " 7
- 7 Mary Eliza Carr " 6
- 8 Louisa Harris Pasley " 4
- 9 Salome Colby " 4
- 10 Sophia Sawyer 16
- 11 Abby Clement 15
- 12 Elizabeth Morse 15
- 13 William Hesen Kimball

1845-6

	1 st	2 ^d	3 ^d	4 th	5 th	6 th	7 th	8	9	10	11	12	13
Orthography	13	16	13	13	16	15	17	17	19	21	16	21	21
Reading	12	14	11	13	16	15	14	14	18	20 ⁰⁰	16	19 ⁰⁰	19 ⁰⁰
Writing	4	5	4	9	10	11	11	11	11	12	11	12	12
Geography	7	10	8	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	12	12
English Grammar	2	4	2	4	5	6	6	6	6	7	6	7	7
Arithmetic	9	12	9	13	15	14	14	14	14	15	14	15	15
Algebra	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Watts on the Mind	1	1	0	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Astronomy	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Surveying													
Average slate for week	12 ² / ₉	12 ⁹ / ₁₁	11 ³ / ₆	10 ⁹ / ₁₁	15 ¹ / ₁₁	11 ⁹ / ₁₁	12 ⁹ / ₁₁	14 ⁵ / ₁₁	15 ¹ / ₁₁	18 ⁶ / ₁₁	11 ⁷ / ₉	16 ⁹ / ₁₁	17 ⁶ / ₁₁
Whole etc for week	13	16	13	13	16	15	17	17	19	21	16	21	21

School visited by Mr. Smith on Friday Nov 25

" " " " " " Jan 16

100 none

* The numbers in Orthography & Reading should be reversed perhaps, have reversed them on Register

Length of school $13\frac{1}{2}$ weeks I kept
part of 14 weeks but had to make
up 2 or 3 days.

Whole No of different scholars 24

Average attendance $14\frac{1}{2}$

Wages per month \$22, summer

Teacher Sophie Sawyer \$6 $\frac{2}{3}$,

Value of teachers board \$1.50

Edw. W. Wain

81
15 1/2
2
3
2
15
4
12
12
18
12
14 1/2

Edmund Weeks

Hamilton Willis, state street ^{going down} right hand

~~14th~~ ~~15th~~ 16th 17th

Orthography	25	*24
Reading	25	*24
Writing	15	15
Geography	18	17
English Grammar	7	7
Brithmelie's	17	17
History U.S.	3	3
Astronomy	2	2

Average No of Scholars	22 ^{7/11}	19
Whole No for the week	25	*24

x or 22 or 23 Salome & Louisa

	1 st	2 ^d	3 ^d	4 th	5 th	6 th	7 th	8 th	9 th	10 th	11 th	12 th	13 th
Orthography	*20	25	25 ²²	23 ²¹	*25	25	*24	25*	26*	24	23*	*25	25
Reading	15	18	*19	*18	*20	*23	*23	23	25	24	23	*24	25
Writing	10	10	11	11	13	*15	*15	*16	16*	15	16	16	16
Geography	7	8	8	7	8	10	10	*11	11	17	18	18	18
Eng. Grammar	3	6	7	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Arithmetic	11	²¹³¹³ *15	13	14	16	17	*17	17	17	17	17*	17	17
Hist. U.S.	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Astronomy	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Average of Scholars	17 $\frac{2}{11}$	20 $\frac{6}{11}$	23	19	22 $\frac{2}{11}$	20 $\frac{6}{11}$	17 $\frac{8}{11}$	17 $\frac{5}{11}$	22 $\frac{2}{11}$	12 $\frac{2}{11}$ *	20 $\frac{1}{11}$	21 $\frac{1}{11}$	21 $\frac{1}{11}$
Whole No. for the week	20	25	25	23	25	25	24	25	26	24	24	25	25

Astronomy 2

Dec 10th

Ephraim W. Mosse

Astronomy 4

* or thereabouts 10 or 24
 * Else is in ab ab
 * or 23

Algebra 3

Physiology 1

Natural History 2

Botany 3

That the teachers shall report to the committee
on their visitation of the school, the essence of any
of bad conduct & the punishment

the rule which the committee have adopted

Saban III
 Charles III
 John III
 Andrew III
 Justin III
 Francis III +
 James III
 Joseph II
 William

		17		13		14		15		16	
				St.	Mo.	St.	Mo.	St.	Mo.	St.	Mo.
	22	22	N	18	19	21	22	22	22	18	21
	23	23	J	23	22	24	24	16	16	21	22
	22	23	W	23	23	17	15	18	21	21	21
			J	19	21	25	25	20	20	21	21
			F	25	22	25	25	20	18	21	22
			S	23		23		16		21	
						21 ^{1/2}		22 ^{1/2}		19 ^{1/2}	
						25		25		24	
										21 ^{1/2}	

17 R. 5 yds. 1 ft. 11 inch

18 R. 5 inch.

17 Rds. 16 ft 11 inches.

subtract each from the
other & the answer is
0

11-1-9-61

28 yds of cloth for 29.00

$\frac{9}{14}$ of it for $\frac{17}{9}$ of \$1.00 = ~~$14 \frac{14}{14}$~~

$\frac{9}{17} \times \frac{17}{9}$ of 28 = $\frac{28.00}{1.00} = 3 \frac{2}{7}$ c per yd.

A man bought 100 animals for \$100.

He gave \$10 a piece for ~~the~~ oxen
\$1. for ~~the~~ sheep & 1 shilling for
the geese. How many of each
kind did he buy? Mrs. Foxen -
-41 sheep - 54 geese.

$$6) 800 \quad \boxed{162-6}$$
$$\sqrt{133\frac{1}{3} \times 2 = 266\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$266\frac{2}{3} \times 3 = 800$$

$$400 \times 6 = 2400$$

$$400 \overline{) 3466\frac{2}{3}} \left(8\frac{2}{3} \right)$$
$$\underline{3200}$$
$$266\frac{2}{3}$$

$$1:129 \frac{17}{27} : \frac{6}{35} \quad \frac{12}{55} \frac{14}{4}$$

$$\frac{920}{29} \quad \frac{11}{7} - \frac{7}{5} = \frac{6}{35} \quad \frac{7}{5} - \frac{11}{7} = \frac{49}{35} - \frac{55}{35} = \frac{6}{35}$$

$$\frac{180}{36}$$

$$\frac{258}{3500} \times \frac{6}{35} = \frac{2000}{945} = \frac{222}{99} \frac{200}{9}$$

$$\frac{27}{27} \times \frac{6}{35} = \frac{2000}{945} = \frac{222}{99} \frac{200}{9}$$

$$200 \overline{) 1800} \left[\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ 1800 \\ \hline 1800 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\frac{176}{36}$$

180.36

page 180, 36

$$600:500::6:5$$

$$13:10:95\%:360::1$$

$$\frac{176}{36}$$

$$\frac{176}{37}$$

$$1000 \times 3\frac{3}{4} = 3750$$

$$3750 \times 1\frac{7}{8} = 1031\frac{1}{4} \div 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{176}{43}$$

$\begin{array}{r} 1.35 \\ 88 \\ \hline 1080 \\ 1080 \\ \hline 1.188 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 205 \\ 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$
--	--

0:1.00:5.00

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.188 \\ 50 \\ \hline 3)5.9400 \\ \hline 19.500 \\ \hline 5)39.000 \\ \hline 7\frac{44}{50} = 7\frac{22}{25} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.188)5.0000 \\ \underline{4.752} \\ 2480 \\ \underline{2376} \\ 1040 \end{array}$$

$$(4.20 \frac{240}{294})$$

1.35

205

1.148

.88

29

50

1080

3) 59400

1080

19800

1.1880 : 100 : 5.00

5) 99000

5.00

1.188) 50000 (4.20

260
794

728
25

4452

4152

2480

2346

1040

1278: 422: : 3706: 12.23 *M* 12.31 *M* 12.06
 1278: 427: : 3706: 12.38 *T* 12.44 *T* 12.21
 1278: 429: : 3706: 12.44 *B* 12.52 *B* 12.02

37.18

3706
 422
7412
 7412
 14824
 1278) 15639.32 (12.23
1278
 2859
 2556
9033
 2556
4772
 3834

3706
 427
28942
 7412
 14824
 1278) 15824.62 (12.38
1278
 3044
 2556
4886
 3834
10522
 10224

3
 3706
 429
33354
 7412
 14824
 1278) 15908.74 (12.44
1278
 3128
 2556
5724
 5112
6154
 5112

253
57

whole distance

As the whole $\frac{30}{33} : \frac{8}{33} :: 12$

28-98 Feet.

to apart

12

30) 96 (3 $\frac{1}{5}$
90

204
13

.12
04
0048

.13
1248
0052

.13 : 100 :: .0052

100
19) 5200
4

.12
1248

if .0052 is lost on .13
what is lost on 100

NEWBURYPORT HIGH SCHOOL.

E. W. Morse.

REMARKS.

Absent.	0
Tardy.	0
Punished.	0

The figures represent the number of *half days* absent, number of times tardy, and the number of punishments.

NOTE. *Parents* are desired to place their names upon the back of this, as evidence of having seen it,—and to return it on Monday. The co-operation of all parents is earnestly desired.

Week ending Saturday,

Jan. 10.

1840.

DAVID P. PAGE, INSTRUCTOR.

15	30
<u>15</u>	<u>30</u>
225	900
<u>225</u>	<u>900</u>
202500	(450)
<u>202500</u>	
	225
	<u>900</u>
	1575
	<u>925</u>

220	15
<u>575x</u>	<u>15</u>
115500	225
<u>244314</u>	<u>15</u>
86066	3375
	<u>1331</u>
	42044
	<u>511</u>

11	785398
<u>11</u>	<u>511</u>
121	401.338378
<u>11</u>	<u>731</u>
1331	29431.481053

307-28

$$\begin{aligned} 4000 \times 4 &= 16000 \\ 4500 \times 12 &= 54000 \\ 3500 \times 4 &= 14000 \\ \hline &84000 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3000 \times 10 &= 30000 \\ 1500 \times 4 &= 6000 \\ 4500 \times 6 &= 27000 \\ \hline &63000 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2000 \times 6 &= 12000 \\ 4000 \times 8 &= 32000 \\ 6000 \times 2 &= 12000 \\ 4500 \times 4 &= 18000 \\ \hline &74000 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &84000: \\ &63000 \\ &74000 \\ 221000: 84000: &: 4420: 1680 \\ 221000: 63000: &: 4420: 1260 \\ 221000: 74000: &: 4420: 1480 \end{aligned}$$

193/argels
Hess

$$72 \times 2 = 144 \overset{262}{\div} 144 = 173 \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 173 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{52 \frac{1}{2}} \\ 346 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 173 \frac{6}{8} \\ 3009 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{24} \\ 1822 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{1041 \frac{4}{8}} \\ 7609 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{3009 \frac{4}{8}} \\ 1822 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{1041 \frac{4}{8}} \\ 5873 \frac{0}{108} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 173 \frac{6}{8} \\ 3009 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{24} \\ 1822 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{1041 \frac{4}{8}} \\ 7609 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{3009 \frac{4}{8}} \\ 1822 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{1041 \frac{4}{8}} \\ 2864 \frac{4}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1041 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{1041 \frac{4}{8}} \\ 1041 \frac{4}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ \underline{3460} \\ 127 \\ 2)34727 \\ \underline{17367} \\ 173 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{42} \\ 346 \\ \underline{692} \\ 257 \\ \underline{172917} \\ 1822 \frac{4}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 346 \\ \underline{865} \\ 319 \\ 3)90277 \\ \underline{3009} \\ 24 \\ 173 \frac{4}{8} \\ \underline{3018} \\ 5190 \\ \underline{187} \\ 52087 \\ \underline{1041 \frac{4}{8}} \end{array}$$

193.
5

22720:4620::684

684
18480
36960
22720

228:114::100

100
228:114:100/50
1148

22720 346008 114

22720
98808
22720
119880
110880

224 684
114
114.00510

3678

95000:540:1

22068

95000/540:1000/1000 22068

526
006
3.156

540000 3.156
1.50

26.724

27720 : 4620 : 684

684
18400

228 : 114 : 01

228
11400
50

684
114
570
27720

27720) 3160000
114

95000 : 570 : 1

1728 378
1006 1006
10368 268
2268
200
14636

95000) 570000

228 .006

11400 50
200

W. H. & W. H.
Paper

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 4 \\ \hline 4)16 \\ 4 \\ \hline 12 \\ 144 \\ \hline 1728 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 44.00 \\ 41.56 \\ \hline 2)6.44 \\ 3.22 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 228 \\ 40 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 4 \\ \hline 2)16 \\ 8 \\ \hline 144 \\ 1152 \\ \hline 63)252 \\ 189 \\ \hline 63 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3.22 \\ 3.81 \\ 4.94 \\ \hline 12.00 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 41.56 \\ 33.94 \\ \hline 2)7.62 \\ 3.81 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24. \\ 16. \\ 12. \\ \hline 4)48 \\ 12 \\ \hline 16 \\ 12 \\ 4 \\ \hline 144 \\ 576 \\ \hline 4)144 \\ 116 \\ \hline 116 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 93.94 \\ 24.00 \\ \hline 2)9.94 \\ 4.97 \end{array}$$

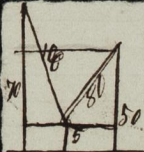
$$\begin{array}{r} 228 \\ 41 \end{array} \cdot 7853980 \quad 160.000000 \quad 203.71 \quad (14.269 \div 2 = 7.134)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24)103 \\ 48 \\ \hline 282)564 \\ 204 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 228 \\ 42 \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 1273241 \\ 104 \\ \hline 127324100 \end{array} (11.28 \times 707016 = 7.975)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 236 \\ 8 \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 30 \times 320 = 9600 + 1 = 9601 \times 2 = 19202 + \\ 19204 \times 9601 = 184377604 \div 320 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 19204 \\ 2)576180 \\ \hline 238090 - 2 \end{array}$$

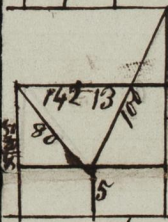


$$\begin{array}{r} 65 \\ 65 \\ \hline 325 \\ 390 \\ \hline 4225 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 100 \\ \hline 10000 \\ 4225 \\ \hline 5275 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 115 \\ \hline 2025 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 80 \\ 80 \\ \hline 6400 \\ 2025 \\ \hline 4375 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ 65 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 227 \\ 35 \end{array}$$

$$2025 \times 2.13 = 4312.5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ 23 \\ \hline 460 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 66.14 \\ 75.44 \end{array}$$

$$142.13$$

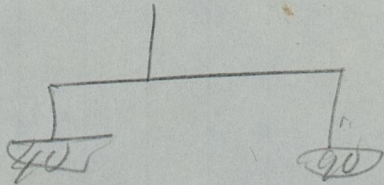
$$142.13$$

$$2025 \times 2.13 = 4312.5$$

$$2025 \times 2.13 = 4312.5$$

(14)

40 ~~10~~ = 90



A man bought 100 animals for
\$100. He gave \$10. a piece for the
Oxen, \$4 for the sheep & 1
shilling for the geese.

How many of each kind did
he buy? Ans. 5 Oxen 41 sheep 54 geese

NEWBURYPORT HIGH SCHOOL.

Ephraim W. Morse

Remarks.

Absent.

5

Tardy.

1

Punished.

0

The figures represent the number of *half days* absent, number of times tardy, and the number of punishments.

NOTE. *Parents* are desired to place their names upon the back of this, as evidence of having seen it,—and to return it on Monday. The co-operation of all parents is earnestly desired.

Week ending Saturday,

Oct 9th, 1841.

$40 \frac{40}{27} \frac{36}{1080}$ $36) 1080 (30$ 160.50 50 50
 $27 \frac{36}{1080}$ 1080 42.00 $6 \frac{200}{33 \frac{1}{3}}$
 10.80 120 118.50 $3.53 \frac{1}{3}$
 $36) 21600 (173-15$ 1000 2485 $194-18$ 240
 1080 1500 1955 6

$36) 29600 (36$
 1080
 216
 216
 5280
 10
 5280
 $3 \frac{1}{4}$

$8 \times 4 = 32 \times 2 \frac{1}{4} = 72$
 $2160 \times 1728 \div 72 = 51840$
 2160
 24 $7) 1728 (24$
 144
 288
 288

15840
 1920
 $16) 17160$
 16
 116
 112
 48
 22
 140

$212-10$
 $10725 (1340$
 27
 24
 32
 32
 220 150 24 500
 23 $.25$ 250
 750 1750.00
 500 2083
 $50) 9750 (75$
 35 $239-57$

212
 8
 $24) 168$
 4 126
 8
 138
 552
 $61 \frac{1}{3}$
 $.50$ 238
 3050 52

237
 $50) 65$ 120
 35 100
 100 $20) 600 (30$
 60
 37.80 90 $3780 (47 \frac{1}{4}$
 378 320 42
 580 560 $5 \frac{1}{4}$
 20
 $5:25:110$
 $1:4$
 $5:100:10$
 10
 $5) 1000$
 200

John Bailey M.D.

Samuel George F. Bailey

Lucinda Bailey West Amesbury

$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{24}$

Charles Tobias M.D. 111211

Elizabeth M.D. 1112

59
 6200
 450
 2850
 16900
 450
 3750
 16950
 42000
 118500

Tuesday A.M. of the girls ability

Boys Charles, Eben. M.D. 111211

Wednesday A.M. 00252 2110

1 Abby } Eben
 2 Sophia } were not there
 3 Elizabeth } were there Charles
 4 Elizabeth } 5 Charles
 5 Mary } 6 Charles

31 (98, 07) 0007
 581 9458
 00071
 58
 57,26,98
 2028

Testament 9- x 9-15

Young Reader 9-15 x 9-40

Spelling Books 9-40 x 10-

Smiths Arith 10- x 10-15

Colburns " 10-15- x 10-30

1030 x 11

History

Rhetorick 1 x 1-15

Village Reader 1-20 x 1-30

Young Reader 1-30 x 1-40

Spellers 1-40 x 1-55

Geog 1st class

learn ^{poetry} verses for Sat.
concert

10 cut = $\frac{1}{2}$ | 19199 gr

$5 = \frac{1}{2}$

$4 = \frac{1}{2}$

$2 \text{ yr} = \frac{1}{8}$

$1 = \frac{1}{2}$

$14 \text{ lb} = \frac{1}{2}$

$7 = \frac{1}{2}$

$3 \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

$2 = \frac{1}{2}$

$1 = \frac{1}{2}$

19
172791

14149

364781

9544 $\frac{1}{2}$

4799 $\frac{1}{2}$

3834 $\frac{1}{2}$

479 $\frac{1}{2}$

239 $\frac{1}{2}$

119 $\frac{1}{2}$

59 $\frac{1}{2}$

29 $\frac{1}{2}$

17 $\frac{1}{2}$

8 $\frac{1}{2}$

8 $\frac{1}{2}$

4 | 383975 $\frac{12904}{17920}$

12 | 95493 $\frac{16641}{17920}$

20 | 7999 $\frac{1}{2}$

399-19-5 $\frac{16641}{17920}$

8460

13440

14336

17472

17696

17808

17864

17892

8544

10232

$\frac{138244}{17920} = 7 \frac{12804}{17920}$

14-10-11-3

20

399

12

799

399

4799

19199

173 Page
18 Question

173 Page
18 Question
A very Hard
Sum

182
62

15
98

105
21000

6:7:12
12
682

2000
196000

16
396000

104
84
56

2352000

69

112
1170

396000

2916000

16) 2352000

29224000

1147000

2352

21000

4704

2000 (65)

4700

84

168000

12

216000

126000

6:7:126000

6) 882000

147000

21000

882000

126000

147000

6

882000

126000

$$\begin{array}{r}
 204-13 \cdot 12 \quad .19 \\
 \underline{\quad .04 \quad .1248} \\
 .0048 \quad .0052 \\
 \underline{\quad .12}
 \end{array}$$

$$.1248 \quad 19:100::0052:4$$

if .0052 is lost on 19 what is
lost on 100 —

$$\begin{array}{l}
 253-5) \text{ As the whole } \frac{30}{39} \text{ to a part} \\
 \frac{6}{39} \therefore \text{ the whole dist. } 12:9\frac{1}{3}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{30}{39} : \frac{8}{39} = 12 : 9\frac{1}{3}$$

He knew not what to
think ^{what}
Mr Lowell calls ~~them~~ an
indefinite pronoun,
he says that Greens & ~~the~~
the Grammar contains
an appendix which of
phrases which is worth
the price of the work.

The school & schoolkeeping
set out 15 trees in
3 rows & 5 trees in a row
What will 19 lbs of beef come to
at 40 per lb provided it is $\frac{2}{3}$ fat
Divide 8 galls. equally among 2 men
with 2 measures one a 5 gall. & the
other a 3 gall. measure,
the 8 galls. are in a hoghead - fill
the 5 gall. measure then turn in to
the 3 gall. there will be 2 gall.
one left in the 5 gall. measure gone
there to one man, & begin again

Means & Ends by Mrs Sedgwick

sheep & 100th business

100th business

Warrens Technology
for knowledge of art
Combs's Technology

John S. Morse Esq.

Salisbury Dec. 31. 1846

Sir, Capt. B. Bachelors & others have sold

25 cubic feet of a boiler = 1 horse's power

Smiths
 Symmetris
 227
 page

[77] 1 hour 10 miles 3600:45::3200:40
 $\frac{50}{60} = \frac{8}{52}$
 $\frac{60}{60} = \frac{52}{52}$
 3600:3200::45::40
 $\frac{12}{52}$

[54]
 11:12::4:4-20

[55]
 11:12::1:1-5-27%

[80] 365 90 2000
 $\frac{.20}{73.00} = \frac{28}{2520}$
 $\frac{420.00}{493.00} = \frac{420}{1460} | \frac{365}{4.128}$
 $\frac{47}{47}$

[78] $\frac{6}{8} = \frac{1}{60}$
 $\frac{48}{60} = \frac{60}{60}$
 1920:52::3600::97½
 $\frac{16}{8} = \frac{128}{60}$
 $\frac{128}{60} = \frac{40}{40}$
 3600:97½::5120::138-3-2

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \quad 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 36 \quad 6\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

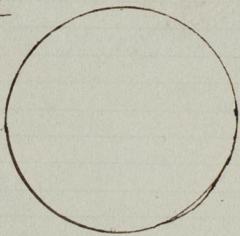
$$\begin{array}{r} 6\frac{1}{2} \quad 52361 \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \quad 374 \\ 4 \quad \hline 19.3925 \end{array}$$

$$5) 3926990 \\ \underline{785398}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1225(6.5) \\ 26 \\ \hline 125 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 25 \times 785398 = 19.634950 \end{array}$$

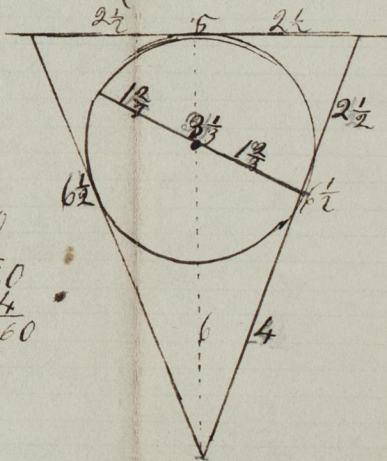
$$\begin{array}{r} 6:4:2\frac{1}{2} \\ 4 \\ \hline 6110(1\frac{1}{2}) \\ 14 \\ \hline 3\frac{1}{2} \\ 3\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline 7 \\ 17\frac{1}{2} \\ 3\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline 33 \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline 31 \\ 37\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$



3926990 contents of the glass
 19392511 " " " globe
 19.5774

$$19.8774 : 37\frac{1}{2} :: 785398$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 37\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline 579786 \\ 2356194 \\ 29081 \\ \hline 19.8774 \overline{) 29088807} (14.634110 (2445 \\ \underline{198774} \\ 921126 \\ \underline{795096} \\ 1260444 \\ \underline{1192144} \\ 678030 \\ \underline{506322} \\ 517080 \\ \underline{795096} \\ 219840 \\ \underline{198774} \\ 210660 \\ \underline{198774} \\ 118860 \end{array}$$



40 20
40
1600

159.577 Semi diam

400
1000 (34.64
9 40.10
64) 308 9464
258
656) 7400 6

44.64 : 159.577 : 34.64

34.64
698908
907462
678308
478791
7464) 552774728 (44058
52248 148.116
30294
29856
49372
37320
65524
59712
5816

22
20
264
66
364
216

Here are a man & boy at the work hoeing, the boy
works half as fast as the man; Now does the boy do
half the work? $\frac{1}{2}$

I have a yoke of Oxen which can draw 2 Tons, & hitch
them to a load of 2 tons how much strain is upon the
chain? I have another yoke which draws 2 tons & I hitch
them back to back how much strain is now on
the chain?

Can a man tell a lie while he is telling the truth? yes
If I tell you that "I will tell you a lie" & then tell you the
truth, it is a lie *

Is Platina heavier than Lead? Nothing is heavier than
Platina ~~is~~ & ~~is~~ ^{and} is heavier than ~~is~~ therefore Lead
is heavier than Platina ~~is~~

A, B, & C, were indebted to D, who had forgotten their particular debts
but remembered that the debt of A & B, added together amounted to \$50
that of B & C, to \$60 - of A & C, to \$70, What was each man's debt?
Walsgrave Oct 31. 46

From two towns E, & F, two travellers A & B, set out to meet each other &
when they met B had gone 24 miles more than $\frac{1}{2}$ the distance that
A had travelled, but from their rate of travelling, A expected to
reach E in 24 hours, & B to reach F in 28 hours, what is the dist. from
E to F.

Robt Couvée
Oct 31. 46

must, at all events, be Good's nature
have the organ of Order well developed
Fidelity

132 Green, Ants.
 8
 13 1/4 1 1/2 100
 95 95 95
 95 95
 71 1/4
 166 1/4
 95
 830
 149 4 3/4
 29 3/4
 1579 3/4

5 per cent taken out of the width,
 multiplied by 5 per cent out of a yard
 in length, will give the contents of the piece
 which measured a yard, before it shrank

10.0000 / (6.1 - 1.778) = 2577

142 / 39 = A. Atwood does 1/10 in 1 day
 " " " Jerry " 1/12 " " "
 " " " Jordan " 1/16 " " "
 1/7 - 1/10 = 3/70 what Jerry does " " "
 1/6 - 1/10 = 1/60 " Jacob " " " "

141 24 / 15 = 6:21:196
 25 96
 126
 189
 6) 2016
 336

3/70 + 1/60 = 46/420 = what both do " " "

1 or 420 : 46 = 9 3/23 No. of days.

143 20 / 45 = 20 / 40

\$60. must be then 40 per cent
 \$150. is 40 per cent 100 " " is \$150. the value of Ox on
 \$20 per cent off \$150. = 120.

147 153.00 / 4 = .20 per mile


Jones & Morse rode 11 miles together = \$2.20 = 1.10 per each
 Morse rode 4 miles alone = 80 + 1.10 = 1.90

1/15 of 3.00 = 2.20
 1.10 = Jones
 2/15 of 3.00 = 80 + 1.10 = 1.90 Morse

0.075
 0.076
 0.078
 0.079
 0.081
 0.082
 0.083
 0.084
 0.085
 0.086
 0.087
 0.088
 0.089
 0.090
 0.091
 0.092
 0.093
 0.094
 0.095
 0.096
 0.097
 0.098
 0.099
 1.00

There is a plank 12 ft. long & 1 ft. wide at one end and 2 ft. at the other, at what distance from the narrow end shall it be cut across so that each part shall contain the same number of square ft.?

Ans. $6\frac{47}{18}$

Take a board 9 inch, by 13 & make it fit a hole 1 ft. square by sawing it open once, Ans. saw up 3 inches in 4, 3 times 

Suppose you are presented with a calf six years she has a calf & every year for 20 yrs. & all the calves come in at 3 years, how many will you have in 20 years.

Bought 9 yds of cloth for $33.60 \frac{5 \frac{3}{4}}{13}$ &
 sold for $\$35.00$ on 8 months credit,
 Do I gain or lose? gain $.05 \frac{8 \frac{1}{2}}{13}$

Divide 3.8 by .7 - 5 Ans.
 " 3.8 " .07 - 50 "

Greenleaf's Introduction 155 page 26 num.

I have an English piece of money called
 3 pence, what is its value in cents, $.05 \frac{15}{27}$

What is the difference between 6 pence (U. England)
 & 10 cents? $.01 \frac{2}{3}$

What is the difference between 3 farthings & 1 cent?
 $100 \div 72 = 1 \frac{1}{4} \times 3 = 1 \frac{1}{24} \cdot 10 = \frac{1}{24}$ Ans.

Bought 28 yds of cloth for $\$29.00$
 & sold $\frac{9}{17}$ of them for $\frac{17}{9}$ of
 $\$1.00$ what did I sell them for, $\$28.00$
 Did I gain or lose & how much?
 $\frac{9}{17} \times 28 \times \frac{17}{9} = 28$ $29 - 28 = 1.00 \div 28 = 3 \frac{1}{7}$

There 60 yds East of a meeting house
 a neighbor 80 yds South
 another " 70 " West
 " " 90 " North

how far apart I have to travel to visit
 my 3 neighbors & then return home?
 Ans. $428 \frac{1}{2}$ yds.

2 men build 100 yds. of wall for $\$100$ dollars
 one man has 5 shillings & the other $7 \frac{1}{2}$ pence
 how much must each build to have the
 same amount of money? $60 @ 5 = 300 = \$50$
 $40 @ 7 \frac{1}{2} = 300 = \$50 + 450 = \$100$

An Indian went on to a level plain &
 from the same place, fired ⁴ arrows one
 due North, another East, another South, &
 another West, the distances were measured
 & the first arrow was found to be 90 yds.
 from the place where he stood, the 2^d
 60 yds. the 3^d 70 yds. & the 4th 80 yds.
 what is the shortest distance the Indian
 must travel to pick up his arrows, &
 return to the same place again.

Ans. $467 \frac{1}{2}$ yds - he must travel south first
 & then N.W. or East & then N.W.

Sold a horse for $\$100$, which was
 25 percent more than he was
 worth, what was he worth? Ans. $\$80$
 $1.25 \overline{) 100.00}$
 80.00
 20.00

How much must be broken from a
 sugar loaf which weighs 16 lbs. & is
 12 inches high, that the remainder
 may weigh 8 lbs. - Ans. $16 \cdot 8 = 12 \cdot 9.5$

$12 \cdot 9.5 = 114$
 $16 \cdot 8 = 128$
 $128 - 114 = 14$
 $14 \div 12 = 1 \frac{1}{3}$
 $9.5 + 1 \frac{1}{3} = 10 \frac{2}{3}$
 Ans.

Bundle of 90

1st
11 Let 2 men build 100 rods of stone wall for \$100. one man has
5 shillings & the other 7. per rod. How many rods must each build so that
each may have the same amount of money (\$50)? the sum is absurd, for
one of the men must build 60 rods to amount to \$50 then there will be but
40 rods for the other at 7s which will not amount to \$50, at 6s. & 7 1/2 it is ^(right)

2^d Put 15 sheep in 4 pens having an odd no. in each pen; Put 5
sheep in each of 3 small pens & then put those in to a large pen, not good,

3^d Required the length of a grape vine which twines round a tree once in 3 ft
the tree is 3 ft in diam. at the bottom & 2 ft at the top & 40 high?

19 trees grows 5 in a row

282 page

30 film

40'x11'x90

$$\frac{x}{x^2} = \frac{40}{3600}$$

$$x = 60$$