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PATROL REPORTS

DISTRICT: MADANG

STATION: MADANG

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1943 - 1944

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Papua New Guinea Patrol Reports

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dear

P.R. a. Wall of C. Dennis

Wamunke - Dufenne -
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MADANG DISTRICT

PATROL REPORTS.

1943/1944

Report Number.....

To: O.C. ANGAU DISTRICT SERVICES,
APO 321

REPORT of PATROL by PX 149 LIEUT. J. I. RAE

TO: (a) All the coastal villages between GALI and SAIDOR in the No. 2 RAI COAST AREA.
(b) The following inland villages in the same AREA: RUANGE, BWANI, TAPEN, MOAM, GABUTAMON, KOCIT, WATANG, TALMIRO.

OBJECT of PATROL: (a) To find out how the Japanese occupation has affected the above Area, particularly in regard to food supply and housing.
(b) To contact ANGAU representatives with the Australian Force at GALI and compare notes.

PERSONNEL: Lieut. J. I. Rae; two native constables; 15 carriers.

DURATION of PATROL: From 24th February till 19th March, 1944.

DIARY: (Note: Carrying times do not include spells)
February 24th: From SAIDOR...65 minutes...MUR...50 min...LUYA...35 min...to KANGGURIRI. Inspected some of the KANGGURIRI gardens.

25th: Inspected the remaining KANGGURIRI gardens and also the SEL gardens.

✓ 26th: Inspected the MUR gardens.

27th: From KANGGURIRI...20 min...SEL...40 min...SEURE...50 min...to YAGOMI. Contacted the village heads of YAGOMI, KOSIT, GABUTAMON, YARA and TALMIRO.

✓ 28th: Inspected the LUYA gardens.

✓ 29th: Inspected the SEURE gardens.

✓ March 1st: Inspected YAGOMI gardens.

✓ 2nd: Inspected MALALAMAI gardens.

3rd: From YAGOMI...90 min...MALALAMAI...15 min...BONGA...130 min...to GALI. Contacted GALI village heads. Found that the Australian troops who were to be contacted at GALI had moved down the coast towards SIO on 2nd March. Met about twenty P.I.B. natives who were returning from GALI towards SIO after a mopping up job in GALI district.

✓ 4th: Inspected the GALI people and gardens.

5th: From GALI...140 min...to RUANGE. Inspected RUANGE people and some gardens.

6th: From RUANGE...160 min...to BWANI. Inspected RUANGE gardens on the way. Inspected BWANI people and gardens.

7th: At BWANI. Rained all day. Received a letter from Lieut. Macgregor, District Services, Finchhaven, who was camped at WHEELER Point near GALI, on his way to SAIDOR.

8th: From BWANI...90 min...to TAPEN. Inspected some BWANI gardens on the way. Inspected TAPEN gardens.

9th: Inspected MOAM gardens and the people of TAPEN and MOAM.

10th: From TAPEN...315 min...MALALAMAI...15 min...to BONGA.

11th: Inspected BONGA and YARA gardens.

12th: At BONGA, expecting a visit from Lieut. Macgregor. He did not arrive.

DIARY (Continued)

March 13th: From BONGA...15 min...MALALAMAI...70 min...KOSIT. Inspected KOSIT gardens.

14th: From KOSIT...140 min without carriers...to GABUTAMON...and back to KOSIT. Inspected GABUTAMON gardens.

15th: From KOSIT...60 min...MALALAMAI...90 min...to YAGOMI. Inspected the people of KOSIT, YAGOMI, GABUTAMON who are all living near YAGOMI.

16th: From YAGOMI...120 min without carriers...to WATANG...and back to YAGOMI. Inspected the WATANG and the KEPOIAK people at WATANG. Inspected WATANG gardens.

17th: Heard from Lieut. Macgregor's police that he was due at MALALAMAI on 17th. Went there to contact him but he did not arrive. Returned to YAGOMI.

18th: From YAGOMI...50 min...SEURE...65 min...to TALMIRO. Inspected TALMIRO natives and gardens.

19th: From TALMIRO...50 min...SEURE...thence SAIDOR.

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FOOD SUPPLY (a) Detailed information about the village gardens has been tabulated in Appendix B.

(b) The Japanese took food from the gardens of every village visited by the Patrol, with the exception of TALMIRO. Gardens near large Japanese camps, as at GALI, HUANGE, HWANI, MALALAMAI, BONGA, YARA and KOSIT have been the most depleted.

(c) In each of the villages from SAIDOR to GALI the coconut supply has been reduced by at least half. Many palms have been sawn down by the Japanese; some have been destroyed by bombing.

(d) Most of the beach gardens have been totally eaten out. Some gardens of each village have been planted since the Japanese invasion about half to two miles from the village sites. Many of these hidden gardens were not found by the Japanese, and the food from them now forms the backbone of the food supply.

(e) Apart from the garden supply the natives are able to find some supplementary food in the bush, such as aila, galip nuts, bush yams and manni, breadfruit and limbon. However, it is hard to say just how much they do get in this way, and to take it very much into account when assessing food relief would no doubt be unwise.

(f) All gardens, except at TALMIRO, are badly in need of attention if the most is to be made of the present crops. This especially applies to the yam and manni crops.

(g) In all villages except TALMIRO and WATANG the supply of pigs has been depleted by fifty to ninety percent. This loss is a heavy blow to the natives. A meat issue will be necessary to all concerned until the pig supply is replenished.

(h) In none of the villages is there an immediate, acute shortage of food. There is bulk enough, but items of normal diet are often missing or in short supply. Appendix B indicates which communities are likely to hold out on a sufficiently balanced diet until new gardens come into bearing.

HOUSING (a) When the Japanese came to the District most of the natives went off in small groups and built houses hidden in the bush near which they planted new gardens. Some were forced to move two or three times as the Japanese found their hideouts. At present most of them are still living separately this way, often under insanitary conditions.

(b) The houses in all villages are either burnt or badly in need of repairs. In many villages Japanese dead have been put into them by Allied troops and the houses set on fire; in others incendiary bullets from our planes have set them on fire.

(c) The natives of each village have been instructed to meet and discuss possible new sites which will be subject to Government approval

HOUSING (Continued)

before rebuilding actually starts.

ROADS The mountain roads are all in poor condition. The beach roads which do not spoil as easily are nearly as good as they ever were. Dotted along all the roads is a large number of Japanese skeletons. Around five hundred were seen by the Patrol ~~king~~ along the roads, in the villages and in the bush near the villages.

MEDICAL The health of the people inspected appears to be satisfactory, and no cases of illness, calling for hospital treatment, were reported.

PARTICULAR COMMUNITIES

Note: The following peoples are at present all living at the SAIDOR Refugee Compound: the MUR, KANGGURIRI, MALALAMAI, YABA, BONGA.

- ✓ MUR Present food supply adequate and, with very little relief, the gardens will support the people until new gardens mature. Allied troops in Area. People's houses are near the foothills behind the village site. Village Book said to have been lost.
- ✓ LUYA No food shortage now, but some relief may be necessary before the ~~xx~~ new gardens mature. People have split up mainly into two groups, and are living in the first wooded hills behind LUYA; one group at the old village site of WARUMTAMANG; the other group at the old village site of FALARA. Village Book said to have been lost
- ✓ KANGGURIRI No food shortage now but a little relief may be necessary later. People's houses are scattered about the foothills behind the village.
- ✓ SEL No immediate food shortage. Should be enough until their new gardens mature. People living in the foothills behind the village.
- ✓ SEURE No immediate food shortage. Should be enough till new gardens mature. People living in the foothills behind the village.
- ✓ YAGOMI No food shortage now but may require some relief before new gardens mature. People are living in the bush within half a mile of the village, having recently moved down from the foothills.
- MALALAMAI Relief will probably be necessary within two or three months. People's houses in the foothills behind the village.
- ✗ BONGA Relief needed now. Will have only sago for the next two months; sago and bananas for the next two months after that. People are relying largely on bush foods: aila, breadfruit, galip nuts, wild mammi. Houses in foothills behind village. Village Book said to have been lost.
- ✗ YABA Poor variety. Yams and mammi need immediate attention. Relief necessary before new gardens mature. People's houses in foothills behind the village.
- ✗ GALI Relief needed now. Relying chiefly on sago, bananas and wild bush food. Most of the people living together in the bush about a mile South of GALI.
- ✓ KOSIT Good variety now, but will need relief before new gardens mature. People living near YAGOMI.
- ✗ GABUTAMON Will rely chiefly on a good supply of sweet potatoes and bananas for the next three months. Relief needed. People living near YAGOMI.
- ✓ WATANG Only one garden visited by the Japanese. No pigs killed. Will have a sufficient and varied diet for the next two months. People living in the bush close to the village. Houses in village need repairs.
- ✓ TALMIRO Visited only once by the Japanese who shot three pigs but did not take any food from the gardens.

TALMIRO (Continued) Gardens scattered about in the bush up to two miles from the village. Are in excellent condition. Ample and varied food for the next two months, then will rely chiefly on a large, healthy crop of taro. Natives were living singly in the bush while the Japanese were on the Coast, but now have nearly all moved into the village. Houses need repairs. Natives want to rebuild on a new site.

RUANGE Relief needed now. Will rely chiefly on bananas and pawpaws, plus wild bush foods, for the next two months. People living in small groups in the bush. Village book said to be lost. People want to amalgamate with the BWANI.

BWANI Relief needed now. Three months' supply only...poor variety. People living in small groups in the bush. Want to amalgamate with the RUANGE. VILLAGE BOOK said to be lost.

TAPEN No shortage for next four months. People living in small groups in the bush. Population is about 100 short of Lieut. Boyan's census figures of 7-8-1941, i.e. 176 instead of 276. Explanation given is that most of the missing people died from illness about eighteen months ago. RUANGE, BWANI, and MOAM also said to have been affected. The TAPEN are willing for the MOAM to amalgamate with them.

MOAM No acute shortage now but will need relief before the new gardens mature. People living in small groups near MOAM. Want to amalgamate with the TAPEN.

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Appendix A POLICE No. 1988 Constable PANDA and No. 1973 Constable INSORI did satisfactory work.

Appendix B Table of food crops, attached hereto.

Appendix C WOUNDED NATIVE On the 2-3-1944 the Patrol sent in to SAIDOR a native of GABUTAMON whom some Japanese stragglers had shot through the abdomen about ten days before at GABUTAMON. This native was kept hidden in the bush near YAGOMI and the Patrol only learned of his presence by accident. The Doctor Boy of GABUTAMON was severely reprimanded for not reporting the matter or taking steps to have the native carried to hospital, and was then sent in with the wounded native to the O.C. ANGAU, SAIDOR. Subsequently the wounded native was treated by American medical officers, but died within a few days.

Appendix D ARMED NATIVE OUTLAW The Tultul of KEPOIAK reported on 16-3-1944 that a native, APAK of FAIGURUP, had prevented 15 KEPOIAK people from coming to report to the patrol at WATANG. APAK is said to be armed with a Japanese rifle and has threatened to shoot anyone who goes uninvited to FAIGURUP. As yet no action has been taken to arrest him.

Appendix E ALLIED PROPAGANDA Pamphlets dropped on this Area while the Japanese were in occupation appear to have been effective. Most of the natives, when they read our description of Japanese behaviour, seem to have avoided them entirely. Some who did help them for a short time were quickly disillusioned and ran away from their villages as the pamphlets had instructed.

Appendix F JAPANESE PRISONERS and EQUIPMENT

- (1) Four Japanese prisoners were sent into SAIDOR by the Patrol. Three of these were captured by natives and each native directly concerned has been paid ten shillings and a lavalava. One Japanese was captured near BWANI on 4-3-1944; two near TAPEN on 9-3-1944 (apparently after quite a tussle during which the natives had a little skin taken off their hands where they had taken hold on the prisoners' bayonet blades); the fourth in a GABUTAMON garden on 14-3-1944. A fifth was surprised by Constables PANDA and INSORI between TAPEN and MALALAMAI on 10-3-1944, but he got away, leaving behind a grenade. The police were unable to follow his tracks. The local natives were warned of his presence.

Appendix F (Continued)

- (ii) It is unlikely that many more Japanese stragglers are still hiding in the Area. The natives are on the lookout for them and the gardens near which they would hide have been thoroughly combed without any traces being found.
- (iii) There are, no doubt, several Japanese firearms scattered about the Area. The ADO, SAIDOR, has already arranged a search for them.
- (iv) On 25-2-1944 a Japanese parachute with a cylinder attached was found near KANGGURIRI. The cylinder contained rice, socks and salt. The equipment was handed over to Major Menclowski, U.S. Infantry at MUR.

J. Rae

.....
Lieut. ANGAU D.S.

14/17

LEGEND

N - "Now" the date of inspection;
Blue denotes a good supply, by Peacetime Standards;
Lead Pencil denotes a fair supply;
Red denotes a poor supply;
Figures denote months.

EXAMPLES:

(a) * Bananas 2-4 denotes a poor supply of bananas maturing in from 2 up to 4 months from the date of inspection;
 (b) * Sago N-6 denotes a good supply of Sago, ready to eat now, the date of inspection, and from now on up to 6 months.

APPENDIX B

TABLE of CROPS
No. II RAI COAST

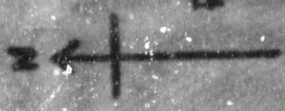
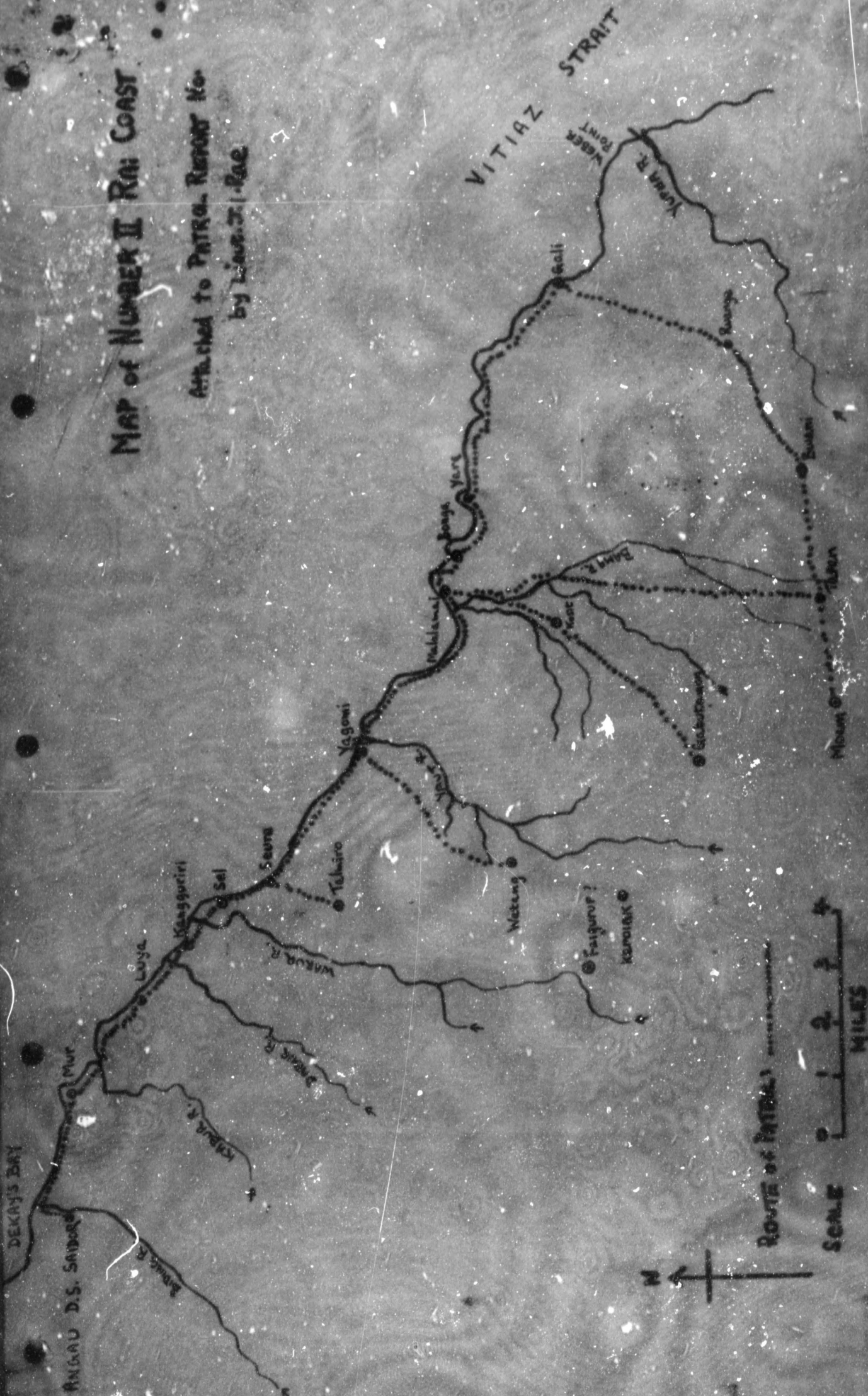
FEBRUARY - MARCH
1944

Attached to Period Report
 No. 101-101-101-101

DATE of INSPECTION	NAME of VILLAGE	APPROX. TOTAL AREA of GARDENS	POPULATION Excluding ARMED LABOUR	BANANAS	PEACHES	MANIOK	MANIOK	COCONUTS	PINEAPPLES	PUMPKIN	SAGO	SUGAR	SWEET POTATO	YAMS
11th. March	BONGA	4 Acres	53	2-4	N	N			4		N-6	4		4
6th "	BURANI	6	119	1-3				1	1				N-2 N-3	
11th "	CABUTAMON	30	185	1-4				1-4				1-3	N-3	3
14th "	GALI	7	75	N-5			3		1-5	2	N-6	2	N-2	3
25th. Feb.	KANGGURIRI	10	19	N-4	N			1-6	N-1	1-3		N-2	N-2	N-5
13th. March	KOSIT	4	22	1-3	1	N-1	N-3	N	N	N-2	N-6	N-3	N-1	N-3
28th. Feb.	LUYA	8	44	N-6	4	N-3	N-5	N-6	N-3	1-3		N-2	N-5	N-3
2nd. March	MAJALAMAI	13	78	N-3		5		N-3		4	N-6	2-3	N-4	5
9th "	MDAM	8	45	N-4				2-3				3-4	N-4	N-3
26th. Feb.	MUR	25	84	N-6	N-1	2-5	N-5	N-6	N-2	1-3		N-5	N-5	N-6
5th. March	RUANGE	2	52	1-3	N-1	2		1-3				2	3	2-4
25th. Feb.	SEL	17	87	N-5	N			N-6	N	N-3		N-4	N-3	N-4
29th. Feb.	SEURE	16	80	N-5	1	N-3		N-6	N-5	N-2		N-5	N-3	N-6
8th. March	TAPEN	21	167	N-3	1				1			N-3	N-3	1
18th "	TALMARO	10	75	1-2		1		1	1	N-1		1	1-2	N-2
1st "	YAGONT	12	64	N-5	N-1	N-6		N-4	N-3	1-2		N-6	1	N-5
11th "	YARA	3	30	N-4	N			4	4	2-4	N-6	2	N-4	1-2
16th "	WATANG	14	56	N-5		1		1	N-1	N-1		N-2	1	N-5

MAP of NUMBER II RAI COAST

Attached to PATROL REPORT No.
by Lieut. J. I. RAE.



30/17/10

9

Headquarters,
M.N.G.A.U. Detachment,
A.P.O. 321.
6th. April, 1944.

To: The Regional Commander,
A.N.G.A.U.,
Northern Region,
A.P.O. 712.

Subject: Patrol Report by Lieut. J. I. Rae.

Forwarded herewith, please, is a report by Lieut. J. Rae, Patrol Officer, covering a patrol of the coastal and immediate hinterland villages East of MUR.

As the situation in this sector has become more settled, action was commenced to undertake the readjustment and rehabilitation of native society. As an approach towards reorganizing this establishment to meet the improved conditions, Lieut. Rae was assigned the responsibility of investigating the conditions existing in native villages affected by enemy and our own operations. This patrol was the first undertaken with this object in view.

✓ Lieut. Rae's report indicates that he conducted a very patient and thorough investigation of the conditions existing in the area visited.

During the early weeks of the occupation of SAIDOR by this Task Force, natives from the villages of MUR, LUYA (LEENG), SEL and SEURE were evacuated to a compound in close proximity to this Headquarters. This was necessary as these villages became probable artillery targets when Japanese troops, retreating from the Australians coming up the coast, fell back towards the American troops operating from SAIDOR.

In late January it was considered desirable to evacuate MALALAMAI, YARA and BONGA to deny the approaching enemy the possibility of impressing natives from these villages and this vicinity as carriers, guides or scouts; and at the same time this vicinity threatened to become a target for artillery and bombing. Natives of GALI, RUANGE, TAPEN, BWANA, MOAM and GABUTAMON were not evacuated, as enemy occupation prevented contact being established with them.

✓ Lieut. Rae's report indicates a varied state of food supply. However, with the exception of GALI, RUANGE, BWANA, YARA and BONGA, the villages visited are apparently in no immediate need of assistance, but preparations to assure the food supply of these villages for the future must be made immediately.

Since the completion of Lieut. Rae's patrol, evacuees from the villages of MALALAMAI, LUYA, KANGURIRI, SEL and SEURE have been permitted to return to their villages, with instructions to clear gardens, repair fences and attend to the sanitation of temporary villages. As time permits they are to make ready timber for the reconstruction of new villages.

GOC.

JIC
7

Will 14/7 late for me!

At the present time the MUR locality is occupied by large numbers of American troops, and it is not desirable for these natives to return to their village until the troops evacuate the area. MUR is situated not a great distance from the evacuee compound and these natives are permitted to make regular visits to their gardens.

BONGA and YARA natives are also retained at the evacuee compound. A scheme is now being worked out to establish an evacuee ration dump in the vicinity of YARA, and, as soon as plans are completed and the dump established, these natives will be returned to their villages. It is proposed that this scheme should provide relief for the natives of GALI, YARA, BONGA, RUANGU, MOAM, GABUTAMON and KOSIT.

HOUSES:

For some years past the housing facilities of many native villages along this Coast have been far from satisfactory, and it is considered that one advantage that will accrue from operations in the area will be the desirability of construction of entirely new villages.

As the necessity for the construction of new villages has arisen, the opportunity presents itself to construct something of a more improved type of house and to lay out villages in accordance with an approved standard pattern. Cemeteries and improved sanitation would also come within the scope of attention.

It is proposed to commence work on the reconstruction of villages as early as possible and, as far as is possible, it is the desire to assist the natives with Government labour.

ROADS:

As the natives return to their permanent villages and settle down, attention to roads will follow.

MEDICAL:

It is gratifying to find that the general health of natives in this sector has not deteriorated to any great extent as a result of the unsettled conditions of the past fifteen months.

When villages in this sector were evacuated to the compound, many cases of framboesia and yaws were in evidence, but soon cleaned up under the careful attention of W/O Joyce, Medical Assistant.

ARMED NATIVE OUTLAW:

Steps have been taken to apprehend the native concerned. FAIGUREP natives have always been difficult and some time may elapse before it is possible to contact APAK.

ALLIED PROPAGANDA:

Lieut. [redacted]'s observations concerning the influence of pamphlets will be gratifying to FELO.

JAPANESE EQUIPMENT:

A police patrol to the area covered by Lieut. Rae's patrol located seven rifles. They were dilapidated as the result of long exposure to the weather and were useless.

Col. Mathias J. [redacted]
Lieut.
C.O.

Report No.....1944

REPORT of ACTIVITIES...ANGAU DETACHMENT with YALAU (YAULA)U. S. TASK FORCE

OBJECT of DETACHMENT: (a) To contact the natives in the Area occupied by the Task Force.
 (b) To obtain from the natives information about local enemy activities.
 (c) To recruit natives as labour for the Task Force.

PERSONNEL: NGX 385 W/O II T. W. J. LEGA and VX 37706 Sgt. H. J. ROBERTS, Patrol Officers, who landed with the Task Force at YALAU on 5th. March, accompanied by one corporal and five constables of the R.P.C. and by six native carriers; N 464135 Sgt. H. W. FORRESTER, N.L.O., who joined the Detachment on 17th. March; and VX 23736 Sgt. A.H. GLASSFORD, N.L.O., who joined the Detachment on 24th. March.

PERIOD COVERED by REPORT: From 5th. March till the 2nd. April, 1944.

LAST PREVIOUS PATROLS in AREA: By Lieut. BOYAN in November, 1942; and by J. W. BURNET, Government Medical Assistant, in 1938.

THE LANDING: No enemy opposition was met with when the Task Force landed at YALAU on 5th. March.

ACTIVITIES of DETACHMENT:

(a) W/O II LEGA W/O Lega is in charge of the Detachment. Since the 7th. March he has been based at KULILAU and has:

- (i) Organized the work of the Detachment.
- (ii) Supplied native labour to the Task Force for building work and for use as carriers with reconnaissance patrols.
- (iii) Interrogated native contacts.
- (iv) Maintained the Detachment's supplies.
- (v) Arranged for the support of local native natives.
- (vi) ~~Established a base camp at KULILAU.~~ Arranged for the reconstruction of KULILAU village and for the replanting of the KULILAU gardens.
- (vii) Listed native recruits in the Area and sent them wherever the Task Force instructed.
- (viii) Arranged instruction in Pidgin English for some members of the Task Force.

(b) Sgt. Roberts

(i) On 5th. March Sgt. Roberts, with Constable NIMALA and two native carriers tried to go to DUMUN via the GOWAR RIVER but, being unable to find a track, they returned the same day to YALAU.

On 6th. March he tried again and got through to DUMUN, where he recruited a few local natives.

On 7th. March he returned to W/O Lega's newly established base camp at KULILAU.

(ii) On 12th. March Sgt. Roberts left KULILAU for KUL No.2, established a native labour camp and remained there in charge. His natives have been employed as carriers by the Task Force. He has been assisted by Sgt. Forrester since 18th. March.

(c) Sgt. Forrester

Sgt. Forrester arrived at YALAU on 17th. March and, on 13th. March, went on to KUL No.2, where he has been assisting Sgt. Roberts.

ACTIVITIES of DETACHMENT (Continued)(d) Sgt. Glassford

Sgt. Glassford arrived at YALAU on 24th. March. Since then he has been supervising the construction of Task Force buildings at YALAU.

NATIVE SITUATION

(i) ATTITUDE of LOCAL NATIVES The natives in this Area have been friendly and co-operative. Contacts have been made without any difficulty, and some helpful information about enemy movements has been volunteered.

Natives from the following villages have been contacted: KULILAU, DUMUN, BIBI, KUMASANGI, KUL No.2, GANGLAU, MINDIRI, SAGASAGA, KUBLIK, MEBU, ORINMA, SEGI, BOTOTO, GUHU.

(ii) GARDENS The mountain tribes still seem to have adequate food supplies, but those on the Coast near KULILAU have had their gardens ruined by the enemy and by neglect. Further West along the Coast near KUL No.2 the damage to gardens has not been so extensive and the people there do not need to be evacuated.

(iii) EVACUEES The natives of KULILAU, GANGLAU, DUMUN and KUBUK are in the evacuee compound at KULILAU, a total of 119.

(iv) MEDICAL Considering that the last previous medical inspection of this Area was carried out in 1938, the health of the people seems to be fairly good. What few sores there are respond quickly to treatment.

On 21st. March W/O 2 Joyce, ANGAU Medical Assistant, visited the Area. He inspected and treated the sick at KULILAU, giving many N.A.B. injections. On 22nd. he went on to KUL No.2, arriving back at KULILAU on 24th. and leaving for SINGOR on 25th.

On 17th. March an American doctor, Capt. Sibly, visited KULILAU, prescribed treatment for the sick, and arranged for the Detachment to draw quite a handsome amount of medical supplies from the U.S. YALAU stocks.

(v) RECRUITING The total number of natives recruited from the Area to date (2nd. April) is 271. Of these 134 are stationed at YALAU and 137 at KUL No.2.

Report
RPC
forwarded
10/7/45

Report No.....,1944.

REPORT of NATIVE SITUATION at KUL No.2PERSONNEL: VX 37706 Sgt. H. J. ROBERTS, Patrol Officer; and Constables NIMILA, YUA and BUSAMA of the R.P.C.OBJECT of KUL BASE: A native labour camp was established at KUL No.2 on 12th. March to provide lines of communication to the SAGASAGA Outpost and the KAMBERA RIVER Front.PERIOD COVERED by REPORT: From 12th. till 18th. March, 1944.SITE: The site was selected at KUL because of its central position between the two places to be serviced, and because of its excellent barge landing point within two hundred yards of the camp.ACTIVITIES: At present rations and ammunition are being supplied to fifty men at SAGASAGA which is approximately three hours' carrying for natives.

On the KAMBERA RIVER Area rations, ammunition etc. are landed by barge at BAU PLANTATION and thence carried by natives to a forward dump. The carrying time for this job is about forty minutes and the number of men being supplied about two hundred.

The present position shows no signs of changing for awhile. There will probably be a considerable amount of carrying for the next couple of weeks.

REQUEST for N.L.O.: There is no one here at present to handle the labour lines. When W/O Graham visited KUL No.2 during the week he suggested sending Sgt. Forrester to take over the labour and this would permit attention to native administration matters.NATIVE AFFAIRS: Up to the present the villages of BIBI, KUMISANGER and KUL, ^{have been visited} All are dispersed in the bush and the food ~~and~~ situation, although not completely adequate, is quite fair. Complete evacuation, as at SAIDOR, is not necessary.

The village people of BIBI, KUMISANGER and KUL have been instructed to move a little closer to the beach, where they already have houses. A small weekly issue of meat and biscuits will be made to supplement their own supply.

The labour houses are still in the course of construction and the women of BIBI, KUMISANGER and KUL are cutting kunai grass etc. for roofing, as well as other light work.

RECRUITS: Although there has been a satisfactory response to the call for native labour, there are still a few eligible men to be brought in. There are also new villages to be contacted.

In this immediate Area all villages have been recruited and the strengths are as follows:

KUL	18	
BIBI	9	
SAGASAGA	5	
KUMISANGER	15	
DUMUN	4	
GANGLAU	4	
KULILAU	4	TOTAL: 59

REPORT of NATIVE SITUATION at KUL No. 2 (Continued)

NATIVE POLICE: Direction would be appreciated regarding members of the R.P.C. accompanying combat and reconnaissance patrols. This practice, unless absolutely necessary, has been mostly opposed. There is a growing tendency to expect to take a police boy each time a reconnaissance is made.

.....
H. J. ROBERTS, Sgt.

P.O.

Headquarters,
A.N.G.A.U. Detachment,
A.F.O. 321.

8th, April, 1944.

This report covers only the first week of the landing at YALAN, and the days immediately following the landing at YALAN. It is not intended to be a detailed report of the Task Force's activities in this area, but rather a summary of the activities of the A.N.G.A.U. detachment, which is being a distinct acquisition to the Task Force.

To: The Regional Commander,
Northern Region,
A.F.O. 712.

Subject: Report by W/O T. W. J. Lega.

Forwarded herewith, please, is a report covering activities of the Detachment assigned from this Headquarters to assist the YALAN Task Force.

As was anticipated, this landing was completed without opposition.

A glance at the map of this sector—Corps of Engineers, U.S. ARMY, DUMKIN BAY Sheet B 55/6, North-east N.G.—will indicate the scanty hinterland population West of MINDIRI. Japanese stragglers continue to filter through MUDAH and DIMAH from the East, but it is expected that the necessity for patrols in this difficult sector will shortly be removed.

Indications are that there will not be any necessity for major construction projects for the Task Force at YALAN, and the release of Sgt. Forrester and Sgt. Glassford, together with native labour from this area, should be possible shortly.

Further labour will be available from the more thickly populated areas South of MINDIRI. The emergency conditions, associated with the SAIDOR landing, which necessitated recruiting all available labour, do not exist at YALAN, and steps are being taken to assure that the rehabilitation of native society is not prejudiced by over-recruitment of male natives. This applies also at SAIDOR and, now that the emergency has passed, labour figures can be expected to decrease.

Lieut. Greenhead recently spent a few days in the area, proceeding as far as the forward line, then at the KAMERA RIVER, and returned to SAIDOR by road. W/O Lega was instructed to push on with assistance to natives in the reconstruction of native villages and to pay close attention to sanitation. It was particularly noticeable in the overgrown extensive coconut groves of the KUL natives that vast quantities of coconut shells were full of water and carried mosquito larvae. In fact, all along the coast the same conditions applied where retreating Japanese had consumed coconuts.

Attached also is a short report by Sgt. H. J. Roberts, Patrol Officer, covering his activities since moving to KUL No.2.

Most of the native carrying in the sector covered by YALAN Force is allocated from Sgt. Roberts' base. As indicated in W/O Lega's report, Sgt. Forrester (N.L.O.) arrived at KUL No.2 on March 15.

Sgt. Roberts has been advised that native police are not to accompany combat and reconnaissance patrols, and are not to pass out of his control.

X
P/A *[Signature]* 14/7

This report covers only the first week's activities at Hill No. 2 during the days immediately following the landing of Lt. Roberts. Roberts actively associated himself with the Task Force in loading trucks and contacting natives. Wang, energetic and hard, Sgt. Roberts, with careful training, appears as becoming a distinct acquisition to District Services.

G. J. Smith
.....

(Gen. Counsel) L.A. 100

U.S.

COPY

Blume
217/63
3
District Office
MADANG
22 May 44

Ho. M. 1 of 43/44

HQ Northern Region
ANGAIL

Report of Patrol by A/Woll J.C. Dennis

Area of Patrol

AMELE and villages in proximity. Ref Provisional Maps 1" - 1m
BOGADJIM, BAGASIN, MADANG sheets.

Duration of Patrol

11 May 44 to 20 May 44.

Object of Patrol

Visit villages, inspect gardens and present living conditions
also recruiting.

Personnel Accompanying Patrol

NGK39 A/Woll J.C. Dennis
1 Cpl RPG
6 Const RPG.

DIARY

- 11 May:- Left WAGOL to GUM R. in flood. To GASUK (deserted) then to
YELSU approx 1600hrs.
- 12 May:- Left YELSU for HILU. (Due to sickness stopped here for
rest of day)
- 13 May:- Left HILU for MEDO arriving 1000hrs. Then 1 hour to
AMELE. In afternoon inspected AMELE Mission houses and
hospital.
- 14 May:- Left AMELE for SOA then to OHU.
- 15 May:- Left OHU for MERKUK, then to MILHANAK and returned to OHU.
- 16 May:- Left OHU for EPU and ARIAFU, and returned to OHU.
- 17 May:- Left OHU for SOA, then to MULSEHU, arriving AMELE midday.
- 18 May:- Left AMELE for KARAL, then to DARRAN, and on to UMIN.
Returned to AMELE through these villages.
- 19 May:- Left AMELE for SAR then to OMARU, then to SEIN and on to
ANGRU (deserted) and AIYUP.
- 20 May:- Left AIYUP and through BANU, OK, HUDINI and WAGOK to
the beach road. Then down to BILIBILI and UMUM and
returned to WAGOL through GUM Compound (YABOB).

Living Conditions in Villages.

In most communities the natives are making a good attempt to rehabilitate themselves, building new houses and pulling down and burning old damaged houses.

All village officials were instructed to build new houses with floors, as in most villages the inhabitants are sleeping on the ground.

In some villages inland, housing conditions are rather crowded, (as to the influx of beach natives, who were forced to evacuate their villages during the enemy occupation of same).

These beach natives have been instructed to return to their own village sites, and rebuild there.

Food.

Their main rations consist of taro and a small amount of pumpkin and kau kau. In only two villages I noticed corn being eaten. Yam was scarce, being still too young to pull. Paw paw was plentiful, and there seemed to be an ample supply of bananas. The taro was small, being prematurely gathered.

In all cases, the food being consumed seemed just sufficient and no more. (Dogs were fed only on coconut - no vegetables)

Gardens

Village	Acreage	Yam	Taro	Bananas	Condition
YELSU	10	Medium	Young	Few	2 acres cleared.
GASUK	5	young	ragged	---	overgrown
HILU	10	young	young	Few	2 acres cleared.
HAI-IA)					
AMELE	30	young	medium	ample	5 acres cleared.
SOA	12	young	medium	few	8 acres cleared.
OHU	30	medium	medium	ample	6 acres cleared.
MEKUK	20	medium	medium	ample	10 acres cleared.
KPU	35	medium	medium	few	10 acres cleared.
ARIAPU)					
MOISEHU	20	young	medium	few	3 acres cleared.
HILHANAK	10	young	medium	few	2 acres cleared.
NANAL	10	medium	medium	few	3 acres cleared.
DARRAM	10	medium	medium	few	6 acres cleared.
UMIN	20	medium	medium	good	15 acres cleared.
SAR	30	medium	medium	few	10 acres cleared.
OHABU	30	medium	medium	few	10 acres cleared.
SEIN	10	medium	medium	few	5 acres cleared.
BAHOL	10	young	medium	few	3 acres cleared.
OHURU	15	young	young	few	5 acres cleared.
ANGRU	10	young	medium	few	overgrown
ATYUP	10	young	young	---	2 acres cleared.
SOR	10	medium	young	good	8 acres cleared.
UMUM)					
BILIBILI	10		Overgrown		

It is my opinion that natives in this area could be given one quarter rations for food relief till their gardens are in good condition again. If the beach natives are returned to their villages immediately, I consider they need three quarter rations during the re-building of houses and clearing of gardens.

Health and Hygiene

In most villages, latrines and refuse pits had not been dug. All village officials were lectured on the cleanliness of villages, the standard they should attain, and instructed to build latrines and dig refuse pits immediately.

I saw signs of malnutrition, and on the whole, the general health is good. There were approx 3% with yaws and 6% with scabies, of the 1600 (approx) natives lined. Those suffering have been told to report to WAGOL for treatment.

Roads.

The main road to ANELE is overgrown but a jeep could be used if the bridge over the GUM R is repaired. The roads between the villages are quite good for walking and about half the villagers have cleared the inter-village roads. It will need very little more work to have them all cut and cleared.

Migration of Natives.

There are approx 150 natives from the following villages, BILIBILI, UKUM, GASUK, BANUP, WAGOK, and HUBINI, who have left their villagesites, and are living inland, away from the main road. These villages were inspected and all showed signs of Japanese occupation, which was the reason given by the natives for the desertion of their villages.

APPENDIX

(a) Police

- RPO Col AWAN Tired attitude. Has done much better work before.
- " Const SAMOI Good worker and good with natives.
- " Const TERA Prefer most of the trip. Too quiet but satisfactory.
- " Const LEO Good worker.
- " Const MASAU Fairly good.
- " Const DINGAN Dull, only satisfactory.
- " Const SEVEN Good, strong, forceful worker.

(b) Enemy Contact.

One Japanese, in poor physical condition, bootless and un-armed, was captured on the main ANELE road near WAGOK village. He was handed over to the 22 Bn on our return to WAGOL.

(c) Civilian Property.

At ANELE Mission Hospital, all equipment including X-Ray, Surgical instruments and medical stores have been totally damaged by aerial machine gun fire.

(d) Native Refuges.

At YELSU Village there are 5 SIASRI and 12 AITAPE natives, who were in MADANG when the Japanese arrived, and have been living at YELSU ever since.

(e) Propaganda

All natives reported that they acted in accordance with pamphlets dropped to them, and they report very few casualties from our bombing through obeying the instructions in the pamphlets.

(f) Recruiting.

I got only 44 recruits for labour, as there previous voluntary response was good.

Extract
W/15/11

W/15/11

W/15/11

W/15/11
1376

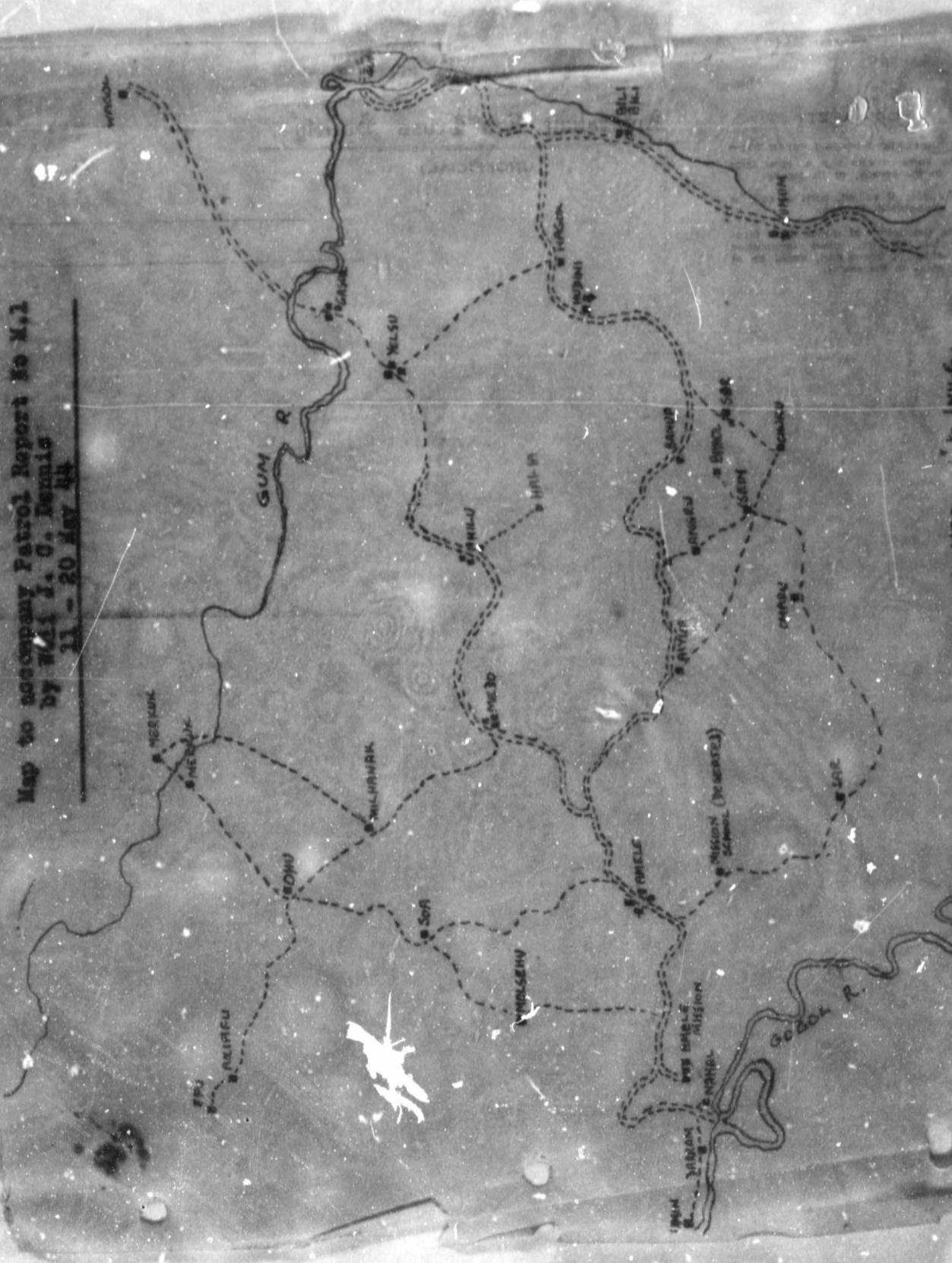
-4-

NATIVE POPULATION AMELE DISTRICT MAY 44

Village	Adults		Children		Labour	Total
	Males	Females	Males	Females		
GASUK	8	10	7	7	3	35
YELBU	18	18	17	18	10	81
YILU	6	8	4	11	3	32
HAI-LA	10	9	9	15	6	49
BANGP	18	6	9	3	10	46
HUBENY	10	7	4	3	7	31
WAGOK	3	9	1	2	1	15
AMELE	19	37	36	39	15	149
NOL-SHU	14	18	18	12	12	74
SOA	5	4	8	13	3	33
OHU	17	29	37	24	15	120
BILIBILI	4	5	3	7	5	23
NERKOE	16	27	14	9	6	75
MYLANAK	6 ⁿ	10	9	1	7	33
EPU	16	24	23	33	15	111
ARIAPU	6	9	10	8	2	36
NAHAL	11	14	17	15	6	61
DARRAN	11	17	16	10	5	59
UMIN	13	28	23	21	16	101
SAR	22	28	23	21	13	107
OMARU	25	36	25	28	14	128
SEIN	7	11	13	14	5	50
BAROL	2	3	3	4	5	15
OHURU	24	19	18	21	6	78
AIYUP	18	25	27	27	15	112
ANGRU	16	13	22	17	7	77
SOR	9	12	10	6	7	44
UMUM	9	7	8	4	4	30

N.B. These figures are not accurate, being only line counts, as the village books were not available.

Map to accompany Patrol Report No M.1
by W.I. J. O. Dennis
11 - 20 May 44



SKETCH MAP 1" TO MILE

COPY

No. M.1 of 13/44 4

District Office
KADANG
21 May 44

HQ Northern Region
ANGAI

Report of Patrol by A/WO1 J.C. Dennis

The object of this Patrol was to make a quick survey of the food position and the condition of the natives in the AMELE Area-

FOOD

The food position in the area is fair and with the settling of the beach natives back in their own villages, only limited amount of assistance will be required by these natives.

In the case of the beach natives, full assistance is already being provided as their gardens have been totally destroyed.

ROADS.

It is not intended to issue instructions regarding repairs to roads for the present.

HEALTH.

The natives were urgently in need of medical attention, as there are a large proportion suffering from framboesia.

Steps have been taken to have sufferers from nearby villages report to the EMA for treatment.

REFUGEES.

Refugees are being assembled at HQ WAGOL and will remain there until repatriated.

HYGIENE AND SANITATION.

The absence of any sign of epidemic is pleasing. Instructions re latrines have been issued and will be checked at first opportunity.

WO Dennis has carried out his work in a thorough manner.

Major
R.M. Farlow
DO KADANG.

WLF
13/6

DS 30/1

HQ Northern Region
AEGAU

5 Jun 44

DO
ANGAU
MADANG

Patrol Report by WO1 J.C. Dennis.

1. Receipt is acknowledged for the abovementioned Patrol Report.

In future all reports are to be numbered consecutively and this Report will be numbered M 1 of 43/44.

2. In his review of the gardens in the area, the Patrol Officer has failed to take into consideration the sage growing in the area which from personal observation, supplies quite a considerable amount of the native food supplies. Before rations are issued, it should be ascertained whether these natives can maintain themselves by supplementing their root crops with sage.

3. Follow up and see that the natives return to their homes. Re-establishment is the quickest means of obtaining a return to native life. It is understood that no area South GUN River is to be used for Army installations.

4. A Report is requested as to the condition of the Mission Buildings at AMELE.

5. All foreign natives residing in local villages are to be indentured and they can be used to relieve labourers who have been employed for long periods by the Army.

6. Although it is realized that the Census figures are not accurate, the proportion of labour recruits is too high and exceeds 30% of the adult males, which is desired to be kept as a maximum. There are more labourers available, than are required in your District, allowing for this maximum and the report shows that a large number of men are required in their homes to re-build villages and prepare new gardens. Do not want to make the mistake of over-recruiting when there is no operational necessity for same.

W.C.H.
9/11

H.R. Stall
Major
H. R. Stall
ADDS HQ NORTHERN REGION.

DISTRICT SERVICES
12 JUN 1944
ANGAU
HQ
ANGAU

DS
198
22 JUN 1944

DS 30/1
HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAE
5 Jun 44

6

Patrol Report No. M.1 by WO1 J. G. Dennis

Report by abovenamed Patrol Officer is forwarded herewith.

2. It appears that it will only be necessary to evacuate two or three villages in the Madang area, and if these are moved to WAGOL Plantation, they will be very close to their own lands and gardens and should soon be self-supporting.

3. As the enemy had vacated the Madang area before our arrival, we have been able to commence patrolling and native administration straightaway, and Field Officers have not been tied up with duties such as guides etc., to Army patrols.

K.O. Mullen
Lt-Col
K.O. Mullen
Comd. HQ NORTHERN REGION

Encl.

W.M.H. 13/6
13 JUN Recd
B.M.C. 13/6

DS 30/17/3

District Services
ANGAU
14 Jun 44.

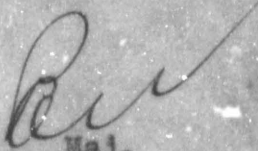
HQ
Northern Region.


PATROL REPORT

Madang No 1 of 43/44

Receipt is acknowledged of the above-mentioned Patrol Report forwarded under cover of your memo DS 30/1 of 5 Jun 44.

2. Copy of the report on condition to Mission buildings at AMBLE should be forwarded to this HQ after received from BO Madang.


Maj.
for DDSS & NA.
(AOD).



Planned
on
3/27/44

Ref : 30

GOMUMU POLICE POST,
DULFU Sub-District,
North Markham District,
12 April 44.

District Officer,
North Markham District,
LAE

PATROL REPORT

Area WAMUNTI - BUTEMU - BANKOKONG

Duration. 1 April 44 - 11 April 44 (11 days)

Personnel Lieut. ELLIOTT, six constables of Royal Papuan Constabulary,
one mission boy.

Map A map of the whole RAUWA area is being drawn and will be forward-
ed on completion. In this report Reference Map GUSAP 1" Series.

DIARY

1 Apr To WAMUNTI - 3 hrs. Lined, harangued and gave medical attention.
Patrol 11 Div Carrier Coy arrived, the best being WAMUNTI-BUTEMU.

2 Apr Took Census 253 WAMUNTI natives. Constables arrived with luluais
of BUTEMU and BANKOKONO.

3 Apr Instructed luluais as to their duties. Luluais of BUTEMU and
BANKOKONO returned.

4 Apr With 4 police visited KANO (BONGOTOTO) hamlet and mountain -
8 hours return trip.

5 Apr Line of WAMUNTI natives to GOMUMU with food. Another infantry
patrol arrived.

6 Apr Another patrol of 11 Carrier Coy. With police patrolled to
north of WAMUNTI. Luluais took us on false scent.

7 Apr. Const. returned from GOMUMU with Signal. Some SINI natives
brought in by mission boy. Sent constable to BUTEMU.

8 Apr. To BUTEMU 2 1/2 hours. Addressed and took Census, 422 natives.
Constable sent to BANKOKONO.

9 Apr To BANKOKONO - 2 hours. Harangued and took census, 313 natives.

10 Apr 44 To WAMUNTI. The mission boy had persuaded 16 SINI natives to
come to WAMUNTI. All except 4 ran away.

11 Apr To GOMUMU - 4 hours

NATIVE SITUATION

After much talking and patrolling over the past six weeks the
WAMUNTI natives have been persuaded to remain in their village. The 2 RAI
Coast mission boys have been given great assistance. HATAIO hamlet
(COBO) approx) has joined with WAMUNTI. One or two SINI (0153 approx)
women are married to WAMUNTI, but the SINI natives are difficult to contact.
One successful attempt resulted in 16 natives coming to WAMUNTI. Soon half
had run away and on my return from BUTEMU all except four went. I am
confident all ~~SINI~~ SINI natives will be persuaded to return.
Capt. HAMILTON last visited SINI in 1940 and lined about 50 natives, I
am informed.

The BONGOTOTO natives are hiding on top of another mountain. These
natives broke some WAMUNTI gardens and shot some WAMUNTI pigs when the
WAMUNTIS were hiding away from WAMUNTI. Their relations are not good.

All natives of GAULA (9745 approx) are now back at GOMUMU. Except for SARANGGA (9555 approx) natives, GOMUMU village is complete.

The presence of Army patrols has assisted in reassuring the natives of BUTEMU and BANKOKONO of our strength. Both detachments of soldiers were trading at reasonable prices.

Complete census of BUTEMU had not previously been taken. In September last year all BUTEMU natives ran away and WO SEALE's patrol was not able to wait and return them. I consider 422 as near the correct total.

At BANKOKONO the case was similar. Capt HAMILTON in 1939 lined 58 natives (the village book is ragged and has been replaced) while WO SEALE lined 30. The time of the latter's patrols, was an unsettled one, but now, except for a few patrols, things are as normal as ever they were. Little effort was required for the natives of both BANKOKONO and BUTEMU to return. The presence and good influence of WO SEALE at GUSAP, with his assistance near control of the HINGGIA group has been of great assistance.

Rest and police houses at WAMUNTI, BUTEMU and BANKOKONO are complete. Roads are being constructed. All three villages are now clean.

RECRUITS

No recruits were obtained from these villages by the patrol in 1943 - all except a few natives ran away. The time is not opportune to recruit fully, I consider, so five only from each village were recruited. Within six weeks, another twenty or thirty should be available.

At WAMUNTI and BUTEMU there is no Pidgin speaking native. Indentures will assist in this respect.

VILLAGE OFFICIALS

The old luluai YAPINGO of WAMUNTI (HATAIO hamlet) has grown too old to carry out his work. Two years ago he gave his hat to his son, BORUNGE. This man is too young for a luluai and has no influence, neither had his father I consider. I have provisionally appointed DAURENGO as luluai of HATAIO natives, subject to confirmation.

BUTEMU has no tultul. There is no one suitable. The luluai is a good worker.

BANKOKONO has no tultul. Of the four Pidgin speaking natives, one MEMBMSINGNAIO is influential, young and energetic. I have provisionally appointed him tultul of BANKOKONO.

HEALTH

Native health is generally good. About ten tropical ulcers is the village average. At both BUTEMU and BANKOKONO the RAP orderlies are doing excellent work. All bad sores of WAMUNTI natives are being treated at GOMUMU.

GAZENS

All villages have good stocks of sweet potato, the staple food. Small crops like ~~plants~~ tomatoes, onions, cucumbers and corn are poor. Seed has been distributed, in small quantities, at each village.

ROYAL PAPUAN CONSTABULARY.

Conduct of six accompanying the patrol was good. The whole detachment of ten is a good one.

For individual reports see Monthly Report of March.

(Signed) G E ELLIOTT Lieut
Patrol Officer

MONTHLY REPORT - ROYAL PAPUAN CONSTABULARY - GOMUMU POST MARCH 1944

<u>No</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
2686	Cpl	LAMBOGU	Possesses great understanding - has very good control over detachment and natives, and his experience is most valuable to other constables.
2825	Const	MORISA	Good type with intelligence. Has administered the station ably in my absence.
2230	Const	MISA	Experienced, capable constable and very reliable.
2810	Const	HANAGUI	Good type and enthusiastic. A strong worker with intelligence.
2504	Const	ARISA	Dull and enthusiastic. He needs careful watching and a strong hand when he works reasonable well.
2590	Const	WILIPAU	Nervous type, but conscientious and generally reliable.
2772	Const	HANGI	Good, strong worker with only fair intelligence.
2774	Const	GARRAP	Very enthusiastic, intelligent constable, but inclined to be hasty with uncontrolled natives.
2017	Const	ABUA	Rather slow thinker, but reliable. Speaks Pidgin bu fairly.
2613	Const	MIRARI	Very intelligent, good constable. Now speaks Pidgin well.

(Signed) G. E. Elliott, Lieut
Patrol Officer,
GOMUMU POLICE POST.
1 April 1944.

Lead
7 MAY 1944

Ref : 30/1

District Office,
ANGAU,
IAH

DS 29/8/1 3 May 1944


HQ NORTHERN REGION
ANGAU, FINSCHAFEN

PATROL REPORT DUMPU 1/43-44 - Lieut ELLIOTT B.E.

Forwarded herewith two copies above patrol report.

2. The situation is satisfactory and Lieut. Elliott appears to be working on the right lines and doing good work.

3. VILLAGE OFFICIALS - Further particulars as to qualifications etc., of proposed new luluai DAURENGIO are being obtained before any recommendation made, though it will probably be found that DAURENGIO is the most suitable and Lieut. Elliott's recommendation endorsed.


A/District Officer ^{Capt}

NS.

COPY - ADO DUMPU

Ref : 30

Su-District Office,
INGAU,
DUMBU.

25 April 44

District Officer,
North Markham District,
TAE

PATROL REPORT - LIEUT C B ELLIOTT, PATROL OFFICER, GOMUMU POST.

BAUWA AREA

Patrol Report in duplicate, covering a visit to the WAMUNTI, BUTEMU and BANKOKONG group areas, is enclosed, please. The officer's March report on Native Constabulary is also enclosed.

In the matter of village official, Lieut. ELLIOTT has been fully advised on the qualifications to be sought and standards to be aimed at, in the selection and guidance of natives recommended for appointment.

The settlement of the area immediately surrounding GOMUMU POST is being achieved with increasing rapidity. Lieut. ELLIOTT is entering into the task enthusiastically, and regular visits to the WAMUNTI area should have satisfactory results.

The map references are to GUSAP Sheet B55/6 - 1:63360.

(Signed) J. Preston White Capt
Assistant District Officer

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
FINSCHHAFEN
15 May 44

DS 29/8/A

DO
ANGAU
LAE.

Patrol Report Dumpu 1/41-44 - Lieut Elliott G.E.

1. Receipt of Patrol Report Dumpu 1/41-44 by Lieut Elliott covering Rawa Area is acknowledged.
2. It is evident that from the number of natives contacted that Lieut Elliott is adopting the right lines of procedure in his approach to these mountain groups, who are naturally doubtful of our intentions towards them. However, I am not clear as to the method in which the census is being made. I had no idea that groups of 300 and 400 strong were in existence in this mountain area. Where stated, have all the names been placed in one book, and concentrated in one point, or do they represent several groups to whom individual books are issued? For instance, in the para on "Native Situation" page 2, Lieut Elliott instances two censuses of 52 and 30 Bankekono, while he gives his figures as on 9 Apr as 513. Care should be taken to ensure that, while consolidation of hamlets into composite villages is desirable from every angle, such consolidation should not entail the removal of whole groups to points far removed from their own ground and local home associations onto more or less "foreign" soil, and in a foreign environment, merely to make patrolling easier. This latter form of consolidation has permanent basis and will assuredly, sooner or later, lead to disintegration and disruption of the native life generally. Advice is required on this point later in due course.

 Lieut
for Major
H.R. HALL
ADDS HQ NORTHERN REGION

(30)

DS 42/5/1

DS30/5/3

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
FINSCHHAFFEN
13 May 44

HQ
ANGAU (DS)

Patrol Report Daura 1/43-44 - Lieut.
U.S. Elliott

1. Copy of above Patrol Report is forwarded herewith.
2. The whole report gives the pleasing impression that Lieut Elliott is proving himself to be a tactful officer in administrative matters. Successful handling of this mountain type of native will gradually ensure a good situation in the area; mishandling would in no time create an almost irretrievable situation such as existed on the opposite fall of the Finisterre Range in the Rai Coast area prior to 1937, when Capt Greathhead skilfully remedied it. Up to date, we have been fortunate in that the officers operating in the Daura area have been well suited for the job.
3. As staff is required for other areas being recaptured, it will not be possible to maintain a Patrol Officer solely in the DAURA area, but in order not to lose our good contacts the Patrol Officer at GUSAP will handle this area, as with the cessation of operations from the GUSAP airstrips, he will be able to devote more time to native administration.

[Signature] Lieut
for Lt-Col
K.O. Mallon
Comd HQ NORTHERN REGION

Encl.

Sub-District Office,
ANGAU.
DUMPU.
16-11-44.

DS 20/5/44

HQ NORTHERN REGION,
ANGAU.
LAE.

PATROL REPORT DUMPU 1/45-44 LIEUT. ELLIOTT C.E.

Ref your DS 29/5/1 of 13 May 44 concerning the above report.
There are no groups of 300 and 400 strong in existence in this area, this was brought about by grouping several villages for Census into one, however this will easily be amended when each village is issued with a Census Book instead of one Book between eight villages as it is at present.

C. Cavallieri
WOLL.
(C. CAVALIERI)
OIC ANGAU DUMPU.

*See copy to/to
Murray with copy
of DS 24/5/44 of 18/5/44
J.M.P. 5/12*

RECEIVED
Date NOV 1944

DS

REPORT NUMBER...74.....BAGASIN AREA, MADANG DISTRICT.

Report of Patrol by PX 149 Lieut. J/I. Rae

TO: Bagasin Area, Madang District.

OBJECT of PATROL: (a) To recruit natives for Army labour.
(b) To record present village populations.
(c) To instruct the natives to resume their normal village life.
(d) To see what supplies of food are in the Area.
(e) To report on native health in general.
(f) To inquire into the activities of Japanese troops in the Area; and to glean information about Allied personnel who might have been captured locally by the Japanese.

PERSONNEL: Lieut. J.I. Rae and five native police.

DURATION of PATROL: From 23rd. May till 25th. June, 1944.

DIARY: Note: Carrying times do not include spells.

23rd. May: From the District Office, "Wagel" Plantation, Madang..35 min..Gum River..30 min..IELSU No.2..20 min..IELSU No.1..30 min..FAIA..35 min..METO..45 min..AMELE VILLAGE.

24: At AMELE, arranging for carriers.

25: AMELE VILLAGE..80..Gogel River..90..BARUM..15..MAIRA

26: ~~AMELE VILLAGE~~ MAIRA..20..OUBA No.1..20..OUBA No.2..15..OUBA No.3..15..MAURONG No.1..25..MAURONG No.2..35..GOMOR No.3..5..GOMOR No.1..35..GOMOR No.2..105..GASUA.

27: GASUA..15..NEGIRI..30..KUMUTS..10..OMAU..20..AUPIO..30..BAGASIN.

28: At BAGASIN.

29: BAGASIN..40..BORKWA and returned to BAGASIN.

30: BAGASIN..90..NEGIRI..60..AIQUTU and returned to BAGASIN

31: BAGASIN..60..BAMBOS and returned to BAGASIN.

1st. June: BAGASIN..65..Iapex River..35..PAISOP..65..KULAU..5..GASUAL.

2: At GASUAL, assembling the natives of KULAU and GASUAL.

3: Lined GASUAL.

4: At GASUAL. Lined KULAU.

5: GASUAL..60..OBORU..and returned to GASUAL.

6: GASUAL..30..KAUNOKO..75..ARAMORI..~~KEKKA~~..20..KEPSAU.

7: KEPSAU..50..DUNGBA..60..IGOI and returned to KEPSAU.

8: KEPSAU..25..ARAMORI..55..PEIDI.

9: PEIDI..60..OBSAU and returned to PEIDI.

10: PEIDI..30..DENI (MERIOI also lined here)..~~EIUNIMI~~ 30..EIUNIMI.

11: At EIUNIMI. Ill.

12: EIUNIMI..30..SANAWAI..50..ULILAI.

13: ULILAI..25..ORLSOP..30..PAISOP..30..BAUKAS and returned to ORLSOP.

- 14: ORLSOP..40..ULILAI and returned to ORLSOP/ Lined SEI, ENSARU, IBINORO at ULILAI.
- 15: ORLSOP..100..BAGASIN.
- 16: BAGASIN to GASUAL to investigate three reported dysentery suspects. No symptoms of dysentery detected.
- 17: GASUAL..120..IAGI and returned to GASUAL.
- 18: At GASUAL. Rest day.
- 19: GASUAL..60..PAISOP..30..Iapon River..60..BAGASIN.
- 20: BAGASIN..60..KUMUTS..20..KERASUA..25..ANMINIK..25..AMASUA..30..POINI..15..NUGJ. INAMTAP lined at ANMINIK; BIRIBIRI lined at NUGU.
- 21: NUGU..180..GASUA. Contacted W/O T.W.J. Lega, Patrol Officer and two FELO N/C/O's, attached to his patrol.
- 22: At GASUA, handing over to W/O Lega.
- 23: GASUA..145..GOMOR..110..MAIRA.
- 24: MAIRA..210..AMELE VILLAGE. ATU, BURR, BARUM and OUBA lined at MAIRA.
- 25: AMELE VILLAGE...180...District Office, "Wagel" Plantation, Madang

POPULATIONS and RECRUITS

Figures covering populations and recruits have been tabulated, and the table is attached hereto.

It will be noticed that about half the village books in the Area visited are missing. The excuses given for their absence are often rather unconvincing. In villages where books are missing everything possible was done to effect a full lineup, but it is hard to say just how many natives may have absented themselves.

REHABILITATION

In all villages visited by the patrol the following points were made:

- (a) There is nothing further to fear from the Japanese soldiers or from Allied bombing and strafing.
- (b) The time has come to leave their hideouts in the bush, to start rebuilding villages and planting new gardens. It is safe to begin burning off.
- (c) Latrines and rubbish holes are to be made immediately.
- (d) No work is to be done for the time being on roads or Government rest houses.

It is not anticipated that the natives in this Area will be long in resuming a normal village life. They seem keen to get back on to their ridges again and to begin rebuilding. There is a lot of work to be done and it is suggested that no more men can be ~~more~~ recruited from this Area without causing hardship to those remaining.

There is no acute shortage of food in the Area. All villages have a moderate supply of taro, the staple food, and of sugar and bananas. No one complains of being hungry at present, but a measure of relief may be necessary before new crops mature.

The general shortage of tools, especially knives, will retard the work of rebuilding and clearing.

HEALTH

Among the four thousand natives seen by the patrol the following ailments were noted. These figures indicate the minimum of cases in the Area. Thorough medical examination would, of course, discover more.

Ulcers : 74 cases

HEALTH (Continued)

Probable Crab Yaws : 23 cases
Possible Yaws : 32 " (Sores head and body)
K... : 9 "
Fever : 15 "
Boils : 12 "
Sore Eyes : 2 "

Of the above cases about thirty probably need a course of hospital treatment.

ADDITIONAL MATTERS

Memoranda are attached hereto covering:

- (a) R.P.C. constables attached to the patrol
- (b) Reported Allied prisoners in Japanese hands
- (c) Graves of Allied personnel
- (d) Japanese activities in the Area.
- (e) List of village officials.

G. Rae Lint

Patrol Officer
A.N.G.A.U.

MADANG DISTRICT

LAST CENSUS APRIL - MAY 1941.
BY G.C. O'DONNELL.

NAME	WOMEN	CHILDREN	NEW ABSENT INDEMNIFIED	TOTAL POPULATION	REMARKS.
	-	-	-	-	No Data's taken
	36	49	14	125	
	29	33	8	98	
	50	71	19	198	
	21	29	3	67	
	55	78	21	205	
	30	32	21	103	
	-	-	-	-	Vill. Book missing
	66	59	11	199	
	57	83	11	197	
	67	80	8	222	
	-	-	-	-	Vill. Bk. missing
	-	-	-	-	Vill. Book Missing
	-	-	-	-	" " " "
	-	-	-	-	" " " "
	-	-	-	-	" " " "

BACASIN AREA

POPULATIONS AND RECRUITS

MAP REF. BAGASIN B.55/5-6 3600 N.E. New Guinea	NAME OF VILLAGE	DATE VISITED.	TOTAL MEN LEFT IN VILLAGE.	PRE-WAR INDEMNIFIED	NEW ABSENT UNDER PRE-WAR INDEMNIFIED	LABOUR RECRUITS	WOMEN	CHILDREN	TOTAL POPULATION	PERCENTAGE OF MEN LEFT WITH WORK ROUTINE VIL. WORK	PERCENTAGE OF MEN ABSENT FROM VILLAGE
48.0 - 09.5	GOMOR	26 May 44	42	-	11	43	41	137	21	-	21
42.7 - 06.0	GASUA	27 May 44	26	4	10	39	49	128	35	-	35
39.7 - 08.0	MUPIO	27 " 44	23	-	9	18	25	75	26	-	26
39.1 - 09.6	BAGASIN	28 May 44	47	-	17	54	72	190	27	-	27
40.4 - 10.9	BOKWA	29 " "	12	-	6	23	33	74	33	-	33
42.5 - 05.5	NEGIRI	30 " "	55	-	17	58	71	201	24	-	24
43.2 - 08.2	AIGUTU	30 " "	28	-	8	35	50	101	22	-	22
36.6 - 14.3	BAMESOS	31 " "	30	-	9	30	53	102	23	-	23
33.7 - 08.8	PAISOP	1 June 44	49	4	4	46	57	160	14	-	14
33.0 - 16.4	OBORU	5 " "	35	4	15	56	75	185	35	-	35
31.6 - 07.0	ARAWORI	6 " "	47	5	8	65	78	203	22	-	22
30.3 - 05.6	KEPSAU	6 " "	42	3	12	57	87	201	26	-	26
29.3 - 04.0	DUNUBA	7 " "	52	6	11	67	95	225	25	-	25
27.5 - 02.3	IGOI	7 " "	31	2	6	32	32	103	21	-	21
31.3 - 02.0	PELDI	8 " "	29	3	4	34	47	117	19	-	19
29.8 - 00.1	OBSAN	9 " "	40	1	5	46	59	151	13	-	13

POPULATIONS AND RECRUITS.

BAGASIN AREA

MADANG DISTRICT

NAME OF VILLAGE	MAP REF. BAGASIN B. 55/5-6 3600 1 inch N.E. New Guinea	DATE VISITED	TOTAL MEN LEFT IN VILLAGE.	MEN ABSENT UNDER PRE-WAR INDEMNITY	MEN ABSENT ARMY LABOUR RECRUITS.	WOMEN CHILDREN	TOTAL POPULATION	MEN LEFT FOR ROUTINE MIL. WORK	PERCENTAGE OF MEN ABSENT FROM VILLAGE	LAST CENSUS APRIL - MAY 1941. BY G.C. O'DONNELL					REMARKS		
										WOMEN	CHILDREN	MEN ABSENT INDEMNITY	TOTAL POPULATION	MEN		WOMEN	CHILDREN
MERIOI	35.7 - 01.8	10 June 44	22	13	1	20 39	85	16	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Village Book Missing
ETUNIMI	34.3 - 03.7	10 "	24	6	8	39 33	110	19	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	"
SANAWAI	34.7 - 05.3	12 "	28	1	9	42 61	141	17	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	"
ORLSCP	34.4 - 08.4	13 "	25	3	8	34 43	117	21	28	-	-	-	12	34	38	40	129
ULILAI	34.6 - 07.3	14 "	17	2	7	28 32	86	11	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Village Br. Missing
SEI	35.5 - 07.1	14 "	25	4	8	30 26	93	18	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	"
ENSARU	36.4 - 08.3	14 "	20	3	7	21 23	74	12	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	"
IRINORO	35.8 - 06.8	14 "	20	3	1	27 31	82	17	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	"
IAGI	39.5 - 12.3	17 "	23	4	6	22 37	92	20	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	"
AMMINK	40.2 - 02.2	20 "	37	6	4	52 56	155	27	21	-	-	-	14	34	52	60	160
INANTAP	39.0 - 01.8	20 "	24	3	2	27 32	88	17	17	-	-	-	11	32	39	57	139
AMASUA	40.4 - 01.5	20 "	27	3	9	47 52	138	19	31	-	-	-	11	32	51	58	152
POINI	40.5 - 01.1	20 "	55	5	6	34 84	204	40	17	-	-	-	16	41	51	59	197

MADANG DISTRICT

BAGASIN AREA

POPULATIONS AND RECRUITS

NAME OF VILLAGE	MAP REF. BAGASIN B.55/5-6 3600 1 inch N.E. NEW GUINEA	DATE VISITED	POPULATIONS AND RECRUITS										MADANG DISTRICT				REMARKS		
			TOTAL MEN LEFT IN VILLAGE	PRE-WAR INDEMNITIES	MEN ABSENT UNDER LABOUR RECRUITS	WOMEN	CHILDREN	TOTAL POPULATION	MEN LEFT FOR ROUTINE VILL WORK	PERCENTAGE OF MEN ABSENT FROM VILLAGE	MEN	WOMEN	CHILDREN	MEN ABSENT UNDER INDEMNITIES	TOTAL POPULATION				
BYRIBIRI	42.4 - 01.1	21 June 44	16	5	3	17	24	133	14	27			18	21	29	5	73		
OUBA No.1.	54.0 - 11.7	"	19	2	24	39	54	138	14	58			-	-	-	-	-	Village Bk. Missed	
OUBA No.2.	47.4 - 11.8	"	20	4	5	20	23	72	14	31			-	-	-	-	-	"	
BARUM	57.2 - 11.1	"	19	7	11	31	35	103	14	49			28	32	32	11	103	"	
MAIRA	54.7 - 11.4	"	19	3	7	27	39	95	14	34			22	25	33	6	86	"	
BLAR	55.8 - 10.4	"	18	0	10	34	47	89	14	36			23	35	30	5	93	"	
AFU	53.0 - 11.0	"	19	3	6	14	20	52	6	50			-	-	-	-	-	Vill Bk missing	
DENI	34.2 - 02.5	"	15	2	5	26	31	87	10	25			-	-	-	-	-	"	
BAUKAS	32.7 - 11.2	"	15	4	2	22	26	69	9	29			21	27	35	6	89	"	
			108	116	244	1376	1410	4430											

LAST CENSUS APRIL - MAY 1941.
BY GC O'DONNELL.

ROYAL PAPUAN CONSTABULARY

The following native constables assisted Lieut. J.I. Rae, P.O., on a patrol of BAGASIN AREA, MADANG DISTRICT, during May-June, 1944.

No. 3479	Constable	SIRI of BEMA, MOROBE
No. 3812	"	SAMAU of MARAFU, YAROS, SOUTH MARKHAM
	XXX	UMA of BADINIKAM, AITAPE No.2
	"	KIKU of TALASEA, NEW BRITAIN
	"	IAK of DEVUL, IELSO, MADANG

All did satisfactory work. IAK, a constable of long experience, was particularly useful.

J. Rae
.....Lieut. P.O.
ANGAU MADANG 1-7-44.

*See attached to RR
see 10/5*

The District Office,
ANGAU,
MADANG.
1st July, 1944.

MEMORANDUM To: The District Officer,
ANGAU,
MADANG.

ALLIED PRISONERS IN ENEMY HANDS

PRISONER "A"

About February, 1944, the village officials of BAGASIN, MADANG DISTRICT, saw an Allied soldier or airman, a prisoner of the Japanese at BAGASIN. They said he was shortly afterwards taken to MADANG.

PRISONER "B"

About February, 1944, the village officials of BAGASIN, MADANG DISTRICT, heard from natives carrying for the Japanese that a second captured Allied soldier or airman had slept at BAGASIN. They were told he had been captured near BAUKAS, a village near BAGASIN. He was later taken to MADANG with Prisoner "A".

X

About the end of February, 1944, the Lulusi and Medical Tultul of BAMESOS, near BAGASIN, saw two European prisoners of the Japanese at BAGASIN. They heard that one of them had been captured near KULAU and one close to PAISOP, between BAGASIN and KULAU.

According to the village officials of IGOI, native DURUMALO of BAKANIKK, near MUSAK, BAGASIN AREA, handed over to the Japanese at KULAU a European soldier or airman captured by him near MUSAK about February, 1944. The Lulusi of IGOI saw the prisoner at KULAU. He was young, tall, thin, dark and told the natives he was an Australian. The Japanese treated him well.

JARAGAUP, the Tultul of BAUKAS, near BAGASIN, states that the Lulusi of BAUKAS (native JOGAMUP) and MEGEIP of BAUKAS found a European soldier or airman on the Iapon River near BAUKAS about December, 1943. JOGAMUP sent IVAROM of BAUKAS to the Japanese at BAGASIN to tell them of the European's presence. The Japanese then came and took the European, a prisoner, to BAGASIN.

During May, 1944, W/O C/Cavalleri, Patrol Officer, ANGAU, more fully investigated the above matters, taking several natives concerned to DUMPU for farther investigation.

The above information was gathered by Lieut. J.I. Rae, Patrol Officer, ANGAU, during a patrol in BAGASIN AREA in May-June, 1944.

J. I. Rae
.....Lieut.
ANGAU

The District Office,
ANGAU,
MADANG.
1st July, 1944.

MEMORANDUM TO:

The District Officer,
ANGAU,
MADANG.

GRAVES of ALLIED PERSONNEL

To SR
CMMF
DMM
th

(a) DUBUSAR, Luluai of MAIRA, saw a dead Allied airman at OUBA No.2, near AMELE, MADANG DISTRICT, about December, 1943. He had parachuted to earth near OUBA No.2 during an aerial dogfight, and two Japanese soldiers and some natives of MAIRA, finding him dead from gunshot wounds, carried him to OUBA No.2 and buried him there. He was young, tall, dark, slightly built and had a moustache. The grave was seen by the undersigned on 26th May, 1944.

(b) On 17th June, 1944, Lieut. J.I.Rae, Patrol Officer, ANGAU, saw portions of two skeletons on the KULAU RIDGE, a few yards away from the old village of KULAU, MADANG DISTRICT. Pigs had apparently taken off a large proportion of the remains, but, from pieces of clothing and buttons found it is thought that the remains may be those of Australian soldiers.

The remains have been buried near the old village of KULAU.

J. Rae Lieut
ANGAU

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES

MEMORANDUM To: The District Officer,
ANGAU,
MADANG.

JAPANESE ACTIVITIES : BAGASIN AREA

From information gleaned from the natives of BAGASIN Area during May-June, 1944, the Japanese left BAGASIN-KULAU Area for MADANG about March, 1944, after a continuous occupation of about fifteen months.

They were based on BAGASIN and KULAU, whence they sent out frequent patrols of from ten to twenty men over the whole of BAGASIN Area.

Except at KULAU, where they made dugouts, there are now no traces of their occupation in any of the villages.

They apparently treated the natives fairly well, used them as carriers and bought food from them with invasion money and cigarettes.

At least one native, GABIOM of MAIRA, is said by the village officials of MAIRA to have been enlisted by the Japanese as a police boy or soldier, and to have worked for them at AMARON. This native is at present working in MADANG.

J. Rae Lieut. AMGAU
.....
MADANG 1-7-44

VILLAGE OFFICIALS

BAGASIN AREA

MADANG DISTRICT

June, 1944

VILLAGE	DATE of VISIT	LULUAI NAME	TULTUL AGE	MED/PT AGE	REMARKS
DENI	10th June, '44	SAMARIPA 30	SUKERA 35	MARAGURI 30	Seem Satisfact- ery
MERIOI	" "	" SIBUKAI 30	DAKIAI 35	MUHAMARA 30	"
EIUNIMI	" "	" EBUKAIPA 40	SOPUAIPA 35	PORGWAIPA 35	"
SANAWAI	12th "	" KATAWAIPA 30	SAMSIP 30	WAWAGIRIBA 40	"
ORLSOP	13th "	" AGIRIPA 35	MANEIP 30	-----	"
ENSARU	14th "	" DANIOMA 35	----- 30	IRIKIPA 30	"
IBINORO	" "	" AREIPA 35	UMAKIPA 35	-----	"
ULILAI	" "	" SU-URUP 40	DIGOIP 35	-----	"
SEI	" "	" SARARAUMA 45	BESNA 30	NOKOPA 35	"
BAUKAS	13th "	" JOGAMUP	JARAGAUP 45	-----	"
IAGI	17th "	" -----	Name? 35	Name? 30	"
BAGASIN	28th May	" OMNA 30	MARAI 40	SAREIP 30	"
BORKWA	29th "	" -----	BORKANEIP 40	-----	"
AUPIO	27th "	" -----	APAIP 35	-----	"
ANMINIK	20th June	" EBEDIUMA 40	AIEIPA 35	PUMUPA 30	"
INANTAP	" "	" TISOINAK 40	MOMAUPA 35	-----	"
AMA SUA	" "	" ARAIP 35	KURAMEA 30	-----	"
POINI	" "	" AURO 35	JORIKOMA 40	KEPA 30	"
BIRIBIRI	21st "	" -----	USUAN 40	-----	"
BURR	23rd "	" ULA	-----	SULI 35	"
ATU	" "	" -----	KOGUT 40	DURA 30	"
MAIRA	" "	" DUBUSAR 40	KORNIZ 35	DUABUR 30	"
OUBA	" "	" MABURI 50	WOGAI 35	BIGAM 35	"
		(PARAMCUNT)			
BARUM	" "	" YEPELA 40	OGIL 35	SIGIDU 35	"

*J. Rae Esq. P.O.
ANGAU.*

DS 30/1/10

RECEIVED
Date 8 JUL 1944

DS 30/1/10

DS 30/-

DISTRICT HQ,
ANGAU, MADANG.
2 July 44.

HQ NORTHERN REGION,
ANGAU, LAE.

PATROL REPORT - M. 2. of 1944/45 - BAGASIN Area.

1. Herewith Patrol Report No. M.2. of 44/45. by Lieut. Rae, J.I., to BAGASIN Area.
2. The statistical information will be of value in consolidating figures. WO.II. Lega, T.W.J. is at present completing the patrol of the BAGASIN Area, and a medical patrol will be sent at first opportunity.
3. At present, I am not in a position to state what action was taken at DUMPU re "Allied prisoners in enemy hands", as WO. Cavalieri's patrol was performed prior to DUMPU coming under control of this District. All matters of this nature around Madang, are subject to investigation as opportunity permits.
4. Where Recruiting figures are above 33% of total adult male population, these will be adjusted at the first opportunity.

H.E. Hamilton Capt.
(H.E. Hamilton)
4/District Officer.

R/S on receipt of Cavalieri's report

7/7

DS

DS 30/1/10
HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAE
11 Jul 44

DO
ANGAU
MARANG

Patrol Report M 2 of 44/45 - BAGASIN Area -
by Lieut J. I. Rae

Receipt is acknowledged of two copies of the above Report, forwarded under cover of your DS 30 of 2 Jul 44.

2. Statistics compiled during the patrol reveal that the percentage of males absent is unduly high in the case of OUBA No 1, BARUM and ATU Villages. Operational requirements of course, have been responsible for the high recruitment rate, but at present only arrange for a survey of areas to be made. In this connection, see memo DS 15-1 of even date in reply to your DS 15/4 of 28 Jun 44.
3. It is observed that Village Socks are urgently required. Of a small supply received some time ago, only 150 were made available to your predecessor, as other Districts had prior claims. The matter of further supplies has been taken up with HQ.
4. Lieut Rae is a stickler for detail, and statistics appended to his report were very informative.


Capt
FOR ADDS HQ NORTHERN REGION

DO 30/1/10

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAE
11 Jul 44

HQ
ANGAU

Patrol Report M 2 of 1944/45 - KADANG Area
by Lieut J. I. Rao

Copies of abovementioned Patrol Report and DO's covering comments are forwarded herewith.

2. Statistics compiled during the patrol reveal that the percentage of males present is unduly high in the case of OUDA No. 1, BAKEM and ATU villages. A survey of all areas formerly under enemy control is being made with the ultimate view of allowing the return of sufficient males now under indenture, to assist in the resumption of normal village life after an occupation of fifteen months by the Japanese.

3. Village Books are urgently required. Of a supply received some time ago, it was only possible to forward 150 to Kadang as requirements of other areas were more pressing.

4. An extract of the relevant portion of the memo concerning grave of Allied airman located at OUDA No 2 has been forwarded to 5th USAAF.

5. Lieut Rao was relieved in order to proceed on leave.

J. I. Rao Capt
for H. F. Alcock Capt
Admin/Comm HQ NORTHERN REGION

Encl.

DS 30/1/10

DS 30/17/2
HQ
ANCAU
28 Jul 44.

HQ
NORTHERN REGION.

R - M2 of 44/45 - Bagasin Area.

Further to this HQ memo DS 30/17/2 of 22 Jul 44.

2. J. Rae in the abovementioned Report referred to an investigation, in May 1944, carried out by WO. C. Cavalieri regarding Allied prisoners in Enemy hands. This report has not been received and it is requested that action be taken to ensure its early despatch.

[Handwritten Signature]
Lt Col.
for DDES & NA.

RECEIVED

Date 31 JUL 1944

DS

S/Sgt H

hook through WOII Cavalieri's
last Sabre Report
Report m/s by Cavalieri
forwarded to HQ ANCAU 24/7

09 4008

DS 30/1/2

PATROL REPORT

MADANG

No M 2 OF 43/44

BY

WOLL S. L. A. BENTON

DS 30/1/2

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAE
30 Jun 44

DO
ANGAU
MADANG

Patrol Report N 3 - 43/44 - WO1 Ashton, S.L.I.

Receipt of the abovementioned Patrol Report is acknowledged.

2. It is noted under the heading "Native Sustenance" that sufficient rations are on hand for two months. A progress report on the native gardens and general food situation in the area is to be submitted from time to time. Are supplies of fresh seed available for distribution? *see file 3/3 for reference*

3. When natives are shifting back to their old villages, the importance of sanitation must be impressed on them. Suitable type latrines should be constructed and medical supplies issued to Medical Auxiliaries.

4. Suggestions and recommendations contained in the Report in regard to RPO personnel accompanying the patrol have been forwarded to CO, RPO.

[Signature]
Capt
FOR ADJG HQ NORTHERN REGION

HQ
ANGAU

Forwarded.

WO1 Ashton is a capable Patrol Officer, and the manner in which his report was submitted leaves little to be desired.

[Signature]
Lt-Col
K.C. McMullen
COMD. HQ NORTHERN REGION

RECEIVED

Date 27 JUN 1944

DISTRICT HQ.,

ANGAU,

MADANG. 23 June 44.

HQ NORTHERN REGION,
ANGAU, LAE.

DS 30/1/2

PATROL REPORT - M/2/43/44 - WO.II. ASHTON, S.L.

1. A good report, in accordance with the general high standard of work performed by this Officer.
2. NATIVE AFFAIRS - NATIVE SUSTENANCE.
On investigation following this posting to BOGIDJIM, WO.II. J.C. DOONAR found it necessary to extend sustenance to additional villages.
3. Copy of this report is being brought to the notice of all new Staff of this District so that the method of submission of Report will be standardised.

Copies to:- NOREG 2.
File 1.

H.E. Hamilton, Capt.
(H.E. Hamilton).
A/DISTRICT OFFICER.

Sub-District Office,
ANGAU.
DUMPU.
31 May 44.

JUN 1944
20/2
District Officer,
Huon District,
LAE.

PATROL REPORT - WO II SL ASHTON Patrol Officer.

AIYAU to BOGADJIM - BOGADJIM Trail, and BOGADJIM Area.

Patrol Report, and report on members of the Royal Papuan Constabulary, are enclosed, please.

The weight of emphasis on the objects of this patrol, altered with the military situation, as the patrol progressed.

The patrol officer was attached to the 57/60 Bn, 15 Aust Inf Brigade for liaison and District Services duties, during the final move towards BOGADJIM.

At the outset, his most important duties were those of making initial contacts and obtaining native intelligence and guides.

Recruiting followed as opportunities presented themselves. The need for carriers on the extended Ls of C across the FINISTERREN Range was great, and the supply position in the mountains was difficult at times.

At BOGADJIM, recruits then available were forwarded to MADANG District Headquarters upon request.

The movement of the 57/60 Bn to the vicinity of BOGADJIM, enabled WO ASHTON to pay attention to the position of native groups on the lower coastal slopes of the FINISTERRES, and the coastal flats of that area. He was able to estimate the sustenance needs of the groups seriously affected, by enemy occupation and military operations.

In order to ensure that native rations to meet these sustenance needs would be available to the patrol officer when he reached the beach-head, the writer visited SAIDOR and there arranged with the "Q" Section, 5 Aus. Div Rear Party, to permit WO ASHTON to draw requirements from the native rations which were to be established at the beach-head for the labour lines moving to the coast down the BOGADJIM Trail.

It was also arranged that any surplus of native rations remaining at the beach-head when the labour lines moved on, would be left there, to ensure that evacuee rationing would be maintained during the period which would elapse before a regular supply system could be instituted.

BOGADJIM and its vicinity, was the limit of the area allotted to WO ASHTON. The 15 Aust Inf Brigade was embarked from that point. Gardening at the main village sites was commenced in May, and some months will elapse before these new gardens become available as food sources.

Capt WARNER-SHARD advised the writer, of the formation and boundaries of the MADANG District, and supplied the DC MADANG with a resume of the position then existing within the BOGADJIM area, and of the points reached, from this end, in various aspects of administration.

The Native Intelligence Reports referred to in the patrol report, were made available to the Divisional and Brigade "I" Officers, as received, and were also forwarded to District Headquarters.

The constables of the Royal Papuan Constabulary who accompanied the patrol conducted themselves well.

It is recommended that KULASI and UKURU be considered for promotion to the ranks of Corporal and Lance Corporal respectively.

The suggestion that members of the Constabulary who have spent lengthy periods in forward areas should be given an opportunity to visit their homes is supported by the writer. Well-earned leave of this nature, granted as operational situations permitted, would also benefit Force morale.

J. Preston White

.....Capt.
(J PRESTON WHITE)
Assistant District Officer.

NOTED
file
1/10/51

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES

002-4344

Sub-District Office,
ANGAU.
DUMPU.
25 May 44.

District Officer,
Huon District,
LAE.

PATROL REPORT
YAULA ROAD - GOGUL/KABENAU RIVERS AREA.

Area Patrolled. YAULA Road, GOGUL, MINDJIM and KABENAU Rivers.

Object of Patrol. Liaison with 57/60 Bn. Recruiting, Native Sustenance and Rehabilitation of natives.

Personnel. WO II SL ASHTON and 7 Royal Papuan Constables with 7 carriers.

Duration. 11-4-44 to 23-5-44 (42 days).

Map References. DUMPU Sheet 1/63360, KUMBARUM Sheet 1/25000, Paipa Sheet 1/25000, AKUBA Sheet 1/25000, AMUSON Sheet 1/25000, YAULA Sheet 1/25000, MINDJIM Sheet 1/25000, BOGALJIM Sheet 1/63360, BAGASIN Sheet 1/63360.

Date of last Patrols WO II G CAVALIERI April 44.
WO II SL ASHTON March 44.
Pre-war.

Diary.

- 11-4-44. Moved off in jeep and camped MAIN STREAM Native Labour Compound. En route, called in and saw Staff Captain And I Officer of 15 Bde and finalised matters in connection with Patrol. At GUY'S POST arranged with DID for a weekly supply of rations to be sent forward through L of C.
- 12-4-44. Slept at Native Labour Compound, SAIPA No. 1.
- 13-4-44. Followed Jap MT road and made camp on KOFEBI River bank (ref YAULA Sheet 1/25000, 547834).
- 14-4-44. Broke camp and slept at AIYAU. Found WO II CAVALIERI here and discussed his past activities in this area. He had done considerable work in the time allotted him. Passing through 57/60 Bn HQ I reported in and obtained permission to operate in and around this area.
- 15-4-44. For the time being, decided on AIYAU as my forward base. WO II CAVALIERI covered from here back and I intend to concentrate from here forward. Under the existing L of C, rationing of my party will be quite a problem. Called in Paramount Luluai GWAIBA of KWADO, and instructed him to send out for all eligible natives in his district and report in for work. Luluai MARABA and TT BOJOGA of BWAI, Luluai BAJANI and TT SEPA & BELAIYA plus the MTT of same place reported in. Detailed this group to spread the information to the west of the GOGUL River that I wanted all village officials to come in and see me - a tall order but possible. Sent TT KANANI of AIYAU out to contact ALIBU, GELIM, WENGI, MALE, KALIKO and BOIMBI village officials and instruct them to report in.
- 16-4-44. WO II CAVALIERI departed for DUMPU taking with him recruits from this area.
- 17-4-44. Four Constables out looking over AIYAU, KWATO and YAULA hide-outs. Necessity forced me to send back to GUY'S POST (1 constable and 7 carrier.) for more rations.

- 17-4-44 Contd. Five BAUAK natives in. Sent them back for others.
18-4-44. Luluai KAMA of WENGI and MTT KATSIWA of ALIBU reported in. (SEE N I). Instructed them to bring in recruits for work. Recruited 20 natives from BAUAK village. Luluai YAYA and TT GAIYON of BUGATI Luluai URA of ERIMA, TT MASILA of SINAGE(SINAJI) and TT KABA of UIA arrived in after lunch. Directed them to bring in on the 21st all eligible recruits for work. (SEE N I).
- 19-4-44. Luluai SAI-IT, TT KONDUM of No. 1 BUGATI and TT KAVA of JAM JAM reported in. Instructed them to return and bring in recruits for work.
- 20-4-44. Paramount Luluai of KWATO in for further instructions.
- 21-4-44. Two constables out looking for wrecked bomber that had crashed near SINAJI. They were under the control of an Army patrol and returned successful. Officials from BUGATI, ADJUAI, BELAIYA, BWAI, SINAJI, JAM JAM, BAUAK, ERIMA and UIA arrived in with recruits.
- 22-4-44. All village officials concerned were told yesterday, that I was to be met at their villages when on patrol, starting from to-morrow.
- 23-4-44. Moved off with recon patrol from A Coy 57/60 Bn, and camped on east bank of NURU River (Ref BOGADJIM Sheet B 55/6 614059). As previously instructed, all village officials met me except ATO.
- 24-4-44. Proceeded on and camped on river bank of GOGUL(Ref BOGADJIM Sheet B 55/6 588151). As arranged by patrol, a Boston plane dropped us a rubber boat for the crossing of the GOGOL. It was accurately dropped and landed with a few punctures only, which were easily repaired from the spares outfit in the boat. The GOGOL River was carrying a "fresh" and was 75 yds in width and possibly 10 feet or more deep. TT of GONOA was our guide to the river, he was paid off and sent back ~~in~~ with instructions to report to me at AIYAU, with recruits.
- 25-4-44. Marched on to BILLI BILLI village on the coast and made camp just on dusk. We passed through the following unoccupied villages AMELE, AIUP, ANGRU, SANUP, HUDINJ.
- 26-4-44. Moved one mile up beach and made camp alongside PIB to await barge for BOGADJIM.
- 27-4-44. Awaiting barge.
- 28-4-44. Sailed in barge for BOGADJIM, then walked on to AIYAU, arriving at 1700 hrs.
- 29-4-44. In accordance with telephone instructions, Constable MOK sent by road to DUMPU. Officials of KWATO, BELAIYA, and AIYAU in to see me.
- 30-4-44. ALIBU, WENGI, REO REO failed to bring in recruits, therefore, I sent out four constables to recruit them.
- 1-5-44. TT BOJOGA of BWAI reported in.
- 2-5-44. Have received, of my weekly standing order of rations from GUY'S POST, only three bags of rice and 1 load Pres Meat. Fortunately I have NLC near me. Officials from WENGI, REO REO, MALI, ALIBU, DUMBU, GELIM, UIA reported in with 37 recruits. Four constables arrived back with them.
- 3-5-44. BUGATI natives in for line up and count for rationing.
- 4-5-44. Progress report and 41 recruits sent on to DUMPU. Luluai of BURAM in with 4 recruits and handed in identification discs of missing soldier V 25155 Pte HIGGINS J. (SEE N A). Detailed 3 constables to GONOA and ATO and seek recruits. Awaiting Capt. HEDLEY I Officer 15 Bde, as per Signal JPW 19.
- 5-5-44. Awaiting Capt. HEDLEY.
- 6-5-44. As yesterday.

- 7-5-44. Met Capt. HEDLEY, and then moved on to MINDJIM River mouth where WOs BURNETT and LEGA were staging. These Patrol Officers handed over 38 recruits.
- 8-5-44. Making mouth of MINDJIM my base. 13 recruits in from BWANG and BURAM.
- 9-5-44. Officials from No. 2 BUGATI, ALIBU, WENGI, MALE reporting new gardens progress. Officials from BAURI, JEDULA, ATO, DERING, TADUBU, GONGA, KUYOMTOM in with 31 recruits. Arranged for sustenance rations for YAULA, AIYAU and No. 2 BUGATI from DID beach-head, BOGADJIN.
- 10-5-44. Officials of BAUAK, BONGU, No. 1 BUGATI and BWAI in reporting gardens' progress.
- 11-5-44. 85 recruits carrying cargo for Army from BAUAK. Received instructions from WO LEGA on behalf of DO MADANG, to hand over all recruits. Agreed to send them to MADANG by first available barge.
- 12-5-44. 85 recruits building and carrying for 15 Bde. TT MUMUNUNG of YANGALUM in with 5 recruits.
- 13-5-44. TT GULE of SAUKONUM in with 3 recruits. Officials from MALE, ALIBU, WENGI, DUMBU, REO REO, No. 1 BUGATI in reporting progress of new gardens.
- 14-5-44. Decided to ^{visit} MALE village on sustenance rations. Population: 16 adults and 17 children. Constable 3279 WOK sent by road to report to DO MADANG.
- 15-5-44. Awaiting barge to proceed to MADANG to report to DO concerning my work in his District.
- 16-5-44. Left by barge for MADANG and acquainted DO of work accomplished in GOGOI/KABENAU River area.
- 17-5-44. Returned by barge to BOGADJIM base. Officials of GELEM, ALIBU, WENGI, BONGU, BURAM, BAUAK, KWATO, AIYAU in reporting new gardens' progress, 3 RPC arrived from DUMPU. These were placed on my strength.
- 18-5-44. TT of UIA reported in and gave latest information on progress of new gardens. Handed over to Lt. LEAHY 89 recruits for delivery to DO MADANG. Handed over to Cpl DERMODY of Native Labour together with full instructions, the rationing of villages aforementioned. (SEE N A). Officials of SAUKONUM, YANGALUM, BONGU, KUYOMBOM, GONOA, TADUBU, DERING, BAURI, JEDULA, No. 2 BUGATI in and reported on progress of new gardens.
- 19-5-44. Moved back to AIYAU and was met by officials of AIYAU and KWATO.
- 20-5-44. Slept at SCOTT'S CREEK. En route, officials of YAULA and HABILUGU met me and reported new gardens well under way.
- 21-5-44. Slept at SAIPA. Although word was sent ahead officials of EAUMOINA and YOKOPI failed to meet me.
- 22-5-44. Slept at GUY'S POST. No officials met me at SAIPA or PAIPA.
- 23-5-44. Arrived at DUMPU. Met TT of PAIPA on road and told him to inform the TT of SAIPA to report to DUMPU.
- By doing this patrol, I have completed the walk across the mainland of NEW GUINEA. (BULLDOG to BOGADJIM.)

S. L. Ashton
.....WO II
(S L ASHTON)
Patrol Officer.

NATIVE AFFAIRS.

The patrol contacted and recruited 230 natives from the following villages:-

BAUAK	DERING	ALISU
JAM JAM	BAURI	DUMBU
EWAI	JEDULA	GELIM
SINAJI	ERIMA	BONGU
BELAIYA	No. 1 BUGATI	YANGAUM
ULA	No. 2 BUGATI	EWANG
LIU	WENGI	SUNGUM
ATO	REO REO	SAUKONUM
GONOA	MALE	KUYOMBOM
TADURA	BURAM	

NATIVE SUSTENANCE.

From the above group of villages, I found that No. 2 BUGATI and MALE were the only ones requiring sustenance. I therefore, arranged as soon as possible to have a weekly issue supplied from DID, BOGADJIM.

No. 2. BUGATI, with a population of 70, 53 adults and 17 children, were given the following weekly rations:-
300 lbs rice. { As from 5-5-44 }
48 tins, meat.

MALE with a population of 33, 16 adults and 17 children, received a weekly ration issue of:-

112 lbs rice. { As from 14-5-44 }
16 tins, meat.

Both places were given partial rations, only.

On the 8th May, I took over the rationing of AIYAU and YAULA which had hitherto been supplied from DUMPU. I gave them the following weekly rations:-

YAULA - population 65.
500 lbs rice. { As from 7-5-44 } (Full rations)
65 tins, meat

AIYAU - population 134.
300 lbs rice. { As from 7-5-44 } (Partial rations)
48 tins, meat.

It should be mentioned that, up to the time of our rationing of YAULA, the KWATO people were supplying the food to YAULA. Therefore, it should be borne in mind that these people will possibly have to be supplied with rations to make up the deficiency caused by the supplying of YAULA.

After Lt. LEAHY and his native labourers left BOGADJIM, I took over, with his consent, all the remaining rations which were of considerable quantity. They comprised rice, fats, wheatmeal, biscuits, fish, meat and sugar. From this source, at least, two months well balanced rations will be available for the above mentioned villages.

The DO MADANG arranged with Lt. LEAHY to leave behind at BOGADJIM one of his European staff to look after the stores and rationing of the people concerned, until he could replace him by one from the District Services. Cpl DERMODY who was selected, was well chosen as he is keen and conscientious.

REHABILITATION.

In all my instructions and conversation with the natives, I strongly stressed the fact that No. 1 priority was the making of new gardens., adjacent to their old villages. No. 2 priority was shifting back to their old villages after repairs and new buildings had been erected, but under no circumstances were they to alter the priority. I enforced these instructions for the reason that they would be too far from their food supply, thereby, wasting too much

time going to and from old gardens, thus neglecting the construction of new ones.

I am pleased to report that a few days prior to leaving, all native officials concerned informed me that their new gardens were at the burning off stage. I therefore, consider that the complete rehabilitation of the natives under discussion will be effected by the end of June.

S. L. Ashton
.....WO II
(S L ASHTON)
Patrol Officer.

ROYAL PAPUAN CONSTABULARY.

The following constables accompanied me on patrol:-

<u>No.</u>	<u>Rank.</u>	<u>Name.</u>
2749	Const.	URURU.
2529	"	AIWARA.
2557	"	GIRIS.
2601	"	KUMASI.
1983	"	KUMBURA.
2374	"	SO-ON.
2534	"	YAMANGOPA.

I reported on the first five of these constables in my previous report, and my remarks stand. However, I would like to add that I consider both URURU and KUMASI worthy of promotion. URURU likes, seeks and accepts willingly, responsibility. In addition he is also a peacetime constable. KUMASI I consider the stronger character, and most outstanding on patrol. He is listened to, both by police and natives, with respect and obedience. On a promotion basis, I would place URURU as a L/C and KUMASI as a Cpl.

Of the latter two SO-ON and YAMANGOPA, I am not in a position to report on owing to the short time they were with me on patrol.

I submit for consideration that those constables who have served the Force loyally in the past trying times, be given an opportunity to visit their homes.

I suggest that this could be done by the transference of those concerned, to a District adjacent to their homes.

S. L. Ashton
.....WO II
(S L ASHTON)
Patrol Officer.

Two cop is passed to
DC, RPC Lae

8/29/6

DS 30/1/3

PATROL REPORT

MADANG

No 23 OF 43/44

BY

LIEUT W. A. MacGREGOR

M. 3- 43/44

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES.

D.O., ANGAU,
MADANG.

Belmore
3/7/44

MONTHLY REPORT.

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. PATROL PERSONNEL. | 5. NATIVE AFFAIRS. |
| 2. INTRODUCTION. | 6. RECRUITING. |
| 3. DIARY. | 7. GENERAL. |
| 4. MEDICAL. | |

PATROL PERSONNEL: -

Lieut. W.A. MacGregor.
WO.I. J. Monk.
R.P.C. Corporal OUWI. - 2837
" " PIGA. - 3025
" " TIRA. - 3024.
" " SIPAN.

INTRODUCTION:

This Report is short owing to the limited period of the month covered. I was attached to and reached the 8th. Brigade HQ. at ALEXISHAFEN on the 22nd. and left their HQ. on the 23rd. and went to SARANG where the forward troops were stationed. On landing, I immediately got in contact with the SARANG natives and told them all to come in. Also sent for some of the inland villages. These matters are covered in my diary. Since landing, I have moved forward up the coast with the forward troops, and am now stationed with Batt. HQ. at ULIGAN.

3. DIARY:

22.5.44. Arrived at ALEXISHAFEN from MADANG and reported to Brig. Sleiper, 8th. Brigade. Capt. Boyan came along with me, and subject to recommendation, I decided to leave WO. Monk attached to the 8th. Brigade HQ., and go forward to SARANG with the forward troops, deferring WO. Monk's suggested patrol inland at SEK until Major Farlow could be consulted and concur. I instructed WO. Monk to look into P.I.B. affairs.

23.5.44. Left SEK at 8.30 and arrived at SARANG at noon. On landing I contacted some SARANG natives on the beach, but they appeared sullen. I sent for the Tultuls and Luluais, and when he came in and recognised me their attitude changed immediately. As I had noticed the same thing down at SEK yesterday, I can only put it down that they must have thought we were more P.I.B. Established my camp and have instructed all SARANG to line tomorrow morning.

24.5.44. SARANG village lined with a strength of 198 in all, comprising 49 women, 63 girls, (of all ages and children), 55 males, and 31 boys. Only 10 had sores, but all showed strain from being hunted and unsettled by the constant Air-War along the coast. Instructed the village regarding sanitation and other matters, but did not take a Census as the books had been destroyed. I asked for Recruits to go to work, after telling them the reasons and how things were, but all said they did not wish to work. However, 17 came forward when I spoke to them and pointed out their obligations. All Recruits are of a good type. Sent out for natives of GAROMKOM and DAMIER. Enquired regarding ex-police boy MARCUS or TAGILAP. Luluai says he saw him at DAMIER as he was about to leave for BOGIA. SARANG natives are living in the hills behind the DYLUP Estates. They appear to have extensive gardens, and are in fair physical condition. I was unable, owing to my restricted stay, to make a survey of them, and I cannot say if or not they will require any food later on when they come back to the coast. In any case it won't be much, if any, and the matter can wait until the next patrol. Lt. Col. Ray, O.C., 35 Batt. reported that their telephone line to SEK had been cut twice during the day, apparently by natives. One cut was on DYLUP Pltn., and the other at MUGIR. Have sent for Village Officials of MUGIR and MUGIL.

MONTHLY REPORT - CONTD.DIARY: Contd.

25.5.44. Was to have gone forward up the coast today, but move put off till tomorrow. Tultul of MUGIR and some natives of MUGIL came in. I instructed them regarding sig. wire, and told them that as there were no Japs in the area, they were responsible for the wire passing through their area and to see that it was'nt broken or cut. Have also told SARANG of this instruction, and will do the same all up the coast to save future trouble. MUGIR natives reported some more P.I.B. outrages, so told them to take the women and men concerned down to WO. Monk at SEK for investigation. Village officials of GAROMKOM came in and brought 8 boys, also Doctor Boy of BASKIN with 5 boys. Instructed them regarding affairs and enquired of TAGIAP. They told me that he has gone on to BOGIA. All natives appear in good physical condition and they say that except for a few sores, there is no sickness in the village.

26.5.44. Batt. moved out up the coast leaving SARANG at 0615. Arrived at stream above YEDIKUM village at 1130. No natives were seen on the road, but SARANG Village officials sent forward and one boy from the MALAS Area was brought in.

27.5.44. Moved on to GARUM. No natives encountered, but as we are going so fast, I did not expect any. All have left the coastal area, and have gone inland for about two to three hours journey. The coastal road and deserted villages have not signs of occupation for at least two months.

28.5.44. Batt. moved forward to BUNABUN. No natives were found here, but sent two Police Boys out with a troop patrol who went up the BUNABUN River, and they brought in a Mission Teacher from TAVILTAE. After having been in and seen the natives of this Station who are living round HORIZ and WORUN, others are to come in tomorrow, sent AGREAS the Mission Teacher out to contact some of the KORAK villages.

29.5.44. Remained at BUNABUN with Battn. who are resting. No more natives in.

30.5.44. Moved forward with B. Coy to MULU Hr. Met Tultul of KORAK on road on arrival at MULU SOME MORE CAME IN, and he and two Police Boys were sent inland to SUSINA to instruct the people there to come in.

31.5.44. Moved to ULIGAN with forward Coy. and sent out word to all villages in near vicinity. to come in on the 3rd. as no natives will be available till then.

4. MEDICAL:

Special attention of all Village Officials and the people have been drawn to the urgent need for good sanitation round the Village and Village Area. They have been informed of the danger of sickness from dirty Jap Areas, and of what to do in dysentery cases. No epidemics have been reported, and there does not appear to be any more than the average amount of Sores.

5. NATIVE AFFAIRS:

Owing to the incomplete lining of the villages, I did not go into any Native affairs, and these will have to be handled by the next patrol, with more time.

6. RECRUITING:

The average recruits are of a good type, and the percentage of men available is about a third of the grown male population. As the villages on the coast are only very small, very few recruits can be expected from this area. The greater lots will come from inland as later patrols do the inland sections, and the people settled down.

MONTHLY REPORT - CONTINUED.7. GENERAL.

The paucity of this report is due to the lack of native contacts and the shortness of the period covered - This lack has ceased now as since this report was started, Village Officials and natives from the inland and coastal sections round here have started to swarm in, and there are several hundred here at present.

I have nothing to report regarding enemy activities in the section passed through, as they had gone for so long, and so few coastal natives were seen. It is apparent that from the time we started to bomb the coast the natives went inland and stopped there, and ceased to know of any movements along the coast road. We had moved into their coastal villages without them being aware that we were there.

All natives contacted report (as on the Rai Coast) that they got the leaflets dropped by our planes, advising them to go inland to avoid the bombing, and that they acted on them. Stress should be made of the effectiveness of this action when bombing of other areas is contemplated.

I am at present remaining at Batt. HQ. here at ULIGAN, as they will be remaining here for some days. The forward perimeter is about six miles up the coast from here. Natives of this area are coming in to me.

W.A. MacGregor, Lieut. P/O.

ULIGAN 1.6.44.

3 BRIGADE MAJ. 8 AUST INF BDE.,
ALEXISHAFEN

SUBJECT: ANGAU INTELLIGENCE REPORT.

Please find attached report as requested by Brigadier, of intelligence obtained by me from Native sources during the last 24 hours. These reports will be submitted daily by me to you, through the O.C. of whatever bn. I am attached to. The copy sent will be the only one made.

(Signed) W.A. MACGREGOR, Lieut.
ANGAU,
ULINGAN. 3 June 44.

ANGAU DAILY INT. REPORT.

ULINGAN. 3 June 44.

Natives of my villages of MARWOK, ULINGAN, TARIGURA, AKETA, PAPUA, MORIA, TOFO, SARAWA and MEDIBUR, came in and lined here. Only portions of the villages came in, as others are to follow. Estimated over 300 natives have come in and reported. All village officials and others are unanimous in saying that the Japs had evacuated this area over a month ago, some say longer. Intense bombing and strafing by our planes drove the Japs out, and the natives far out into the bush. The natives may not have been on to the beach area since the bombing started, except at odd times at night for food. The last visit of the Japs inland west of here was made about five weeks ago, in search of bush food, pigs, and fowls. Natives report the bush country West and North West of here clear of enemy.

Two natives, JACKET and RATAN, of MEDIBUR, together with four other carriers accompanied a party of six Japanese, (1 Officer, 5 O.Rs) from MEDIBUR to HANSA BAY area. They left MEDIBUR between three and four weeks ago, and proceeded slowly up the ~~west~~ coast. Native JACKET deserted the party at BOSIA and the other five at BAROI. Of this party only RATAN has come in. The others have been sent for, and their statements will be sent in tomorrow.

Two natives report having travelled only at night, as the Japanese were afraid of our planes in the day. A Jap party was seen at KOKUMBA WHERE there was a ferry party, and guard of ten. Bridge broken. Three Japs working the ferry boats with seven guards, who were stationed or living a short distance upstream on the other side of the river. M.T. was being used to this point from HANSA BAY. One lorry loaded with stores seen here. Party of 7 Japs seen DAGOL. Party 1 Offr. 5 O.Rs. at BOGIA. This was a road working party, filling in holes on the road along BOGIA Ptn., due to heavy rain. The party was working at night. No guns or equipment seen on the road. No big parties of Japs, other than the small ones mentioned. No big camping areas. Only 3 lorries. No Japs about HANSA BAY area. No obstructions on road. No ships or barges in bays or on beaches. No gun pits or defences along road.

Native RATAN who went as far as BAROI reports having seen two Jap barges full of dead at BAROI passage. They had been done over by P.T. Boats. He reports having been told, and having heard of an A/A Gun on BAROI hill. He reports having seen two American Airmen prisoners on AWAR Ptn. They were not tied up. He reports having seen only 3 lorries on the trip up the coast. He reports the whole journey made at night, but he did not see any evidence of any troops or troops in camp en route.

Both natives report having seen a gun of the wheeled Mountain type at MOTOMIE Ptn. on the western side of DUGUMUR BAY. Both natives said that the Japs told them they were going to HOLLANDIA. (As this place and name is entirely foreign to the natives, and not one that they know of, it can be taken that this was their stated destination).

Both natives said: "This party of 5 only had two rifles and one revolver. All the Japs threw their clothing and equipment away directly we started to bomb and strafe the coast. The retreat up the coast was not orderly, but stragglers made their own time in small parties. A lot of sick and many dead on the road." Native RATAN and 4 others ran away at BARDI and went inland up the BARDI R. to the village of MIKAREP and then down to the coast through SEPA. No Japs whatever were seen by this party or the native JACKET.

(2)

ANGAU INTELLIGENCE REPORT - CONTD.

On the return trip back along the coast road, native RATAN reports that there are no Japanese in the bush area west of BOGIA. He did not see any big roads.

The reports of both these natives can be taken as reliable, but it must be taken into mind that the journeys were done at night, without moonlight. RATAN has been back in the village for two weeks.

DS 30/2/3

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAE
30 Jun 44

DO
ANGAU
MADANG

Patrol Report N 3 - 43/44 - Lieut. W.A. MacGregor


Receipt of abovementioned Patrol Report is acknowledged.

2. Medical Tultuls from SARANG and other areas patrolled could be instructed to visit ANGAU HQ Madang to obtain any available urgent medical requisites.
3. Recruiting appears to be satisfactory, and the limit of 30% of active adult males is not to be exceeded.
4. SARANG Island and coastal natives should be induced to again inhabit their former localities - new villages to be established in the vicinity of the old sites, where required. Prior to the outbreak of war, these natives were cultivating their native gardens in the country behind the Dyak Group Plantation, so their normal agricultural pursuits and supplies should not have been seriously upset. Coastal natives etc as far as ULINGAN could also be induced to re-establish themselves at, or near their former village sites.


Capt
for ADCC HQ NORTHERN REGION

HQ
ANGAU

Forwarded.


Lt-Col
K. C. McMullen
COMD HQ NORTHERN REGION

RECEIVED

Date JUN 1944

DS 30/1/3

Ref. D.S. 30/-

DISTRICT HQ,
ANGAU,
MADANG. 23 June 44.

HQ NORTHERN REGION,
ANGAU LAE.

PATROL REPORT M. 3/43/44 - Lieut. MacGREGOR.

1. An interesting summary of Lieut. MacGregor's activities. He is a solid officer, admirably adapted to the type of work upon which he is engaged.
2. Attached is a copy of an Intelligence Report, as an indication of the type of work he has been doing. Capt Boyan visited 8 Bde Hq yesterday and the latter expressed great appreciation of the assistance rendered by Lieut. MacGREGOR.

DS

H. Hamilton Capt.
(H.E. Hamilton).
A/DISTRICT OFFICER.

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES

174-43/44

Patrol Report No. S 10

OC Detachment
ANGAU
Saidor

Patrol Report of NGX 558 NO 11 Barnett F.R.

Report on Patrol made to Kul - 31 May - 10 June 44 (inclusive).

DIARY:

- 31 May : Left Galek 0900 hrs. Arrived Singor 1430 hrs.
1 June : At Singor.
2 June : At Singor. Paid natives.
3 June : Left Singor 0800 hrs. Arrived Kulilau 1415 hrs. Paid natives.
4 June : Left Kulilau 0730 hrs. Arrived Kul 1100 hrs.
5 June : At Kul. Burnt bush houses of Kul, Kumisanger natives and returned these natives to their villages.
6 June : Issued rations to villages of Kul, Kumisanger, Bibi, Ganglau and Kulilau. Sgt Forrester arrived from Madang by schooner and took certain rations and all stores ex Kul to Madang. Paid natives.
7 June : Left Kul 0900 hrs. Arrived Kulilau 1210 hrs. Inspected new Bibi village en route.
8 June : Left Kulilau 0745. Arrived Singor 1400. Inspected Ganglau village en route.
9 June : At Singor.
10 June : Left Singor 0800 hrs and arrived Galek 1230 hrs. Small balance Sing stores issued to Lentab and Singor.

Payments to Natives:

During the trip, natives from the following villages were paid money owing to them :- Bonaweng, Mapungi, Masi, Saga Saga, Kul, Kumisanger, Bibi, Seremore, Klambau, Sangupi, Mopap, Wasinga, Lentab, Mindiri, Wado, Sirangi, Forogwang, Mib, Basor, Reite, Bidos, Gogo, Dein, Sorang, Arjuna, Iriwandi, Kore, Kulilau, Ganglau, and Kubuk.

A total of L107-11-0 was paid these natives. Although the villages of Guhu Simindidi, Mebu and Bototo were advised of the matter, they have not as yet reported for payment.

Stores, Rations etc at ANGAU Stations:

SINGOR : What little native rations remained were distributed to Lentab and Singor natives. All stores (such as raincoats, knives, blankets, medical stores etc) were brought back to Galek. Lentab told to broom station each week.

KUL : From these rations issues were made to the villages of Kul, Kumisanger, Bibi, Ganglau and Kulilau. Sgt Forrester, arriving by schooner from Madang, took all stores (such as blankets, raincoats, dishes, knives etc), and also European rations, and some native rations to Madang. A small balance of European rations was left with AWW party who were camped at Angau Station. Approximate native rations still at Kul are as follows :- Biscuits 116 cases, Meat 74 cases, Rice 6 bags, wheatmeal 5 drums, Salt 1 drum. AWW party were told they could draw on these for small payments to local labour, when used by them.

Natives : As I found that natives from Kul and Kumisanger were living in bush houses, contrary to previous instructions, these bush houses were burnt, and all natives returned to their new villages. These new villages, previously selected by Angau, and commenced, were almost completed. I had these natives work on uncompleted houses, and instructed all coastal villages contacted en route that gardens were first priority.

Mission Natives : The following foreign mission boys are still at villages shown:-

<u>Name</u>	<u>Place</u>	<u>Where Residing</u>	<u>Marital State</u>
Soro	Mannan	Lamtub	Married
Aun	Mannan	Damoin	Married
Nembeng	Madang No.2	Gogo	Single
Osi	Amele	Malangai	Single

Native Nembeng was returned to Gogo by WO Joyce, after sickness.

AWN Activities : Activities of AWW personnel as concerns natives is quite satisfactory.

(Signed) F.R. Barnett WO 11
ANGAU

RECEIVED
Date 6/ JUN 1944

DS 30/14

Ref. D.S. 30/-.

DISTRICT HQ,
ANGAU,
MADANG. 23 June 44.

HQ NORTHERN REGION,
ANGAU, LAE.

PATROL REPORT - M.4. of 43/44. - WO.II. BARNETT, P.R.

1. Herewith Patrol Report by WO.II. Barnett, P.R. covering patrol to KUL. It was of a routine nature to distribute rations, and does not call for comment.
2. The visit of Sgt. Forrester, N/L, Madang, was contrary to my instructions to Lieut. Ireland, DADNL, Madang. This matter is being pursued.

Copies to:- NOREG 2
SAIDOR 1
File 1.

DS

H.E. Hamilton Capt.
(H.E. Hamilton).
A/DISTRICT OFFICER.

DS 30/1

District HQ
ANGAU
MADANG
26 Aug 44

DS 30/1/4

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAE.

NL. VISIT TO KUL KUL.

1. Ref your 30/1/4 of 30 Jun 44 on this matter.
2. When I first took over this District, Lieut IRELAND mentioned to me he had received a report from Sgt FORRESTER that there was a dump of rations and issues at KULKUL. Sgt FORRESTER had then newly arrived from RAI. Lieut IRELAND stated he was arranging for a ship to transport the articles to MADANG. I then told him that he had my approval.
3. Two day's later, Capt KINGDOM ADO SAIDOR arrived at MADANG. He informed me that the items at KULKUL had been concentrated there by P.Ox LEGG, and he planned to make local distribution of the foodstuffs and to return the remainder to SAIDOR. When I became aware of the facts, I arranged with the ADO SAIDOR accordingly, and instructed Lieut IRELAND to take no further action. It was also arranged with the ADO SAIDOR that I would endeavour to send a vessel to SAIDOR to collect surplus equipment there and transfer him back to MADANG at the earliest time.
4. So far as I was aware such was the position until reading WO BARNETT's report. I saw the entry of Jun 9 where Sgt FORRESTER had visited KULKUL.
5. Lieut IRELAND was immediately asked for an explanation, copy of which is attached. I believe the goods consisted of 56 cases in all.
6. On enquiry, I could not trace MESA request for a guide. In any case, guides to native villages etc, is a District Services function. In that manner we are able to keep a check on troop movements.
7. It is evident that Lieut Ireland defied my express instructions. However, I am prepared to accept the fact that Lieut IRELAND was entirely ignorant of the relationship of the District Officer to heads of Services in a District at the time. He was not alone in considering that a head of a section here, he was solely responsible to the representative on Northern Regional HQ.
8. Since that time, the situation has been clarified and by means of weekly conferences the relationship between the District Officer and sectional heads has improved considerably. In fact, I am receiving excellent co-operation everywhere and previous misunderstandings have been cleared up.
9. It is my opinion that no good purpose can be served by pursuing this matter further. The incident is passed and Lieut IRELAND's action was taken in the mistaken belief that he was acting quite within his rights. It is not anticipated that further mistakes of like nature will be committed.

ADNL

RECEIVED

Date 29 AUG 1944

DS 9

H. Hamilton
.....Capt.
(H E HAMILTON)
A/District Officer.

Copy to:

Lieut IRELAND DADNL MADANG B S A

Reg Centre
200 information
Supt NPA. 20/8

No action

Seen

20/8
21/8

PA 2/19

PATROL REPORT/.

MS-474

To, D.O. Madang.

clean
on
3/1/49

Report of a patrol by, WO ii Lega. T.W.J. Patrol Officer.

To KAURIS 638267 UTU 44339 areas.

MAP. MADANG WEST, 1 Inch = 1 Mile, Provisional series.

DURATION. 24 days.

For purpose of, (a) Recruiting.

(b) Making a reconnaissance of native gardens, to determine the food situation.

(c) Guiding a FELO party.

(d) Interrogating natives re Japanese movements, etc.

Personnel of Patrol,

NGX385 WOii Lega. T.W.J. Patrol Officer ANGAU.

Sgt Daniell F.P. FELO.

Sgt Powell. H. FELO.

309I. Const' LIKIN.

2454. " INUBA.

285C. " BOSLI.

3487. " WALPENAM.

3486. " EMIDA.

3279. " MOG. Plus two Constables attached

FELO party. 285I. " KEPAS.

2438. " MAIS/

Dairy.

16. MAY 44. 0900hrs left for Kauris 638267 arrived 1140 hrs, inspected gardens camped.

17. MAY 44. Inspected gardens camped.

18. MAY 44. Lined village counted natives, 0930 hrs left for Kamba. 652235. arrived 1200 hrs, inspected gardens, camped, Sgt Powell urgently recalled to ANGAU HQ.

19. MAY 44. Inspected gardens, despatched a line of evacuees to Wago

20. MAY 44. Lined village counted natives, despatched eight recruits to Wago, 1215 hrs left for Sute. 615325, arrived 1345hrs, inspected gardens, camped.

21. MAY 44. Lined village counted natives, 1020 hrs left for Mogurul 634359. arrived 1130 hrs, inspected gardens, camped.

22. MAY 44. Inspected gardens of both Mogurul and Gegeri, 646368, camped.

23. MAY 44. Lined both villages at Mogurul and counted natives, 1030 hrs left for Harpurpi, 595392. arrived 1430 hrs, lined village counted natives and inspected gardens of Guhup, No1. 605367, and Guhup No2. 613364, enroute, inspected crashed Japanese plane at Guhup No1. camped.

24. MAY 44. Inspected gardens, camped.

25. MAY 44. Lined village and counted natives, 1030 hrs, left for Manep, 563397, arrived 1200 hrs, inspected gardens, camped.

26. MAY 44. Lined village and counted natives, 1000 hrs, left for Itape, 548393, arrived 1130 hrs, inspected gardens, camped.

27. MAY 44. Inspected gardens of Nage, 541391, Lined both Itape and Nage natives at Nage and counted, camped.

28. MAY 44. Despatched reg No2438 Const MAIS to Gamai. 601428, to investigate reported crashed allied planes, 0900 hrs, left for Saruga. 458404, arrived 1400 hrs, from Nake the track follows the main spur along to Bagupi at 499411, and not at 499392, as marked on the map, inspected Bagupi gardens enroute, camped.

29. MAY 44. Inspected Saruga gardens and lined village, counted natives, lined Savoi, 451409, people and counted numbers, camped.

30. MAY 44. 0900 hrs left for Utu, 448339, arrived 1200hrs, the track leaves Saruga and follows the left hand bank of a stream down, crosses another and then ascends to Waiaggore at 572371, then descends to the Minam Rvat 465368, follows the bed of the river along to 458361, then ascends a steep spur, this is followed for a short distance and then drops down and crosses the Crum Rv at 468349, swings around below Guteb 461343, and then slowly rises to Utu, inspected gardens, camped.

31. MAY 44. Lined Guteb, 461343, and counted natives, inspected gardens and camped.

1. JUNE 44 Inspected gardens of Maroro, 421331, lined village and counted natives, Reg Ne2438 Const' MAIS reports back. Despatched Reg No 3487. Const' WALPENAM/ to Simuku, 439376, area, to contact village officials, camped.

2. JUNE 44 Lined Utu natives and counted, 3487 Const' WALPENAM, reports back with village officials and a few recruits, 1200 hrs, left for Silepi, 482341, inspected gardens, lined village and counted natives walking time one hour, camped.

3. JUNE 44. Despatched eighteen recruits plus the village officials of Simuku area, 0930 hrs, left for Matepi 541304, arrived 1200 hrs, inspected Autobak, 503335, gardens enroute, lined Autobak people and counted.

4. JUNE 44. Inspected gardens of Matepi, lined village and counted natives, village officials of Omerug, 515299, Iwapi, 511288, Barige, 492279 reported in to me at Matepi, camped.

5. JUNE 44. 0900 hrs left for Sanapi, 568296, arrived 1000 hrs, inspected gardens lined village and counted natives, camped.

6. JUNE 44 Despatched three recruits to Wagel, inspected gardens of Gal, 578292, Larapi, 576293, and Mes, 591291. Lined Obora, 571311, people at Sanapi and counted natives, camped.

7. JUNE 44. Despatched five recruits to Wagel, 0930hrs left for Kerog, 631259, arrived 1230 hrs, inspected Opi, 602283, gardens enroute lined Opi people and counted natives, camped.

8. JUNE 44. Inspected gardens of Kerog No1, Kerog No2, 626251, and Barahin, 632242, lined villages and counted natives, camped.

9. JUNE 44. 0930 hrs left for Wagel, arrived 1300 hrs, completed patrol.

Census. Did not revise previous census figures, but made a complete count of all natives in the villages visited, see appendix. Village Officials. Throughout the whole district the village officials were of a pretty fair standard, and some officials gave some valuable assistance, most of them still retain their village books along with their hats, then there are a few who say their books and hats have rotted in the bush, personally I think the Japanese got hold of some of these books, and the natives are afraid to admit same, still we can't blame them for allowing their village books to fall into Japanese hands as they the Japanese made a thorough search throughout the whole district.

Roads, Tracks, and Bridges. For most part of the patrol the roads were of pretty fair standard, although for some time past very little work had been carried out, however as it is not yet time for this type of work I did not particularly stress this point, but impressed on the people the need for them, because work in their gardens, then after they get those producing they will be able to put in a little road work, and improve the roads that are at present not the best, in the area patrolled there were very few bridges, due to the fact that most streams crossed were fordable, and not very swift flowing.

Rest houses, These are few and far between, mainly because the natives have allowed them to deteriorate over the last couple of years, however those that the patrol used were quiet adequate and served the purpose this matter also can be attended to after the gardens are producing.

Housing. For most villages the housing situation was in a pretty fair state, although for the last eighteen months the natives have been living away from their villages, and only coming back to their places occasionally when there wasn't any aircraft in the vicinity, so it was only natural to find a couple of villages in a state of disrepair, the worst of these being Koreg No2, there I ordered the officials to effect repairs and to construct new buildings as soon as possible.

Sanitation. As this was the first patrol since the Japanese occupation most places were not using the pit-latrines system, as I came to each village, I impressed on the people the need for them to construct good pit-latrines, and issued the Medical Tultul with a pass to collect empty wheatmeal drums from ANGAU at Wagel for construction of same, by this method all villages should be able to construct good latrines and this has been instructed to be completed by the next patrol, have left a note in a few village books requesting the next visiting officer to check on this, at no place was dysentery reported in this area.

Health. Taken over the whole area the health was very fair, skin diseases were prevalent in a couple of places, Sanapi and Oberu, and at Saruga and Naks a few boys reported to me with Gonorrhoea.

Food. The food situation in most villages is moderately fair, and they will not need to be rationed, but the villages on or near the coast will need rationing between August and October, as this will be a lean period and the foodstuffs they are planting now should be producing by October, I'd suggest only a light ration, because if the native knows that he is going to be fed by the Government, he won't be so inclined to work in his garden, and besides that they have substitute foods such as, Sage, wild cabbage, coconuts, etc, to help this ration, and the villages behind Alexishafen, would be able to trade some of their ration with villages further inland, for native foods, such as tare, yams, etc.

The following are villages that will need rationing between August and October, = Mogurul, 635358. Gegiri, 646368. Guhup No1 and No2, 612366 Harpurpi, 595392. Koreg No1, 631259. Koreg No2, 631251. and Barahim, 632242. all map references are on Madang West one inch = one mile.

Native Situation. The attitude of the natives in this area appeared to be pro-Japanese, in fact it looked as if the Japanese had a firm foothold among the native population in this district; on asking a native a question one would receive a reply in Japanese, accompanied with a very polite bow, quiet a number of natives accompanied the Japanese when they left this area, among them was the Paramount Luluai, KAUT, from Kauris, with his influence it was easy for the Japanese to swing the natives around to their favour, at the time of the patrol Luluai KAUT had not returned to his village, and no information could be gained as to his whereabouts from natives in that district. The natives seemed to treat our coming back as a matter of indifference, but they all say that they are glad to see us back again, and appear eager to want to work.

Mission Situation. In most villages visited the mission teacher was still in evidence, and holding church on a Sunday night, no evidence seemed to indicate that these teachers cooperated with the Japanese whilst they were in occupation of this area.

Mapping. This map Madang West has been taken from aerial photographs but has been annotated by someone that knows very little about the area for instance, Silibob and Kauris are both north of the Meiro Rv, and Kamba is approximately due west of Noboneb, not south west as shown on the map, the track after leaving Naks, proceeds north west along a rising spur to Bagupix at 499411, and continues along the same ridge and drops down to old Saruga at 483412, and then continues gradually down to Saruga, along this stretch of track no river is crossed as is marked on the map, then after leaving Saruga the track turns south east, and follows the left bank of a stream down, crosses a small stream and then gradually ascend to Waiagaro at 472371, here a descent is made to the Ninam Rv, at 463568, it follows the bed of the river along to 458367, from here it rises steeply up a spur and then follows it along for a short distance, then descends and crosses the Orum Rv below Guteb, 462343, and then swings back to Utu at 448339.

Mapping cont' From Silopi, 48234I, a track leads off to old Omondoro at 481328, thence on to Omondoro at 499311, on to Giroro; thence to Omerug at 515301, down to Iwapi at 511288, from Iwapi it continues on to Barige at 492279, swings South East to Baimak, 507269, continues on to Wanif at 519264, East to Merkanham 549261, then continues on Northward to Sanapi where it joins the main track, from Sanapi the track follows that as marked on the map as far as 624267, this is not a village but just a few house scattered in a garden, passes on to Kerog, 631259, and then on to old Kauris 649263, here it joins the Kamba Silibeb track, and leads into Madang.

Enemy Activity. No contact was made with enemy troops throughout the whole patrol, as they had left the area approximately six to eight weeks prior to the commencement of the patrol.

Before the patrol arrived at Utu, I received a memo from the ADO, concerning an Australian soldier reported to have been captured by the Japs some information was obtained, see separate memorandum.

On arrival at Juhup, 608368, the natives reported a crashed Japanese plane inspected same, see separate memorandum.

Own Activity. Previous to this patrol setting out the area had been patrolled by C Coy P.I.B. and as they were still camped in the area they were still patrolling parts of same. Separate memos are being submitted concerning crashed allied aircraft in the area.

Submitted to FELO 28/6/44

FELO. In every village the patrol visited the natives showed keen interest in the work being carried out by the FELO party, and when the word was sent ahead they assembled at main villages from surrounding villages to hear the talks that were broadcast from Moresby, some of these were of interest to the natives.

Civilian Property. At many places along the route taken by the patrol natives reported that they were looking after civilian property, mainly belonging to Mission Stations, and Missionaries, some of this property was sent into the DO at Madang, a list has been submitted of property sent in, and the remainder was left in charge of the natives that had been previously looking after it, Property consisted mainly of books and the usual things connected to Mission stations.

Submitted to RPE 28/6/44

Royal Papuan Constabulary. Throughout the whole patrol the police were on their best behaviour, and were of valuable assistance,

Reg No. 3091	Constable	LIKIN/	acted as boss boy shows good promise.
" "	2454	"	Inuba. experienced in bushwork, intelligent.
" "	2850	"	BOSLI. " " " "
" "	3487	"	WALPENAM. Average intelligence, disciplined.
" "	3486	"	EMIDA. not to clever, shows no promise.
" "	3279	"	MOG. local to this area, very good worker.
" "	2851	"	KEPAS/ attached FELO good for that type of work
" "	2438	"	MAIS. " " " " " " " "

*J. W. J. Lega R.O.
A.N.G.F.U.*

VILLAGE.	MAP REF.	NATIVES IN VILLAGE. C/S NOT					GRAND TOTAL	RECRUITED FOR ANGAU	TOTAL % OF		
		CHILDREN	ADULTS	TOT	RETURNED	TO VILLAGE			MALE ADULTS AWAY	MALE ADULTS AWAY/	
		M	F	M	F						
Kauris	637267	15	12	37	39	103	103	15	26	43.2%	
Kamba	652285	37	44	72	60	213	213	18	18	25%	
Butelgau	615325	14	8	35	27	84	84	15	15	47.8%	
Mogurul	635358	15	13	29	23	80	80	10	10	33%	
Gogiri	645368	13	3	11	11	38	38	5	5	50%	
Guhup	608368	19	11	39	29	106	12	108	12	24	50%
Harpurpi	595392	15	8	23	16	62	2	64	8	10	40%
Manep	565396	10	10	20	23	63	3	66	6	9	40%
Itapi	547393	14	16	32	22	84	10	94	8	18	44.3%
Nake	541391	13	11	27	32	83	6	89	9	15	25.5%
Zagupi	499411	5	3	10	7	25	5	30	3	8	55%
Savoi	451409	5	2	10	7	24	2	26	3	5	40%
Saruga	457402	17	12	40	33	102	7	109	4	11	25%
Waiaggare	474371	4	6	11	11	32	1	33	1	2	7.2%
Qateb	461343	10	12	23	14	59	2	61	10	12	45.5%
Utu	418339	26	17	66	43	154	8	162	21	29	30.5%
Maroro	421331	9	7	16	10	42	1	43	5	6	36.3%
Bilopi	482341	3	6	14	12	39	1	40	3	4	27.5%
Autobak	503335	10	19	17	17	63	2	65	4	6	31.3%
Matepi	541304	12	14	26	23	75	6	81	6	12	37.3%
Sanapi	568296	8	1	16	16	41		41	3	3	47.8%
Oberu	569311	5	3	19	20	46	2	48	7	9	43.5%
Birimai	568334	9	9	26	14	57	6	63	5	11	34.3%
Gal	576292	7	14	28	23	78	5	79	8	13	40%
Larapi	"	15	7	20	21	63	3	66	4	7	31.3%
Opi	602284	3	3	15	16	37	3	40	3	6	33%
Korog No1.	631259	16	17	26	22	81	1	82	9	10	37.3%
" No2.	626251	17	16	27	21	81	3	84	7	10	33%
Barahin	632242	18	19	39	34	110	5	115	13	18	41.50%

J. W. J. Lega. P.O.
A.N.G.A.U.

322 x 100
876
37%

372
37%

To DISTRICT OFFICER,

ANGAU

MADANG.

Memorandum Re' Crashed aircraft.
Japanese.

On arrival of patrol at Guhup, 608367, the natives reported to me that a Japanese plane had crashed there approximately three months ago, I accompanied the natives and inspected the wreckage, but found nothing of any value, as most of the plane was destroyed by fire, a machine gun was salvaged from the port wing and was sent in to the D O at Madang this was later handed over to the G2, Madang area.

The wreckage is lying in the bush approximately 300 yards to the North West of Guhup No1. 608367, the port wing is resting in a native garden some 200yards away.

Allied.

From Manep564396, I despatched Reg No 2438 Constable MAIS to investigate reported crashed planes near Gamai, 601427, he returned several days later and reported that two planes had crashed in that area, after leaving my party at Manep. Const' MAIS proceeded to a site near Gamai, where he found the wreckage of crashed plane, upon examination he found the remains of one man, which he gathered and later buried in the native cemetery at Gamai, he states that the plane was a single engined (radial) plane, with one machine gun in the wing, possibly an Australian Boomerang Constable MAIS says that the tail of the plane is still there and it has a number on it, this may only be the squadron number or markings.

Native AMBA, brother of Nakon, luluai of GareGud, 609425, was with Constable Mais, when he buried the remains of the pilot in the Gamai cemetery, I mention this just in case the remains of the pilot may have to be resumed at a later date.

Three days after the plane crashed, three Japanese arrived at Gamai, and contacted the Tul tul, MASUN, and the Medical Tul TUI, and asked them where the plane had crashed, the two natives then accompanied the Japanese to the scene of the crash, on inspecting the wreck they found and took away with them, I pair of Binoculars.

I Pocket watch.

I compass.

From this site Constable MAIS then proceeded to Gog, 605432, where he slept the night, the next night he proceeded to Aber where he contacted one native, "LAKIT" who accompanied Constable MAIS to a site of a second crashed plane near Aber, on arrival he found the wreckage of an American twin engined twintailed plane, presumably a B25 MITCHELL, searching amongst the wreckage he found the remains of three men, which he gathered and later buried at the native cemetery at Aber, native LAKIT was with Constable MAIS when he buried the remains.

Constable MAIS also found an American identification disc marked as follows_

KENNETH. B. LAWTON.

O'738I9I T43

JOSEPH. W. LAWTON.

R. F. D. 2

LEWIS. IOWA.

P.

This disc was forwarded to the D O ANGAU at Madang.

This plane was partly destroyed by fire, but half the tail assembly still remains, and this may have a number on it.

For all Map reference in this memo refer to MADANG WEST
one inch= one mile, Provisional series.

Signed.

J. V. J. Lega. P.O.
ANGAU.

To DISTRICT OFFICER,
ANGAU.

MADANG.

Memorandum Re. AUSTRALIAN SOLDIER CAPTURED BY JAPANESE.

On receipt of a memo from ADO concerning an Australian Soldier reported to have been captured by the Japanese in January of this year. I questioned the natives of the Utu448339 area and found that a Australian soldier had been captured beyond Amaimon, and had been brought through Utu to Madang.

The Luluai and Tulul of Utu states that in January the Japanese brought in an Australian soldier, he was carried in by natives of the Amaimon area, escorted by Japanese, they slept at Utu the night and moved on to Madang the next day via Silopi and Kauris.

The soldier was between 20 and 26 years old, approximately 6ft with brown hair, was wearing boots and socks, no gaiters, short khaki trousers, and a khaki shirt, hat with pugaree attached, this description seems conflicting as it was only January of this year, and he was wearing no gaiters short trousers and his clothes were khaki and not green.

After the Japanese took the prisoner to Madang the natives in this do not know what became of him.

For map references refer to MADANG WEST one inch = one mile, provisional series.

Signed.

J. W. J. Lega. P.O.

ANGAU

Now see DS 314/11 + 30/1/15
282 2/16

To. DISTRICT OFFICER.

ANGAU.

MADANG.
14 June 44.

Memorandum re ROYAL CONSTABULARY.

List of police that participated in a patrol through the
the Kauris, 636267, Uta, 448339, area for twenty four days.
Throughout the whole patrol the police were on their best
behaviour, and were of valuable assistance to myself and the accompanying
FELO party.

Reg No.	3091	Const'	LIKIN.	acted as boss boy shows good promise
"	"	"	INUBA.	experienced in bushwork, intelligent.
"	"	"	BOSLI.	" " " "
"	"	"	WALPENAM.	averaged intelligence, disipined
"	"	"	EMIDA.	none to clever, shows no promise.
"	"	"	MOG.	Local to this area, very good worker.
"	"	"	KEPAS.	attached to FELO good for that type of work
"	"	"	MAIS.	" " " " " " " "

Signed.

J. W. J. Lega P.O.
ANGAU.

To DISTRICT OFFICER.

ANGAU.

MADANG.

14/6/44.

Village Officials.

Village.	Luluai.	Tultul.	Medical T T	Remarks.
KAMBA.	DOHU.	NEIMAS ASUM	WAREL	FAIR, MTT still re- tains hat book destroyed by fire.
UTELGUD	PAPAKU	MADWAN	LAUGEK	FAIR T T still retains hat and village book.
MOGURUL	BOM	-----	MAPCI	FAIR both retain hats and village book.
GEGIRI	---	LAPEM	MEPAT	FAIR T T still retains hat.
GUHUP	EHUM	ETUT	WALAI	FAIR luluai and T T still retain hats and book.
HARPURPI	RAN	KAU-I	BULISAM	FAIR still retain hats and village book.
MANEP	IKUTEM	GOLAU	IPAUD	FAIR still retain hats book destroyed by fire.
ITABI	ALOI	GOVE	LOM	FAIR still retain hats and village book.
NAKE	LEIVAN	TAPOI	BOTAN	"" "" ""
BAGUPI	-----	OPSAK	---	FAIR still retains hat his book rotted in bush.
SAVOI	-----	RAGGEN	---	FAIR "" "" ""
SARUGA	MAKIS	---	SIWOGU	FAIR good officials, still retain hats and village book
WALAGGARO	---	NAWIK	MAKE	FAIR still retain hat book rotted in the bush.
GUTEB	VEIT	---	ITABU	FAIR "" "" ""
UTU	MANIKURU	OPOR	EREN	FAIR retain hats, book was damaged by fire still legibl
MARORO	MAPETUK	SITAWAK INDASA	IGANDO	FAIR "" "" ""
SILOPI	KAIRI	---	---	POOR none to truthful still retains his hat.
AUTOBAK	---	PANUMA	LAGUR	FAIR retains hats book rotted in bush.
MATEPI	WASA	PINEWAE	MIORI	FAIR MTT retains hat book rotted in bush.
SANAPI	GULIBI	TULILIK	---	FAIR retains hats book was destroyed by fire.
OBGRU	---	BOSMAN	OIGINI	FAIR retain hats and book
BURIMAI	BERI	IMAKU	BAMUS	FAIR still retain hats TT on trial only
LARAPI	PIPARA	LENARUK	GARUP	GOOD retains hats book was in Madang when war started
SAL	KILI	LEBU	ULAS	FAIR retain hats book was destroyed by fire.
OPI	DENAS	DAUL	WEBOB	POOR luluai none to truthful retain hats book rotted in bush MTT on trial only.
KOROS No 1 " " 2 BARAHIM	ISS MCIL MAIS	MALAL BUDUL WIK	KAWALAN KAWANAN OLAVA	FAIR RETAIN HATS AND BOOK, " " " " " "

Signed J. W. J. Seg a. P.O.

INTERROGATION of Native KOBURA. 27 Jul 44. - NGX 367 W/O 1. Monk F.O.
A.N.G.A.J. adang.

Name. KOBURA
Village AMAIMON, Madang Dist.
Age 26/28 yr

PRE-AMBLE. Intelligent native, speaks fluent pidgin, several years in contact with Europeans and Police recruit (N.G. Native Constabulary) for short period. His idea of dates and times must not be taken as accurate. Where dates have been established from other informants, they will be mentioned as such in the text.

CHRONOLOGY. Approx Feb. '43 until Apr. 44. Native states he was attached to the one party of Japanese from shortly after their occupation to time of final retreat. His duties as guard, guide, runner and escort, with seven other natives.

PERSONALITIES. Jap. Military NAKAMARA O/C Jap party of 8. " KEMPI " listed above
" TAWAGOSI " 2 I.C. " do. " (surname unknown) of
A.N.G. " SIROSI " 3 I.C. " do. " (surname unknown) of
A.N.G. Also missing from the action since 1st. Phillip P.

COMMUNICATIONS. Used all main roads in areas of operations. Depended entirely on native guides - no M.T. No work done on existing roads and no new tracks cut.

INTERCOMMUNICATIONS. No wireless equipment. Native runners used extensively. Did not use wireless equipment captured in KUMERA engagement.

ENEMY METHODS AND TACTICS. Posted guards every night from near sundown only until about midnight. Used their native police as guards but never alone. Usually even number of Japanese and natives on guard together. - usually two hour watches.

The natives carrying arms in this party numbered eight. Informant states they were not organized as a section and the ' boss-boy ' was frequently changed. They were not given a free rein at any time but always at the orders of the Japanese NAKAMARA.

The function of this ' KEMPI ' party was as a roving patrol and it seemed allowed to use its discretion in dealing with any situation cropping up.

PROPOGANDA. Enemy propoganda was often preached to the natives. Natives would be assembled where practicable and addressed. Main theme was to stress that Allies were completely routed from NG, Papua and Australia that the numerous Allied planes were Japanese and that they bombing and practise as there were none of our troops left to bomb. Wild promises made for the near future - the natives were to receive shoes and any other clothing they desired. Factories would be set up for the natives alone in which they would produce cars, planes, ships and submarines all for their own use. This highly imaginative native Utopia was the main theme of the propoganda and though many natives were sceptical the majority placed some faith in it.

Own Propoganda. Leaflets in pidgin-english dropped by allied planes did much to nullify the effects of Japanese propoganda but the reading or discussing of them had to be done very surreptitiously as the Japanese announced they would decapitate anyone found with these pamphlets.

ENEMY MORALE. Despite poor food and much sickness, enemy was very self-assured until Allied bombing became intense and it was apparent that Allies were approaching so rapidly. When enemy troops were very jumpy, the mere sound of any planes in the dim distance being sufficient to send them running to slit-trenches.

ENEMY WASTAGE & CASUALTIES. Enemy most improvident with food and all stores. Would make dumps for stores and arms etc in the bush taking little or no precautions against damage by weather.

Many Japanese said to have died from dysentery also from eating questionable foods (pawpaw leaves) etc.

MEDICAL. Japanese suffered heavily from sores, beri-beri and dysentery. Medical equipment on patrols was virtually nil and many Japanese discarded their clothes for several days and nights because of their sores. The native does not know of the existence of any regular Japanese hospitals.

PRISONERS OF WAR

- (a) One captured at KUMERA (approx WH 552157 RAMU Map N.G. Strat. series) on 20 Sep 43.
- (b) Taken to ATEMBLE (seen) thence via UTU to AMRON (hearsay)
- (c) Final fate unknown.

Note. Interrogator, W/O Monk, was in the party attacked by Japanese at KUMERA on 20 Sep 43. Description of the P.W. mentioned above tallies with that of a Cpl. Lloyd -?- (surname unknown) of A.W.N., formerly stationed at Chimbu, who is missing from this action. Also Missing from the action were A/Sgt. Phillips P., of A.W.N. and Lt. T.A.B. Smith of 2/7 Ind. Coy. The patrol was from Benz Force.
Native states he was present at the action at KUMERA and saw one prisoner (referred to above). Describes him as a large fair man, young and strong, fresh complexion who said he was a wireless operator.

Native also states that the KUMERA locality natives boasted that they had killed with their bows and arrows two other white men who were endeavouring to escape from that action. He did not see their bodies or graves.

- (d) Native witnessed the execution of two airmen at AMRON on the morning of the final departure of the Japanese from that former Mission Station. One had crashed at ENJU and one at NOBONOB on the previous Sunday.

W/O Monk
.....W/O 1.
Patrol Officer
A.N.G.A.U.
MADANG.

DS 35/1/5

Hq Northern Region
ANGAU
LAE

24 Aug 44

Hq
ANGAU ("G")

Australian Soldier captured by Japanese

1. Your O/409 of 3 Aug 44 refers.
2. Attached hereto are copies of correspondence received from DO Madang containing information in regard to the above.
3. The Intelligence report should be read in conjunction with report by W/A F.O. Monk, Patrol Officer, submitted from Bona District.
4. Copies of the papers referred to in para 2 above have been made available to HQ.

[Signature]
 Hq
 for S.H. Waffigan
 HQ NORTHERN REGION

Encl: DS 35/2 of 18 Aug 44
 35/1 - 14 Aug 44

SECRET:

DS 35/2.

DS 31/2/11

DISTRICT HQ,
ANGAU
MADANG.
18 August 44.

HQ NORTHERN REGION,
ANGAU LAE.

INTELLIGENCE.

1. Herewith Intelligence information obtained by Lieut. F.O. Monk of this Hq., from the native KOBURA.
2. Copy has been forwarded to G.III. I, 5 Aust Div, direct.
3. Statements taken from native KOBURA in connection with his part in the ATEMELE incident will be forwarded under separate cover.
4. It would appear that the Cpl Lloyd ---?---? is identical with "Master BOS" mentioned in your DS 31/8/1 of 7 June 44; also with the "Australian soldier" mentioned in your DS 30/1/5 of 8 Aug 44, and reference is also made to the same soldier in statements by Lieut Monk, forwarded yours under cover of my DS F1/6 of 1/8/44.

See also file DS 31/7/1 (Do Grajang DS 14/-)

E. E. Hamilton Capt.
(E.E. Hamilton).
D/DISTRICT OFFICER.

DS 30/1/5

DS 30/1.

DISTRICT HQ,
ANGAU
MADANG.
19 August 44.

HQ NORTHERN REGION,
ANGAU, LAE.

MISSING PERSONNEL.

1. HQ ANGAU memo 07409 of 3 Aug 44, minuted to me by your DS 30/1/5 of 8 Aug 44. refers.
2. This soldier is identical with "Master BOB" mentioned in statement by native KOBURA. (Ref my 14/1 of 18 Aug 44.)
3. He was an Air Warning Wireless Cpl. whose christian name was LLOYD, captured near ATEMBLE Sept 1943.

H.E. Hamilton

(H.E. Hamilton).

Capt.

A/DISTRICT OFFICER.

RECEIVED
Date 22 AUG 1944

DS

DS 30/115

Headquarters
ANGAU
O/409
Aug 44

HQ
Northern Region
ANGAU

Patrol by WO LEGA - 16 May-9 Jun 44

1. Ref our O/409 of 3 Aug 44.
2. Further inquiry has been received from NGF concerning the Australian soldier whom the UTU natives stated had been taken prisoner by the Japanese in January.
3. Could a reply be expedited, please.

C L Anthony Capt
(C L ANTHONY) GS ANGAU

RECEIVED
Date 1.9.44
DS

How ok

*Not sufficient time for
reply to be received from
Do Manding.*

for

for

DS 30/1/5

Headquarters
ANCAU
O/409
3 Aug 44

HQ
NORTHERN REGION
ANCAU

PATROL BY WO LEGA - 16 MAY - 9 JUN 44.

In WO Lega's report on above patrol, reference is made to an Australian soldier stated by natives of UTU to have been taken prisoner by the Japanese in January.

2. It is requested that advice be furnished as to whether any further information is available or may be obtained about this soldier which would in any way help to establish his identity.

C. L. Anthony Capt
(C L ANTHONY) GS ANCAU

DS 30/1/5

DO
MADANG

Referred for advice.

Report referred to was No M 5, forwarded under cover memo 30/- of 23 Jun 44.

RECEIVED 1944
AUG 10 1944
Date.....

DS
8 AUG 44

[Signature] Capt
for ADDS NORTHERN REGION

Reply received 9/8/44

DS 30/1/5

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAT
30 Jun 44

DO
ANGAU
MADANG

Patrol Report M 5 of 43/44 - WOI1 Loga, T. U.I.

Receipt of the abovementioned Patrol Report is acknowledged.

2. The instructions issued in regard to housing and sanitation must be strictly enforced in this, and all other areas.
3. Were medical necessities of any description available in villages, and were Medical Units functioning as such?
4. The food position will need to be watched carefully. Were any poultry or live stock observed in the villages patrolled?
5. An endeavour to contact the Lulua KAUT of KAURIS should not be abandoned.
6. Operations have been responsible for the number of adult males absent from villages to reach as high as 50%. It is not considered necessary to exceed 30% now from any village group, and every effort should be made, when time permits, for the excess to be paid off and returned to their villages to assist in rehabilitation.
7. A list of any civilian property recovered during this and any other patrol is required by this HQ.

*See file
DS 6/1/42
re civ. property
1/4*

[Signature]
Capt
for ADDS HQ NORTHERN REGION

HQ
ANGAU

Forwarded.

May the portion of the Report (pages 3 and 5) dealing with missing and annexures concerning crashed aircraft, and Australian soldier captured by Japanese be referred to the appropriate authorities.

[Signature]
Lt-Col
Command, HQ NORTHERN REGION

DS 30/2/5

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAE
30 Jun 44


DO
ANGAU
HADIAG

Patrol Report N 5 of 43/44 - WOI Lema, T. U.J.

Receipt of the above-mentioned Patrol Report is acknowledged.

2. The instructions issued in regard to housing and sanitation must be strictly enforced in this, and all other areas.
3. Were medical necessities of any description available in villages, and were Medical Units functioning as such?
4. The food position will need to be watched carefully. Were any poultry or live stock observed in the villages patrolled?
5. An endeavour to contact the Lulusu EAST of KURIS should not be abandoned.
6. Operations have been responsible for the number of adult males absent from villages to reach as high as 50%. It is not considered necessary to exceed 30% now from any village group, and every effort should be made, when time permits, for the excess to be paid off and returned to their villages to assist in rehabilitation.
7. A list of any civilian property recovered during this and any other patrol is required by this HQ.

*See file
DS 6/1/42
re Civ. Property
1/4*


Capt
for ADDS HQ NORTHERN REGION

HQ
ANGAU

Forwarded.

May the portion of the Report (pages 3 and 5) dealing with mapping and annexures concerning crashed aircraft, and Australian soldier captured by Japanese be referred to the appropriate authorities.


Lt-Col
J. G. McMillen
Comd. HQ NORTHERN REGION

Ref. D.S.30/-.

RECEIVED JUN 1944
Date.....

DISTRICT HQ,
ANGAU, MADANG.
23 June 44.

H. NORTHERN REGION,
ANGAU, LAE.

DS30/1/5

PATROL REPORT - M.5 of 43/44 - WO.II. LEGA, T.W.J.

1. A comprehensive report covering much detail, which this Patrol Officer was asked to obtain, with a view to establishing systematic administration in the District.
2. Similar information from all S/Divisions will enable us to arrive at comprehensive figures for rationing throughout the District, and also enable us to restore the percentage of labour in over recruited villages to the maximum of 33 per cent. Other matters arising out of the report are receiving attention as time permits.
3. This report is the first occasion Patrol Officer Lega has worked for me, and the standard of his work promises of better things to come in the future.

H. Hamilton, Capt.
(H.E. Hamilton).
4/DISTRICT OFFICER.

DS.

DS 30/1/6

PROGRESS REPORT

MADANG

NO M 6 OF 43/44

BY

WOLL J. C. DOONAR

DS 30/1/6 18/8

DISTRICT HQ,
ANGAU,
MADANG.
12 July 44.

HH:JC
RECEIVED 18 JUL 1944
D/S

DS 30/1/6

HQ NORTHERN REGION,
ANGAU, LAE.

REWARD - TULTUL of BAN.

Ref: our DS 30/1/6 of 30 June 44.

2. Patrol Officer at BOGATI was instructed to have Tultul of BAN sent to this Office, in order that he be rewarded in accordance with ANGAU Admin. Inst. No.19 of 22 Oct. 1943, but to date he has not arrived.

3. In addition, BAN is included in a list of villages considered deserving of a Stud Bear, should a plan for distribution of such be adopted.

*Accounty taken
up with Do Madang
under DS. 18/12/47*

H. E. Hamilton Capt.
(H.E. Hamilton).
A/DISTRICT OFFICER.

DS

P.A.
75

DS 30/1/6

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAF
30 Jun 44

DO
ANGAU
MADANG

Progress Report M 6 of 43/44 - W011 Doonan, J.C.

Receipt is acknowledged of abovementioned Report.

2. It is assumed that the Tultul who lured one of the enemy stragglers within distance of the camp (page 2) was suitably rewarded. A promise of some reward to any native who conveys information concerning enemy activities or whereabouts should be circulated, and it should be impressed on Ialulais and Tultuls that it comes within their province as Government officials to encourage their village people to co-operate in reporting information concerning the enemy.

3. Remarks under the heading of "Health" have been noted. It should be advantageous in controlling infection that instructions be given to natives when erecting and establishing new villages to have an isolation ward built some distance from the village in order to quarantine infectious cases undergoing treatment. A separate latrine should be constructed and used by these cases while undergoing treatment. The necessity of a medical patrol through the area at an early date has been brought to the notice of A/DADMS.

4. Report on Police has been passed to CG, RPG, Northern Region. The attention of Patrol Officers should be directed to RPG Standing Order 34 in connection with the correct manner of referring to Police in Reports.

[Signature]
Capt
ICF ADPS HQ NORTHERN REGION

HQ
ANGAU

Forwarded.

Ref para 4 of DO's comments. Report and statements received from DO Hoon District in regard to the missionaries Dett and Wenz were forwarded to you under cover of DS 32/1 dated 29 Jun 44.

1 Jul 44

[Signature]
K. J. McMillan Lt-Col
COMD HQ NORTHERN REGION

RECEIVED

Date 27 JUN 1944

DS 30/1/6

Ref. D.S. 30/-.

DISTRICT HQ,
ANGAU, MADANG.
23 June 44.

HQ NORTHERN REGION,
ANGAU, LAE.

PROGRESS REPORT - M.6 of 43/44. - WO.II. DOONAR, J.C.

1. WO. DOONAR proceeded to BOGATI to fulfil general administrative duties in the BOGATI Area, comprising the KABENAU, KUR, MINJIM and IOWORO River valleys.
2. The report summarises his activities and observations up to 10th. June. It was intended he should remain in the area for some time supervising rationing and rehabilitation, checking on the recruiting situation, and attending to the miscellany of matters which arise from the occupation of an area and its subsequent re-occupation.
3. It was subsequently found necessary to transfer WO. DOONAR to SAIDOR, as C.I.C. and Lieut. R.W. JOHNSTONE has proceeded to BOGATI. He will handle the rationing situation, but his instructions restrict him to observation rather than active administration, until he is further experienced.
3. PAGE 1. RATIONING.
Good stocks have been built up. The aim in distributing rations is not propaganda through largesse; prevention of malnutrition is the aim.
4. PAGE 2. ENEMY ACTIVITY.
The two Bogadjim missionaries referred to are Rev. H. DOTT, and Mr. WENZ. Information to hand indicates that they were killed by Japanese at DUMPU and ORGORUNA. Endeavour is being made to interview eye-witnesses. It is believed WENZ is buried at ORGORUNA, and that DOTT's remains have been lost.
5. PAGE 2. BLACK SOLDIERS.
Pressure of work has not yet permitted enquiries to be made in regard to these statements. It is probable that there is exaggeration.
6. PAGE 3. INDENTURED LABOUR.
Most of recruiting was done by patrols working from DUMPU, and majority of recruits taken back there.
As circumstances permit, action will be taken in regard to over-recruiting, and the employment of some of the BOGATI Area natives in HUON District.

DS

H. E. Hamilton . Capt.
(H.E. Hamilton).
A/DISTRICT OFFICER.

Police Post, M-6-43/44
BOGADJIM.
10 June 44.

PROGRESS REPORT, WO.II. J.C. DOONAR.
From 25 May 44 to 10 June 44.

PERSONNEL:- WO.II. DOONAR, J.C.
R.P.C. 3588 LIAI.
AGOLI (ex TNG P)
INORLIN (Ex TNG P)
KALIER " " "
IAMAI " " " arrived 2/6/44.
BILO " " " "
R.P.C. 2626 PORTIGAN (arrived 3/6/44).

VILLAGES ON ROUTE.

On my way here I passed through villages of DERIN, GONO, ATO, and ERIMA. DERIN and GONO are very little affected by occupation of enemy. I addressed the Hats and gave them all information as to what was required of them. ATO Village had received some damage, but natives seemed to have situation in hand. ERIMA had been forced to take up new residence in area near road crossing of PALPA River. A new site chosen by them was inspected by me and permission given to rebuild. This road, mainly from ERIMA Village site to PALPA River Crossing is bordered by enemy buildings. For the most part, they are not near villages. Time would not allow me to inspect these buildings. One ERIMA Native was killed while fiddling with a hand grenade. This will serve as a warning.

VILLAGES IN VICINITY:-

All villages inspected by me in this vicinity were the same. Old Village sites were deserted and destroyed, either by enemy or our aircraft. The people had dispersed into small hamlets. Work of re-establishing was set about immediately. It was found that the site of BUGATI Village had been used by our troops, and left in a bad condition. Rubbish dumps and latrines being left just as they were. On this it was deemed advisable not to force these people to return here. Sites for BUGATI No.1. and No.2. were chosen and work began. All Village Officials from nearby have reported to me, including Paramount Luluai of KWATO. Reports as to condition of villages were heard and instructions to rebuild given. I have told all that I will visit their villages as soon as time permits, and expect to find the work well under way.

RATIONING.

WO. ASHTON on his patrol through here enquired into the food problem and recommended villages to be rationed. This I have continued to do as follows:-

BUGATI No.2.	Full Rations for 30 weekly.
MALE	" " " 10 "
AIYAU	" " " 30 "
VAULA	" " " 30 "
KINATO	" " " 30 "

Gardens directly on the enemy L of C to RAMU and SAIDOR are chiefly affected. During their retreat the enemy looted these. However it is my opinion that the natives foresaw this, and planted smaller gardens out of the way. These gardens are not sufficient to keep the natives until their new gardens bear so I anticipate more requests for food; moreover, these gardens do not give the natives a full diet, and unless supplemented, malnutrition may follow. With this in mind, I have been liberal in giving rations to these I considered genuine. Effects of malnutrition for some time past is evident in some children.

It will be found that the rationing of these people will have to be continued for some time, and carefully watched until new gardens are in full production.

PATROLS.

So far no actual patrols have been made. I have visited all villages within easy reach, and have given instructions about construction

PROGRESS REPORT: WO.II. DOONAR, J.C. Contd.PATROLS:-

of new sites, allowing the people to choose the actual place, and then inspecting it, and deciding upon it. The reasons for not being able to start patrols are as follows:- (1) Rationing and Stores at BUGATI. (2) Lack of efficient police. At first I had one R.P.C. and three ex. TNG Constables. Of these latter, two are not good types. One WORLIN of AITAPE was made a Police Boy at WAU after the Japanese had declared war, and has had no Police Training. The other KALIER is an undisciplined type. Therefore, it was impossible to make a satisfactory arrangement of Police. Both of these matters have been somewhat cleared up now, and I expect to be away soon. As previously stated I have made contact with all village officials in the area.

ENEMY ACTIVITY.

There are indications that there still are enemy stragglers in the area. One captured at BAN tends to bear this out. All Village Officials have been warned in this matter, and I believe they will give assistance as in the case of the one captured. The Tultui actually lured this one to within easy distance of my camp, and the Police had no trouble taking him. The enemy dealt with the natives with justice up to the time of the retreat. Looting of gardens, and using native houses for firewood seemed to be his chief fault. This is hard to understand, as this spoiled his otherwise good policy. His reported killing of the two BOGADJIM Missionaries did not help any. (Full details of this will be made known to you by Paramount Luluai of KWATO)

Natives of this area are very quick to tell of enemy black soldiers which they claim were plentiful and came from AMELE side. From this it is safe to claim that they themselves were not implicated. The story of SULU and MARGI in connection with Cpl. MERIRI's visit to here is indeed one of fine loyalty. This will be made the subject of another report if necessary, but facts of this can be obtained from P't Luluai of KWATO if you should so desire. The natives on all sides appear to welcome our return, and for the most appear anxious to help and impress.

HEALTH.

WO. WILKINSON carried out some medical work here, and it is a pity he was not allowed to continue, as a medical patrol is badly needed. The most serious outbreak so far, is Dysentery at villages of BONGU, and KALIKU, with isolated cases at BUGATI. Deaths so far are BONGU 5, and KALIKU 1. These people have not moved back into their villages as yet, and are living in small groups. This has helped to keep down the spread of the Disease. Up to the present, no new cases have been brought to my notice at BONGU, but one at KALIKU, and one at BUGATI have been reported. BONGU natives state that there are several enemy dead unburied in their area, which fact indicates the cause. There are cases of Framboesia, some as yet untreated, and one old man has a putrid leg caused by something beyond my meagre medical knowledge. As mentioned before, I have noticed some cases of malnutrition among children. Medical advice would indeed be of value in matter of rationing also. In all a Medical Patrol is absolutely necessary, if we wish to rehabilitate these natives.

POLICE.

The two R.P.Cs/ LIAI and PORTIGAN are two excellent types, and are of great help. R.P.C. LIAI has been with me since coming, and has carried out his duties efficiently and with commendable zeal. He is a credit to his training.

R.P.C. PORTIGAN is a new arrival, but has already impressed me with his bearing etc.

The remainder are ex members of TNG Police. Of these AGOLI is a good type, knowing Police Work well. However, he has shown lack of discipline in absenting himself without leave. Perhaps a refresher would be a help.

WORLIN has never been trained, having been pulled in to the police at WAU. This is obvious in his behaviour. If he is to be a member of the R/P.C., he is badly in need of good training. For this work, at present he is unreliable.

KALIER so far has shown no qualities or bearing of a Police Boy. How he ever was a member of the TNG Police is beyond me.

M
 R.P.C. PORTIGAN

I will indeed be pleased when he and WORLIN are replaced. The remaining two, BILO, and IAMAI are new arrivals, and I have so far had no opportunity to try them. However, they carry themselves in a good manner, and appear well disciplined.

INDENTURED LABOUR.

Most villages have been recruited 30 to 50 per cent of available males. As much rehabilitation has to be carried out, this is as much as this area can stand. Two facts have been conducive to making indentured labour appear black in the natives eyes. (1) The taking of the majority of recruits back to the LAE area. (2) Giving the native the idea that indentured labour is punishment. This latter is firmly planted in the natives' minds. I am sure that if these people understood our Indenture System, they would volunteer for work, as they appear to me a happy and most willing worker. It is to be hoped that by the time more recruits are required from this area both of these ideas will be changed. Some villages in the mountains have not sent in any men for recruiting. These I will recruit when I contact them. The number of villages or recruits affected, I do not know.

GENERAL.

I have given to understand that I want a Rest House built here, as quarters are unsuitable. The burst of industry following this was gratifying. A labour gang was organised and a Rest House of excellent design was begun. This appears to me as a gesture to the return of our administration, Offers of help coming from afar as YAULA. I found it necessary to name the number required on the job. This I am pleased to think is representative of the attitude of all these people.

In accordance with Major Farlow's instruction, it is my intention to establish a Police Post here, and centre my patrols from this point. It is obvious that some intense patrolling is necessary, and the establishment of a Post here will be of immense value to the natives and future administration.

One case of adultery was brought to me by BONGU native. I attempted to make an adjustment through village officials, but these were not able to settle the matter, therefore it will be necessary to hold a Court. This is the only court case brought before me since my arrival.

Since commencing this Report, new orders have come to me from the D.O., MADANG. As a result of this, this report may be inadequate, as many matters had been left for further investigation. When this post is wound up a fuller report will be submitted, this being as named only a progress report.

Clear
on
DS 30/1/7 sh/cc

PATROL REPORT

MADANG

NO. M 7 OF 43/44

BY

WO11 W. D. K. MOSSMAN

DS 30/1/7

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAE

3 Jul 44

DO
ANGAU
MADANG

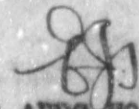
Patrol Report M 7 of 43/44 - W011 Messman, W.D.K.

Receipt of the above-mentioned Patrol Report is acknowledged.

2. Where dysentery and such like infectious diseases are prevalent, instructions should be issued for an isolation ward to be erected some distance from the main village, also an additional latrine for separate use by the infected cases.

3. Remarks under the heading "Native Situation" are noted. As soon as time permits, a small percentage of inland natives could be contacted and brought in to Madang, where the true position of affairs and the brighter war outlook explained to them before allowing them to return to their villages.

4. Further efforts to obtain information concerning the three crashed Allied planes, and the Allied airman buried at SIGU Village should be made by subsequent patrols.


Capt
for AIDS HQ NORTHERN REGION

HQ
ANGAU

Forwarded.


Lt-Col
K.C. McMullen
COMD HQ NORTHERN REGION

Ref. D.S. 30/-.

DISTRICT HQ,
ANGAU, MADANG.
23 June 44

RECEIVED

Date

JUN 1944

DS 30/17

HQ NORTHERN REGION,
ANGAU, LAE.

PATROL REPORT - M.7 of 53/44 - WO.II. MOSSMAN, W.D.K.

REMPI - MUGIL Area.

1. Above Report forwarded herewith.
2. The report tends to minimise the Dysentery Epidemic, although Mossman's original signal stated "large numbers of cases". The matter is now receiving attention. - The danger of it spreading to large numbers of labourers in this District cannot be over emphasised, and the precautionary measures now being taken should prevent this.
3. Pro-Japanese activity and sympathies mentioned in the Report will be further investigated.
4. Discoveries of planes and bodies are reported direct here, to the competent authorities.
5. Population statistics and rationing figures are being co-ordinated for the whole District. The recruiting figures are actually not as high as they might appear. Recruits on arrival at District Hq. are first subjected to examination by an experienced employer, (WO. WALES) who rejects unsuitables from a layman's point of view. They are then examined by an E.M.A. for organic weaknesses. Rejects do not appear in WO Mossman's figures.
Later it is hoped to establish a definite maximum of thirty three per cent of fit adult males recruited from any village in the District.
6. P.I.B. matters are being separately investigated.
7. The report adequately supplies the information desired - a quick survey of the Sub-Division for administrative purposes.

H. E. Hamilton . Capt.
(H.E. Hamilton).
A/DISTRICT OFFICER.
.....

DS

M.7. 4344

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCE

PATROL REPORT by W.O.II, MOSSMAN/W.D.K. REMPI AREA MADANG.

OBJECT of PATROL. (a) Recruiting.
(b) Reconnaissance of native gardens to determine
FOOD SITUATION.
(c) Investigate behavior of P.I.B. in this area.
(d) Information re crashed planes.

DURATION OF PATROL Thursday 25. May to Monday 12. June 1944. 18 Days.

PERSONNEL of PATROL N.G.X. 183. W.O.II MOSSMAN. W.D.K.
4 NATIVE CONSTABLES.
20 NATIVE CARRIERS to first village.

DAIRY.

Thurs. 25. May. Proceeded to SEK HARBOUR by barge. Rations drawn. Two Native Constables sent on to first village. MAYPARD/

Fri. 26 May. From SEK to Maypard Village. Track very wet. Village very dirty. Food plentiful. Health of natives GOOD. Propaganda talk given.

Sat. 27 May. Inspected Holapa Mission Station. Deserted. Proceeded to Aluag Village. Food here plentiful. Village clean. Settled minor native disputes.

Sun. 28 May. Inspected Harven and Budup villages. Food sufficient. Villages clean, health of natives fair. No Official Books. New Villages being built a short distance away from old sites. Arrived Karrigut village. Slept here.

Mon. 29 May. Passed through the following villages. Gog, Aber, Labdin. Food plentiful. Housing in bad state. A party of natives from Gesup Village returning from Jap area sent in to District OFFICER. These natives followed the Japanese up the coast when they retreated.

Tues. 30 May. Inspected villages of Budip, Tama and slept Sigu. No Official Village Books. This area clean but housing bad. Food is sufficient, natives very lazy and unhelpful. Five recruits obtained.

Wed. 31 May. Rained heavily all day. Lined natives from Balbe and Mook villages. Health of natives satisfactory and food sufficient. Villages clean. Two crashed Allied Planes visited. Information in Summary.

Thurs. 1 June. Buried Australian Airman at Sigu Village. Documents for Intelligence collected from Old deserted Japanese Radio Station near Sigu. Equipment destroyed.

Fri. 2 June. Following villages inspected Badinherk, Balavaok, Davak, Deian Dornala. These villages were not affected by war. Health fair, villages clean.

Sat. 3 June. Left Davak arrived Bubura passed through Maladick. 22 recruits obtained. Some cases of dysentery treated. 15.

Sat. 4 June. Left Bubura arrived Yap. Will line all villages in surrounding area here. Yap village unclean, health bad. Food just sufficient. Japanese propaganda has made headway in this area. Lined villages of Wasup and Gum, Garup. Food sufficient but health bad. Mainly suffering from Yaws. 10 cases of dysentery treated.

Sun. 5 June. Lined villages of Budum No. 1 and Yalo. Health good and food sufficient. 12 recruits obtained. Natives lazy.

Mon. 6 June. Spent the day finding the natives from Budum No. 1 and No 2. These natives have been living bush for six months.

Australian Military Force.DAIRY/ Page 2.

Tues. 7 June. No 1 and No 2 Budum arrived. Health bad and food insufficient for total village population. Village Officials unsatisfactory and others appointed to take their place. 8 cases of dysentery treated. 14 recruits sent in to Madang.

Wed. 8 June. Following villages inspected, Aronis, Likamat, Modicass, Liksal and Meigar. In these villages full rations are needed as all coastal villages have suffered through our bombing. The health of these natives is very bad, Dysentery and Yaws being the main complaint, these villages were visited in the afternoon, Barinas, Didura, Mon, three quarter rations for these villages, during the day thirty cases of Dysentery, started treatment.

THURS 9 JUNE. Inspected Saring village, half rations needed for this village, 10 Dysentery cases treated.

Friday 10 June. Spent all day treating Dysentery cases, three native Constables sent to all close villages to supervise building of latrines.

Sat. 11 June. Preceded along the coast. These villages were visited during the day. Odisis, Motuka, Yuerdick, Wasup and Goodass. 20 Dysentery cases, started treatment. 30 recruits sent in to Madang. All These villages have been knocked about and consequently full rations are needed.

Sun. 12 June. Following villages were lined and instructed to build latrines. Sampi, Kowear, Darda, Bayteta, Bageda. 15 cases of Dysentery, started treatment. Shortage of food, half rations needed. General health fair. 16 recruits sent in to Madang. Arrived Sek Harbour and spent night at ANGAU Labour Compound.

SUMMARY/

Food position. The natives from inland villages have sufficient food for local needs, however all coastal villages have very little food and it should be endeavoured to send food in the near future. Gardens in the area are unsatisfactory and the natives were instructed to immediately start planting new crops.

HEALTH. General health of inland natives was fair, although a few cases of Yaws were seen in each village. Dysentery may be found in most of the inland villages, however it cannot be considered an epidemic. All cases have been treated and it should not be long before there is an improvement in this area. The coastal villages are much worse off. This disease has probably been in this area for the past six months. Initial doses of Sulphaguanidine have been given to all cases and Village Medical Natives have been given instructions on how to continue treatment.

Native Situation. Natives in inland villages are Pro-Japanese. The reason for this is the fear that the natives have of the Japanese returning once again. The coastal villages have been exploited by the Japs and are glad to see us again.

Sanitation. In all villages sanitation was very bad. Latrines will be built immediately and villages cleaned. Enemy dead will be buried as soon as possible.

Housing. Most of the native houses in the villages are in need of repair although it will be some time before a start is made on this, for the planting of gardens is more important.

Enemy Activity. No news of any enemy troops was heard or during patrol. Enemy radio station at Sigu village was deserted, equipment destroyed. Some documents collected for intelligence.

Crashed Planes. Three crashed Allied Planes were found during this patrol. All burnt, no information of any value gathered. One watch from dead airman given to District Officer. Airman buried at Sigu village.

(3)

PATROL REPORT NO. II. MOSSMAN, Contd.

Statistics of Villages visited:-

VILLAGE	DYSENTERY No. of Cases	RECRUITS.	POPULATION			RATIONS NEEDED.
			Men	Women	Children	
MAYPARD	2	6	17	27	36	Nil
ALUAG	nil	2	13	15	19	"
BUDUP	"	nil	5	7	7	"
HARVEN	"	5	10	21	26	"
BARIP } HAIKO }	10	6	21	30	35	" }
KARRIGUT	3	11	26	36	43	"
ABER	5	13	29	35	54	"
LABDIN	12	5	24	17	17	"
BUDIP	4	5	28	40	47	"
TANA	3	6	19	16	15	"
BALBE	5	12	32	33	40	"
BARBIRIE	nil	nil	-	-	-	"
MOEK	"	2	9	8	21	"
SIGU	4	12	21	24	30	"
BADIMFOK	2	4	12	12	24	"
BALAVACK	1	-	14	12	12	"
BAVAK	6	-	16	15	23	"
DELAN	5	-	15	9	7	"
GADAVACK	1	-	4	5	10	"
DUDUALA	2	6	13	12	9	"
MAIADEK } WAINEDIK }	5	21	33	43	34	" }
BUBURA	6	7	21	21	12	"
GURUM	5	6	17	22	28	"
WASUP No. 1.	2	4	9	13	14	"
CARUP	1	10	20	23	51	"
BUDUM No. 1.	4	7	14	15	16	"
YALO	1	-	6	0	8	"
ORONIS	30	13	26	28	28	2 Ration
LIKIMAT	5	2	8	12	11	2 "
MODEASS	10	4	10	15	23	2 "
LIKSAI	22	15	31	26	36	4 "

REPORT NO. II. MOSSMAN, Contd.

VILLAGE.	DYSENTRY No. of Cases.	RECRUITS.	POPULATION.			RATIONS NEEDED.
			Men	Women	Childn.	
MEIGAR	2	19	34	36	53	$\frac{2}{3}$ Ration
BARANIS	7	13	26	28	51	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
NUM	10	4	8	7	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
DITUAR	7	nil	1	7	13	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
FOJU	12	10	31	41	63	Full Ration
MOTARGAR <i>MATUKA</i>	4	9	16	24	35	" "
ODISIS	8	19	18	12	37	" "
SARRUMERUNG	5	5	-	-	-	" "
YUORDICK	6	9	17	17	36	" "
WASUP NO.2.	9	4	9	10	17	" "
KUDUS	4	1	6	6	9	$\frac{1}{2}$ Ration
YAP	2	4	14	11	22	Nil
ARABUCK	-	-	12	6	16	$\frac{1}{2}$ Ration
BARGILIK	4	2	7	8	9	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
SAMPI	4	3	11	12	27	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
KOWEAR	7	-	6	11	17	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
DARDA	1	2	4	11	12	Full Ration
BAYTETA	-	-	6	4	6	" "

NOTE: The above figures cannot be taken as accurate, as in some cases, all of the natives had not come in from the bush.

(W.D.K. Mossman).

WO. II.
P.O.

COMPLAINTS RE P. I. B. BEHAVIOUR.1. YOURNDICK VILLAGE.

About three weeks ago a young Mary who is married and has a small child was raped by a Native Pte. Constable.

Her story:-

"I was sitting near a small stream in the bush with four other native women, when a P. I. B. Pte. Const. arrived and asked me to show him the road to my village. After I had proceeded a short distance away from the other native women this Pte. Const. grabbed me and threw me to the ground. At the time I had my small baby in my arms. After he had raped me he ran along the road I had told him led to my village. The other four native women heard my screams when I resisted, but they were too frightened to do anything."

(a) Mary's Name:- BOXSAL and child.

(b) Husband's Name: RAIL

Description of Pte. Const:- Small, very black skinned, with no marks on body.

The native woman thinks she could identify him.

2. YOURNDICK VILLAGE.

A very old blind woman was in her house with another old native woman, when a P. I. B. Pte. Const. entered and grasped the blind woman by the neck. He then proceeded to rape her. The other old woman went bush when she saw what was happening.

(a) Name of blind woman :- GALUP

(b) Name of other woman :- GUDUMASS

The woman GUDUMASS could identify the Pte. Const.

Description of Pte. Const:- Long, thin, with a reddish skin.

3. NUM VILLAGE.

A young native woman aged approx. 11 years was raped by 4 P. I. B. Pte. Consts. approx two weeks ago. Her name is BORENG.

The four Pte. Consts entered the village of NUM at night, lined the village, and took the above mentioned young woman with them to where they were camped. When this young woman's mother tried to interfere, the Pte Consts threatened to shoot her. When the Pte. Consts reached their camp the four one after another raped her. After they had finished, they gave her the sum of two shillings.

The young Mary could not identify these Pte Consts, as it was a very dark night.

3.a.

Next day mother of above young mary was in her house with her husband when two P. I. B. Pte Consts entered. They threatened the husband with their rifles, and he ran away. After he had gone these two native Pte Consts raped her.

They gave her in payment the sum of four shillings.

Husband's Name :- BARK

Wife's Name :- GUBAR.

Description of Pte Consts:- (i) With light skin (from Rai Coast).
(ii) Small and dark (from BUKA).

Complaints re P.I.B.

4. NUM VILLAGE.

Village Name Daylight.
Husband's Name :- TAMOL, Dr. Boy.
Wife's Name :- NARMEN, and one child 12 months.

Wife was in house with husband when six P.I.B. Pte Consts entered. Four of them took the husband away with them. The two that stayed behind then raped the young mother.

When this native woman endeavoured to call for help, the constables gave her a hiding.

In payment they gave this woman three sticks of tobacco.
Both the husband and wife could identify these Pte Consts.

One Pte Const was tall, with a light skin.
Second one small and very dark, from Suka, and no marks on skin.

From what information I can gather, these Pte. Consts. probably came from "A" Coy, P.I.B.

One such similar deed took place at BADIMFOK village, near SIGU, but I was unable to gather evidence, as the woman was away.

WO.II. MOSSMAN, W.D.K. P.O.

DS 30/2/1

PATROL REPORT

SAËDOR

No 8

BY

LIEUT J. I. RAE

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES

To OC ANGAU
321

Report No. 8 SAIDOR AREA, MADANG DISTRICT

Report of patrol by PX 149 Lieut. J.I. Rae

TO : The villages of KANGURIRI, SEL, SEURE, YAGOMI, MALALAMAI, BONGA, YARA and GALI, in the No.2 Rai Coast Area, MADANG District.

OBJECT OF PATROL : (a) To distribute food to the natives of all the coastal villages from LUYA to GALI in the No.2 Rai Coast Area ; and to the following inland villages in the same Area :- RUANGE, BWANA, TAPEN, MOAM, GABUTAMON, KOSIT, WATANG and TALMIRO.
(b) To encourage the natives to rebuild their villages, tend their old gardens and plant new ones. A team of twenty three labourers was sent out to the patrol from SAIDOR on 28 April 44 to give a little preliminary help to each community visited.

PERSONNEL : Lieut J.I. Rae ; three native police ; and twenty three native labourers.

DURATION OF PATROL : From 19 April 44 till 6 May 44.

DIARY : 19 April : From SAIDOR by barge with relief rations for the natives of No.2 Rai Coast Area at the shore at KANGURIRI, some at BONGA, and some at GALI. Slept at BONGA.

20 April : Issued food at BONGA to the villages of BONGA, YARA, KOSIT, YAGOMI, GABUTAMON, WATANG and MALALAMAI.

21 April : From BONGA to KANGURIRI.

22 April : Issued food at KANGURIRI to the villages of SEL, SEURE, TALMIRO, LUYA and KANGURIRI. Returned to BONGA in the afternoon.

23 April : From BONGA to GALI.

24 April : Issued food at GALI to the villages of RUANGE, BWANA, TAPEN, MOAM, and GALI.

25 April : At GALI. Colour.

26 April : From GALI to BONGA.

27 April : At BONGA. Received word from SAIDOR that Lt/Col Hogbin of LHQ would join the patrol at BONGA on 28 April. An anthropologist, he would observe and report on the native situation in this Area.

28 April : At BONGA. Village natives began the clearing of their site. Lt/Col Hogbin arrived by barge from SAIDOR. With him were twenty three labourers sent out from SAIDOR to help the patrol in its rehabilitation work.

29 April : With Lt/Col Hogbin, inspected the BONGA gardens. A ration store built at BONGA.

30 April : At BONGA. Rest day. Visited MALALAMAI with Lt/Col Hogbin in the afternoon.

1 May : Went from BONGA to GALI with Lt/Col Hogbin, returning to BONGA in the afternoon. The clearing and cleaning of BONGA village area completed. Latrines built.

2 May : Clearing done on YARA village site. Latrines built. Lt/Col Hogbin visited YARA.

3 May : Clearing of MALALAMAI permanent village site begun. Lt/Col Hogbin returned by road to SAIDOR. About noon Lieut Rae received instructions from OC ANGAU SAIDOR to return to SAIDOR for transfer to MADANG. An American patrol, based at MALALAMAI, expecting to return to SAIDOR on 4 May, handed over their surplus rations to the ANGAU Patrol. These rations were taken to BONGA.

4 May : Set aside at BONGA a fortnight's rations for the twenty-three natives and two native police engaged on rehabilitation work. Decided to leave this gang on the job pending the approval of the ADO SAIDOR. Ten GALI labourers and Const WALISAN sent to work at GALI ; the remaining thirteen labourers (comprising 9 MALALAMAI's, 2 KASU's and 2 SOMEK's) plus Const SUAME sent to work at MALALAMAI.

Divided the remainder of the surplus American native rations (see Diary - 3 May) among the villages of BONC, MALALAMAI, YARA and GALI. Joined the Americans at MALALAMAI and arranged to go with them to SAIDOR the same day on a barge which was expected. Barge did not arrive.

5 May : At MALALAMAI. Intended to walk to SAIDOR but a heavy fall of rain made the local streams unfordable with cargo.

6 May : By road from MALALAMAI to SAIDOR.

NEXT RATION ISSUE

(a) Another month's rations will be due for issue on 19 May.

(b) The Tul Tul of MANGAK (near KANGURIRI) has requested that his village and also the neighbouring village of APAK be included in the next issue, their rations to be landed at KANGURIRI. The gardens of neither village have yet been inspected, but the Tul Tul of MANGAK says there is a shortage of food at both places. The population of MANGAK was 57 on 27 Sep 41. There has not been an opportunity for the Patrol to check this figure or to ascertain the population of APAK. The Tul Tul of APAK has been instructed to take his village book to SAIDOR so that an approximate check may be made.

(c) In future TAPEN and MOAM rations should be landed at BONGA instead of at GALI. The BONGA - TAPEN road is much shorter than the GALI - TAPEN.

(d) It is suggested that the food issue to the following villages be increased to about two-thirds of a full ration :- MALALAMAI, BONGA, YARA, GALI, RUANGE, BWANA and KOSIT.

(e) It is suggested that the issue of fats to all villages might be doubled with advantage. Lt/Col Hogbin suggests also that an issue of tomato juice be arranged.

(f) For the guidance of the next issuing officer, the villages for issue, with their populations are listed hereunder. The populations of BONGA, YARA and MALALAMAI have been recently revised by this Patrol. Revision of some of the other village populations may be necessary where natives have recently been sent home from SAIDOR. A few scattered natives who may have failed to line a couple of months ago may now have joined the main village groups. Also, the loss of some of the village books makes it difficult at present to state the exact population figures in all villages. A careful re-census of the Area is needed.

The figures given below include men, women and children of all ages.

Supplied from KANGURIRI

KANGURIRI 19 ; LUJA 44 ; SEL 87 ; SEURE 80 ; TALMIRO 75 ; MANGAK 57 ; APAK ? (see section (b) above).

Supplied from BONGA

BONGA 69 ; YARA 35 ; KOSIT 22 ; GABUTAMON 185 ; YAGOMI 64 ; WATANG 56 ; MOAM 45 ; MALALAMAI 90 ; TAPEN 167 ; .

Supplied from GALI

GALI 75 ; RUANGE 52 ; BWANA 119.

(g) In order that the ration barges may be able to discharge their cargo and return to SAIDOR before dark on the same day, it will be necessary to :

(I) Load the KANGURIRI, BONGA and GALI cargo in three distinct and complete lots and with regard to the order of unloading.

(II) Supply at least thirty labourers to go on the barges and do the unloading.

(III) Supply a native to guide the barges to the three beaches. The doctor Boy of MALALAMAI, who knows all the local reefs, was used for this purpose on

the trip, and was most helpful.

REBUILDING of VILLAGES and GARDENS

(a) The work of rebuilding villages and clearing new garden sites will be greatly retarded until the natives are able to get some new knives and axes.

(b) All Iulusis who have not already done so have been told to call meetings of their people, decide where they want to rebuild their villages and get building materials ready, pending the visit of a patrol officer, who is to inspect the sites before building is commenced.

(c) American troops from SAIDOR and MUR are still paying unauthorized visits to WANGURIRI. The natives of this village want to rebuild their village on the former coastal site, but the unsettling visits of the troops have caused them to defer their rebuilding.

<u>Appendix A</u>	<u>Native Police</u>	The Patrol's three native Police did satisfactory work.
	No.	Const WALISAN
	No. 3072	Const SUAME
	No. 1800	Const JAMBUN

Appendix B Alleged Escapes from LAE Gaol Information was received by the Patrol, on 22 April, that a native, PETRO, alias ANTON, had been armed by an American patrol and was accompanying it towards MANGAK, near KANGURIRI. This native is believed to be an escapee from Lae Gaol. On 23 April two of the Patrol's police were sent to arrest this native, but failed to do so, mainly because one of the American patrol warned PETRO of their approach and thus enabled him to escape. The matter was reported on 26 April to the G2, US Force at SAIDOR.

Appendix C Crashed Bomber Crew On 25 April the Tul Tul of ROINJI, a village near the mouth of the YUPWA River, brought to the Patrol at GALL a message from Lieut Stone, an American Liberator Pilot of the 408th Bomber Squadron. Lieut Stone and his crew of nine had parachuted from their plane about 17 April. With Lieut Stone at ROINJI was another member of the crew, Sgt Richardson. Some food was sent back to them from GALL the same day, and it was suggested that they join the Patrol at GALL and make arrangements from there for their transport to SAIDOR. On the same day, a third member of the crew, Sgt Sharp, arrived at GALL, after an eight day's walk from the Upper Yupwa River. On the 26th of April, Lieut Stone and Sgt Richardson arrived at GALL, and, with Sgt Sharp went on by road to MALALAMAI and thence by barge to SAIDOR.

Five natives who had assisted these airmen were each given a tomahawk, a lava lava, and a ten inch knife.

Appendix D Unexploded Bombs There are seven unexploded American 250 lb bombs near the villages of BONGA and MALALAMAI, and one at YAGONI.

The matter has been reported to the G2, US Forces, at SAIDOR, and the early disposal of the bombs has been requested.

(SGD.(I.Bat)Lieut.....

DS 30/2/1

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAE

8 Jul 44

HQ
ANGAU (DS)

Task Force Patrol Reports

Forwarded herewith are copies of earlier Task Force Patrol Reports - Saldor Area. Particulars of the Reports, which were not numbered, are set out hereunder:-

Patrol Report by Lieut J.I.Rae - 24 Feb/19 Mar 44
" " WO11 T.W.J.Laga - 5 Mar/ 2 Apr 44

2. The following were submitted to HQ ANGAU with Lieut
3. Greathead's Report dated 19 Apr 44 (ref pages 48 - 52 incl.):

Patrol Report by WO11 J.W.Burnet - 19 Jan/23 Jan 44
" " WO11 F.R.Barnett - 23 Jan 44

K.G. Capt
for Lt-Col
K. G. McWallen
COMD. HQ NORTHERN REGION

Encl.

RECEIVED
JUN 19 1944

DS 30/2/1

DS 30/17/1

HQ ANGAU
2 JUN 44.

HQ NORTHERN REGION.

PATROL REPORT SAIDOR NO. 8 of 43/44.

Receipt is acknowledged of the above mentioned Patrol Report forwarded under cover of your memo DS 30/2/1 of 26 May 44.

2. Reports Nos 1 to 7 - Saidor area - have not yet been received at this HQ and it will be appreciated if copies may be forwarded as early as possible.

Sgt H
Dig out copy of
reports Saidor 1 to 7 pc
807/6

[Signature]
MAJ.
for DDES & NA.
(AOD).

DS
Noted
By 19/6.

Sent
17 98/7

DS 30/17/1

HC ANGAN
2 JUN 44.

REPORT FORM

NORTHERN REGION.

PATROL REPORT SAISON NO. 3 of 43/44.

Receipt is acknowledged of the above mentioned patrol report forwarded under cover of your memo DS 30/17/1 of 20 June 44.
Reports Nos 1 to 7 - Salcor area - have not yet been received at this HQ and it will be appreciated if copies can be forwarded as early as possible.

[Handwritten Signature]
20 JUN 44

Army Form CRIP (Small)
Page of 100 (Adapted Sect. 1915)

MESSAGE FORM

Register No.

Call

Srl. No.

Priority

Transmission Instructions

ABOVE THIS LINE FOR SIGNALS USE ONLY

FROM
(A)

Originator

Date-Time of Origin

Office Date Stamp

NO 1000 ANBAH

221100

For Action

Whom to know
Nedgall

TO

06 ANBAH ~~FOR FORCES 221 000~~

(w) For Information (INFO.)

Message Instructions GR

DO ANBAH MADANG

ORIGINATOR'S No.

DE 05 (.) YOUR REGNO 06 30 of 8 JUN 1945 (.)

IF US FORCES CANNOT SUPPLY TRANSPORT WITHIN ALL

LABOUR

DS

This message may be sent AS WRITTEN
by any means { except } Wireless

If liable to be intercepted or fall into
enemy hands, this message must be
sent IN CIPHER

Originator's Instructions
Degree of Priority

Time System

THI or TCR

Signed

Signal

[Signature]

Cap's

Time Cleared

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES.

RECEIVED

Date 20 JUN 1944

DS 30.
ANGAU Detachment,
APO 721.
8 May 44.

Hq Northern Region,
Angau. LAE.

DS 30/2/1 ?

8 Jun 44
Send desk calendar
if available

Patrol Report No. 8 of 43/44.

Ref your DS 30/2/1 of 26 May 44:

2. Your para 3: I have been unable to obtain transport either at Saidor or Madang to carry rations to villages East of Biding River. Yesterday 100 carriers left here for GALI with about 9 days rations for the natives rationed from the GALI dump. 100 more will leave tomorrow for BONGA with enough rations for three days for natives rationed from BONGA. Without supplementary rations the natives will not actually starve. We cannot maintain sufficient rations by carrier line and as the problem is urgent this memo is addressed direct to your HQ. The previous issue to these natives expired on 19 May. I visited the area recently (30 May to 2 Jun) and found conditions much worse than Lieut Rae's report led me to believe. A supplementary ration for 1400 natives for eight weeks total approx 37 tons.

3. Your para 4: I was unable to obtain a bomb disposal squad from the Madang area, but on my return to Saidor I contacted 743 Coast Arty. who will obligate by supplying personnel for the job if I supply or arrange transport. The matter is well in hand and should be finalised before I leave the area.

L. B. R. Kyngdon
(L. B. R. Kyngdon) Capt
OC Angau Det.

Copy for DO Madang.

DS

MESSAGE LOG

HQ Northern Region
ANGAI
PINSCHAFEN
26 May 44
DS 30/2/1

OIC
ANGAI DIST
SPC 321

Patrol Report No 8 of 43/44

1. Receipt is acknowledged of the abovementioned report.
2. Make every endeavour to effect the capture of the escaped prisoner, PETRO. He is a notoriously bad character, and if captured will need a very strong guard as he has escaped twice.
3. Advise this HQ what arrangements you have been able to make for transport of rations to refugee natives for the next ration issue.
4. Follow up the question of the unexploded bombs and endeavour to have them attended to before the departure of the US Forces.


Major
H.R. KIALL
AMDS HQ NORTHERN REGION

HQ Northern Region
ANGAI
PINSCHAFEN
26 May 44
DS 30/2/1

HQ ANGAU

1. Forwarded for information
2. Due to the shortage of staff with experience of the Madang Area it was necessary to transfer Lieut Roe to Madang before this patrol was completed.


Lt Col
K.S. MacKULL
COMD HQ NORTHERN REGION

Encl

file

DS 30/2/2

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES.

24 MAY 1944

DS 30.
Angau Detachment,
US Forces,
APO 321.
19 May 44.

Hq Northern Region,
Angau,
FINACHLAFEN.

DS 30/2/1

PATROL REPORT No. Saidor 8 - Lieut Rae J.

This Report follows No. Saidor 5, by the same Officer over part of the same area.

2. Ref page 2: 'Next Ration Issue' - rations are on hand for distribution to these villages, but there is difficulty in obtaining sea transport. AQ \$ Aust Div Madang will be approached for supply of 2 barges, failing this it may be possible to make other arrangements, or carry overland. One month's rations amounts to approx. 20 tons. All villages mentioned will be rationed. In my opinion the issue of additional fats is essential - they will be issued. Tomato juice is on hand - your permission is sought to issue this - it is necessary at least until the native put on some condition.

3. Twenty three native labourers who were sent to assist with rehabilitation have been repatriated.

4. CO American Sub Base F (Saidor) issued an instruction on 18 May putting all native villages out of bounds. It has been arranged for Military Police to patrol certain areas.

5. There has been no further information regarding PETRO alias ANTON, although he may be a native seen proceeding West of the Mot River about three weeks ago. He was armed with grenades.

6. The matter of unexploded bombs will again be taken up with the JS Commander.

R. Kyngdon
(L.C.R. Kyngdon) Capt

DS 30/2/2

DISTRICT SERVICES
NORTHERN REGION

PATROL REPORT

BY

WO 11 J. W. BURNET

NO 89

DISTRICT SERVICES
NORTHERN REGION

30 MAY 1944

Read

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES.

A.N.G.A.U. Detachment
U.S. Forces
A.P.O. 321
23 May 44.

Report No. S.9.....

To: O.C. Detachment
A.N.G.A.U.
S A I D O R.

DISTRICT SERVICES
NORTHERN REGION

Patrol Report of PX 157 WO 11 Burnet, J.W.

To: "A" YOGA YOGA and Nankina - Mot headwaters via YORI - WIRAI
GABUMI - SEIN - AIYAU - ISANGAN - SINDAMAN - MASIBANG - LANGANI.
"B" MAIBANG - DAMOIN - GORIONG - WARAI.

OBJECT OF PATROL.

"A" To accompany operational platoon of the 24th. ^{B/7} Brigade (A.I.F.) through route taken by retreating Japanese following SAIOR landing for the purpose of "Mopping UP". Duties to be undertaken were (1) Guide. (2) Interpreter (3) Native Intelligence

"B" General duties and investigation.

PERSONNEL.

24th. Brigade. Plts 2, NCO's 4, Privates 24

A.N.G.A.U. PX 157 WO 11 Burnet, J.W. District Services
FX 135 WO 11 Osborn W.N. N.L.O.
NX 14320 Sgt Lewis R de C W.L.O.

C. 3283 Sgt MURILE
2284 L/Cpl SAPI
1965 Const LUEN
3012 " MUMAI

Native Carriers. One hundred and forty three. (143).

DURATION OF PATROL.

From 9 May to and including 21 May 44.

DIARY.

Travel times are those of the slowest carrier.

MAY.

Tuesday 9th. Departed SAIDOR by motor transport. Called GALEK labour compound and dispatched 73 carriers to YORI with native rations for patrol. Arranged housing for carriers and troops in YORI village. Troops, further 70 carriers, NCO's 2 Sle

Wednesday 10th. Allotted 143 natives with suitable loads for mountain work. Departed YORI for GABUMI at 0715 K. Arrived GABUMI 1015K (3 hrs). Checked census. Departed for SEIN 1230K arriving SEIN 1340K (1hr 10 min). SEIN natives not contacted outwards journey.

Thursday 11th. Departed SEIN 0710K very muddy track, arrived AIYAU 0820K, natives not contacted outwards journey. Departed AIYAU for SENDAMAN 0830K Travel time 3 hrs.

Friday 12th. Contacted SIBOC - SINDAMAN natives early am. Reliable intelligence received. Labourers and Overseers remained SINDAMAN. WO 11 Burnet, Sgt MERILE and Const MUMAI went forward with 7 of a fighting patrol, located enemy. Killed one enemy Lieut. and 3 privates. Patrolling area and passed on to MASIBANG with Overseers and Labourers.

Saturday 13th. Contacted MASIBANG natives and intelligence shows no further enemy in immediate vicinity. Broke camp and crossed into YAWI - Nankina headwaters passing through LANGANI road precipitous and muddy. Camped on tributary of Nankina R. approximately 1000 metres from YOGA YOGA and set up patrol HQ and defence lines.

Sunday 14th. Contacted LANGANI and YOGA YOGA natives and it was reported that four (4) enemy were in garden to east of YOGA YOGA reconnaissance of camp area and all inroads.

ADS

DIARY
CONTINUED.
MAY.

Monday 14th. Mission boy (ex FINSCHAFEN) of ULAP arrived into village with YOGA YOGA natives. Grave suspicion he has been in league with the enemy. He denied his ability to speak "Pidgin" and attempted to dominate local natives causing them to withhold information. Second time warned to refrain from interruption he broke into "Pidgeon" and was impudent. He was quickly given to understand what was required of him. Later he escaped and proceeded in the general direction of BAMBU (B55/6 57.4 51.5). Unable to locate him. Local natives substantiated information re enemy east of YOGA YOGA stating that 3 were already deceased and one was camped on the main Ya YOGA YOGA road. This information checked and patrol killed one Jap on main track.

Tuesday 16th. Interrogated YOGA YOGA natives and offered reward for information leading to the capture of ULAP mission teacher. All information discloses no further enemy in area.

Wednesday 17th. Broke camp and returned direct to SINDAMAN via YAWI River route, road almost impossible with cargo. Arrived SINDAMAN 1430K (7 1/2 hrs) Camped. Sgt Axientieff arrived with rations for troops at 1600 hrs.

Thursday 18th. WO 11 Osborne and Sgt Axientieff returned their respective HQ via SIBOG - SURI route. Sgt Lewis remained with troops with necessary labour. L/Cpl SAPI and Const LUEY were returned to HQ. WO 11 Burnet, Sgt MERTLE, Const MUMAI and 17 carriers proceeded with further investigation and general duties patrol. Census checked at SINDAMAN shows available natives now numbering 37, (village book destroyed by enemy). Broke camp at 1115K and proceeded to AIYAU (2 hrs) lined natives (no village book) available population 51.

Viewed new village site and garden areas which were approved. Proceeded to SEIN and owing to instructions sent to SEIN natives on outwards journey they had reoccupied their village and were employed partly with making village habitable and partly with garden areas. SEIN available population (no village book) is 21.

Friday 19th. Left SEIN 064K and took direct route through MOT River headwaters to MAIBANG. Road very steep necessitating use of ropes for descent. Built rough bridge over Mot River. Arrived MAIBANG 1130 hrs. Lined natives and checked census, available population 116. Village site moved from rocky outcrop to good village and garden site 300 yds north of old village. Unrest re recruiting settled.

Saturday 20th. Departed MAIBANG 0730K for DAMGIN. Village intact and natives in occupation. Inspection of gardens shows sufficient foods to meet immediate and future requirements. Available population (no village book) is 48. Proceeded to GORIONG, housing there is in bad condition but population in occupation. Inspection of gardens shows insufficient foods to meet requirements, assistance provided. Census check shows the alarming figure of 20 deaths and only one birth. Available population is 61. Two sick sent to hospital.

Instructed to first plant gardens and later to attend to necessary construction work. Indigene advised to increase birth rate. Left GORIONG for WARAI. Examination of new works satisfactory. Census check shows population now 53. Police and labourers rationed from WARAI dump. Letter to GALEK for European rations. Raining. Slept.

Sunday 21st. Absences of WARAI during yesterdays census check resented themselves early A.M. Proposed to leave for MIB- SIRIENG - REITE area but received instructions from OC Detachment to return to HQ. This accomplished by walking to MOT River where motor transport was arranged and patrol returned HQ at 1735K.

SUMMARY.

PATROL "A".

Little can be said regarding this operational patrol other than it successfully completed its assignment.

The success was partly due to the valuable information given by the natives to the ANGAU representative with the patrol.

Almost all natives en-route were contacted and gladly assisted the patrol not only by giving valuable assistance with

(Page 3)

items of intelligence, but also by their willingness to assist this Australian patrol in the little duties which can make patrol duties much easier; the only deviation from this co-operation was found to exist with the ULAP mission teacher. Steps have been taken to undermine his authority and also for his ultimate capture.

PATROL "B".

The villages south of SEIN, owing to the inability of the enemy to visit all gardens owing to the scattered hamlets in the area, will be able to maintain their own food supplies, in fact ASANG natives are now trading Taro with the beach natives for lime, which is conclusive evidence that they have sufficient foods for their own needs.

The position alters at MAIBANG owing to the occupation of that village by the enemy. Assistance was provided for these people.

DAMOIN people have sufficient foods for immediate needs as the terrain was too open for the enemy to establish themselves in the vicinity; the enemy passed straight through DAMOIN without leaving the main track for foods but settled at GORIONG resulting in a shortage of food in this area. This problem has been adjusted.

The most alarming factor at GORIONG is the figures of births against deaths, deaths number 20 while the increase is only one. These people were advised to increase their birth rate and OC this Detachment was advised of the above death and birth rate, with the suggestion that all married labourers be returned to the village, this has been done.

WARAI natives are employed successfully on garden areas and construction works as previously instructed by OC Det.

Throughout the patrol the routine procedure was rehabilitation, commencing with attention to old garden areas and the establishment of new ones, this point was made clear that gardens must be first consideration, when adequate areas were under cultivation then and only then was any extensive construction work to be undertaken.

Other duties during the patrol were those of a normal routine nature.

CONCLUSION.

Although the enemy have made their impression over the route of retreat, active patrolling and advice by a competent officer, plus the co-operation of the indigene will quickly bring the position back to a reasonable level where the population once again will be self supporting and fairly well housed.

The rebuilding of villages and repair of much damaged roads will of course be a large undertaking and laudable intentions for the future which can only be undertaken when the population have returned once again to normal routine with sufficient foods and comforts to meet their needs.

The laborious procedure of roads and bridges will naturally follow the return to normal times.

The introduction of pigs to supplement the much depleted numbers of pre war times would be an asset, in fact to eventually balance the diet, as produced by the native, this supply of pork on the hoof is essential.


.....
J. W. Burnet, WO II. A.N.G.A.U.

RECEIVED
Date... 21 JUN 1944

DS 30/2/2

DS 30/17/2

HQ
ANGAU

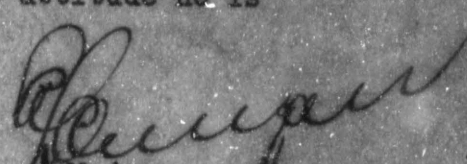
17 Jun 44.

HQ.
NORTHERN REGION.

PATROL REPORT - SAIDOR NO 9 OF 43/44.

1. Receipt is acknowledged of the abovementioned Patrol Report forwarded under cover of your memo DS. 30/2/2 of 1 Jun 44.
2. In regard to the passage in the ADO's remarks "ANGAU places too much emphasis on Native Labour, and demonstrates a lamentable disregard for the welfare of the people left in the villages." The GOC has commented as follows:-

"I cannot accept such remarks as those underlined in para 4 of ADO's minute. If he, as ANGAU representative is adopting this attitude he is failing in his duty."


Major.
For DDDS & NA.
(AOD)


DS 30/2/2

DO
ANGAU
BADANG

Memo DS 30 of 24 May 44 from ADO Saidor refers.
Please draw ADO's attention to GOC's comments on his remarks.

DS

24 Jun 44


Capt
For ADDS HQ NORTHERN R

DS 30/2/2

ANGAU DIST
HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
LAE
1 Jan 44

HQ
ANGAU (DS)

Patrol Report No 8.9 of 43/44

1. Attached is Patrol Report by WO11 J. W. Burnet.
2. The patrol was mainly for the purpose of conducting a platoon to mop up Jap stragglers, but the Patrol Officer was able to carry on normal administration work at the same time. This has been the dual object of all Patrol Officers in operational areas, and experience has shown that both tasks can be successfully accomplished.
3. The AD at Saidor has been able to obtain fairly large stocks of native rations from departing US troops, which will ensure that there is ample available for refugee natives. The only difficulty is transport, which in a short time will become acute as more and more troops leave this area.
4. The majority of natives who have been employed as labourers are being paid off and returned home. This will enable the natives to rehabilitate their villages and gardens, and no further recruiting will be done in the area for at least three months.
5. The Patrol officer at ULAP has been instructed to check up on the native Mission Teacher if he has returned to his village.
6. WO21 Burnet is overdue for leave and has been recalled to HQ for that purpose.


Lt-Col
K. C. McMullen
Comd. HQ NORTHERN REGION

Copies to ADO SAIDOR
DO MADAEG } or information.

Noted.
H
2/1/44

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES

HQ Northern Region
ANGAU
FINSCHHAFEN

Recd DS 30/2/2
30 MAY 1944

ANGAU DET
APO 321
24 May 44
DS 30

DISTRICT OFFICES
NORTHERN REGION

Subject : Patrol Report S9 - FX 157 WO 11 Burnet J.W.

1. Enclosed please find Patrol Report S 9.
2. Lt.Col Smith, CO 24 Aust Inf Bn has expressed his appreciation of assistance rendered by ANGAU.
3. It will be noted that WO Burnet has referred to checking census. These counts have been made necessary to check number of natives being rationed by the Army.
4. Ref GORIONG village, para 4, Patrol B. All GORIONG natives have now been repatriated. Unfortunately GORIONG village is not the only one to suffer, and in circumstances and cash permit natives are being repatriated from the labour line. In my opinion, each Task Force Detachment should include an officer (and an ex-commercial NG resident) whose sole responsibility would be Native Welfare. Similarly, there should be a Medical Assistant provided for patrolling the most distressed areas. ANGAU places too much emphasis on Native Labour, and demonstrates a lamentable disregard for the welfare of the people left in the villages.
I agree with WO Burnet that "laudible intentions for the future must be left until the people are settled. Gardens are of primary importance.
It is presumed that HQ are aware of the immediate necessity for providing breeding pigs. It will be years before hogs increase to normal numbers.

R. K. ...
.....
R. K. Kyngdon Capt
CO ANGAU DET.

H.Q. Rama District.

4/2/42

copy

DS 3/10

Blenda

resume for reference to particular

inclosure papers on 21/42

Dear Colonel Taylor,

A brief resume of district happenings will interest you. As you perhaps know the headquarters of Madang District had been established at NOBANOB. Subsequent experience showed it was tactically unsound to have a district headquarters in the forward area instead of at the back of the district. Consequently when the Japanese landing occurred at Madang our main consideration was the removal of the wireless station, valuable records etc., and the destruction of such documents and records that might be of value to the enemy. Even so it was impossible to get everything out we should have liked to. Cash, stores, etc. had to be abandoned.

Due to some apparent carelessness at the cypher office Moresby a radio timed 0620 hrs did not reach us until 1730 hrs and by the time it was decoded it was much later. Air activity and bombing and machine gunning of an area near the Madang drome at 1705 hrs on 18-12-42 was a contributing factor to further delay in attention to this important radio. When the bombing and machine gunning took place I was at NAGADA having just supervised the loading of m.v. "Edith" and seeing its departure for Bogia with Sgts. Power and Rasmussen. By the time I had returned to NOBANOB to get the news that "ENEMY CONVOY EXPECTED MADANG MORNING OF NINETEENTH," there was only a small interval of time before the watch reported that a warship's searchlight had been sighted between MARKAR and ALEXISHAFEN. In fact upon arrival at our NOBANOB quarters said to the other "Well at least we will have time for a good meal and a bath before we start evacuating our stuff". I hardly had the words out of my mouth when the PB watch burst in very excited with the news "Manover ikum finis"! Shortly after this air activity commenced up and down the Madang seaboard and a continuous hubub of noises, punctuated by periodic explosions and bursts of machine gunfire, started and lasted all night and all of the next day.

With the willing assistance of the folk of NOBANOB village and contiguous hamlets all vital wireless gear, office records, etc., were evacuated to KAMBA. Before the wireless was removed Sig. Burton advised the local position on "X" frequency keeping his installation set up as long as possible.

I am sorry to say the native police showed up in a very bad light - however there were exceptions. Before evacuating Madang I lined the police told them the position and that our first step was to evacuate their wives and children to KAMBA two hours away. The Kavieng native clerk and police boy FEDERO appeared to be giving every assistance in getting police, their wives, etc. to KAMBA. I remained behind with my personal staff - all of whom come from the uplands and can be relied on in an emergency - and tried to see what was taking place from NOBANOB look-out. I could not discern the outline of ships or landing craft and could see nothing beyond occasional gun flashes, aircraft presumably allied silhouetted against the sky when they flew overhead - however there was plenty of noise to compensate for what one could not see. In view of the proximity of NOBANOB to the coast and the fact that the forward elements of the Japanese force had come ashore in the vicinity of 2015 hrs I left NOBANOB and proceed at about 2200 hrs to KAMBA to see how the evacuation of personnel gear and stores was proceeding.

A.B.C. (D)
17/2
M...
14/2

Upon arrival at KAMBA it was found that all wireless gear, records, stores, etc. had been successfully got out but no thanks to the police who had showed up in a very bad light. It appears that N.C. FEDERO of Kavieng had incited all police from districts occupied by the Japanese to desert and throw in their lot with the enemy. Subsequent enquiry revealed that he had been advising the police after the evening parade and putting over pro-Japanese talks - and this long before - it was anticipated by us that the enemy would occupy Madang. "We know the roads. We know the store dumps and Government stations. When the time comes we will lead the Japanese in to attack the Europeans"! FEDERO, TOTUK of Manus, YAMAI of Siassi, LELAU of Manus and perhaps less actively the Sgt-Maj. SINIRAU associated with the renegade Madang Cpl. MAKIS alias TOGALAP - the native 'King' of Madang (Leader of a movement akin to the Papuan "Vailala Madness" with pro-Japanese manifestation) - were the leaders of this disloyal movement.

However the loyal support and assistance given us by the indiginous Kanakas as Madang was evacuated provided a heartening contrast. It clearly supported the views of myself and other officers that the native constabulary is rotten to the core. They have been kept under control by a policy of appeasement - virtually they have been kept contented by granting them one concession after another and they have been allowed to do native administration instead of being confined to purely police duties. The system has meant there has been a premium on disloyalty and little or no effort is made to

DS 3/10

prevent them becoming involved in all sorts of intrigue and corruption associated with women, pigs, black magic and the duping of dim-witted Europeans to serve their own ends.

It has been said the happiest feature of the Madang evacuation has been the loyalty and assistance we have received from the indigenous native populations as we evacuated. It shows that the native is not generally hostile to the whiteman but that the intermediate people - the native police, native missionaries and other go-betweens foster the latent antagonism that exists between all classes and races of human society. If we could have had a majority of white soldiers or police instead of native police in such an area as Madang we could have expected happier results. The white man should deal direct with the black if he wants his confidence. We want native police but we don't want them to become too powerful. They have been too powerful an influence on native society and unfortunately a power for evil being as it has been largely undirected.

However to continue with the story. We continued moving through the night and next day. Native informants told us that a Japanese patrol had arrived at NOBANOB the morning following our departure at 0600 hrs. At 1130 hrs my personal servant AFO of Furari and I who had remained behind the main body to watch air activity over Madang heard machine gun fire within a mile or so in the direction of KAMBA or OHE. On the morning of the 19th a PW watch reported a small cargo vessel standing off the Madang wharf and considerable pinance or barge traffic to and fro about the harbour. Native witnesses claim this vessel was sunk by bombs but I have been unable to confirm this by other than native sources.

District Headquarters was moved back along the route UTU-AMAIMON MUSAK-BANAM - USINI and remained at the USINI crossing over the Ramu River until 1st January. Here contact was made with Capt. J.I. Taylor and his Sepik party. When W.O. Blood, Sgt. Golden and Sgt. O'Connell had arrived after doing good work in the KEKU - BOGATI area watching and reporting on enemy activity and salvaging Sepik stores ex m.v. Thetis and records etc from the Base at KEKU the USINI area was evacuated. Subsequently Japanese patrol activity showed, that we only got out of this area in time. Capt. Taylor and W.O. Blood proceeded down the Ramu River with their salvaged cargo on canoe rafts and myself and Sgt. Golden to the IWAM area where district headquarters was established and not at Bena Bena as H.Q. N.G.F. I believe suggested.

W.O. N.B.N. Blood and Sgts. Golden and O'Connell did particularly bold work getting the Sepik stores out from BOGATI and KEKU when Japanese patrols were known to be in the area - mouth of GOCOL-BOGATI inclusive.

From Headquarters in IWAM area reorganisation was commenced and additional personnel from 6th Independent Coy. A.I.F. enabled forward scouting and evacuation of enemy alien missionaries to be got under way.

On 23 January I left the IWAM area to proceed to Bena Bena to establish a new Headquarters consequent upon advice received from H.Q., ANGAU, to take over as District Officer the upland area from AIYURA to MOUNT HAGEN and incorporate it in the new Ramu District.

On 29th January I arrived at Bena Bena and met Capt. L.W. Heinecke, Lieut. E.T. Fulton, A.I.F., A.N.G.U. and Lt. Rooke, C.C., Bena Force. The question of the native labour for operational requirements of the Bena Force was satisfactorily dealt with. Mr. Rooke stated he was very satisfied with A.N.G.U. assistance and progress made with the defended locality round the Bena Bena aerodrome.

En route to Bena Bena I conferred with Capt. Costelloe at Chimbu. Unfortunately he had injured his knee and was forced to hobble about on crutches. However this has not prevented him maintaining most effective control over the exclusive Chimbu population. The native situation of his sub-district is excellent. Hundreds of labourers are available at practically a minute notice. In fact Chimbu labour up till now is the only reliable labour available from KAIWANTU to HAGEN. For this reason Capt. Costelloe should remain at Chimbu until such time as the native situation at Bena Bena is got in hand.

W.O.2 James, has a completely inexperienced ANGU man, has had a job thrust on him that would tax the resources of an experienced civil administration District Service official. He is unable to speak pidgin and has some twelve native police under him of a most undesirable type. These police have unknown to Mr. James been indiscriminately shooting pigs and I have arrested two police for murder. In both cases for shooting unarmed men on the main road. Needless to say the local people have been made wild by a complete lack of justice in administrative method, personal intrigue alone motivating the actions of the police.

I do not blame W.O. James. He has not known what is going on and his police are shrewd enough to handle him so that he is water at their heels.

The arrest of the two police and the general re-establishment of discipline apart from the fact that I have known the Bena Bena people since 1934 has done much to establish confidence.

Whilst on the subject of W.O. James, attention is drawn to the unavailability of many A.N.G.U. appointees. It should be staffed by native experts. In a forward area young, intelligent experienced well trained men are required. Of present District Staff Lieuts. Montgomery and Bergin are not physically fit: and apart from this aspect have not the temperamental qualifications that fit them for A.N.G.A.U. Sgt. Golden is a Militia appointee with no previous Territorial experience and no particular flair for the work. He has not the educational qualifications for appointment under civil administration. Further other recent A.N.G.A.U. appointees in this district although they have been in the Territory for some years have not a great knowledge of natives and a restricted knowledge of pidgin, some are considerably overdue for leave and are consequently stale. At this juncture in District Administration young active experienced men should be made available to lead operational troops, to act as forward scouts and to do liaison work. Experienced men like Lieut. E.T. Fulton and Capt. Heinecke are what is wanted. COULD THE FOLLOWING MEN BE MADE AVAILABLE RAMU DISTRICT JIM GRAHAM, ALISTAIR McLEAN, DANNY LEAHY, FRANK BOISON, JIM DOWSETT, C.T. NORRIS, SID ASHTON, G.O. O'DONNELL. These underlined have important local knowledge. A good clerical man is also wanted at District H.Q.

The detachment of A.I.F. from the 6th Independent Company are doing good work but unfortunately should be led by experienced men like Lieuts. Greathead and Chambers who are now attached to the A.I.B. In fact the A.I.B. organization has been built up at the expense of A.N.G.U.A. the latter being left to carry on with inexperienced or partly experienced men, e.g. Lieut. Greathead's party consists of three experienced men, himself Lieuts. Chambers and Cambridge. Each if in A.N.G.U. could lead separate parties and train new men. Three leaders in one party seems a waste when A.N.G.U. in this district has only partially experienced men to act as leaders and for liaison duty.

If available Ramu District needs an additional six experienced young ex civil administration District Service officials. These are all wanted in forward areas working in conjunction with patrols of Bena Force, the 6th Independent Coy detachment and patrols sent out by D.O. Ramu of purely A.N.G.A.U. personnel. The men have now are doing the job and their hearts are in the right place. However one must not lose sight of the fact that all are overdue for leave. All have been over two years since last returning from leave, Sig. S. Burton has had no leave for five years - Sgt. Power some seven years - Pte. Allen some ten years. It is these men who are doing the forward work. They cannot do it indefinitely without leave. Sgt. Power has expressed definite wish NOT to be sent on leave. I also have no wish to go on leave. However others would benefit from leave and would come back fresh for the job ahead of us.

At the present time watching operations come first and normal native administration takes second place. Forward patrols are now operating from the various sub-district headquarters. Bogia staff are operating from bases established in the vicinity of Atemble and Josephthal. A party of 5 A.I.F. under Lieut. Searson are proceeding to Atemble from Mount Hagen to locate a land route through the AIOME pigsties. These five AIF will work with Bogia staff on forward scouting activities and will help to evacuate civilians and missionaries.

A detachment of A.N.G.U. and A.I.F. (6th Independent Coy) are operating from BUNDI performing the same duties.

The Bena Force in co-operation with A.N.G.U. staff at Bena Bena are patrolling down to the Ramu River area.

Lieut. Ewing has native watching stations in the Markham operating from KAINANTU.

At the present time native administrative duties continue in the uplands. The native situation in the Chimbu area is excellent. Also the Chimbu valley as far as BUNDI. I understand that the position at Mount Hagen and Waghi is reasonably satisfactory.

The position at Bena is rapidly improving but there is considerable tribal fighting between FININTU and BENABENA along the main road. Lieut. Ewing reports an improvement in the position in regard to native labour supply at KAINANTU. The question of adequate local labour supply for operational requirements is not being lost sight of.

The fact that the Furari uplands are of strategic importance especially for the enemy has been stressed in other reports. The malarial free climate, the huge reservoir of native food and labour - not to mention the suitability for concentration of a fighting force within accessible distance of the Markham Valley and Madang via the BUNDI pass are facts that should be brought to the notice of those controlling operation activities.

If the enemy forces an entry to those uplands it will be one hell of a problem to get him out. The chain of aerodromes in the area, from Hagen to Yainantu and the native food resources would be of major importance to the Japanese.

A small mobile force of say one infantry company stationed (each of the places) at Bena Bena, DENGARAGU and KAINANTU would deny the enemy's patrol's access and safeguard the whole area.

The question of defence having been dealt with we can discuss immediate ANGAU requirements in the district. Increase of personnel by six for forward duties. An increase of staff if available to occupy the more important Mission Stations as farms for the production of meat eggs and vegetables for troops. If available men should be posted on Mission properties at MIGENDE, EGA, KEROWAGI, DENGARAGU and MOUNT HAGEN. The AIWUPA Agricultural Station should be able to produce large quantities of European vegetables at short notice if some indication be given now if the Purari Plateau is to become an operational area or a place for the concentration or assembly of troops.

Whilst on the subject of troop movements the question of proper co-ordination arises. AIB parties bound for the Sepik and Hollandia recently landed at Bena Bena with large quantities of cargo. They could have been landed with stores intact at Hagen on an excellent drome without the loss of time and inefficiency of human portage all the way to Mount Hagen. In fact one can not help but remark the extraordinary lack of co-ordination in the movements of A.I.B. parties. Lieut. Greathead's party took seven months to get to Madang from Townsville to arrive too late to do the job he was teed up to do all those long months ago. A simple radio message to the D.O. Madang using the existing A.N.G.A.U. organisation would have ensured demolition work being done. As for the intelligence side of the job A.N.G.A.U. can do it if we are given the men.

When I met Lieut. Greathead at BUNDI we liaised and it was arranged that he would be responsible for a watching station in the Finisterre and that he would take over the Rai Coast area. Enemy patrols in the Rama valley upset his plans to proceed there as soon as possible. If Mr. Greathead is able to get to this area it will work in well with District plans as he is well liked by the natives of that area and knows the country well.

Lieut. Boyan who is now at Bena Bena has just left the Rai Coast area where A.I.B. parties assisted by Sgt. Cavallieri of A.N.G.A.U. are still located. This officer is highly qualified and experienced. He is a University graduate in economics, has had both clerical experience in the Treasury and as a member of the field staff under civil administration. He is now acting as adjutant at District Headquarters at Bena Bena. This permits Capt. Costelloe to be kept where he can do more vital work. We are completely dependent on Chinbu carriers for operational requirements at Bena Bena, Kainantu, Aiyura and Bundi. It also enables Capt. Biorham to remain at Hagen and cope with a recent outbreak of tribal fighting. It is hoped that the present arrangement meets with your approval. This action was decided upon as necessary in view of general district position. We are now more or less re-organised but much remains to be done as the staff position is still in a state of flux. Some men will be going. James is apparently not returning. It is supposed that Lieut. Bergin and Sgt. Anthony will be sent on leave. It is hoped that men will be available to take their places.

Before concluding the opportunity is taken of mentioning the good work of attached signal staff Sgt. Anderson and Sig. Burton of 4 Coy NG L. of C. Sigs. These two men have got a job to do, do it and a bit more. Nothing has been too much trouble for either.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

(sgd.) J. R. BLACK.

D S 3/10

Royal Papuan Police Headquarters,
Adm. A.N.G.,
16th February, 1943.

The A.A.G. (D).

Subject:- Report of District Officer, Ramu, re Native Police

Reference:- D.S. 3/10.

It is considered that the remarks of the District Officer, Ramu, are not justified in his condemnation of the Native Constabulary as a whole.

I do not intend to enter into a controversy on the matter, but, I must point out that the spectacle of members of the District Service Staff shooting at each other (A.D.C. Ellis); the address to the Constabulary by the ex-Director of District Services, Mr. Melrose; the burning of Wau; the occupation of the North Coast of New Guinea by the Japanese; and many other occurrences must have had a most deleterious effect on the morale of our "Savages in Serge."

It is well known that this officer has held peculiar views on the Constabulary for years. He has maintained that the Native Constabulary is useless and should be replaced by Europeans, Sikhs or Malays.

It has been the view for years in Police circles that the efficiency and conduct of the Native Police depends entirely on the white leaders.

aaq for 17/2

C. Normoyle
(C. Normoyle) Captain,
O.I.C., Royal Papuan Constabulary,

aaq
17/2

Duplicate sent to A.A.G. J. J. J.

3/11/44 DS 311
2 MAR 1944

AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES

NEW GUINEA FORCE

District Office,
Bena Bena,
Ramu District,
A.N.G.A.U.
6 Mar 44.

D.D.D.O.
H.Q.
A.N.G.A.U.

The opportunity is taken of placing on record the bold action of Sjt. D. Power, in sailing the M.V. Edith out of the harbour at ALEXISHAPEN at midnight on the 18th Dec. 1943 some four hours after the Japanese had successfully landed and occupied the Madang Area.

The Edith is a very slow moving noisy craft and its red hot exhaust pipe can be seen a long way. The hubbub of explosions and machine gun fire made it clear to Power that the enemy was not far away. In my warning note to him I left it to his discretion whether to abandon "Edith" at SEK or make a run for it up a coast that was then already probably occupied. It is to Powers credit that he decided to make the attempt to get through.

Sjt. Power was ably assisted by Const. TIMA of GIRI village Bogia. TIMA remained steady and cool and loyally supported Sjt. Power and steadied the other boys who made up the crew of the vessel. Sjt. Power not only got his vessel away from SEK but was able to deliver his cargo (three months stores and rations for Bogia personnel) to its destination.

These stores were later to prove invaluable for forward watching operations in the Bogia Sub - District.

Incidentally Sjt. Rasmussen told me he had experienced so many bombing raids in Moresby that he feared that aircraft would upset him. I advised him in that event he could proceed by land. This conversation took place on the jetty at NAGADA at 1700 hours approx. before Edith departed for SEK. Shortly after four aircraft bombed vicinity WAGOL Ptn, and fired machine guns.

It is suggested that some recognition be given Sjt. Power and Const. TIMA for their efforts.

TIMA's loyalty never wavered during the trying days of 1943- all of which were spent in forward work in the Ramu District.

If I recollect correctly he was in detention for most of the time!

JR Black
J.R. BLACK, CAPT.
for J.L. TAYLOR MAJOR,
DISTRICT OFFICER.

GOC Mulla
16/3
ack
No action re