NATIONAL ARCHIVES & PUBLIC RECORDS SERVICES

OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA

PATROL REPORTS

DISTRICT: MOROBE

STATION: Finschhafen

VOLUME No: 18

ACCESSION No: 496.

1965 - 1966

ISBN: 9980 - 910 - 36 - 4

Filmed by/for the National Archives of Papua New Guinea, PORT MORESBY - 1941

Sole Custodian: National Archives of Papua New Guinea.

Papua New Guinea Patrol Reports

Digitized version made available by



Copyright: Government of Papua New Guinea. This digital version made under a license granted by the National Archives and Public Records Services of Papua New Guinea.

Use: This digital copy of the work is intended to support research, teaching, and private study.

Constraints: This work is protected by the U.S. Copyright Law (Title 17, U.S.C.) and the laws of Papua New Guinea. Use of this work beyond that allowed by "fair use" requires written permission of the National Archives of Papua New Guinea. Responsibility for obtaining permissions and any use and distribution of this work rests exclusively with the user and not the UC San Diego Library.

Note on digitized version: A microfiche copy of these reports is held at the University of California, San Diego (Mandeville Special Collections Library, MSS 0215). The digitized version presented here reflects the quality and contents of the microfiche. Problems which have been identified include misfiled reports, out-of-order pages, illegible text; these problems have been rectified whenever possible. The original reports are in the National Archives of Papua New Guinea (Accession no. 496).

[Volume 18] Finschhafen and Siassi]

PIONAL ARCHIVES OF P.N.G. - WE EANI.

			PATROL REGERT OF	: FINSCHHAFEN MORO.	ACC. No:	496	
				7. [18] 1965/66 Number of Repo	orts:	6	
	PERORT No:	FOLIO	OPPLOPE COMPHONING	AREA PATROLLED	MAPS	PERIOD OF PATROL	FICHI No:
/_/	2 OF 1965/GE	1-11	T.H. LARKINS (PO	PART YABIM.		14.9.65 - 16.9.65	
2	30F 1965/66	1-16	T.H.LARKINS CPO	KOTTE CENSUS DIVISION	MAP	4.10.65 - 23.10.65	
[3]] 4 OF 1965/66	1-17	J. E. MO455 CPO	DEDUA CENSUS DIVISION		9.11.65 - 29.11.65	1
[4]	6 OF 1965/66	1-20	G.J. SCARLETT CPO	YABIM.	MAP	10.1.66 - 2.2.65	
[5]] 70F 1965/66	1-19	G.J. SCARLETT P.O	PART YABIM.	MAP	26.4.66 - 3 5.65	
6] 8 OF 1965/66	7-16	P.J. LANCASTER	KOTTE	MAP	26.4.66 - 6.5.65	
[.	[Siassi]						
[2 of 65/66	1-9	R. Donovan PO	Siassi Census Division	Map	20.9.65 - 10.10.65	
L							
-			4				
Ē							
C.							
C.							
E							
L		99					1

MOROBE DISTRICT PATROL REPORTS

1965/1966

FINSCHHAFEN

Report No.	Officer Conducting Patrol	Area Patrolled
2	T.H. Larkins	Part Yabim
3	T.H. Larkins	Kotte Census Div.
14	J.E. Moyes	Dedua Census Div.
6	G.J. Scarlott	Yabim
7	G.J. Scarlett	Part Yambim
8	P.J. Lancaster	Kotte

SIASSI



PATROL REPORT

District of MOROBE Report No. No. 2 of 65/66
Patrol Conducted by
Area PatrolledPart Yabim
Patrol Accompanied by Europeans. N11
Natives
Duration—From. 14 / 9 / 1965 to 16 / 9 / 1965
Number of Days 3
Did Medical Assistant Accompany?
Last Patrol to Area by—District Services/19
Medical/19
Map Reference
Objects of Patrol Local Action only: - Advise on Council Water Project a
Kolem Village.
Director of Native Affairs,
PORT MORECBY.
Forwarded, please.
/ / 19
District Commissioner
Amount Paid for War Damage Compensation £
Amount Paid from D.N.E. Trust Fund £
Amount peid from P.E.D.P. Trust Fund

67-2-2

Walters/jgr

Department of District Administration, Morobe District, L A E. 8th November, 1965.

The Director,
Department of District Administration,
KONEDOBU

FINSCHHAFEN PATROL REFORT NO. 2 of 1965/66

Patrol Report submitted by Mr. Cadet Patrol Officer T.H. Larkins together with comments from Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen.

The patrols purpose was purely to assist the people of Kolem Willage in the installation of a water system. The co-operation of the people was extremely good and demonstrates that the people are prepared to help themselves. Shert patrols of this nature will do much towards improving village living condictions. The comments of the Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen are forwarded for your information and comment if considered necessary. To my mind, it is not necessary for the patroling officer to fully comply with standing Instructions and Patrol Instructions could be issued by the Officer-in-Charge directing that the patrol was for a special purpose only and the report could then cover the special project without any further reference to the other requirements. Common sense would need to be exercised and if a patroling officer observed matters that should be dealt with under a separate heading, then his patrol report could be set out to deal with these matters also.

(A.T. TIMPERLEY)
District Commissioner

13th December, 1965.

District Commissioner, Murobe District, LAE.

PINSCHRAPEN PATROL REPORT NO.2/1965-66.

Receipt is acknowledged with thanks of a patrol report by Mr. Larkins covered by your memorandum 67-2-2 of 8th November, 1965.

- 2. Your comments and those of Mr. Hogg have been noted.
- 3. Mr. Larkins appears to have carried out the task set him quite ably. I am glad to note that the fresh water system laid only cost twelve pounds.

(J.K. McCarthy)
DIRECTOR



Telephone 67-2-2

Our Reference.

Kodby ask for Maltens/jer

Department of Listrict Administration, Morobe District,

I A B. 8th November, 1965.



The Director, Department of District Administration, KONEDAPH

TI/SCHWAPEN PATROL REPORT NO. 2 of 1965/66

Patrol Report submitt d by Mr. Cadet Patrol Officer T.H. Larkies together with comments from Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen.

District Commissioner, Pinschhafer.

The patrols purpose was purely to assist the people of Folem Village in the instillation of the people are greated. The co-operation of the people are prepared to help themselv.

Nort ratrols of his nature will do much towards improving village living conditions. The comments of the Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen are forwarded in your information and comment if considered necessary. To my mind, it is not necessary for the patroling officer to fully comply with Standing Instructions and Patrol Instructions could be issued by the Officer-in-Charge directing that the patrol was for a special purpose only and the report could then cover the special project without any further reference to the other requirements. Common sense would need to be exercised and if a patroling officer observed matters that should be delit with under a separate heading, then his potrol report could be set out to deal with these matters sis:

67-1-2

Dopt. of District Administration, Sub-District Office, FINDCHHAFBN, Morobe District.

27th October, 1965.

The District Commissioner, Morobe Pistrict,

Finschhafen Fatrol N-.2 of 1965/66

refers. Your memorandum 67-2-3 of 14th October, 1965

the suggestions in your ultimate paragraph. Tr. Larkin schieved the object of the patrol efficiently well. His claim for camping out allowance is attached.

Actually, such a report is far from being the full, formal report required by the Standing Instructions, and it appears to me that the Instructions should either be carried out to the lette of that a Memorandum of Patrol would suffice.

When ever jumior officers camp may from the station on duties such as those carried out on this patrol, it seems to me to be forcical that a full formal report should be required. The officer camping out has neither the time mor the opportunity to collect the information required in a formal report. I feel that a good case could be put to the Director for the relaxing of the Standing Instructions in this respect. Surely we can submit a suggestion to the Director that an Assistant District Commissioner is a sufficiently responsible officer to be able to judge when a patrol report is necessary - and when the necessity of submitting a full, formal report becomes ludicrous in the extreme.

Although I have no complaint with the type of report you request, I doubt whether a report of each brevity was envisaged when the Instructions were promulgated. Also, the report is of strictly local interest, and a Memorandum would presumably have served equally as well.

I suggest that the pore fact of camping out does not automatically provide an officer with the opportunity to gather the information required in the full formal report, that often the duties are so restricted in nature in time available that a report is superflucus, and that this fact should be accepted. A junior officer, if given the proper training in his early years, should have ample opportunity to gain experience in formal reporting.

I also feel sure that many field officers are sympathetic to the viewpoint expressed shove, and that the matter should be taken up with the Director.

For your consideration and action, please.

ıti

ATION

M

GJH/1h 67-1-2

Dipt. of District Administration, Sub-District Office, FINDGAHAFEN, Morebe District.

4th October, 1965.

The Pistrict Commissioner, Morobe District, L A E .

Pinschhafen Patrol No. 2 of 1965/66.

by Mr. T. Larkin, C.P.O. to cover supervision of a council project.

This project is one of many on the Pinschhafen council works list which has been carried forward from year to year. Mr. Barkin is now on a patrol of the Kotte C.D. when he will check on all outstanding works. Subsequently it may be anticipated that the advisor will be spending frequent brief absences from the station on such projects as this. It is clear that Council initiative is not sufficient to ensure that progress is achieved at a reasonable rate.

Camping allowance claim attached.



Telegrame

Tolophone

GJH/1h 67-1-2

Our Reference

If calling ask for

Mr ...

Dept. of District Administration, Sub-District Office, FINSCHHAFEN, Morobe District.

8th September, 1965.

Mr. T. Larkin, Cadet Patrol Offic FINSCHHAFEN.

Patrol Instructions Finschhafen Patrol No. 2 of 1965/66

As per verbal discussions please prepare to depart on patrol to the village of Kolem to supervise commencement of the water supply project in this village.

This is a special patrol, and as your submit your report as a Memorandum of Patrol.

34



Telegrams
Telephone
Our Reference 67.1.2

or calling ask for Mr. THU/THL.

Sub-District Officel FINSOHHAFEN.

Morobe District. 25th October, 1965.

The District Commissioner, District Headquarters, Department of District Administration, LAE.

FINSCHHAFEN PATROL NUMBER 2 OF 1965/66.

Station Finschhafen Sub-District. Finschhafen. District. Morobe. Patrol conducted by : Mr. T.H. Larkins. (C.P.O.) Area patrolled Part Yabim. Duration of patrol 14.9.65 to 16,9.65. Last Patrol to Area : D.D.A. September, 1964. Objects of Patrol Advise on Council Water project.

Introduction:-

The objects of the patrol were to assist the people of System. Previously the project had been examined by Mr. J. Lee, Local a natural spring as the source of the water.

This Spring was situated within 120 feet of an old wartime the old pipe system was to be utilised so the actual amount of work

on th 14th, the Officer with two Carpenters and two Labourers proceeded to the area and commenced the project. It was completed on the morning of the 16th and the party then returned to Gagidu.

DIARY: --

- 14.9.65. Departed Gagidu1130 hrs for Kolem by Motor vehicle.
 The area near the spring was cleared of bush and a
 drain was prepared for the pipes. Returned to Kolem
 1700 hrs. In evening discussions held with the people
 or the project. Slept Kolem.
- 15.9.65. To site of water project, the Spring was deepened to four feet so that the old 1,000 gallon water tank could be placed over the spring. Concrete was laid around the tank and the pipe line was set in position. Returned to Kolem at 1630 hrs. Slept Kolem.
- 16.6.65. To site of water project, the pipe line was joined to the old existing line. The Officer then returned to Gagidu.

CBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS:-

Reception of Patrol,

The people of Kolem have been waiting for a considerable time for the Council to complete this project and appeared to be satisfied with the end result.

During the project the people cooperated well with Before the work commenced they had carried sand, gravel and piper to the site, they had also begun to clear the bush near the site.

Village.

The Kolem Village is situated on the coast in from there. The housing is constructed of native and wartime surplus materials and because of the latter appears shabby. The hygine in

As stated the aim of the patrol was to advise on action was taken. A circular concrete tank was constructed around the natural spring which was within 120 ft. of an old wartime dam and pipe system that ran to the Kolem Village. A system of pipes were the water system now prevides fresh clean water for the Village. The total cost of the project was evelve pounds.

Conclusion.

The Finschhafen Local Government Council have a large projects for the current year and it is expected that other of the projects has been slow and the people have lost interest in them. It is felt that this can be overcome in the future by giving the people two weeks actice of the work and then spending two or three days with the Council Employees getting the work underway.

For your information,

Of Colon

T.H. LANKINS. (Gadet Fatrol Office:)



PATROL REPORT

District of MOROBE Report No. Finanhhafen No. 3 - 1965/66
Patrol Conducted by
Area Patrolled Notte Census Division
Patrol Accompanied by Europeans
Natives One Member R.P. &N. G.C.
Duration—From 4/10/19.65to23/10./1965 2 / 12/1965 to 3/12/65 Number of Days Twenty-Three.
Did Medical Assistant Accompany?
Last Patrol to Area by-District Services. 2010 ben/19.65
Medical Not Kno/m/19
Map Reference Huon Series.
Objects of Patrol (1). Census Revision. (2) Supervise Council Tax Collection
(3). Investigate and supervise Council Projects. (4). General Administrati
Director of Native Affairs,
PORT MORESBY.
PORT MORESBY. Forwarded, please.
PORT MORESBY.
PORT MORESBY. Forwarded, please.
PORT MORESBY. Forwarded, please. District Commissioner—
PORT MORESBY. Forwarded, please. District Commissioner Amount Paid for War Damage Compensation £
PORT MORESBY. Forwarded, please. District Commissioner Amount Paid for War Damage Compensation £
PORT MORESBY. Forwarded, please. District Commissioner Amount Paid for War Damage Compensation £

67-6-14

ula

MF

16th Intruary, 1966.

District Commissioner, Morobe District, LAZ.

PINSCHRAPEN PATROL REPORT NO. 3/1965-66.

Receipt is acknowledged with thanks of a patrol report by Mr. Larkins, covered by your memorandum 67-2-2 of 23rd December, 1965.

- 2. Please watch most carefully the migration of inland people to coastal areas, especially to land over which they do not have title. Where owners are willing to sell large tracts to the Administration, alienation should take place and eventually it could be leased to the inland people.
- 3. Mr. Larkins has carried out his field duties conscientiously and has submitted a lengthy and informative report.

(J.K. MeCarthy)

ula

TERRY ORY OF FAPUA AND NEW GUINGA

Telephone

67-2-2

If calling ash forters/jgr

2-2 1 8 JAN 1966

Department of District Administration.

Morobe District,

I A E

23rd December, 1965.

The Director,
Department of District Administration,
KONEDOBU

FINSCHHAFEN PATROL REPORT NO. 3 of 1965/66

KINEDGBY

Forwarded for your information a report submitted by Mr. T.H. Larkins, Cade's Patrol Officer covering the situation of the Kotte Census Division. Patrol instructions and comments by Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen are attached.

The migration of inland people to coastal areas, to land over which they do not have title, is a situation that may have adverse effects at a latter date. Where the owners of land are prepared to sell the land to the Administration, and here ample land for their own needs; consideration would be given to alienating these areas for eventual lease to the inland people. Such areas would need to be fairly large to allow for sub-division. Small holdings should not be encouraged as the time involved in survey, investigation and purchase would not be an economical proposition. Before any alienation is considered the Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen will be directed to report more fully on the existing situation and the attitude of the owners towards alienation and the attitude of the inland people towards paying rental if alienation is possible.

Council projects should be brought to the attention of the Councillor concerned by the people themselves for action by the Council.

The situation existing at the Aid Posts is one that Council Health Committee could well attend to in January during their proposed visit to the area. If the Council proposes to build Aid Posts and accept the responsibility for them, then they should also accept the responsibility of supervision of the activity of the Aid Post Orderlies. There is little liklihood of a Medical Assistant being available to patrol the area and the Council should be advised to have the Health Committee to marry out their duties with more attention to supervision of Aid Posts.

The Finschhafen Local Government Council has estimated that £10,870.0.0 for the construction of ten Low Level Invert Culvert style bridges will be required. This project, proposed by the Council to be constructed by them has been placed on the agenda of the first meeting of the District Development Committee.

Collection of the outstanding Council Tax should be undertaken before the end of March. If no further attempt is made by the Council, the resistance of the people of the people towards paying tax will no doubt increase.

Extracts from the report have been referred to the Departments of Agriculture, Health and Education.

(A.T. TIMPERLEY) District Commissioner

c.c. Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen c.c. Mr. T.H. Larkins, Sub-District Office, Finschhafen.

GJH/1h 67-1-2

Dept. of District Administration, Sub-District Office, FIMSCHHAFEN, Morobe District.

14th December, 1965.

The District Commissioner, Morobe District,
LAE.

Finschhafen Patrol No. 3 of 1965/66

Please find attached a report and camping allowance claims covering the abovementioned patrol which was conducted by Mr. T. Larkins, C.P.O.

without incident. Secti of the patrol were successfully completed comment are as follows:-

Introduction: Advice to the Chief Electoral Officer Commor Roll adjustments will not be forwarded because, by recent advice, they are no longer required.

Outline of Political Situation: The rate of desertion illegitimacy in the Finschhafen area appears to be high than in many other places. This state of affairs must be rectly ettributable to the high labour absentee rate. Of the whole the villagers have been able to adapt to the village manpower shortage, and to make appropriate arrangements for the desert wives and illegitimate children. The villages are also not worthy for the high percentage of spinsters.

It should be noted that most absentee workers seem to be accompanied by their families where suitable accommodation is available. Unless or until greater pressure or ensouragement is given to employers in urban areas to provide married accommodation for semi-skilled and skilled workers, no improvement in the present situation can be anticipated.

The tendency to migrate from the hinterland to the coastal strip has been noticeable for some years. Many Kotte people have settled in the Yabin area and are establishing copra and cacae plantations. It is hoped to allocate an officer to work on alienation of such blocks early in the new year.

The patrol has been well condused and well reported. Little amplification of remarks is therefore necessary.

The delay in submission is regretted, however Mr.
Larkin has been continually called upon to attend to other pressing Council matters and has not been given a fair opportunity to submit this report in a shorter time period.

For your information and attention, please.

G.J. HOGG

Assistant District Commissioner

Encle

...

Takeone CJH/1h
Our Reference 67-1-2

If calling ask for

Mr.

Dept. of District Administration, Sub-District Office, FINSCHHAFEN, Morobe District.

4th October, 1965.

Mr. T. Larkin, Cadet Patril Officer, FINSCHHAFEN.

Finschnafen Patrol No. 3 of 1965/66.

As per versal instruction, please prepare to depart on patrol to the Kotte (.D. on 4th October, 1965.

Yo instructions are as follows:-

1. Conduct x-census revision of the villages in the Kotte C.P

2. Se soll action of Council taxes.

stigate and spervise all Council projects, planned away, in the villages visited. Where village co-operating the supply of naterials is necessary for the success of any project, do what you can to gain the support of the villagers. A common aspect of Council administration in this area has be that the initiative and efforts of Councillors has been a lifted by the apathy of the peneral populace.

4. Attend to such other matters as are brought to your a tention, or which become apparent to you as requiring action

Refer to me any matter which gives you trouble - on which you require advice,

will accompany. The patrol and ld take 3-1 weeks. A constable

Telephone

Our Reference...

If calling ask for
P THL/THL.

Su'-District Office,

FINSCHHAFEN.

Morobe District.
7th December, 1965.

The District Commissioner,
Department of District Administration,
District Headquarters,
L A E.

FINSCHHAFEN PATROL REPORT NO.3 of 1965/66. KOTTE CENSUS DIVISION.

(1). PREAMBLE;

Station
Sub-District
District
Patrol No.
Patrol Conducted by
Area
Personnel Accompanying:
Duration of Patrol

Last Patrol in Area

D.D.A. : P.H.D. : D.A.S.F. : (1)

Map Reference

Finschhafen.
Finschhafen.
Morobe.
No. 3 - 1965/66.
T.H. Larkins (Cadet Patrol Officer)
Kotte Census Division.
One Member R.P.N.G.C.
4/10/65 to 23/10/65
2/12/65 to 3/12/65.
Twenty-three days.

October, 1965
Not Known
Field Workers constantly in area.

Census Revision.
Supervise Courcil Tax Collection.
Investigate & Supervise Council
Projects.
General Administration.
Huon Series.

Introduction.

The area patrolled was the Kotte Census Division of the Finschhafen Sub-District of Morobe. In this area there are three vill jes situated on the coast and the remaining forty-one are set on ridges of the coastal range. The villages are set at altitudes from sea-level to 3,500 ft. and the temperature varies accordingly. At the time of the patrol the area was experiencing an unseasonal 'wet' which made the walking tracks slippery. The longest walk between villages is approximately three hours and the terrain is quite rugged and dominated by tropical forests.

The objects of the patrol were to revise the Census, supervise and investigate Council projects, supervise Council tax collection and to attend to general administrative matters. All villages in the division were visited and the Census was revised, where necessary, instructions were left for repairs to be made to the villages and walking tracks. The Council is to send a health committee through the area next January to inspect the repairs. All projects of the Council for the current year were inspected and comments on them are to be found under the various headings of this report. The tax collection was not as successful as hoped, however it is felt that the estimate will be reached. The Councillors worked well on the collection and required little advise.

The people of this area have been under Mission influence since the turn of the century and the division has been divided into Mission congregations which are centrally situated at Supan, Manga, Samantiki, Sattleburg, Wareo and Heldsbach. At Supan and Heldsbach there has been a tendency for people from the more distant villages to come and live there. This has created a problem in the villages as the people who leave do not retain an interest in the villages.

Economicially the area has been developed but in the out lying villages the people find it difficult to move their coffee and cocoa to buying points. Future development in the division will be limited unless more road links are established. The high absentee rate will also impose limitions on the development.

The route taken by the patrol was up the Mape river system then across to the Sattleburg and Wareo areas and then down to the coast. Two villages which are inside the census division but cutside the Council area were not covered. These were covered by the Officer in December. The patrol lasted twenty-three days and all the area was fully covered. The Common Roll was revised and adjustments are to be forwarded to the Chief Electoral Officer.

Diary.

4.10.65 Departed Gagidu 1130 hrs by Land Rover for Tirimure, The Village was lined, the Census revised and the Councillors collected Tax. Departed 1400 for Curunkor arrived 1615 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and the Councillors collected Tax. Clept Gurunkor.

Departed Gurunkor SOOhrs for Lanitzere, arrived 930 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed 1330 hrs for Hapahondong, via Supan, arrived 1730 hrs. Village lined Census revised and Councillors collected Tax. Slept Hapahondong.

Departed Hapshondong 730 for Magazain, arrived 845 hrv. Village lined Census revised and Councillors collected Tax. Departed Magazain 1015 hrs and arrived at Hapshondong at 1130 hrs. Rested 30 minutes and departed for Kangurua. Arrived 1445 hrs, Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Slept Kangarua,

7.10.65 Departed Kangarua 800hrs and arrived Zingko 1030 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected Tax. Departed 1230 hrs for Moikis w, via Manga, arrived 1515 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Slept Moikisong.

Diary.

- S.10.65. Departed Moikisong 800 hrs and arrived Yombong 1045 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Slept Yombong.
- 9.10.65 Departed Yombong 800hrs and crived Sombeang 1145 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillo a coalected tax. Departed Sombeang 1300 hrs and arrived Beding 1600 hrs. Village lined, census revised and Councillors collected tax. Slept Beding.
- Departed Beding 800 hrs and ar. ived Bokasu 900hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed Bokasu 1030 hrs and arrived Gunazaking 1130 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed Gunazaking 1430 hrs and arrived Mawaning 1500 hrs. Village lined, census revised and Councillors collected tax. Slept Mawaning.
- Departed Mawaning 800 hrs and arrived Samantiki 1130 hrs. Departed Samantiki 1200 hrs and arrived Fondenko 1230 hrs. Village lined, census revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed Fondenko 1345 hrs and arrived Samantiki 1415 hrs. Village lined, census revised and Councillors collected tax. Slept Samantiki.
- 12110.65 Departed Samantiki 800 hrs and arrived Sosoningko 1045 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed Sosoningko 1300 hrs and arrived Sililio 1430 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Slept Sililio.
- 13.10.65 Departed Sililio 1000 hrs for Moreng, arrived 1100 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed Moreng 1300 hrs and arrived Marrydo 1520 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Slept Mararuo.
- 14.10.65 Departed Mararuo 800 hrs and arrived Kumaua 900 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed 1030 hrs for Sisi arrived 1100 hrs. Village lined and Census revised. Councillors collected Tax. Departed Sisi 1370 hrs for Jivevaneng, arrived 1400 hrs. Village lined Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Slept Jivevaneng.
- 15.10.65. Departed Jivevaneng 800 hrs and arrived Balanko. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected Tax. Departed Balanko 1100 hrs and arrived at Fior. Both Fior and Masangko were lined at Fior. Both Villages were lined, census was revised and the Councillors collected tax. Slept Fior.
- Departed Fior 1000 hrs and arrived at Masangko at 1100 hrs. Village inspected. Departed for Bolingbangen and arrived 1230 hrs. Departed Bolingbangon at 1300 hrs and arrived at Nanduo 1345 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed Nanduo 1615 hrs and arrived at Bolingbangen at 1700 hrs. Village lined and Census revised. Councillors collected tax. Slept Bolingbangen.
- 17.10.65 Departed Bolingt gen 930 hrs and arrived at Merikeo at 1230 hrs. Departed Merikeo and arrived at Zafilio at 1530 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors coalected tax. Slept Zafilio.
- Departed Zafilio at 800 hrs and arrived at Mcrikeo at 1030 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors col lected tax. Departed Merikeo 1330 hrs and arrived at Kwenliki at 1430 hrs. Village lined, census revised and Councillors collected tax. Slept Kwenliki.
- 19.10.65 Departed Kwenliki 730 hrs and arrived Ulucr 900 hrs. village lined,
 Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed Ulucr at 1030 hrs
 and arrived Gwinlanko 1100 hrs. Rested 30 minutes. Departed for Kaungko
 and arrived 1300 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected
 tax. Departed Kaungko at 1430 hrs and arrived at Gwinlanko at 1515 hrs.
 Both Gwinlanko and Bazulo lined, Census revised and Councillors collected
 tax. Siept Gwinlanko.

Diary.

20.10.65. Departed Gwinlanko 800 hrs and arrived at Bazulo at 830 hrs. Village inspected. Departed and arrived at Aimolau at 1130 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax, Slept Aimolau.

Departed Aimolau 720 hrs and arrived Lakona 900 hrs. Village lined,
Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed Lakona 1030 hrs
and arrived Bonga 1230 hrs. Village lined, census revised and Councillors
collected tax. Departed Bonga at 1400 hrs and arrived at Leko at 1600 hrs.
Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed
Leko 1630 Hrs and arrived at Katika 1700 hrs. Village lined, Census
revised and Councillors collected tax. Departed Katika by Motor cycle
at 1800 hrs and returned to Gagidu. Slept Gagidu.

22.10.65 Departed Gagidu by Motor cycle 800 hrs and rode to Katika. Village inspected. Departed Katika and arrived at Tareko at 1000 hrs. Village lined, Census revised and Councillars collected tax. Returned to Gagidue

23.10.55. Departed Motor Cycle for Kwisuz. (14 hrs walk.) Village lined, Census revised and Councillors collected tax. Returned to Gagidu.

2.12.65 Departed by Helicopter for Embengwaneng. Village lined and Census revised Slept Embengwaneng.

3.12.65 Departed Embeng Ameng 800 hrs for Safifi. Arrived 1000 hrs. Village lined and Census revised. Departed Safifi 1400 hrs and arrived Embengwaneng 1630. Helicopter arrived and returned to Gagidu.

END OF PATROL.

4. Observations and Comments.

Reception of Patrol.

The people had been notified of the patrol programme and had prepared for its visit. The schedule was sent out with the Councillors two weeks before the patrol departed and as a result there were no delays with carriers, the rest houses were clean and well stocked with tire wood and water and the villages were clean. Informal discussions were held each night and they were well attended by the Village people who joined freely in the discussions.

Villages.

Generally speaking the standard of housing was fair, in almost every village instructions were left for the construction of new houses and toilets. It was of interest to note that instructions left by other Officers had been carried out. In some cases the work was careless and the people were advised to take more interest in the future. It has been the practice in the area for the Village "Committee" to line the people on Monday and Tuesday of each week for maintenance work, this system has been reasonably successful and the people appear happy with it. The Council are to send a Health Committee though the area in January to inspect the repairs.

Three villages were moving their sites and in each case these were inspected and found to have an advantage over the old position. The Villages are Fior, Gwinlanko and Leke. The coastal villages use wartime surplus materials for their housing and this gives them an untide appearance. The hygiene of the villages was fair however pigs are allowed to wander free y through the villages and the results are evident.

The Council plan to construct a water system at Ficr and this was inspected. The people have enough wartime pipes on hand, however there has been no design for the system made as yet and it is to be shown to Mr.J. Lee, Local Government Engineer, on his next visit. The people were advised of this.

Water Tanks.

It became evident in the majority of inland villages that the only successful way of providing the people with fresh, clean water is by suppling water tanks. The patrol was approached on many occasions by the people regarding the supply of these. At the moment the Council have thirteen on hand and these are to be sent to the area as soon as possible. In the majority of villages the churche have roofing iron so a ready made catchment area exists. The Council are to discuss at their next meeting a further purchase of tanks.

Village Officials.

The Councillors of the area are quite active and appear to have the support of the people. It is of interest to note the number of Councillors who hold high positions with the Lutheran Church. In former years apparently there was friction between the Mission Pastors and the Councillors, this now appears to have disappeared and so helps the Council to carry out its luties without opposition. Discussions were held with the people on the functions of the Councillors and it was stressed that the Council's sucess depended on the assistance of the people.

Outline of the Political Situation.

The people of the Kotte area have, as mentioned in the introduction, had a lengthy contact. They have moved freely through-out the territory and are well aware of the Administration's role in their community. The division has been heavily requited in past years and as a result the absentee rate is high. This has caused repercussions in the village life, deserted wives and illegimate children are evident in all villages. The Children, in the majority of cases are well looked after by relations. In some cases the father has come to an agreement with the mother and pays a small sum of the upkeep of the child. A greater percentage of the fathers are workers who return home on leave and them dodge their responsibilities by returning to their place of employment.

The influence of the Mission is very strong and the people "ionate" a tax for the upkeep of the congregation. By far the most outstanding building in each village is the Church.

A problem that is facing some of the villages is the increasing number of people who are moving down from the inland to the ceastal area. Supan, for example har developed from a small hamlet to a very large village. This has caused some of the villages, Hapapondong for one, to be veryshort of man power and so the village industry is being further restricted. The majority of the people living there have no "business" at their villages and live on money they earn by casual employment. The people from the villages approached the patrol to see if anything could be done about this.

In each village literature on the decimal changeover was distributed and discussions were held with the people on it. The people were told to discuss it among themselves and if they had any questions they could refer them to their Councillors who could bring them up at a Council meeting.

In the past the people have lost interest in Council project because of the time lag in getting them started and it is felt that the answer to this is in introducing a project timetable and keeping to it. Once the people realise the Council means business, the majority of them will be behind the Council.

The aged people in the division appeared to be well cared for by their relations. There was no cults roted by the patrol.

Agriculture.

- (a) The area grows Kaukau, Yams, Taro and bananas in large quantities and in the season there would be a surplus. European vegetables have been introduced but at the time of the patrol they were out of season.
- (b) Cash cropping of coffee, cocoa, copra and rice are carried out in the division. Peanuts have been introduced but they are not to the cash cropping stage as yet. The Agricultural department have permant field workers patrolling the area. Each village has a small coffee house and on the coast copra driers were sighted. The area is served by the Elimo Rural Progress Society which despite the falling cocoa price had a successful year, production was increased by 35%. The majority of cash cropping is done on an individual basis and this was supported.
- (c) Marketing facilities in the area are provided by Nansu and F.M.D.S. Ltd. The Council plans to build a buying point at Jivevaneng and the site was inspected. The people from the upper Mape area complained that they found it difficult to market their coffee as there is no set time for the sale and as a result they have to wait for days for one of the buying groups to arrive. They transport their coffee by donkeys which they purchased from the Mission.
- (d) The livestock in the division consists of pigs, poultry, goats, cattle and we sheep. The pige were out of the villages at the time of the patrol, however the lighted appeared healthy. Poultry was sighted in all villages and it is limited to individual ownership. Goats were sighted at Lakona, Aimolau and Bonga and they appeared to be well cared for. The people do not use the goat's milk and it was winted out to them that the young children would benefit from it. Sheep are at Kaung at they were not sighted. It is understood that they are finding the climate hard. They were algebred at Zingko, Bonga and Heldsbach. The ones at Heldsbach are used for milking and meat by the Mission. The Council plans to purchase two Bulls and the people were to of this.

Commerce and Industry.

Each village has a small trade store which infrenquently carry a small range of rice, meat and tea. The stores or the whole are of little consquence and would be more of a nuisance than anything to the owners. On the coast there are several large trade stores operated by Namsu. There is a small bakery at Heldsbach but at the time of the patrol it was not operating.

Land.

An investigation into a result order was carried out during the patrol, this was at Wareo and it was a small Mission lease. The adjoining land owners were notified and as there was no objection the matter was referred to Gagidu.

Complaints.

The majority of the complaints received were about illegimate children. It was explained to the people that if the mother wanted maintenance for the child she must notify the a Majistrite. Several complaints were received about absent workers and one case of Workers Compensation is to be referred to the Labour Officer, Lac. Nothing of a serious nature was brought to the patrol.

Rest Houses.

All the villages have rest houses and these were well prepared for the patrols visit. A new rest house is to be built at Sililio. The people approached the patrol for old roofing iron for the rest houses, apparently they are tired of replacing the roofs every two years. The people were told that the Council had no old iron and that they would have to inquire at Gegidu.

Carriers.

There were sufficent carriers in the division and they were paid at the rate

Carriers.

of 1/0 per hour. It is traditional for the people to carry from one village to the next and this was done during this patrol.

Health.

Aid-Posts are situated at Gurunkor, Manga, Supan, Jivevaneng, Samantiki, Bonga, Nanduo and Morang. There are Mission aid-Posts at Sattleburg and at the Buangai Hospital. None of the Council Aid-Posts were well stocked with medicine and the majority of them were dirty. The problem, it seems is caused by two factors, there is little or no supervision over the Aid Post Orderlies and the ordering of supplies is left to the A.P.O. at Gagidu who appears to have little idea of what is required. The possible solution is to have a Medical Assistant come in and patrol the area once every three months and also keep a close watch on the orders sent from the A.P.O. at Gagidu.

The Council plans to build new Aid-Posts at Moreng and Nanduo and both sites were inspected. The new Moreng post has materials on hand and work should commence shortly. The one at Nanduo will be built on the present site and materials have been ordered for i*. The Council is also planing to build an A.P.O. house at Manga and the site was inspected. Materials are also on order for this.

Education-

Each village has a Mission school that teaches to standard one. At Supan, Manga Samantiki, Waree, Lakona and Bonga there are Mission schools that teach to standard three. At Heldsbach and Sattleburg there are Mission boarding schools that teach to standard six.

The Council has schools at Siki (Katika), Gunzaking and Narduo and these are staffed by Governor t Teachers. In this current year the Council plans to erect new class rooms at Nanduo and Siki. Nanduo is now well under way and will be completed this year. The Room at Siki is a joint venture with the Parents and Citizens and should be completed for the next teaching year. It is to hold standard six which is to be introduced next year. The Council also plans to provide beds for the Siki School and materials are on order.

There is a total of 454 children recorded as attending Mission schools both inside and outside the District. There is 271 children attending Government schools inside the District and 25 outside.

Roads and Bridges.

The walking tracks in the division are adequate and were prepared for the patrols visit. The unexpected 'wet' had left the tracks wet and slippery. In the division there is a motor road from Mape Bridge to Siki and also to Fandun. The latter road cannot be used in the 'wet' season and at the time of the patrol it was in poor condition.

The Council has written to the Assistant Administrator for Services to have its bridge programme placed on the Needs list of the current budget and if this application is successful there should be a large increase in agricultural production. The bridge sites were inspected on patrol and those that have not already been designed by Mr. J. Lee, Losal Gow rument Engineer, will be shown to him on his next visit. If the bridges are put on the Needs list approximately six more miles of road will be opened and the Council should be able to complete them within twelve months against three to four years if it has to rely on its own resources. The old wartime roads these bridges would serve are still in reasonable condition and could be made trafficable with a small amount of work. The Council hopes to have some indication of the Administrations policy regarding contracts for these bridges in a short time, and as the Council now have the required equipment and experience construction should be able to start in the new years

Mission.

The Lutheran Mission have been active in the area for approximately seventy years and in this time have extended their influence through out the division. The area is broken into congregations which are controlled from a central point by a Native Pastor. There are European Missions at Sattleburg and Heldsbach but the majority of the work is carried out by the Native Church. The Luther Mission hold a very large section of the rich coastal area and it is understood that this is to be given to the Native Church. As mentioned there does not appear to be any friction at the moment between the Church and the Council.

Labour.

The Kotte has been heavily requited and at the moment 50% of males between the age of 16 - 45 are absent. The majority of Workers absent outside the district are spread through-out the large centres of the territory. Those inside are to be found at Wau, goldmining or working on Mission plantations in the Finschhafen area.

Council Tax.

The Tax collection results were poor however it is felt that this was caused by several factors.

(a). The people had not been well enough informed of the change in system. Frenquently Questions were asked by the people why they had to pay £5.10.0 for twelve months when the Tax payers meeting had decided on £3.16.0. The new system was explained to the people and it is now thought that they have a clearer idea of the system.

(b). In past years the amount of Tax collected at one time has been small and the people have been able to borrow from relations etc., £3.10.0 per male, however extends the village reserves too far, thus you had people with £1 or £2 on hand who could not borrow the rest.

(c). Unseasonal weather has slowed down the coffce drying and as a result the people have not had time to transport their produce to a buying point.

(d) The Tax Collection came at the country to the control of the country to the c

(d) The Tax Collection came at the same time as the Church and School funds were to be collected and where in past years these have been spread through-out the year, this year the people found that all their commitments had come at the one time.

There was no opposition to the Tax Collection and it is felt that the Estimates will be reached by March. The Council is in a reasonable financial position so the slow collection should not be a problem.

Census.

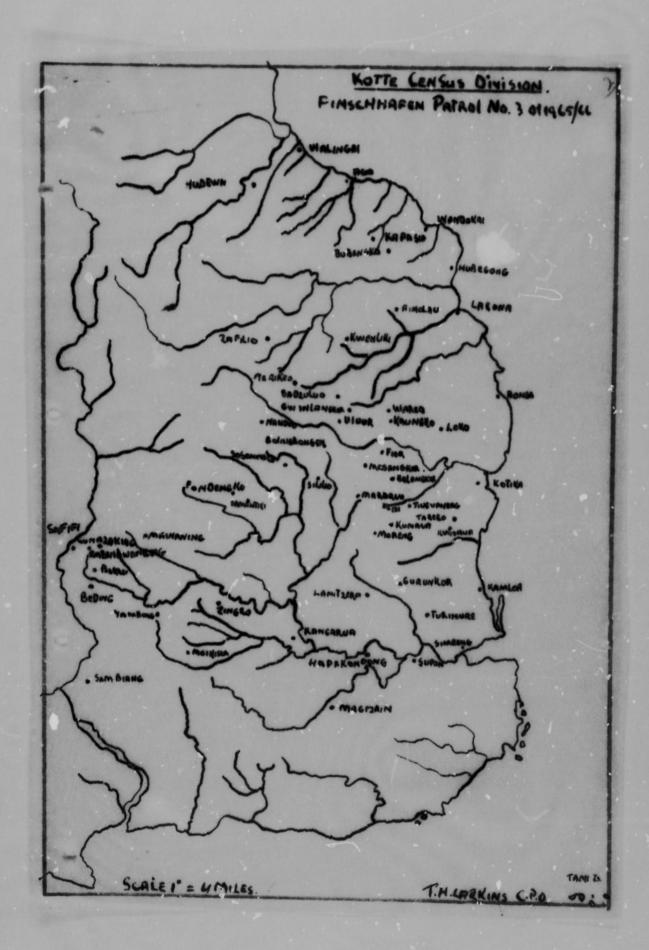
The Census was revised during the patrol and the Census Sheats are enclosed at the end of this report.

For your information

T.H. Larkins. (Cadet Patrol Officer.)

Const. WARUWARI No /388.

He did a reasonable job on the patrol. He does not appear to have many leadership qualities.



M



PATROL REPORT

District of the port 140.
Patrol Conducted by J.E. Moyes Cadet Patrol Officer
Area Patrolled Deduz Census Division.
Patrol Accompanied by Europeans
Natives1. Member. R.P. & N. G.C.
Duration—From. 9/11/19.65. to. 29/ 11./19.65.
Number of Days 21 (Twenty- QDA)
Did Medical Assistant Accompany?No
Last Patrol to Area oy—District Services/8/1965.
Medical/19
Map Keference Fourmil; Huon. Milinch Ago and Dreger.
Objects of Patrol Revision of Census: Neo-Natal Mortal ty Rate: Investigation of Cult Activities at SIWEA: Routine Administration.
Director of Native Affairs, PORT MORESBY. Forwarded, please.
14/1/19h
Amount Paid for War Damage Compensation £
Amount Paid from D.N.E. Trust Fund £
Amount Paid from D.N.E. Trust Fund £
Amount Paid from D.N.E. Trust Fund £

pula

MIGRA

67-6-19

15th February, 1966.

District Commissioner, Morabe District, LAE.

FIRSCHHAFEN PATROL REPORT NO. 4/1965-66:

Receipt is acknowledged with thanks of a Patrol Report by Mr. Moyes, covered by your memora adum 67-2-2 of 12th January, 1966.

- 2. I have noted your comments and those of Mr. Hogg.
- Please instruct the Assister District Commissioner to get all trade stores licensed. There are far too many unlicensed stores in the Dedus area.
- 4. Mr. Moyes has accomplished a good patrol and submitted a useful and informative report.

(J.K. McCarthy) DIRECTOR.



Telegrams DISADM
Telephone
Our Reference... 67-2-2
If calling ask for
Mr.



Department of District Administration, Morobe District,

12th January, 1966.

Director,
Department of District Administration,
KCNEDOBU.

FINSCHNAFEN PATROL REPORT NO. 4 OF 1965/66

A report of the patrol to the Dedua Census Division conducted by Mr. J. Moyec, Cadet Patrol Officer, together with comments and instructions from the Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen are forwarded for your information.

I assume that Mr. Foyes means by "the Administration", the Department of District Administration. In the one sentence he mentions the Administration and the Departments of Agriculture and Trade and Industry as something apart.

I can see no speedy answer to the cult activities in this area. While existing ideas remain confused there is no prospect of a startling change, where suitable education can be rovided the yourger generation may not follow the pattern but the main problem in my view lies in communication and unintentional stimulation from both mission and administration which could reinforce the cult activities even though prima facie it may appear to be completely rational to the non-natives. I do not think that the "cult" will die out in the immediate future but so long as its activities are continued at a level which does not affect to a marked degree the social pattern or the gradual economic development of the area little can be done save point out the inconsistencies or absurdities in their present approach.

Extra-marital relations with resulting illegitimate births appear to be the norm throughout the Finschhafen area, it can of course be related to the high male absentee rate, however this in itself is insufficient. There must also be a decline in the social sanctions which may have operated, or on too low a rate of maintenance being awarded by the local Magistrate on application by the mother. Possibly formal hearings and the operation of legal mactions where the acknowledged sire does not make the necessary payments, while not ensuring continence may limit the area of activity and serve as an example to those who may be inclined to extramarital adventures.

Extracts from the raport have been posted on to the Departments of Education, Forests and Agriculture.

The school at Yungzain has I understand more than 90 students and 3 teachers with children at 2nd, 3rd and 4th standard. The Pindiu Council has estimated for a £250

dormitory to cater for the children from the more remote villages. As the Department of Education has permanent buildings on the present school site a more detailed submission, preferably from the Pindiu Local Government Council would be required efore a transfer from Yungzain to the proposed site at Zagaheme would be considered. In addition the Department, as the Assistant District Commissioner points out, would have to be sure of cooperation from the villages in carrying supplies for the school. Where this cannot be guaranteed Education would be loath to consider relocation.

As the Assistant District Commissioner implies, it will be some time before the sawmilling venture will become an economic proposition, and this in turn will be tied to the development of roads to the area. In the post these people have been unable or unwilling to pick and process all the coffee crop which has had a ready market for some years. The additional strain by way of porterage may inhibit a commercial enterprise selling timber cutside the area but some can be used by the Local Tovernment Councils. I feel sure that the Department of Forests will assist with technical advice if the people request it.

The course for trade store owners to be conducted by the Finschhafen Marketing and Development Society may be of some assistance to the store owners, but must also be seen as an attempt to en ourage the native people to deal with them in preference to Namasu who for some years have held the greater part of the bulk supply trade in this Division.

The Assistant District Commissioner has again drawn attention to the need for the development of an adequate roads system in order to provide stimulus to greater utilisation of existing resources. If we could count on native interest on road construction by the coastal people initially and later bythose of the hinterland I would have no hesitation in recommending that assistance be given. In the interim, development of communications is being handled quite effectively by the Finschhafen Council and I am sure that their success with the Mape bridge will give a considerable boost to their activities in this field.

Mr. Moyes has prepared a good report of his patrol which is informati e and well presented.

(A.T. TIMPERLEY)
District Commissioner

GJH/ln 67-1-2

Dept. of District Administration, Sub-District Office, FINSCHHAPEN, Morobe District.

15th December, 1965.

The District Commissioner, Morobe District, L A E .

Finschhafen Patrol No. 4 of 1965/66

submitted by Mr. J. Moyes, C.P.O., together with a claim for camping allowance.

This patrol was essentially initiated to conduct a tax-census revision, and to carry out general administrative duties. Patrol objects were achieved.

My comments on the report are as follows:-

Education: I understand that the choice of YUNGZAIN as a school site was based on the question of accessibility to supplies, etc., rather than accessibility to the people. Recause of supply problems encountered by some other schools in this area, accessibility is an important consideration which cannot be ignored by the Department of Education. If the people were more reliable and co-operative when schools have been long established, then the less accessible areas could receive more serious consideration. Experience, however, has shown that such co-operation at the village level cannot be relied upon.

Forests: Th's office will not be pressing for the establishment of this sawmill until road services are provided to the

Roads: Throughout this report - and many others - the question of economic development is shown to revolve around the establishment of an adequate road system. Extension of roads will be dependent on continued Council initiative with funds backing from the Department of Public Works. As this area is not considered to warrant priority in road development, progress will nevertheless be relatively slow dependent on funds availability.

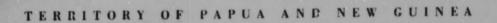
A useful and informative report by Mr. Moyes.

For your information and attention, please.

Assistant District Cormissioner

Encl.

21-15-1-12



GJH/lh Reference 67-1-2

If calling ask for

Dept. of District Administration, Sub-District Office, F I N S C H H A F E N, Morobe District.

29th October, 1965.

Mr. J.E. Moyes, Cadet Patrol Officer, FINSCHHAFE

Patrol Instructions Finschafen Patrol No. of 1965/66 Dedua Census Division.

As per recent discussion please be prepared to depart Finschhafen on patrol to the Dedua Census Division on Monday, 8th November, 1965, or earlier if present duties are completed prior to that date.

Your instructions are as follows:

- 1. Carry out a census revision of all villages in the Dedua Census Division.
- 2. Investigate and report on any recent developments in the cargo cult activities at SIWEA Village.
- 3. Investigate any complaints which may be presented in the course of the patrol and refer those requiring court action to this office.
- 4. Carry out such other administrative duties as arise, remaining at least one night at each village en route. You will therefore be absent from the station at least 23 days.

R.P. & N.G.C.. Do not hesitate to contact this office if you encounter any problems.

INTRODUCTION.

The Dedua Census Division is divided into two administrative areas. The Coastal Dedua (7 villages) is administered from Finschhafen and all the villages are represented in the Finschhafen Local Government Council. The Mountain Dedua (15 villages) is in the Pindiu Patrol Post area and all the villages are represented in the Pindiu Local Government Council.

The Mountain Dedua is set in predominantly forrested regions between approximately 3,000 and 5,000 feet above sea level while the transition to the coastal area is down very steep precipitious mountains and limestone terraces on to the coast.

The Census Division has been regularly patrolled at least twice a year and as the roai through the Coastal Dedua connects other census divisions with rinschhofen, patrols pass through quite frequently. Some villages in the Mountain Dedua have been visited four times this year by officers of this Department and these patrols have all been of a routine nature.

DIARY.

November, 1965.

Tuesday, 9th. Departed Buki

Departed Buki per M.V. Morobe 7.40 am. Arrived WONDAKAI 10.30 am. Met ADO Haviland en route to Finschhafen from Pindiu. Village lined and censusd

and informal talks.

Wednesday, 10th.

To HUBECONG 1 hr. Lined and censused in the morning. Discussions with the people, returned WONDAKAI.

Thursday, 11th.

Departed WONDAKAI 7.30 am. 12 hrs to BUTENKO - KAPAUWA. Both villages censused and informal discussions with the people.

Friday, 12th.

Departed BUTENKO - KAPA NA 7.15 am. Arrived AGO 8.30 am. AGO lined and censused. One enquiry to be referred to District Office.

Saturday, 13th.

Departed AGO 6.50 am. 35 mins to WAI INGAI. Village lined and censused. One dispute brought to patrol and settled.

Sunday, 14th.

Sunday morning at WALINGAI. Departed for HUDEWA 2.30 pm. 1 hr.50 mins to HUDEWA.

Monday, 15th.

HUDEWA lined and censused, discussions with people.

1 hr. to ZOROGO, lined and censused in the afternoon.

Tuesday, 16th.

Departed ZOROGO 8.30 am. 1 hr 50 mins to YAMANZOKO. Village lined and censused. Discussions and inspection of two trade stores.

Wearesday, 17th.

Departed YAMANZOKO 40 mins to ZUNZUMAU then 2 hrs 20 mins to ORARAKO - REBAFU. Lined and censused. Informal discussions and inspection of trade stores.

Thursday, 18th.

Departed ORARAKO - REBAFU for SIWEA, 45 mins. Village lined and censused. Talked with trade store owner and informal discussions with people. Absence of cult instigators prevented their interview.

DIARY contd.

Friday, 19th.

Departed SIWEA for ZUNZUMAU, 1 hr 10 mins. Village lined and censused. Talked with trade store owners and informal discussions.

Saturday, 20th.

To ZAGAHEME via YAMANZOKO 24 hrs. ZAGAHEME and ZONGAFIFI lined and census d. Informal talks, interviewed trade store owners.

Sunday, 21st.

Sunday observed.

Menday, 22nd.

To KINGFARINAU 1 hr 10 mins. KI-FARINAU and HOM JA lined and tensused. Informal talks with people and inspection of trade store.

Tuesday, 23rd.

To MASA 2 hrs 10 mins. Lined sid censused. Informal discussions, talked with trade store owners and inspected store.

Wednesday, 24th.

Moved to MORAGO passing through hamlet of same, HOBO, time 1 hr 25 mins. Lined and censused, talked with trade store owner.

Thursday, 25th.

Departed MORAGO for FASEU. 45 mins over good road. Village lined and censused, informal discussions and talk with trade store owner.

Friday, 26th.

To GUNABOSING 45 mins. Village inspected, census revised. Discussions including rumours of SIWEA cult and talk with store owner.

Saturday, 27th.

To YUNGZAIN 1 hr 50 mins. Census revised. Large population temporarily absent at coast selling coffee. Informal discussions.

Sunday, 28th.

Sunday morning at YANGZAIN. To NANDUO 3 hrs 40 mins in the afternoon.

Monday, 29th.

Departed NANDUO, 5 hrs to Heldsbach. Met vehicle and returned to Gagidu.

End of Patrol.

OBSERVATIONS AND COMMENTS.

The Dedua Census Division being as it is, divided both geographically and administratively, has produced two different types of people. On one hand the people of the Coastal Dedua appear self-satisfied and unresponsive while those of the Mountain Dedua seem more progressive and enthusiastic about possible new ideas. As has been said the basic contributing factors are the geography and administration of the area. The Coastal Dedua people have for years been accustomed to a ready income from copra, easy accessability, and good service from coastal trading vessels both bringing in trade store goods and shipping out produce. It is felt personmally that the Administration lacks impact amongst these people being little more than a law enforcement body and, owing to the frequency of patrols passing through, someone for whom the cargo has to be carried. However no ideas for promoting the administration's image can be offerred as both Agriculture and Trade and Industry are active in the area and there appears little scope for new interests.

The Mountain Dedua people or the other hand, not having attained the coastal degree of development, are interested and responsive to new ideas and schemes and many more enquiries regarding Decimal Currency, laws and policy were received from them.

Futher to the A.D.C. Finschhafen, 51-1-1 of the 8th September and report by Mr. R. Donovan, P.7., an enquiry was made into futher activities of the "cult" at SIWEA. The O.I.C. Pindiu, Mr. F. Haviland had passed through the village about a week before this patrol and in discussions had advised the people that while those practices indulged in by their forebears for giving the soil greater fertility may have produced good sweet potato, more was to be gained by attending to the Agriculture Officer's advice for growing an introduced crop such as coffee. On my arrival I was informed that the instigators had returned to the Kalasa Census Division. Consequently I was unable to interview them however it was obvious that contrary to previous reports, people were reluctant to claim knowledge of the cult and it appears that they are now realising their folly and the matter will die a natural death. This has been brought about by officers visits to the village and their talks and also probable disappointment at the lack of fruition of promises of more money. Rumours of several opening dates for the saucepans have circulated but each has been postponed and now Christmas appears the next most likely time.

While the cult at SIWEA seems to be fading, rumours are circulating in the Census Division and giving rise to some far fetched beliefs not the least of which is the support of saucepan planting by the Administration and the wish to promote it throughout the Territory as a good means of making money. Fortunately this is most extreme and is a belief held only by a few, the majority taking little more than a natural curiosity in these cult activities. Administration and Mission influence and prestige 40 not appear to be suffering.

LAY AND JUSTICE.

No matters for the Court for Native Affairs were brought to the patrol and only one minor dispute was settled at WALINGAI. While five illegitimate buths were recorded no approaches were made for maintenance orders and on enquiry it was found that a set rate of 10/- per month till the child reaches the age of 16, is payable by the father. This was agreed to by the 0.I.C. Pindiu and local leaders and has operated for the last few years. Only when this is disputed is the matter referred to the court. In discus ions with the people it was apparent that the lack of social stigma attached to illegitimate children and the increase in incomes present strong at ments for increasing this maintenance rate to a suggested 2 per month.

EDUCATION .

Education in the Census Division is catered for by the Administration and the Lutheran Mission. The Administration conducts Primary 'T' Schools at SIKI (Kotte Census Division) which serves the Goastal Dedua, and YUNGZAIN which serves the Mountain Dedua. The Lutheran Mission has one certificate teacher teaching English at REBAFU, and schools in all villages teaching the Kotte Language and basic counting and writing.

In informal discussions the subject of location of the Administration school at TUNGLAIN was brought up and disappointment in this choice of sites expressed. It is ergued that YUNGZAIN being near Pindiu and on the border of the Census Division is up to 1½ days walk from the villages it serves and the people are reluctant to send their children where they cannot readily supply them with food and keep a watchful aye. TUNGZAIN is only 4 hours walk from Administration schools at NANDUO and Pindiu and a suggested preferable site is at ZAGAHEME which would put the school within 4-5 hours walk from the farthest Dedua village.

CENSUS.

Census was revised without incident and a natural increase of 1.6 per 100 recorded giving a total population of 5,370 for the Census Division. As the last previous census for the Coastal Dedua was conducted in 1961 a birth and death rate for a 12 month period was arrived at by dividing by 4. This time lapse account for the high number of birth registrations for the seven coastal villages. Likewise the rates of those villages in the Pindiu Administrative Area, which was censused only 6 months ago, have been doubled to arrive at an average 12 months figure.

FORRESTS.

The Coastal Dedua features grass covered limestone terraces and observing the lack of soil on these it is doubtfull that they could support much more than the present vegetation. The Mountain Dedua being mostly forrested has obvious potential for timber milling. Plans to build a sawmill near HOMPUA have been made by local villages and it is intended to draw timber from the Masaweng valley and the Wario area of the Kotte Census Division, to the economic benefit of these people. The milled timber will be moved by road to the coest. It is expected that the Pindiu Local Government Council will estimate for an engine for the sawmill this year but nothing is known of financial assistance from the Wario people or the Finschhafen Local Government Council for their part in the venture.

COMMERCE.

A survey of trade stores in the Census Division was conducted. On the coast where the tulk store of Namasu is easily accessible at WALINGAI there is only one privately owned store while in the mountains all but one village has a store and sometimes two. Only one of these, at YUNGZAIN, is run as the owners only source of income and consequently his percentage profit, 50% is comparatively high. Local reaction to this is unfavourable, people preferring to go to Pindiu and buy at cheaper prices from the bulk stores. The average store is run on a part-time basis and stocks are replenished as exhausted. The range of goods is limited to mainly basic foodstuffs, rice, super, tinned meat, salt and tea with occasional batteries, tobacco, razors, etc. Profit from the communally owned stores goes towards community projects or into savings societies.

COMMERCE contd.

Publicity was given to a proposed school for trade store owners to be conducted by FMDS and this wall be of great assistance and advantage to most operators.

AGRICULTURE AND STOCK.

The two ecomomic cash crops of the Census Division are copra on the coast and coffee in the mountains. The development of coffee appears a prime mover in the peoples new consciousness of the necessity for roads. Until these are developed other means of transport must be used. Human porterage is in most cases the only method available however pack animals have been introduced, 4 donkeys being owned by the people of ZUNZUMAU and YAMANZOKO. These appear in good health but have only been used to carry coffee to the coast once. The two males had packs of approximately 70 lbs each while the two females went unladen. No difficulties were experienced and it seems they could be used to more advantage.

Other stock in the area are cattle (approx 7 head) jointly owned by several villages, goats (number not known) on the coast and sheep at ZAGAHEME. These are all intended for eating purposes.

A survey of European vegetables was conducted and most varieties have been tried with success. These are only used for local consumption as marketing is difficult but the people assured me that if transport and marketing were developed they would produce greater quantities.

ROADS.

Walking tracks along the coast are good and in the mountains predominantly bench cut tracks however lack of maintenance and high rainfall has caused rapid deterioration in many cases.

The lack of accessability of the mountain area is hampering its development and the people are very conscious of the need for vehicular roads. A road from Sattelberg to Yungzain was partly constructed and abandoned in 1962 and two proposed alternative roads are (1) up the Masaweng valley and (2) from KANZARUA to CRARAKO.

The Masaweng valley road is to serve a proposed sawmill and also the area for which the new abandoned Yungzain road was intended. Completion of this would lend strong support for reconstruction of the coastal road and bridges from SIK1 to just north of LAKONA.

The second road from KANZARUA on the coast to ORARAKO would serve the northern half of the mountain Dedua. While this routs has not been traversed it has been inspected by the O.I.C. Pindiu and appears feasible. See attached map, "Appendix C", for locations of above roads.

CONCLUSION.

The patrol achieved its aims with the exception of the compilation of a neo-natal mortality rate. This was not compiled as on completion of the patrol it was agreed in discussions with the A.D.C. Finschhafen that the consequent inaccuracy of figures after a 4 year period would render this appendix impractical.

CONCLUSION contd.

Despite one instance of cult activity the Census Division generally is experiencing good, stable development.

(J. E. Moyes)
Cadet Patrol Officer.

APPENDIX "A".

REPORT ON THE MEMBER OF THE R. P. & N.G.C. ON PINSCHHAFEN PATROL NO 4 - 65/66.

Name. Conduct.

Remarks.

Const.5 IONG. 9330. Good.

Religiole patrolling constable.

TRADE STORES IN THE DEDUA CENSUS DIVISION.

The following individual break-up of trade stores in the Dedua Census Division contains information regarding ownership, bulk supplies, monthly turnover, percentage profit, goods available and any other comments pertaining to that particular store.

KAPAUWA. Owner operated - unlicenced - bulk supplies from Lae - £10 turnover per month - profit nil - stocks basic foodstuffs only.

ZORGGO. Owner ANUS, operator employed - licenced - bulk oupplies from Nama: 1 at Walingai - £14 turnover per month - profit nil - stocks basic roodstuffs only - not intended as a profit making venture but only as a convenience to the village.

TAMANZOKO. Owner operated - licenced - bulk supplies from Namasu at Walingai - £15 turnover per month - profit 5% - stocks basic foodstuffs and batteries, razor blades and tobacco.

O mer operated - unlicenced - bulk supplies from Namasu at Walings! - £10 turnover per month - profit nil - stocks basic foodstuffs only.

REBAFU. Communally owned, operator employed - licenced - bulk supplies from Namasu at Walingai - £25 turnover per month - profit 12% - stocks basic goodstuffs and batteries, soap, matches and cigarettes.

ORARAKO. Communally owned, operator employed - licenced - bulk supplies from Namasu at Walingai - £25 per month turnover - profit 4% - stocks basic foodstuffs and razor blades, cartridges and clothes if ordered.

SIVEA. Communally owned, operator employed - licenced - bulk supplies from Namasu at Walingai - £13 turnover per month - profit 10% - stocks basic foodstuffs and batteries, tobacco, razor blades and clothes if ordered.

ZUNZUMAU. Owned communally, operator employed - licenced - bulk supplied from Namasu at Walingai - £17 per month turnover - profit 8% - stocks basic foodstuffs only.

5 owners, operator employed - unlicenced - bulk supplies from Namasu at Walingai - stocks basic foodstuffs only - has only just commenced operation.

ZONGAFIFI. Owner operated - unlicenced - bulk supplies from Namasu at Walingai - £15 turnover per month - profit 8% - stocks basic foodstuffs only.

ZAGAHEME. Communally owned, operator employed - unlicenced - bulk supplied from Namasu at Walingai - £10 per month turnover - 20% profit - stocks basic foodstuffs only.

KINGFARINAU. Comer operated - unlicenced - bulk supplies from Namasu at Walingai - £11 per month turnover - 35% profit - stocks basic foodstuffs only.

MASA. Communally owned, operator employed - ficenced - bulk supplies from Namasu at Walingai and Lutheran Mission at Sattelberg - £35 turnover per menth - 6% profit - stocks basic feedstuffs and razer blades, soap and tobacco. Operator also works as a coffee buyer in area.

Owner operated - licenced - bulk supplies from Namasu at Walingai and Lutheran Mission at fattelberg - £17 per month turnover - 8% profit - stocks basic foodstuffs only.

APPENDIX "B" conta.

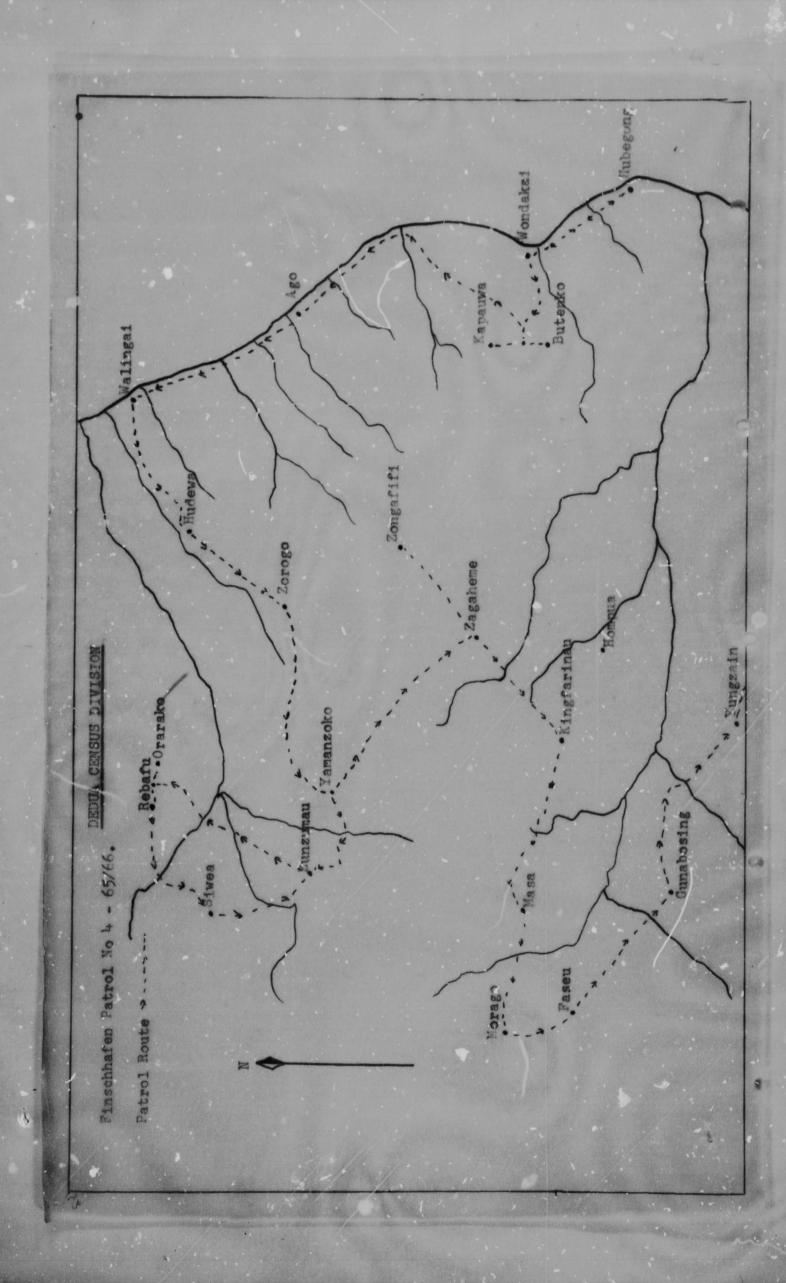
MORAGO. Owner operated - licenced - bulk supplies from Namasu or FMDS at Pindiu - £15 turnever per month - 5% -rofit - stocks basic food-stuffs only.

FASEU. Owner operated - licensed - bulk supplies from Namasu or FMDS at Pindiu - 25 turnover per month - 3% profit - stocks basic food-stuffs only.

GUNABOSING. Owner operated - licenced - bulk supplies from Namasu or FMDS at Pindiu - turnover £15 per month - 50% profit - owner reports the people regard his prices as too high and in many cases prefer to walk 4 hours to Pindiu and buy from the bulk stores there.

YUNGZAIN. Owner operated - licenced - bulk supplies from Namasu or F'DS at Pindiu - £20 turnover per month - 8% profit - stocks basic foodstuffs and tobacco, razor blades, matches and soap.







TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

PATROL REPORT

District of MOROBE Report No. No. 6 of 1955/69
Patrol Conducted by G.J. Scarlett. (C.P.O.)
Area Patrolled YABIM
Patrol Accompanied by Europeans T.H.Larkins (C.P.O.)
Natives1. MemberR.P. & N.G.
Duration—From. 1.0/1/1966to2/2/1966
Number of Days Sixteen. (Eight.at.station)
Did Medical Assistant Accompany?No
Last Patrol to Area by—District Services. 19./6. /1964
Medical 1.9/1963
Map Reference General routine patrol and consus revision
Objects of Patrol.
Director of Native Affairs,
PORT MORESBY.
Forwarded, please.
21. / 3 / 10 L District Commissioner
Amount Paid for War Damage Compensation £
Amount Paid from D.N.E. Trust Fund £
Amount paid from P.E.D.P. Trust Fund
Amount paid from P.E.D.F. Trust Pt.lid
A

bula

MIGR

U P

67-6-26

5th April, 1966.

District Commissioner, Morobe District, LAE.

PINSCHHAPEN PATROL REPORT NO.6/1965-66.

Thank you for your memorandum 67-2-2 of 18th March 1966, together with the two patrol reports by Measre Scarlett and Larkins.

- 2. Your comments and those of Mr Smith have been
- To avoid possible confusion please refer to the method laid down in Standing Instructions of dealing with two reports (one by each officer doing the same joint
- 4. Mesers Scarlett and Larkins conducted a good patrol and submitted informative reports; but the reports have been marred by clumsy phraseology and spelling errors.

(J.K. McCarthy)

bula

TERRITORY OF PATON AND NEW GUINEA

57-2-2

2.4 MAR 1966 HELL QUAR ESS KURLEDOU

The Director, Department of District Administration, TOTAL OF THE

DEPONT NO. G of 1965/66

Forwarded for your information a report submitted by Mr. G.J. Scarlett, Cadet Patrol Officer covering the Yabim Census Division. Comments by Assistant District Commissioner, Finachhafen are attach a and adequately deal with the report.

The suggestion of the establishment of Rural Police Stations is a possibility that can perheus be further exemined by the Commissioner of Police.

Information co cerning the new bridge site over the Burn bi River near Nasingalatu has been referred to Mr. J. Lee, Local Government Engineer, Advisor to Local Government Councils for further investigation if considered necessary.

Extracts from the report have been referred to the departments of Forests, Agriculture and Health.

The report submitted by Mr. Scarlett has covered most aspects fairly clearly and this officer, with experience, should present a worthwhile report.

c.c. Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen. c.c. Mr. G.J. Somplett, Finschhafen.

4IGRA

F

Department of District Administration, Sub-District Office, FINSCHHAFEN.

19th. February, 1966.

The District Commissioner, District Office, LAE.

FINSCHHAFEN PATROL No. 6 1965/66.

Attached is a report on a patrol to the YABIM Census Division by Mr. G. Scarlett, C.P.O., Sogether with a covering memorandum by Mr. T. Larkin C.P.O., maps and village population registers and claims for camping allowance for both officers.

Villages.

I would like to see more attention paid to planning villages in all areas of the Sub-District. This particular facet of social development is probably the most difficult to accomplish. Established patterns of community living and the conservative nature of the majority of the villagers hamper radical change. It is possible that ward committees to be established may be granted the necessary sanctions to improve the situation.

I am not convinced that direct instruction to individuals on the repair or renovation of their houses is necessary or desirable at this time. The onus of good housing is for the individual to bear and the initiative and responsibility for it should be the individual householder rather than the Field Officers.

Law and Order.

As Mr. Scarlett points out an amount of what constitutes an offence appears to be being dualt with by the village elders. It would, I believe, be sound policy for Police Stations to be set up, manned by native Police, to cater for population densities of about two thousand head. This should cut through existing patterns of settlement and avoid arbitrary accisions handed down by the elders.

Forestry.

A reconnaissance carried out by a Mr. Lowein in November 1963, revealed that there was no timber of economic consequence in the lower valley of the Mongi River. The timber stand reported near the mouth of the Bukaunsip River does not appear to have been included in the survey. The Forestry Officer in Lae may wish to view this stand, if so it may be possible for him to view it when the INDAGEN and KONGE airstrips are being viewed by the D.C.A. Airstrip Inspector.

AGRICULTURE.

The Department of Agriculture is doing what it can to ascertain the cause of coconut palms dying but have not been successful to date. The AKUA R.P.S is in quite a sound financial situation even with the price fall last year. The ELIMO R.P.S. did not really get off the ground in 1964, but it is hoped that the situation will improve this year.

The Finschhafen Council have purchased

two Zebu Cross bulls as a nucleus of a stud service for the cattle owners in the Council Area. To date the YABIM people have not been particularly interested in cattle.

Ald-Posts.

The recently appointed Aid Post Inspector has already visited TICEDU. I have not yet received his report.

Council Projects.

Mr Larkin's covering memorandum details all Council works in Land or proposed for this Division. The appears to be a real need for a central bying agency for Morobe Councils to be established in Lae, carrying stocks of lumber, mails, ripple and flat iron. This should not present toe much of a problem since Council Schools, residences Aid-Posts are tending towards standardization and bills of Materials fairly constant.

Mr. Lee's advice on the suitability of the new site for a bridge over the BUGUMBI River near Masingalatu would be appreciated

The Mape crossing is mearing completion and the northern access road is being resurveyed by a P.W.D. engineering surveyor. Arrangements are in hand for the supply of heavy equipment specifically for this project.

Land.

Outstanding land matters are being attended to as time permits. I intend to put Mr. Scarlett to work on them full time as soon as his commitments with Council Works are completed.

This is Mr. Scarlett's first report and he has tried to make it presentable and lucid. The report is marred somewhat by clumsy phraseology and spelling errors. I have no doubt that his standard of reporting will improve with experience, but for a first report he has managed quite well.

(GORDON SMITH.)



TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

Telephone 67-1-2 GJH/1h

If calling ask for

M.

Dept. of District Administration, Sub-District Office, FINSCHHAFEN, Morobe District.

11th January, 1966.

Mr. T. Larkin, Cadet Patrol Officer, FINSCHHAFEN.

Patrol Instructions Finschhafen Patrol No. 6 of 1965/66.

As per verbal discussions, please prepare to depart on patrol to the YABIM Jensus Division on the 10th January, 1966. You will be accompanied by Mr. G. Scarlett, C.P.O.

Your instructions are as follows:-

1. Conduct tax-census revision.

2. Inspect and supervise all council projects in the area to be visited.

3. Investigate and record details of applications for individual land blocks in the area. The intention at this stage is to attempt to determine the number of individuals who desire security of tenure over blocks containing permanent aconomic crops. Do not commit the Administration to any course of action in the near future.

to any course of action in the near future.

4. Instruct Mr. Scarlett in tax-census revision procedure and in the collation and preparation of material for patrol reports. Mr. Scarlett should submit the formal report on this patrol. A covering memo. from you amplifying the report will suffice.

Contact this office if you have any problems.

Assistant District Commissioner



TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

Our Reference 67-1-2

If calling ask for

THI/ THI

Department of District Administration, Sub-District Office,

16th. February, 1966.

The Assistant District Commissioner, Sub-District Office, FINSCHHAFE

Finschhafen Patrol No. 6 - 1965/66.

As per your instructions, the patrol departed on the 10th. January to the YABIM Census Division. The census was revised by Mr. Scarlett and myself, Council projects were inspected, and Mr. Scarlett supervised the current school construction at TIGEDU. The land position was investigated, as it is felt that the land bordering the YAFIM/KOTTE areas should be used as a trial for individual tenure. The names of applicants had appriously been recorded and new applications were called applicants had previously been recorded and new applications were called for. The census revisions were well attended, and due to school and Christmas holidays a larger number of people were present in the villages. Villages were inspected and the people instructed in the necessary maintenance. Generally there has been little change in the appearance of the villages over the last few years. Surplus materials are still extensively used. are still extensively used.

Council projects were inspected, and below are details of their progress:

TIGEDU SCHOOL BUILDING:

The construction of this was supervised by Mr. Scarlett (Refer appendix No. 1). The problem of supply of materials is one that has no easy solution. It is governed by the supply and demand in Laa when and if the Council orders are filled. Timber, in the past, has been very slow in being delivered, and it has been suggested that the Council appoint m representative in Lae to handle its business.

KAMBILI SCHOOL BUILDINGS:

These as yet have not been constructed, but the materials are now on hand and a subsidy has been granted from the Education Department. These buildings are urgently required as the old rooms are in langer of col. ing. Construction should commence shortly.

GAGIDU SCOOL BUILDINGS:

Two of the three double classrooms have been completed and the third should be built shortly. This will be of great assistance to the local people and a vast improvement on the old classrooms which were wartime buildings.

AID-POST ORDERLY'S HOUSE NASINGALATU:
This has been marked out and construction commenced. Mr. Scarlett is supervising this Project.

NASINGALATU WATER SYSTEM:

The dam section of this water supply was designed by Mr. J. Lee,
Local Government Engineer, and was constructed by Mr. K. Rayner,
Mape Project Supervisor of the Public Works Department. The delay in
joining the dam to the water pipe system has been caused firstly by the
dam being incorrectly placed, secondly by the Council not being able to
send a plumber to carry out the necessary work.

WATER SYSTEMS AT KANLOA AND KWALASAM:

Both these Projects have been found impractical and should be removed from the Council's program.

The Council has applied for its Bridge program, the aim of which is the restoration of wartine road links, to be placed on the NEEDS LIST. To date no information has been received, and the Council has decided to push forward with its plans. To date the following

BUGAIM CREEK:

This has been excavated by hand and is now ready for construction which will be commenced as soon as equipment from the Mape Project is

POMUKI CREEK:

This bridge is situated on the new approach road to the proposed NASINGALATU Bridge. It has now been completed.

This is now being exc vated by hand and will be under construction shortly.

NASINGALATU RIVER: (BUGUMBI)

At the moment there is a design on hand from Mr. J. Lee,
Local Government Engineer; however, another site has been found with
coronous approaches on both sides. Mr. Lee's present plan requires
approach roads to be constructed, the new site does not, thus saving
work and funds. It is recommended that Mr. Lee survey this new site.

This is now nearing completion, the expected date is the 25th. February, 1966, and will be of great assistance to the Finschhafen area in general. The access road has yet to be commerced so the advantage of the bridge will not be appreciated until this road is constructed. It is hoped this will be completed by April, 1966.

WATER TANKS:

The patrol was approched in almost every village by people who asked for water tanks to be placed in their villages. This appears to be the solution to the problem that exists in the lack of a fresh water supply. Catchment areas already exist in the villages, and the Council has estimated £640 for the purchase of tanks. It is recommended that a plan be dryn up of the situation of these tanks and that the Council systemmatically covers the whole area.

The economic development of the Yabim area is governed by accessability to marketing facilities, the general attitude of the people and the crops produced. For the convenience of this report I will deal with it under three sections. (a). The area between Gagidu and Busiga. (b). The Villages of Mange, Bukauasip, Tigedu, Buseng and Butala. (c). The Villages north of Mape - Simbang, Kolem and Kamloa.

(a). Between Gagidu and Nosingalatu there are a concentration of Jocoa and Joconut plantacions. A problem facing these people is that both these crops are dying off. The Agricultural Department have been aware of this for eight years buthave not been able to a termine the cause. This is also occurring at the Namasu plantation at Timbulum. In this area the two leading entrepreneurs are SANT and NAMA who

In this area the two leading entrepreneurs are SAKI and NAMCA who are comparatively wealthy and operate both plantations and transport. On the southern side of the Bugumbi river the road link has been lost and development in the area has been adversely affected. The Elimo Rural Progress Society which processes cocoa has suffered a drop of approximately 400% on its estimated production.

Copra production has also fallen. The arra is served by both F.M.D.S. and Namasu. At Malasiga, the Tami people produce Carvings and both Namasu and the Cornoil provide marketing facilities. The new road link will be of great assistance to this area.

(b). As y w progress further bown the coust to TLORDU, BUTALA and BUKAUASIP economic production becomes limited. F.M.D.S. has a buying point in this area but this has not stimulated much development. There are very few new plantings of coconut and cocos leve, the majority of trees are pre-war plantings. The people patronise both the R.P.S. at ELIMO and the BOA R.P.S. in the Lae Sub-district. The ELIMO R.P.S. undertook to hire the Tami 11 owned by GASON of MALASIMA to pick up the cocos but after the second trip this was abandoned as uneconomical, only 26 worth of cocos was liting the Tami 11 on the second trip. It is certain that only a male percentage of cocos produced is marketed. This leaved only copra in this area. The people use open sen drives which are neither efficient for economical, so the pash ancome is low.

(c) The people on the morthern side of the Mape River have access to the AKUA R.P.S. for their coops production and both F.M.D.S. and Namesu provide fabilities for their copre. Quite a considerable amount of the land here is leased by the Lutheran Mission who have copra and Lattle.

Future development in this area will depend on the people. There is ample opportunity for extension of cooos, coffee and copra crops. The new road links will help with marketing and development. The possibility of a timber industry at TIGEDU warrants further invest gation. The timber signted was of fair size and density, and its accessability was good, being situated on the coastal plain.

The people of the area have been under the influence of the Lutheran Miscion for 80 years and each village has its small church. In past years there has been conflict between the Councillors and the prators, this now seems to have subsided, whether permanently or not it not known, however, cordial relations exist between the two groups. The reason for this is that many of the leading mission people have been elected to the Council. The attitude towards the Administration appears not to have charged over the past years. The people accept the role played by the Government but are not perticularly receptive to any new ideas. This is evident in the villages. For people such as these who have travelled so extend vely throughout the Territory one would expect some sort of village rlanning. Mr. R. Matheson discussed this in detail with them during his patrol in 1965, but the cally village to show any attempt to put his suggestions into operation was SOKANENG, and even there the people are not as ananimous a their support as is desirable.

Absentes workers and stadents were only 22.5% of the population. 13% were between the ages of 16.45. This figure is probably not a true figure as many people were home for the Christmas holidays.

During the patral two village women welfare workers employed by the douncil held meetings of the village women in each village and discussed the aspects of their work. This is a new innovation in the crea and at this tin it was difficult to assess its value, however, the meetings were well attended and conversation flowed freely.

The area is served by Aid Posts at TICEDU, which was unattended at the time of the patrol, KASANGA and NASINGALATU. There is a hospital at BUTAWERG and BLANGI conducted by the Lutheran Mission. The Aid Posts, as is typical of all those in this area, were not well stocked. Recortly a Supervisionary Aid Post Orderly has been appointed but as yet he has not ded the opportunity the cover the area.

LAND DISPUTE:

While the patrol was at TYCHDU a land dispute was brought to its attention. The position was as follows.

(1). The land in question is situated on the coast and borders the F.M.D.S. Buying Point. here the Kotte people have constructed transit houses for their visit with their coffee. The Yabim people had allowed them to use a section of land up towards Butala for their food gardens.

(2). MAKADIM SAPU, ex-Tultul of Butala had told the Kotte people that the evolud use this new section of land. On it they had playted Paw Paw Rice, Taro, Coconuts and Sugar Came. This angered the other people.

(3). This was viscussed at Butala and it was decided that all the parties involved would come to Gazdu.

(4). A Meeting was held at the Council Chambers and it was found that MAKADIM and the others had reconciled their differences.

(5). It was decided that the Yabim people were prepared to sell or lease the section marked 'A' to the Kotte people but would not allow the other two sections, marked 'b' and 'c' on the map, to be used by the Kotte people. The people were told that the matter would be referred to the Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen.

INDIVIDUAL LAND TENURE:

There has been a need in the Yabim area, particularly that section bordering the Kotte area north of Mape, for Individual Titles to I ind for a considerable time. In the past, names have been listed but little action has been forthcoming.

The need now is becoming urgent, without titles the people are unable to obtain loans to develop their blocks and so those people who are willing to work are restricted.

The new Land Tenure Conversion Ordinance, now being put into operation in the Popondetta area would appear to suit the needs of the area between Kamloa and Bonga. It would suit most of the Yabim area it would be better to start between Kamloa and Bonga. A thorough stigation would be required but it appears from some of the blocks hted that they would come within the limits that are required. (hifteen to thirty acres on the coast is considered an economical unit.) The topography is flat thus the difficulties of providing a road statem would be no problem. Both Cocoa and copra processing facilities are available. The area will have free access to Gagidu with the completion of the Mape bridge. It is recommended that a further investigation be carried out.

Al arlams

T.H. LARKINS. (Cadet Patrol Officer.)

Sub- District Office, FINSCHHAFEN. 14th February, 1966.

Assistant District Commissioner, Sub District Office, FINSCHHAFEN.

Finschhafen Patrol Report No 6 of 1965/66.

District of MONORE

Report No 6 of 1965/66

Patrol conducted by G.J. Scarlett. C.P.C.

Area Patrolled, YABIM
Patrol Accompanied by Europeans T.H. Larkins. C.P.O.
Natives 1 Member R.P.&N.G.
Duration from 19/1/66 to 21/1/66
27/1/66 to 2/2/66

Number of days Sixteen

Did Medical Assistant Accompany? No
Last Patrol to Area by District Services 19/6/64.

" Medical 10/10/63.

Map Reference HUON 4 Milinch.

Object of patrol (1) Revision of census.
(2) Routine Adminstration
(3) Supervision of Primary school construction at TIGIDU.

G.J. Scarlett. C.P.O.

The object of this patrol was to conduct a census revision and general routine patrol in all villages situated inside the YABIM census division. The supervision of the building of a primary school at TICIDU was also undertaken. The duration of the patrol was from the 10th January untill the 2nd February 1966.

The villages overed in the first eleven consecutive days are as follows, KWALAMSAM, KASANGA, MALASIKA, BUSIGA, MANGE. BUKAUASIP, BUSENG, TIGIDU and BUTALA.

The latter seven days of this period were apent at TIGIDU where the construction of a primary school was undertaken. The villages covered on day trips from GAGI U station are as follows KAMIDA, NASINGALATU, GINGALA, SO ANENG, GAUNLABU, KOLEM and finally SIMBING. Villages accessible by road of the present time are GINGALA, NASINGALATU, KANIOA, KOLEM, and SIMBANG.

All villages with the exception of SOKANENG and GAUNLABU ARE situated on the coast. SOK MENG and GAUNLABU is situated approximatly two mile from the coast and a thousand feet

PATROL DIARY

- 10/1/66. Departed Gagidu Station by vehicle at 1030 hrs to Nasingatatu Picked up waiting carriers and proceeded to Kwalamsam. Arrived Kwalamsam 1115 hrs. T. Larkins revised census while myself inspected village. Departed for Kasanga at 1230 hrs and there at 1300 hrs. T Larkins revised census while myself inspected village. Departed for Malasika at 1530 hrs and arrived there 1645 hrs. Myself revised census and T Larkins inspected village. Stopped overnight at Malasika.
- Departed Malasika at 1900 hrs after general disscussion with villagers. Arrived Busiga at 1000 hrs.Mr Larkins revised census and myself inspected village. Departed for Mange at 1030 hrs, and arrived there at 1230 hrs. Myself revised census and T Larkins carried out inspection. Departed 1330 hrs for Bukauasip and arrived arrived 1550 hrs. Census revised and made inspection on village. Departed for Tigidu at 1700 hrs and arrived 1730 hrs. Stayed overnight at Tigidu.
- 12/1/66 Myself proceeded to land dispute area. Inspected boundries and recorded information on this block. Arrived back Tigidu 1200 hrs. Later proceeded to Butala where myself revised census while Mr Larkins inspected village. Talks held on land dispute, manes and complaints recorded. It was decided to refer the latter to Gagidu.
- 13/1/00 Departed for forestry area by last but found it difficult to inspect by foot. It was decided to proceed up MONGI River where a closer inspection would be possible.
- Work in census figures. Commenced to draw up plans for school building. A working plan was found to be essential for accuracy for setting out building. Mr Larkins departed for Gagidu. Site cleared of undergrowth.
- 14/1/66

 Eyef Myself accompanied by a village carpenter commenced to set out school building, excavated foundations and placed boxing for stumps.
- 16/1/66. Observed. Visited Lutheran Mission at Tigion.
- 17/1/66 Concrete poured at school. Work on census figures.
- Proceeded up Mongi River to inspect forestry area. Although some good trees were observed, it was found there that they were rather sparsly situated. During afternoon steel trusses at school were placed in position. Most of the villagers as far as labour was concerned.
- 19/1/66 Matting woven for walls. Walls framed. Owing to the fact that only a few purlins were available for the roof work was held up.
- 20/1/66D Departed Tigidu 1300 hrs. Travelled up Bukauastp river, good spot for bridge located and some good forestry was observed.

 Arrived Busiga 1700 hrs.
- 21/1/66 Tried to proceeded up Busiga river but current to strong to make headway. Departed Busiga 1300 hrs and arrived Malasika 1400 hrs. Departed Malasika 1500 hrs and arrived Nasingatatu 1645 hrs. From there to Gagidu station by vehicle arriving Gagidu 1700 hrs...

PATROL DIARY (cont.)

- 27/1/66 Proceeded to Gingala by vehicle, densus revised and village inspected.
- Departed Gagidu by vehicle to Lutheran Missicn († hour by vahicle). From there by foot to Sokaneng and arrived 1100 hours. T. Larkins carried out census whilst I carried out village inspection. Departed for Gaunlabu 1200 hours and arrived there 1300 hours. Revised census whilst Mr. Larkins carried out inspection. Departed for Nasingalatu 1400 hours and arrived there 1530. from there to Gagidu by vehicle.
- 29/1/66 To patrol report and census figures.
- 30 & 31 Holiday bbserved.
 - 1 /2/66 Departed for Kolem by motor cycle from Gagidu at 1000 hours.

 Arrived 1015 hours and revised census and inspected village.

 Proceeded to Kamloa and revised census, also inspection made on village. Departed for Gagidu by motor cycle at 1400 hours and arrived back 1430.
- 2 /2/66. Departed Gagidu for Simbang by vehicle at 1000% hours. Revised census and inspected village. Arrived back Gagidu at 1245 hours. Balanced census figures p.m.

REGEPTION OF PATROL

The patrol was met with a friendly attitude in all villages visited and a satisfying effort was wade to make the patrol as comfortable as possible No cases of unfriendly attitude was visible at any stage and much respect was shown for the Administration at all times. buring my stay at TIGIDJ I made many friends with the younger men of the village and one was made to feel at home there.

VIILAGES

In the villages in close proximity to GAGIDU war surplus ripple iron is used a great deal for wall lining and roofing material. FURTHER along the coast availability of this iron is to a much lesser degree resulting in bush materials being the dominating Suilding material. However all dwellings with thatched roofs used iron for ridge capping with the exception of a few only. A cement sheat house w observed in KAMIDA and one was also seen at MALASIKA. It is a pity that some of the other villagers have not followed this example. The housing standard cauld be raised considerably if this was done. All coastal villages appear to be positioned close to either river or spring which provides for domestic work and in many cases drinking water. Water supply varied from village to village, spring, river and pipe. Very few tanks were seen on patrol but there was a general ples from from most villages to have installed, as soon as possible, a few tanks to provide fresh water. All villages appeared to be reasonably clean of offal and were clean in appearance. Although KOLEMIKAMIDA and SIMBANG looked much cleaner mainly to the fact that a neatly arranged orden exists around the dwellings, In contrast to large sandy areas present in other coastal villages. In the villages away from the roastho effort has been made to plant any vegetation inside the village rea, resulting in a bare appearance and showing little initiative on the villagers part. Latrines were in smerally good condit a and instructions were insued to epicae any not up to standard. Of the dwellings unfit for occupation, instructions were issued to either repair them or rebuild completly, within a certain number of months. As a summary it could be said that these villages have advanced very little as for as future planning and development is concerned.

VILLAGE OFFICIALS

Most officials were co-operative and assisted a great deal in the actual census work. Most of them appeared to hold some respect over the people and hold some authority. Special mention should be made to MALASIKA where officials were most helpful and co-operative

POLITICAL SITUATION

It is known that the Lutheran Mission have been in contact with these people for the past eighty years or so. It is only natural that they have such a strong influence over the inhabitants of the area. However the people respect the Administration and do not hesitate to take their troubles to the patrol officer. In many cases however the Missions have heard these troubles prior to the Administration and have failed to negotiate an agreement.

FORESTRY

AGRICULTURE

A few areas of prospective forestry was observed on patrol. The first area is situated about half a mile upstream from the mouth of the MONCI river. Some good trees were observed but these appeared to be sparsly situated over a wide area. Another prospective area was located near the mouth of the BUKAUASIP river and in a north easterly direction although one must proceed a little way upstream to observe this timber. It was difficult to assess the size of this area because of terrain. However trees appeared to be larger than those of the MONGI river appeared to be larger than those of the MONGI river area. Trees in both areas would be suitable type for milling. It would be advisable to have these areas inspected by a Forestry Officer when in the area.

LIVESTOCK

The usual small amount of domestic pigs was observed in practically every village visited Poultry was also seen in every village and these looked to be in good condition. The Mission at ALCRONE have cattle but the ware no records of any being raised by the natives in this vicinity By the Missions apparent success in raising cattle on this coastal belt, it would be quite probable, with some instruction that the indigenous inhabitants could manage to do so. This of course depends on the individuals initiative and particular land holding.

COMMERCE

A few small trade stores were observed on patrol but the supplies held by these appeared to be very limited. The Mission at TAMIGIDU has a good stock of commodities which are available to the inhabitants of the area.

CCMPLAINTS

Several minor complaints were reviewed on patrol, mainly domestic arguments and land disputes Two of these were referred to GAGIDU for further disscussion and settlement.

REST HOUSES

Rest houses were in fair condition at the time of patrol. A new rest rouse is under construction at BUSIGA and was almost complete at the time of patrol stop over in the village. The timber framework of the rest house at MALASIKA has been badly attacked 'y white ants and should be reconstructed. The rest houses at SOKANING and GAUNLABU appeared to be in good condition. Accommodation is available at TIGIDU if required Deaths not particulally high in this division, with most deaths occurring in the (over45yrs) division. Special attention should be directed to KASANGA where three deaths in the (4 to 5yrs) classification occurred, two of these from malaria and one from pneumonia. This is possibly due to the fact that the aid post at KASANGA has not got adequate medical supplies. The aid post at TIGIDU was locked up and unattended at the time of patrol. This matter should be viewed with much concern and prompt action taken. The aid post at NASINGALATU appeared to be the most adequatly supplied of the three.

A few cases of elepantiasis was observed in nearly all coastal villages but this was mainly prevalent in older people. Sanitation appeared to be satisfactory in all villages.

CARRIERS AND FERRYMEN

at

No trouble was encountered in obtaining carriers of canoes at any stage of the patrol. The rate paid to carriers was one shilling per man for one hour. The hire of canoes was five shillings per hour and ferrymen were paid at the rate of three shillings per hour. All concerned appeared to be keen to help Administration Officers in their work.

ROADS AND BRIDGES

NASINGALATU through to approx two miles the other side of MALASIKA. This road was constructed during the war and is still in extremly good condition. It is drained exceptionally well and should be vehicular all year round. To illustrate this, heavy rain had fallen prior to the patrols return and all creeks and rivers had risen considerably but the road was still in excellent condition. Undergrowth has been cleared to a width of approx 20 to 25 feet. However it will be necessary to construct two major bridges if the road is to continue to MALASIKA. Work is about to be undertaken by the Council in the construction of a bridge across the BUGUNBI river at NASINGALATU. This will replace the bridge washed away a few years ago by flood waters. A bridge will have to be built over the BUGI river just outside KWALAMSAM although this is not a very big river in comparison with watch the EUGUNBI river. A few minor streams pass under the road but these should present little difficulty.

Roads prospects between WALASIKA and PUTALA would require deeper inspection but it is quite probable that the road could be constructed along the present track without a great deal of work. Here again it would be necessary to construct bridges over the BUSIGA and BUKAUASIP rivers and several other minor streams.

EDUCATION

Primary Government schools are situated at KAMBILI, TIGIDU and GAGIDU. DREGERHAFEN provides for higher education to the students of this division. The Luthers Mission have established a primary school in each village in this division.

School construction at TIGIDU.

The main purpose of the writers five day stay at TIGIDU was to supervise and assist in the construction of a primary school. This will replace two smell buts which have been used in the past.

The new building at TIGIDU is expected to accommodate up to forty students when completed. It is unfortunate that a great deal of materials were not evailable at the time of my stop over at the village, thus when compelled to depart the job was only half complete. However arrangements are being made at present to have these materials forwarded from FINSCHHAFEN. It is bound that the carpenter who resides in the It is hoped that the carpenter who resides in the village has not gone back to his job in RABUAL? for he was the only experienced man in the village, and was the only person with the essential tools to complete the job.

The actual construction was typical of several being constructed in the GAGIDU area at present, with the basic framework being three steel trusses spanning 20ft and apaced at 12-15ft.

5x2 purlins were used for roof framing, these being bolted to the mounted plate provided on the steel refter and 26x calvanised ripple iron being used

rafter and 26g galvanised ripple iron being used for hoofing.

Concrete mix for the piers which the steel trusses was composed of 4 parts aggregate (coronus) to one part cement. Walls were framed with bush out timber and little milled timber was used at all. Bamboo matting had been woven for sheeting walls. A few of the younger men remained on the job all the time and their effort was greatly appreciated by the writer

There appeared to be a keen interest shown by most of the villagers and there was no trouble in securing labour at any stage of the job.

Primary school atKAMBILLI, GAGIDU.

Work is about to be undertaken in the construction of a new primary school at KAMBILLI and GAGIDU. These will be identical in construction as the two recently completed at GAGIDU. Steel trusses with gal iron roof and walls of cement?

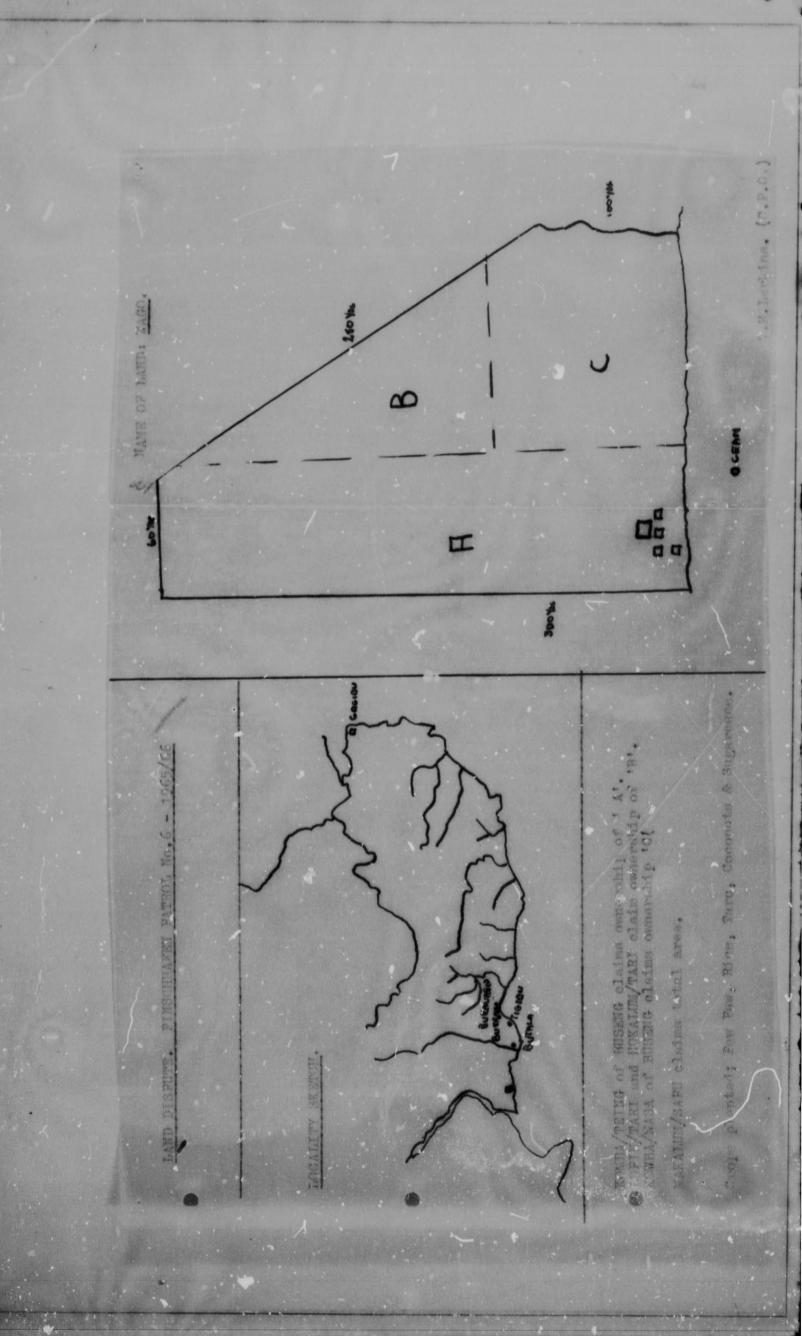
Medical Orderlies house at NASINGALATU.

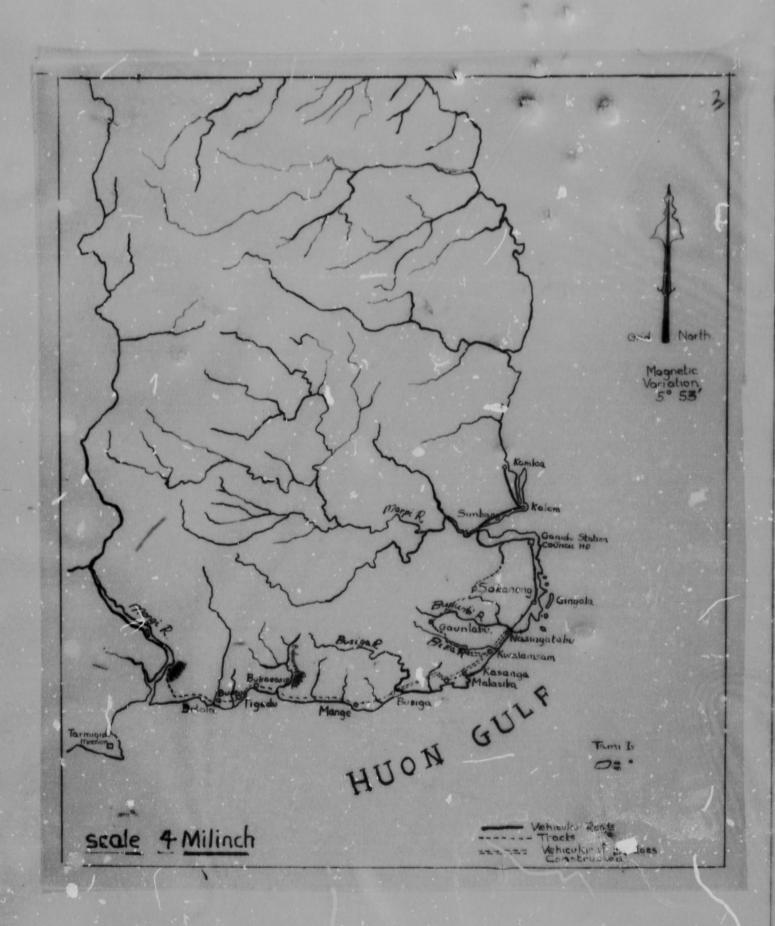
Work has ed on this and it is expected to be completed w thin three weeks of the writing of this report. Steel trusses will be used and walls will be of timber frame, sheeted with native material.

NASINGALATU water project.

A water storage dam constructed of war time surplus steel plate should be available to NASINGALATU shortly. This dam will be fed by pipe which runs from the surrounding hills.

at







TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

PATROL REPORT

District of MOROBE	Report No. 7 of 1955/66 ×
Patrol Conducted by G.J.SCARI	ETT, D.P.O.
Area Patrolled	
Patrol Accompanied by Europeans	
Natives	ember R.P.AN.G.Constabulary; 1 member Finc
Duration—From. 6./	
N	Juniber of Days. 8 days
Did Lecarcal Assistant Accompany?	No.
Lass Patrol to Area by-District Ser	ices. 30./.1/1966 2.2.36
Medical	
Map Reference 1 Milino	ch/
	ADE STORE LICENCES.
, 1	
Director of Native Affairs, PORT MORESBY.	
A VI . The same	For warded, please.
/ / 19	District Commissioner
Amount Paid for War Damage Com	pensation £
Amount Paid from D.N.E. Trust Fur	nd £
Amount paid from P.E.D.P. Trust Fu	n.d



TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

Telegrams.

ula

MF

MOR

67-2-2 ST DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION AND STREET ADMINISTRATION AND STREET

Department of District Administration, Morobe District,
LAE.

27th July, 1966.

Director,
Department of District,
Administration,
KONEDOBU.



FINSCHHAFEN PATROL REPORT NO. 7

Your 67-6-38 of 20th July, 1966,

refers.

2. I regret that Mr. Smith's covering remarks were not forwarded. Copy of memorandum is now attached.

(A.T. Timperley)
District Commissioner.

Reid of 18.

The District Commissioner,
Department of District Administration,
L A E. MOROBE DISTRICT. FINSCHHAFEN PATROL No.7 1965/66 I am forwarding a report of a patrol to a portion of the Yabim Census Division conducted by Mr. G. Scarlett, C.P.O. Claim for Camping Allowance, copy of patrol instructions and map are attached. The main purpose of this patrol was to educate the Native people to the forthcoming Territory Census and this appears to have been effectively done. VILLAGES. Mr. Scarlett has supplied a good deal of detailed information here which requires little comment. His recommendation concerning a well at Kalal village will be made known to the Local Government Council. AGRICULTURE. It is unfortunate that "DIMBACK" has penetrated this area, however, it must be noted that future coffee planting is strictly controlled by the Department of Agriculture because of the International Coffee Agreement. At present extension planting is not being actively encouraged in this Sub-District. LIVESTOCK. Cattle undoubtedly could be of benefit to this area. Once again, cattle revements have to be strictly controlled by the Department of Agriculture because this is a Proclaimed Tick Area. COMMERCE. The "Tami Carving" industry is being actively encouraged by the Council this year. A further check should be made in a month to see whether the two stores without licences have obtained them. They should be prosecuted if they have not. COMPLAINTS. This section should be confined to legal and quasi legal complaints. However, in this case, I would point out that it is the policy of the Council this year and next to ensure that all villages have some form of water supply and \$3,000 has been set aside for this. The Council is systematically working towards this end. REST HOUSES. As much as possible the use of ripple iron for rest houses should be discouraged. It is unsufferable to sleep under in hot weather.

P

67-1-2

Department of District Administration, Sub-District Office, FINSCHHAFEN. MOROBE DISTRICT.

23rd. May, 1966.

District Commissioner, Lac.

23rd. May. 1966.

HEALTH.

The staffing of the Aid Post at Tigidu is being attended to by the Regional Health Officer at Lae. This should be completed snortly.

EDUCATION.

Funds permitting, the Council hopes to complete the Tigidu School next year. The same applies to the section of road mentioned in Roads & Bridges.

GENERAL.

0

Mr. Scarlett has completed a thorough patrol and has reported it well. It demonstrates a good effort for his first solo patrol.

Encls.

(GORDON SMITH)
Assistant District Commissioner.

67-6-38

43 "

20th July, 1966.

Matrict Commissioner, Morobe District, LAE.

FINS JHHAFEN PATROL REPORT NO.7/1965-66.

Thank you for your memorandum 67-2-2 of 26th May, 1966, together with Mr. Scarlett's patrol report.

2. Gould you please despatch a copy of Mr. Smith's comments on this report.

3. Mr. Scarlett has not only educated the people he met about the forthcoming Territory wide census, but has observed generally how life is led by these Finnehhalen people and submitted an interesting and adequate report.

4. A short patrol adequately covered by the report.

DIRECTOR.

67. 6. 38 ~

TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

Telegrams

Our Reference 67-2-2 Ft. 2/30 / ft calling ask for Mr. J.P. Simclair/mr



Department of District Administration,
Morobe District,
LAE.

26th May, 1966

Director,
Department of District Administration,
KONEDOBU.

FINSCHHAFEN PATROL NO. 7 OF 1965/66.

I enclose herewith copy of the report on the abovementioned patrol submitted by Mr. Cadet Patrol Officer Scarlett. Also enclosed is a copy of comments by the Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen, and of patrol instructions issued. A particularly well drawn sketch map accompanies the report.

2. Mr. Smith's comprehensive remarks adequately cover this short report. It is well typed and presented and Mr. Scarlett has carried out a successful initial patrol, and his report indicates his interest in the job in hand. I look forward to other reports from him in due course.

3. Remarks of interest to other Departments have been forwarded to them.

(A.T. Timperley) District Commissioner.



TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

If calling ask for

Sub-District Office, FINSCHHAFEN.

19th, May, 1966.

Assistant District Commissioner, CINSCHHAFEN.

PATROL REPORT NO.7 of 1965/66

STATION: FINSCHHAPEN

SUB-DISTRICT :

FINSCHHAFEN

DISTRICT :

MOROBE

PATROL NO J

Finschhafen Patrol No.7 of 1965/66

PATROL COMDUCTED

G.J.SCHLETT, C.P.O.

AREA PATROLLED : PART YABIM

PATROLL ACCOMPANIED

1 Member R.P. & W.G.Constabulary. 1 Member Finschhafen Council.

DURATION OF PATROL: From 26/4/66 to 3/5/66 unbroken.

LAST PATROLS :

D.D.A. 10.1.66 - 2.2.66 D.A.S.F. Cay Patrols common P.H.D. 10.10.63

OBJECTS OF PATROL: Pre Census education.

Detailed road measurement

Check on Trade Store Licences.

MAP RETERENCE : HUON 1 Milinch



TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

Telephone
Our Reference 67-1-

If calling ask for

Department of District Administration, Sub-District Office, FINSCHHAFEN. MOROBE DISTRICT.

20th.April, 1966.

Mr. G. Scarlett, Cadet Patrol Officer, FINSCHHAFEN. MOROBE DISTRICT.

FINSCHHAFEN PATROL No.7 1965/66

As previously advised, please prepare to leave Finschhafen on 21st. April, 1966, for a patrol to the Villages of Kasanga, Malasiga, Busiga, Mange, Bukauasip, Buseng, Tigedu, Butawa and the Tami Villages of Kalal and Wanam in the Yabim Census Division.

The purpose of your patrol is to educate the Native people to the forthcoming Territory Census which will be conducted in June and July of this year. I refer you to Census Form 8 which gives a clear picture of the reason for the Census and the way in which a Census is to be conducted. It must be stressed that all questions which will be asked shall be answered and that the answers given must be true.

A most important item to be ascertained on this patrol is to find out and draw up a list of notable events for this section of the Census Division so that the Census Collection Team can relate events to particular dates. In this I refer you to File 14-1-1 wherein you will find the type of report on notable events required.

There is no need to hurry this patrol and I expect that you will be returning to the Station on 30th April, 1966. If you find difficulty or are unsure of what you are to do, either before you leave the Station or while you are on patrol, do not hesitate to ask for advice.

Cown huite

(GORDON SMITH)
Assistant District Commissioner.

DIARY OF PATROL

Puesday 26th.April

Departed Gagida Station by vehicle to Arrived Nasingalatu Nasingalatu 0900 hours. 0915 hours.

From Mesingalatu to Kwalemsam by foot Arrived Kwalemsam 0945 hours (4 hour walk) Prade Store Licences checked. Departed Kwalamsam 1000 hours by foot and arrived Kasange 10.35 hours (35 minutes welk) Talks on Census given and Trade Store Licences

checked.

Departed Kasanga for Malasiga 1130 hours. Arrived 1150 hours (20 minutes walk)
Talks on Census given. Discussion with Committee.
Slept overnight at Malasiga.

ednesday 27th.April

Departed Malasige on "Temi II" for the Temi Island Villages of Wanam and Kalal at 0845 hours. Arrived Kalal 1000 hours (17 hours). Pre Census talks given. Heavy rain delayed trip to Wanam. Departed for Wanam by canoe (10 minutes). Pre Census talks given. Departed Island for Malasiga 1400 hours and arrived Malasiga 1600 hours (2 hours) Slet oversight at Malasiga.

Thursday 28th April

Departed Malasiga for Busiga 0900 hours.
Arrived there at 1015 hours (12 hours).
Pre Census talks given and Trade Store Licences checked. Proceeded up river and selected cite for low cost culvert type bridge. Slept overnight at Busiga.

Friday 29th.April

Departed Busiga for Mangi 0845 hours. Arrived Mangi 0945 hours (50 minutes)
Fre Census talks given. Departed for Bukauasip
at 1125 hours and arrived there 1310 hours (1 hour 50 minutes walk).
Pre Census talks given and Trade Stores inspected.
Slept overnight at Tukausip.

Saturday 30th. May

From Bukaush to Puseng (15 minutes) Pre Census talks given and village inspected. Proceeded to Tigidu where the villagers of Tigidu and Butala gathered to hear Pre Census talks. Prace Stores inspected. Slept overnight at Bukausip.

Sunday 1st. May

Observed

Monday 2nd. May

Departed Bukausip 1100 hours.
Arrived Busiga 1400 hours (3 hours) Hear torrential rain delayed further walking. Blept overnight at Busigs.

Tuesday 3rd May

Departed Busiga for Gagidu Station at 0830 hours. From the mouth of the Busiga river to Masingalatu a measurement was made along road according to Mr. Lee's directions.
Arrived Gagidu Station 15
from Nasingalatu Village. hours by vehicle

INTRODUCTION:

The object of this patrol was to educate the people of Kasanya, Malasiga, Busiga, Mange, Bukawasip, Buseng, Tigidu. Butala and the Tami Island Villages of Wanam and Falal in the forthcoming Census.

The strol was accompanied by Councillor Peagang, who at present is Acting Councillor for KNALAMSAN. SOKANING and GUANLABU. His explanation about the Cansus to the people in the Yebim language was invaluable to the writer.

The villages of this division are situated on a comparatively level coastal belt with the exception of the two Tami Island villages of Wanam and Kalal, which are situated 8 miles from the meinland. Sokaning and Gaunlabu are situated in the foothills at approximately 800 and 1000 ft. The whole area receives a yearly rainfall of approximately 200° with the greatest proportion of this courring from May-September.

The main agricultural product of this region is copra followed by occa and Robusta & Aribica coffee. A large range of subsistance crops thrive but most of this subsistance produce is consumed in the villages.

The people of this area have been under Mission influence for more than 80 years, resulting in a strong Suropean religious belief among the people.

A detailed survey was carried out on the old army road from Busiga through to Nasingalate. This survey was carried out in accordance with Local Government Engineer's (Mr. Lee) advice.

A check on Trade Store Licences was also undertaken and only two cases of unlicensed businesses were observed.

VILLAGES:

Throughout the patrolled area the general standard of housing varied little. I few dwallings of higher structural standard are observed, but the general standard of housing has not improved with time. In the villages of close proximity to Gagidu, including the Tami Island villages of Wanam and Kalal, old war-time surplus ripple iron is used extensively for walls, liming and roofing. Turther west, availability of this iron is to a much lesser degree, resulting in mative materials being the prominent building material. All dwellings in this region are constructed on stumes, usually ift. - oft. above the ground. Typical of the native style dwelling is the circular timber framing with a high pitched gable roof with a large verandah. Sak-sak and pit-nit are used extensively for lining roofs, which have an effective life of 5 years. The prominent wall lining material is huge roughly out planks of a large width and about le" - 2" in thickness. These planks are obtained by splitting logs by means of wedges. Floors are constructed of these rough cut planks and, in many cases, split bamood is used. However, the former is much more service be. The dwellings lined with ripple iron are falling into a state of decay and disrepair. A few efforts have been made by some villagers by painting the iron to protect it from weather, but fittle initiative has been shown by the majority to maintain their dwellings.

All villages appear to be situated as conveniently as possible, with availability of water for domestic purposes being the dominant factor. The foreshore site is ideal as regards latrines, where they are constructed over the water bittle thought has been given to planning villages in the past

VILLAGES (continued)

and dwellings are placed haphazaraly and, in many cases, too close together. The villages of Kwalamsam, Kasarga and Malasiga will be very fortunate in the near future because of their proximity to the re-opening road.

Water supply varies considerably in this area. The creeks and rivers are used for domestic purposes and, in some villages, for drinking water. At present there is a large scale Council project in providing tanks to the Villages of this Division for drinking water. The only village which requires a tank urgently, at the time of this patrol, is the Tami Island Village of Kalal, where water is collected in old 44 gallon drums. It is suggested that the people of this Division be educated in the installation of wells, where water would be obtainable throughout the year. A well has been sunk at Baseng and water found at 8ft.

AGRICULTURE:

The dominant cash crop in this region at present is coconuts and large plantations can be observed practically right along the coastline. Sales are made to Mamasu, F.M.D.S. and Burks Philm. At the present time the whole Division is practically dependent on coore as a mass of income. A few gardens of Robusta coffee are situated at Dukauasip and Butala but much of this is still in a non-producing stage.

Attention must be drawn to the fact that at the present cime a serious disease is prevalent in the cocoa plants. Native owners have lost a large percentage of their produce and appeared to be very distressed at the matter. I was informed that an Agricultural Officer has viewed this disease, known as "Diabatt Disease" but no apparent cure has been found.

It is desired that more coffee be planted by native landowners as a safeguard against a "crash" in copra prices which would, at the present time, set back the economic development of this Division considerably.

In the villages of close proximity to Gegidu, a surplus of subsistence produce is sold at the Gagidu Market and to the Mission. However, most of the village subsistence produce is consumed within the village itself.

LIVESTOCK:

At present there are no cattle in the patrolled area, and it is suggested that an effort be made to interest natives in the acquisition of stock. The Intheran Mission at Heldsbech, which is situated in the South Eastern Kotte Division, have successfully bred cattle fore number of years. The Pinschhafen Local Government Council have purchased two ABU cross bulls for breeding ourposes, which will be as a service to native owners in the Council area. The terrain is similar to the Heldsbach area right along the coust in the Yabim Division and it is probable that cattle could are a fully be reared, with some instruction to the natives concerned. This, of course, depends on the natives initiative and particular land holding. Very few pigs were observed in the village area and in many cases were kept in stys a reasonable distance from the village. Many Village Officials were in favour of this method of raising pigs. Poultry appeared to be of a reasonable standard.

FORESTS:

A forestry survey, carried out by Mr. Lowein in 1963, revealed that there is no timber of economic value in the lower Mongi liver area. The area near the mouth of the Busiga River would be worth vails investigating.

COMPERCE:

The most profite illed trade in this Division is the carvings of the The and people. There are several tradesmen in this field in the Villages of Wanam. Kalal and Malasiga. A good carving can sell for up to \$16 and there is a ready market at Gagidu and Lae.

Trade Stores are situated in the following villages - Masingalatu, Kwelamsam, K sanga, Busigo, Bukanasip, Tigidu and Bitala. Only two stores were unlicensed and the owners were warned to obtain a licence without delay. The amount of ytock held at each store varied considerably.

COMPLATIZS:

All complaints brought to my notice were in relation to Council works. The installation of tanks for drinking water appeared to be the most common complaint. Details of complaints have been referred to the Council for further action.

REST HOUSES:

Rest houses are situated in the following villages Nasingalatu, Malasiga, Busiga; Bukausip and Butala. The
rest house at Malasiga is infested with white ants and it is
desired it be reconstructed. The rippla Lon is in good condition
and could be used again. Some effort has been made to replace
some timbers but the reperal condition at the present time is
bad. The rist house at Lasiga is still incomplete and the
Committee was advised to complete it as soon as possible. The
lukausip rest house is infested with red tree ants and a stopover should be avoided there if possible.

CARRIERS:

The natrol had rd trouble in securing carriers or canoes at any stage of the patrol. Most young men were willing to carry cargo and furrymen for canoes were keen to help the writer. A shortage of men was encountered at Pasingalatu village but some village women prevented any delay in moving cargo. The rate paid to carriers in this D vision is 10c. per hour. The rent on canoes is 30c. per hour and ferrymen are paid at the rate of 10c.

HEALTH:

The general health of these people appears to be quite satisfactory and very few illnesses of a serious nature were recorded. Several cases of elephantiasia were observed in star villages, especially among vonager men. The lid Post at Masingaletu and Kasanga appear to hold sufficient sur lies but the hid Post at Tigida is still immanned. This matter should be viewed with concern.

RDUCATION:

Mission Schools have been established in most villages for a great deal of time. In list of Mission Schools audothe tandards tought is attached. In large Primary Urn School control is attacted at Sigids. A new classroom Eastweetently been constructed there bringing the total accommodation up to 100 punils. It is a teacher! shouse is under construction and is near completion, providing bousing for 2 single Education Officers. However, 15 punils are still being accommodated in a bush material classroom and it is suggested a new law cost class-to be constructed. To Standard VI is taught at this centre provided sound as a character for the children of the surrounding area.

HOADS A F

Army reing by latter years of the last wer is still in very good condition from lagidu Station to approximately 25 miles the other side of Malksiga. At present work is being undertaken by the Pinsch is council in the construction of a bridge across the Degundi of near Masiegalatu. This will link the unused sect an with a presently need road. Details of the distances between and the size of creek and river are attained as an appendix. The road is geld raised and is vehicular throughout the year.

MISSTOWS:

There is two large Lutheran Mission establishments cituated within the Division. The Mislions have been in context with the peorle of this area for made than 80 years. They have established than he and Schools in most villager and incluenced the people to a great er ent. The large distance at Tamisida provides services for the Mestern section of the Indian. Several large class-rooms are of mised the e and slarge trade Store enters for the Matives' needs. A small work and has also been established. In the Morth-east section of this Division Butawess Mospital provides medical care to the indigenous immediants.

Genelet

G. J. SCARLETT Taget Patrol Officer.

VILLAGE OFFICIALS

VILLAGE	PRESIDING COUNCILLOR	COMMITTEE
NASINGALATU	YASELING	GAGWI ASWA WALA DINGU
KWALEMSAM	PEAGANG	LATEPA GITU DISO
KASANGA	TOPILLY	TUGALLI
MALASIGA	TOPILLI	TUOPE NEKATAMI
BUSIGA	TOPIZLI	GIWA MONTU
MANGE	KOSOLO	KAPOP TANOPE
BUKAUSIP	KOSOLO	KASIP
BUSENG	KOSOLO	TALI
TIGIDU	KOSOI-O	LONPAGON
BUTALA	KOSOLO	NUTALA
WANAM) KALAL)	TOPILLI	ASEPO

APPENDIX 'B'

LUTHERAN MISSION SCHOOLS

SCHOOL	STANDARD	PUPILS
KWALAMSAM	I	17
KASANGA	1.	29
MALASIGA	1	25
BUSIGA	I	35
MANGE	I	17
BUSENG	ľ	24
NASINGALATU	I,II,III	108

APPENDIX 'C'

EX ARMY ROAD SURVEY

In accordance with Mr. Lee's (Local Covernment Engineer) directions, a measurement was made on the present unused army road (marked on Patrol Map). The measurement was recorded by the means of a measuring wheel apparatus and approximate sizes of all creeks and rivers transversed by the road were recorded. The measurement commenced at the second mouth of the Busiga River and was continued along the old army road to the Buga River near Kwalamsam. From the Buga River to the bridge construction over the Bugunbi River near Nasingalatu an estimate of distance was made because the recently cut undergrowth made the use of the Measuring wheel apparatus impossible. Below is a chart of road detail recorded:-

VILLAGE	DETAILS	FEET	
BUSIGA	Eastern mouth of Busiga River.	0000	
	Boayabo Creek (approx. 3' deep 12' wide)	1,264	
	Bunawa Creek (approx. 2'6" deep 5' wide)	2,643	
	Commencement of coronus surface road, approx.		
	25' in width	7,157	
	Bauca River (approx. 25' wide, 15' deep)	13,226	
MALASIGA	Turnoff into village	13,337	
	Uninoa Creek (15' wide 6' deep)	14,908	
KASANGA	Turnoff into village	19,000	
	Yawencelo Creek (9' wide, 3' deep)	20,062	
KWALAMSAM	lst. turnoff into village 2nd. turnoff into village	26,054 27,255	
	Buka River Pre selected bridge site	28,139)	
	Kumakum Creek (approx. 12' deep, 15' wide)	28,800	Approx. Distances Only.
	Bugunbi River (present bridge site)	34.000	

APPENDIX (D)

POLICE PERSONNEL

The patrol was accompanied by Constable KUPU.

He appears to have sufficient initiative and was helpful to the writer at all times.

Can be recommended to accompany Cersus Team Patrol because of his broad knowledge of the Yabim language Asplain var sundamantals of the complete in player daglish daglish var sundamantals of the constant variance with all the sundaration the reasons for the constant which all the annaration about property of the constant value of the variance will also villages were in the constant villages.

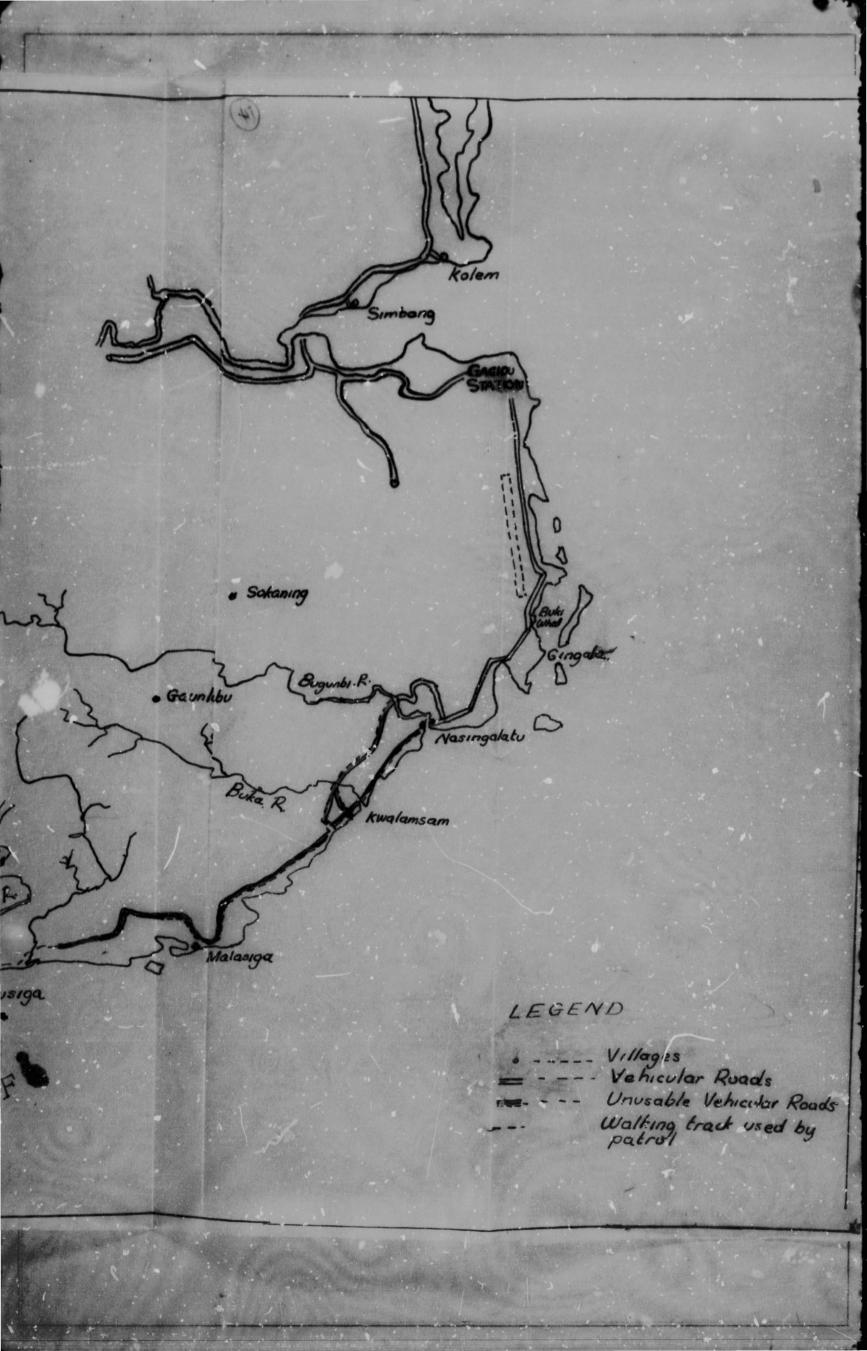
APPENDIX 'E'

PRE CENSUS TALKS

As in accordance with Patrol Instructions, pre-census talks were given in the following villages - Kasangz, Malasiga, Busiga, Mange, Bukawasip, Buseng, Tigidu, Butala and the Tami Island villages of Wanam and Kalal.

It was stressed to the people of these villages the importance of the forthcoming Census. I was fortunate that Councillor Peagang accompanied the Patrol. I had long discussions with Peagang accompanied to be explained to the people. My method him about the details to be explained to the people. My method of approach was to address the people in Pidgin English and explain the fundamentals of the Census to them. After my explain the fundamentals of the Census to them. After my explain the same in Yabim. This ensured that all the people understood the reasons for the Census. Some concern was understood the reasons for the Census. Some concern was shown about prosecution for deliberate non-attendance and the villagers were confused why only certain villages were included in the Census. However, it was stressed greatly that it was for the economic social advancement of the Village.

HUON





TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

PATROL REPORT

District of Report No. 8 - 1065/66
Patrol Conducted by P.J. HANGASTER
Area Patrolled KOTTE (WAREO & SATTLEBERG)
Patrol Accompanied by Europeans. K. MTRRAY, D.A.S.F. PART ONLY
Natives. 1 MEMBER R.P.N.G.C.
Duration—From. 26/
Number of Days 22 CAMPED 16.
Did Medical Assistant Accompany?
Last Patrol to Area by—District Services
Medical UNKNOWN //19
Map Reference.
Objects of Patrol TERRITORY CENSUS INFORMATION. ROUTINE ADMINISTRATION
Director of Native Affairs, PORT MORESBY.
PORT MORESBY.
PORT MORESBY. Forwarded please.
Forwarded please. / / 19 District Commissioner
Forwarded please. / / 19 District Commissioner Amount Paid for War Damage Compensation £
Forwarded. please. / / 19 District Commissioner Amount Paid for War Damage Compensation &
Forwarded. please. / / 19 District Commissioner Amount Paid for War Damage Compensation &

67-1-39

(IGR

20th July, 1966.

District Commissioner, Morobe District, LAB.

PINSCHAFEN PATROL REPORT NO.8/1965-66.

Thank you for your memorandum 67-2-2 of 26th May, 1966, together with Mr. Lancaster's patrol report.

2. Mr. Lancaster seems to have covered all the tasks lengthy report.

3. Please make sure that all field officers on patrol check that indigenous owners of trade stores possess current licences. We must teach them to progress economically under the rule of law.

(J.K. McCarthy)



TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

Telegrams

Our Reference 67-2-2

If calling ask for Mr. J.P. Sinclair/rmr



Department of District Administration,
Morobe District,
LAE.

26th May, 1966

Director,
Department of District Administration,
KONEDOBJ.

FINSCHHAFEN REPORT NO. 8 - 1965/66

I enclose copy of Report on the abovementioned patrol, together with copy of comments by the Assistant District Commissioner, Finschhafen, patrol instructions, and a clear sketch map of the route followed by the patrol.

2. The main purpose of this patrol was the dissemination of information concerning the Territory Census. This appears to have been carefully carried out.

Mr. Lancaster has made some very interesting points under the heading "Political Situation". The Lutheran Mission has, of course, an enormous influence in the Huon Peninsula, having first established itself at Finschhafen, and a little later Sattelberg, in 1886. Most of the natives of the Peninsula received their first contact with Europeans who were members of the Lutheran Mission and not the German or Australian Administrations. Yabim and Kotte were the main tools of the early German missionaries in their steady penetration into the remote corners of the Huon Peninsula and I agree with Mr. Lancaster and Mr. Smith that the continuing use of these local languages by the Mission has tended to lead to a generally perochial attitude by the people. Kette, and, to a lesser extent, Yabim, has been extensively taught by the Mission in other parts of the Morobe District. This has suited the Lutheran Mission as it has tended to keep the people securely within the Lutheran congregation. Lutheran Mission policy is slowly changing but it is to be expected that much use will still be made of Yabim and Kotte if for no other reason that a considerable amount of 1 terature now exists in these languages.

4. The Finschhafen Local Government Council has had much success in culvert and bridge building and it is to be hoped that the Council will continue to see the importance of developing roads and bridges.

I agree that Council help must be given to those areas where the people are willing to work to help themselves rather than sit back and expect everything to be done for them.

6. The Principal Forests Officer, Lae, has already agreed to conduct a timber survey in the Song area when his staff position allows this.
Mr. Lancaster's comments will be forwarded to him.

7. It is noted that the Assistant District Commissioner, Firschhafen, has advised Mr. Lancaster to submit future raports in the form appropriate to officers of Assistant District Commissioner status.

8. Matters affecting other Departments have been passed to them.

A.T. Tunkely LEG ()

District Commissioner.

Department of District Administration, Sub-District Office, FINSCHAFEN, MOROSE DISTRICT.

67.1-2

23rd, May, 1966.

The District Cornis ioner,
Department of District Administration,
LAE. MOROSE PISTRICT.

FINSCHHAFEN PATRUL NG. 8 1965/66

I am forwarding a report of a patrol to a portion of the Kotte Census Division conducted by Mr. P.J.Lancaster, A.D.O. Claim for Camping Allowance copy of patrol instructions and map are attached.

The main purpose of the patrol was the dissemination of information concerning the Territory Census and this appears to have been done effectively. The Collector appointed to this area is the Teacher-in-Charge of SIKI School, who is known to the people there.

POLITICAL SITUATION.

Mr. Lancaster's comments on the political situation appear to be quite pertinent, in that the use of a vernacular may tend towards a parochial attitude. From conversations with Mr. Z. Zurechunoc, M.H.A., he appears to be of the opinion that the Kotte lauguage, spread as it is through some sections of the highlands, the greater part of the Finschhafen Sub-District, tends to provide these groups with a common bond which, though parochial in a sense, covers a large population. This may well develop into a political association within the House of Assembly.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION.

Development of roads and construction of bridges is becoming an important field of Council programming. In the long term the best site for the road from SIKI TO BONGA is, in my opinion, the old army road. I understand that this will be discussed by the Council at its next meeting and the necessary decision made there. I do not think that at this stage we should think in terms of a coast road are to link productive areas with sea ports.

I concur with Mr. Lancaster in his attitude to road construction in that the onus is placed squarely on the individual communities. To come to a decision on a road programme without popular interest in the early stages is not conducive to satisfactory completion of the particular project undertaken.

COUNCIL PROJECTS.

The proposal to construct an ablution/amenities block at either Bolingbolen or Fior in the next financial year appears to be a sound one.

Depa. tment of District Administration, b-District Office.
TNSCHHAFEN. MCROBE DISTRICT.

67-1-2

23rd. May, 1966.

The District Commissioner,
Department of District Administration,
L A E. MOROBE DISTRICT.

FINSCHHAFEN PATROL No. 8 1965/65

I am forwarding a report of a patrol to a portion of the Kotte Census Division conducted by Mr. P.J.Lancaster, A.D.O. Claim for Camping Allowance, copy of patrol instructions and map are attached.

The main purpose of the patrol was the dissemination of information concerning the Territory Census and this appears to have been done effectively. The Collector appointed to this area is the Teacher-in-Charge of SIKI School, who is known to the people there.

POLITICAL SITUATION

Mr. Lancaster's comments on the political situation appear to be quite pertinent, in that the use of a vernacular may tend towards a parochial attitude. From conversations with Mr. Z. Zurechunce, M.H.A., he appears to be of the opinion that the Kotte language, spread as it is through some sections of the highlands, the greater part of the Finschhafen Sub-District, tends to provide these groups with a commen bond which, though parochial in a sense, covers a large population. This may well develop into a political association within the House of Assembly.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION.

Development of roads and construction of bridges is becoming an important field of Council programming. In the long term the best site for the road from SIKI TO BONGA is, in my opinion, the old army road. I understand that this will be discussed by the Council at its next meeting and the necessary decision made there. I do not think that at this stage we should think in terms of a coast road save to link productive areas with sea ports.

I concur with Mr. Lancaster in his attitude to road construction in that the onus is placed squarely on the individual communities. To come to a decision on a road programme without popular interest in the early stages is not concurve to satisfactory completion of the particular project undertaken.

COUNCIL PROJECTS.

The proposal to construct an ablution/amenities block at either Bolingbolen or Fior in the next financial year appears to be a sound one.

FORESTR.

My files do not show that an exploration into timber potential in the SONG-MASAWENG Valleys has been conducted. The Senior Forest Officer in his memo. 87/6/7 of 19th. November, 1963, advised the District Commissioner, Lae, that he had recommended to the Director of Forests that the area be considered for Acquisition Survey early in 1964.

Mr. Lancaster has been requested to submit future report: An memoranda of patrol forms.

Encls.

(GORDON SMITH)
Assistant District Commiss

67-1-2

Sub-District Office, MOROBE DISTRICT.

20th.April, 1966.

Mr. P. Lancaster, Assistant District Officer, FINSCHHAFEN. MOROBE DISTRICT,

FINSCHHAFEN PATROL NO. 8 1965/66

Please prepare to leave the Station on 26th. April, 1966 to patrol the Wareo and Sattelberg areas of the Kotte Census Division .

You are aware of the need for disseminating information information on the forthcoming Territory Census which concerns particularly the Villages of ULUOR, FIOR, BOLINGBONGEN, MANDUO and MERIKEO

I suggest that before proceeding on this patrol you read various circulars in File 14-1-1 and particularly Census Form 8 which will give you points which are to be explained to the sample villages selected.

It is particularly important that a list of notable events be obtained and the people of these five villages are made aware of the importance of the Census and the statutory requirements for it.

You will find several proposed Council projects to be discussed with the prople of this area and should make full recommendation with regard to the road to Nanduo and, from discussions with Wareo and Bonga people, decide finally on the location of the coast road, particularly between Siki and Bonga.

I anticipate that the patrol should be completed within 14 days and suggest that you refer to Finschhafen Patrols - No. 7 of 1963/64; No. 19 of 1963/64; No. 5 of 1964/65 and No. 3 of 1965/66.

The Director of District Administration requires that each and every Trade Store owner should be in possession of a current Trading Licence. Will you please ensure that all owners of Trade Stores are requested to produce this and action taken to have them renew licences where they are overdue.

On completion of your patrol, please submit a Memorandum of Patrol and propare memoranda covering your assessment of the political situation, forestry, commerce and industry, land, health, education, roads and bridges and finally comment on the efficiency of the Councillors, this to include what you can ascertain on his influence and interest in his duties.

> (GORDON SMITH) Assistant District Commissioner.

FINSCHUAFEN PATROL No. 8 1965/66

PATRUL DIARY

APRIL Kotte trol - Sattleberg and Mareo areas - Finschhafen.

Tuesday 26 P.M. Departed Station per Land Rover-16.45 Arrived MARURUO - set camp.

Wednesday 27 0800/0915. Talks with people concerning
Council activities and Sattleberg Road.
0930 Departed (walking)
1030 Arrived BOLINGBOLLN - set camp - heavy
rain all day.

Thursday 28 0800/0945 Talks with people concerning proposed Territory Census and Council activities.
1000 Departed (walking)
1050 Arrived NAIDUO . inspected Council School en route. Set camp - heavy rain.

9 0800-1000 Talks as for BOLINGBOLEN.
1015 Departed
1145 Arrived MEREKIO - set camp
1500 Talks held

Seturday 30 0900 Departed
1020 Arrived ULUOR - set camp. Best village
by far.
Talks with Locals P.M. interested and
informative.

MAY
Sunday 1 1015 Departed ULUOR
1130 Arrived MASA KO - held talks etc.
1240 Departed
1300 Arrived FIOR - set came.

Monday 2

0800/1000 Talks with Village
1000 Departed
1015 Arrived BALANKO. Brief talks and then
departed.
1200 Arrived SIKI via KATIGA,
Departed for GAGIDU on Motor cycle PM.
Sleet GAGIDU.

Tuesday 3

Departed Station on Motor cycle arrived SIKT in company with Mr. Murray D.A.S.F.

1015 Departed
1045 Arrived LEKO
1100 Departed
1310 Arrived WAREO
1400 Departed
1407 Arrived KAUUKO - set camp

Wednesday 4 0800-1000 Held discussions with Villagers.

1015 Departed
1055 Arrived GWINLANKO - Held discussions.
1125 Departed.
1145 Arrived BADZULO - set camp.

Arrived AIMALAU - Lunch - held discussions 1420 Departed Arrived LAKO A - set camo. 1525

Friday 0300/0930 Held talks with locals. Pevarted Arrived BONGA - held talks 1100 heparted 1230

Arrived STKT Departed for GAGIDU per Motor Cycle. 1500

TERRITORY CENSUS 1966.

MAY

Thursday 5

As per Patrol Instructions the 5 Villages of ULUOR, FIOR, BOLINGBONGEN, NANDUO and MERIKEO were visited. Information on the forthcoming Census Patrol, as per Census Form No.8, was given to all Villages. There was some confusion as to just why such a patrol was soing to visit these places in the minds of the Village people. However, the Villages of ULUOR, FIOR and BOLINGBONGEN appeared to grasp the essentials required to be known. NANDUO and MERIKEO found the task much harder. However, I would anticipate no trouble at all for the forthcoming Patrol. Patrol.

A separate Appendix "B" has been attached giving a list of notable events from which to assess the ages of people to be censused. Some of the information on this Appendix may not be entirely correct. It will, however, place an age with a 4-5 year margin of error range. It was noticeable that in most of these places the majority had a reasonable idea of their exact age.

POLITICAL SITUATION:

It is particularly difficult to put forth ideas and impressions after such a superficial examination. I do, however, have some ideas to out forth.

Much has been written in previous reports about the autonomous nature of Mission influence in the area. It cannot be doubted that the Mission's influence is considerable. However, in discussions with the people it seemed clear to my mind that there is no real confusion in the people's mind as to the roll of forement as such and routhe roll of the Mission as such It cannot However, of Government as such and to the roll of the Mission as such.
One severe criticism that I would level at the Mission concerns the Mission's insistence on using the local language "Kotte" exclusively. This has most certainly led to a parochial and narrow outlook. Pidgin English may not be the "be all and end narrow outlook. Pidgin English may not be the "be all and end all" as far as a language is concerned. It does, however, provide a means of a broader outlook from that of Village life. This has been felt by the people themselves and they feel limited by the exclusive use of the Kotte language. For the past 2% years the Mission has been teaching Pidgin english in Schools and this may be a remedy to what I would call a problem.

Roads and Bridges cont:-

The native people naturally enfouch want the second road. I, myself, would personally favour the first road but the question is still unresolved. It will be discussed at the next council meeting (29/5/66) and the recommendations of the meeting will be passed on to you. There is no question as to whether or not the road will be reopened - it most certainly will -,it would be much better if the question of the site of the road be resolved at this office to avoid further discussions and petty squabbling.

SATTELBERG ROAD.

This roa a has already been reopened as far as BOLINGBOLEN and it is intended to extend this as far as NAMDUO.

However, the portion that has been reopened is in very poor condition and shows a marked lack of maitenance. The problem here is that 99.9% of the traffic that uses this road is by the Mission. There is considerable dissatisfaction amongst the native peoples that they should have to maintain a road practically for the sole use of the mission. This is one of those particular problems without a real answer. The road does undoubtedly benefit the native meoples but it benefits the Mission even more. Their dissatisfaction does have a real basis but the road is essential and has to be maintained. Lofty explanations about "Registration and Licenses" contributing to road maitance carries little weight when the native peoples receive no remuneration at all. I would suggest that it would be "bolitically" advantageous for the Mission if they made some monetary contribution to the native peoples each year for "services rendered for road maitenance." Other than this is can see no real solution to the problem.

The general realisation by the native peoples that roads are an essential ingredient of their economic life and their desire to open roads by their own efforts is a particualry rewarding sign. However, I rust stress that this is still at the "talking" stage. The actual physical effort involved may be another matter entirely. All the groups involved have been told that when they have agreed on suitable programs, working units actual intendes or road lengths to be constructed by individual groups - etc. then, and only then, will this office and the Council assist with supervision and transport and money if this is necessary. That is, the original impetus and effort must come from them - if they don't want to do this it will be to their decided disadvantage as there appears to be no other way to reopen these roads at this stage.

FORESTRY.

It has been recommended in previous reports that a survey be conducted in the Busum or ong river area. I would again request that this done. The area contains no "vast" economic areas of suitable timber. However, it contains enough for a small business concern and the Local Government council here is interested in establishing a small summill in the Finschhafen area to and provide timber for its own needs. This area would be particularly good and the council is interested in it.

lealth.

General standard was quite good. Nothing noticeable was observed in any of the villa ges.

Proposed Council Projects.

The people at Bolinbolen and Fior have no water supplies at the moment and no suitable catchment areas for water tank 3. The council at the moment envisages building combining a public meeting place, ablution box (including showers) which will also serve at a catchment are for tanks. One of these buildings will be built at either of one of these places and if it proves to be successful and is utilised to its fullest extent by the people these buildings may be built in other areas.

Land.

Superficially there appears to be no land pressures at the moment. There were no representations made to the patrol concerning land matters. The peop le from Katiga have however laid a claim against the Final Order of "Heldstach" in favour of the Lutheran Mission. This Department is investigating this claim at the moment to give support to their claim.

Commerce and Industry.

I have little or no comments to make on this section. It has been covered by the Roads and Bridges section. That is, there is a fair deal of copra, Coffee and cocoa in the area but its production is hampered by the lack of roads.

area but its production is hampered by the lack of roads.

At Uluor, Gwinlanko and Badzu'o requests were made that the council by them coffee pulping machines. They were instructed that this would not be possible but that the council would provide them with a loan of half the total cost of a machine if they provided the other half. The loan could be repayable over a 3 or 6 months period. This seemed to be satisfactory to all parties concerned.

Efficiency of Councillors.

I would not attempt individual assessments of Councillors. As a general observation however, if a Councillor is particularly efficient and forceful his "committeemen" are generally inefficient. The reverse of this also happens, i.e. strong committeemen and weak councillors. This reverse situation seems to predominate.

As far a s I could ascertain the reason for this is that there is still some confusion concerning the role of Councillors. The Native people are stilling trying to equate this with the role of the Village Official - i.e. the "man in the place." The often continued long absence of Councillors from the village causes considerable dissatisfaction so they appoint a "lesser" man to this position and the "stronger" man is appointed as a the committee man to supervise the general running of the village.

also have the unfortunate habit of reporting crimes and general wrong of the village to District Off ce. The lead here being that if a "Weak" man is elected he will be loathe to the chis and that the stronger committee man can "straighten" the matter in the village itself.

An unfortunate situation but only time and inst-

TRADE STORE LICENCES.

Most of the stores seen were not operating - these that were, were told to obtain permits to trade if they did not have

GENERAL.

No general comment to make.

P.J.LANCASTER. ASSISTANT DISTRICT OFFICER.

NOTABLE EVENTS - KOTTE AREA

1886 : FMerl arrived SALANKAUA

1892 : Lutheran Mission settled at SATTLERERG.

1903 : Mission Conference SIKI

+ 1906 : Nov. 3 Large Earth Tremor ULUOR

+ 1912 : SALANKAUA Plantation begun.

- 1912 : TIMEULIN Plantation begun

+ 1914 : 2 German Missionaries from Sattleberg interned by Australia.

. 1920 : SATTLEBERG Road built.

+ 1926 : SATTLEBERG Church commenced

+ 1930 : Sattleberg Church completed.

1939-1945 : Second World War

1943 : Fight Allies v Japanese SCAFLET BRACH

1957 : Local Government Council opened

+ May not be absolutely correct.

"MITT FUA NGEING EWEC" a Lutheran Mission History Book is held at each place. Information can be gained from this although it is written in the Kotte Language.

In most areas the people have a reasonably good idea about their age.

APPENDIX "A".

REPORT ON MEMBER R.P.N.G.C.

Snr. Const. KOREPE.

Performed duties quietly and efficiently. Rirst Patrol into the area. A good man to have accompanying. Recommend that he Assists Territory Census into the area.

P.J.LANCASTER. A.D.O.



