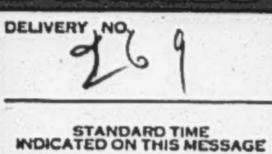
POSTAL TELEGRAPH - COMMERCIAL CABLES

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1044 FOURTH STREET
(U. S. GRANT HOTEL)
SANDIEGO, CALIF.
TELEPHONES, MAIN 2031-2032

This is a fast Telegram unless otherwise indicated by signal after the number of words—"Blue" (Day Lester) "N. L." (Night Letter) or "Nite" (Night Telegram)



TO ALL
THE WORLD



250 GS N 61 5 E8

18 DM-115824

MK SANFRAN CAL DEC 31 1925

COLONEL ED FLETCHER

920 EIGHTH ST SANDIEGO

FAVORABLE ACTION WAS TAKEN BY THE COMMISSION ON THE TOTAL EXPENDITURES
REQUESTED APPROVED BY DISTRICT WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE TWENTY NINE THOUSAND
FIVE HUNDRED FORTY SIX DOLLARS AND NINETY NINE CENTS ACCRUING BY REASON OF
THE EXTENSION OF THE TWO OPTIONS DATED MAY FOUR 1925 AND JUNE THIRTEEN
1925

CAL BOND CERTIFICATION COMMISSION .

BY DAN S CANNY SECY

540P

March Fifteenth;

Mr. Charles L. Neumiller, Pres., State Board of Prison Directors, Room 6, Ferry Bldg., San Francisco, Calif.

My dear Mr. Neumiller:

Enclosed find letter from Butler that is explanatory. Kindly return at your convenience.

I am willing to parole him if you feel that he should be parolled.

Don't forget when you are down to San Diego way I would love to show you some of our beautiful back country.

We are hoping to have Mr. and Mrs. Force down next month.

Lilian and Lawrence are hitting it off together 100%. With kind personal regards,

Sincerely yours,

EF: AK

LETTER doted JAN 26, 1939

LETTER doted JAN 26, 1939

FRED is LINKS,

DEPATH CHIEF

DIVISION OF BUDGETSY

ACCOUNTS

DEPT. OF FINANCE

ST. OF GALIE

DASTED INTO

LEGISLATIVE SCRAPBOOK

TAE 5

BOARD OF PUBLIC HEALTH

BACRAMENTO



May 11, 19,

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LETTER doted JAN 26, 1939

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DEPUTY CHIEF

DIVISION OF BUDGETS +

ACCOUNTS

DEPT. OF FINANCE

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TAB 5

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BOARD OF PUBLIC HEALTH



May 11, 19

De Milliam & P. CLARA

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Luca Della

De MORMAN P PROCESS

De V A BORRITAN

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The Honorable Pd. 11 tomer, The Gallierni emite, Foremente, California.

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Howard Monows

Section 18 1

January 16th, 1953

Dr. Wilton L. Halverson Director of Public Health Sacramento, California

My dear Dr. Halverson:

I remember last summer I wrote you that we had two important problems from a health standpoint that we wanted you to help solve and you promised to come and see us but never did.

The situation is, since 1910 we have owned large tracts of land facing on Lake Hodges, the proposed Sutherland Dam now under construction, and Cuyamaca Lake, as well as Henshaw. It has been our life work and investment for the future.

Now, I have been informed that the League of Municipalities and the Irrigation Districts, or as individual units have brought pressure to bear on you to refuse, from a State Board of Health standpoint, to allow any house to be built within 1000 feet of high water on any lake where the water is used for domestic purposes. Is there anything to that and has any official action been taken or about to be taken?

It looks like confiscation of property and the irrigation districts or city or private owners operating a public utility should be forced to acquire this property so affected for their own protection. It looks like a method of getting something for nothing on the part of the powerful agencies and I don't believe that you would be a party to it.

I have recently gone over the Foston and New York water systemsthey have acquired from one to three miles of land away from the high water line.

Please excuse this long letter, but won't you please let me know by return mail what the State Board of Health's attitude is and under what law you would be working if you should take this action? To have any amount of land being subdivided; have developed water and made surveys and gone to a hig expense in relation thereto on our properties overlooking the lakes above mentioned, even to forming mutual water companies.

An early reply will be appreciated and I do hope to see you down here at an early date.

With kindest personal regards, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Department of Public Health

668 Phelan Building San Francisco 2, Celifornia

January 27th, 1953

Mr. Fd Fletcher 1020 - 9th Avenue San Diego 1, California

Dear Mr. Fletcher:

In reply to your letter of January 16, 1953, I have reviewed your inquiry with our Bureau of Sanitary Engineering and find that they recently reported on a joint sanitary survey of watershed areas in San Diego County. This was a cooperative investigation by the San Diego Water Department, the San Diego Health Department and the State Department of Public Health.

The recommendations made in the joint report are attached. Your letter apparently refers to recommendation 3 which reads as follows:

"3. Where land is not owned by the City, the Planning Commission should set up a zoning program establishing an agricultural area in a band 1000 feet wide from reservoir high water levels and prohibiting residential building in this area. Fencing should be constructed above the high water level around reservoirs to keep out cattle."

You will note that this is not a final action of the State Board of Public Health, but that the committee wished the decision to be made wherever necessary by the County Planning Commission. This was done in order that property owners might have a reasonable opportunity to present their views to a local determining body before a decision is made.

We call your attention to the fact that the first recommendation is that the City attempt to own or control all the land around the reservoir used for public water supply.

The State Board of Public Health has not been called on and has no plans to take any action on this subject.

FIRST WEST WEST CONTROL AND SERVICE OF THE SERVICE

Very sincerely yours,

Wilton L. Halverson, M. D. Director of Fublic Health

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. Wherever possible the City of San Diego should own or control land surrounding reservoirs and along critical streams, such as Dulsura Crock, whereby cattle and unauthorized people can be kept out of contact with the water.
- 2. Residential areas critically located from a sanitary standpoint with respect to the water supply, such as Del Dios and Dulzura, should be surveyed annually to determine the status of individual sewage disposal systems.
- 3. There land is not owned by the City, the Planning Commission should set up a zoning program establishing an agricultural area in a band 1000 feet wide from reservoir high water levels and prohibiting residential building in this area. Fencing should be constructed above the high water level around reservoirs to keep out cattle.
- 4. (a) The subsurface soil on lands from 1000 feet to one mile from reservoirs should be thoroughly investigated as to the sewage leaching characteristics particularly where subdivisions are proposed. Such a study would provide the basis for recommendations to the Planning Commission on size of building lots. This would recognize that in some areas, i.e., south of Escondido, un restricted density of houses would result in unsatisfactory sewage disposal whereas greater separation may allow sewage to be disposed of without nuisance or danger to health. It is recognized that in the final analysis each building site must be separately investigated.

- (b) Community sewerage facilities could be provided where houses were built close together, but a high standard for the final sewage disposal would need to be met.
- 5. Recommendations on set_back of residential development at the reservoirs should be applied now to the 410 foot contour line of the Super Hodges Dam projects.
- 6. Camping at unsupervised sites along streams tributary to the reservoirs should be prohibited.
- 7. Better toilet facilities should be provided at many of the reservoir parking areas and at the boat floats such as has recently been installed at lake Modges.
- 8. Detailed surveys, similar to the one made in the lake Hodges region, should be made on other watersheds where there are critical areas of population concentration near reservoirs and along tributary streams. This with the view toward analysis of existing conditions and the establishment of proper controls to avoid an increase of contamination hazards.

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION

JULIAN A. MCPHEE, BUREAU CHIEF, SAN LUIS OBISPO E. W. EVERETT, ASSISTANT ALICE M. DANIEL, SECRETARY



STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Education

WALTER F. DERTEN, STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF

SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIF.

June 24, 1941

Honorable Ed Fletcher 1020 9th Street San Diego, California

Dear Senator Fletcher:

On behalf of the California Polytechnic School, the members of the California Association, Future Farmers of America, and the Agricultural Teachers of the State, I wish to thank you for your splendid support on all bills at the recent legislative session dealing with their activities.

The confidence you have shown in each of these groups, as evidenced by the favorable votes which you gave in their behalf, will be a stimulation for their continued progress.

I hope it will be possible for you to visit the California Polytechnic School and the various Future Farmer chapters throughout the State whenever you have the opportunity.

With best wishes,

Gulian a. MeRhee

Chief, Bureau of Agricultural Education

And

President, California Polytechnic School 5/

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

State Building, San Francisco 2 October 27, 1944

Honorable Ed Fletcher, State Senator, 1020 Ninth Avenue, San Diego, California.

Dear Sir:

Your letter of July 7, 1944, addressed to this office, reads in part as follows:

"The people of San Diego overwhelmingly voted to set aside a certain five acres of land for a State Building on two conditions, 1. that it cost not less than \$500,000 and 2. that construction be commenced within five years.

"The State has appropriated the money for the plans and specifications and has set aside the money for the postwar construction."

You further state that your Harbor Commission is opposed to the setting aside of tidelands belonging to the city, it being their position that no further tidelands should be used for any activities of any nature that do not have to do with fisheries, commerce or navigation, which are the uses for which they claim the tidelands are held in trust by the city.

In a latter addressed to you by the Secretary of the Harbor Commission under date of June 23, 1944, this view is expressed. They conclude, however, that the matter has been taken out of the hands of the Commission and the authority to make the transfer to the State rests with the City Council. Therefore, in reply to your first question, which is, "Must the State get the Harbor Commission's consent, or have they anything to say about it?", we are of the opinion that the authority to make the transfer of this land now rests with the City Council, assuming, of course, the validity of the municipal election.

Your second question is, "Is there any reason why the plans and specifications cannot be prepared by the State Architect at the present time?"

We are now advised that any funds for plans and specifications for the State Building at San Diego must

come from those made available by Chapter 20 of the fourth extra session of the 55th Session of the Legislature (all of the funds made available by Chapter 572, Statutes of 1943, being otherwise allocated). Chapter 20 makes an additional sum of \$2,000,000 available to the State Department of Public Works for expenditure as provided by law for surveys, preparation of plans and specifications, and other preliminary work necessary to a program of construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation and replacement of State buildings and other facilities in connection with the State building program contemplated by Chapter 572 of the Statutes of 1943 upon the written authorization of the Department of Finance and approval of the State Board of Control. Therefore, if the State Building at San Diego is one of the projects selected and approved pursuant to these Acts, there should be no reason why at least preliminary studies and plans should not now be prepared.

The concluding paragraph of your letter reads as follows:

"There is one other complication -- the U.S. Government, for the duration of the war, has seized the land on which the people have voted to turn over to the State and have crected a temporary warehouse on it. I ask you this further question: Is time running against the State of California so long as the government occupies and holds possession of that five acre piece of tideland? The government now has possession and the five year limit voted by the people will probably expire before they give up possession. The State has done its part in appropriating the money both for the plans and specifications and for the ruilding of the building. Where do we stand?"

On July 19, 1944, we asked that you supply us with certain additional information, which was supplied by the Chairman of the Citizens Civic Center Committee of your city under date of August 7, 1944. In his letter he states:

"The proposition voted on by the people of San Diego reads as follows: 'Shall the City of San Diego, through its council, be empowered and authorized to recede and transfer to the State of California the hereinafter described property for the purpose only and exclusively of constructing thereon by the State of California a state office building, costing not less than \$500,000; construction to be commenced within five years from the date of receding, and carried on continuously to completion. This indicates, number one, that the matter is entirely in the hands of the Council; and, therefore, the Harbor Commission has nothing more to do with it. And, number two, that the five-year time limit does not begin until after the Council has receded the property, which, as yet, has not been done. 2-NS5586

We believe that this answers the inquiry as to when the five year period begins to run, for we concur in the view that the five year period starts from the date of receding.

In this opinion we assume that the proposed site for the State Office Building is land similarly situated to the 15 acre parcel that was the subject of our Supreme Court's opinion in the case of Atwood v. Hammond, 4 Cal. (2d) 31. From a sketch supplied us it appears that the proposed site lies south of the new City and County Administration Building and the proposed Hall of Justice site, and east of Harbor Drive which separates the property in question from the Bay of San Diego. This land is impressed with a trust for navigation and fishery, and while it is shoreward of the bulkhead line and has been reclaimed by filling, it would seem advisable to have the Legislature free it from such trust, as was done in the case of the city and county building site.

Very truly yours,

ROBERT W. KENNY,

Attorney General

R. L. CHAMBERLAIN, Deputy Attorney General

RLC:ehv

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

600 State Building San Francisco 2 February 11, 1946

Honorable Ed Fletcher State Senator State Capitol Sacramento, California

Dear Senator Fletcher;

In your letter of January 14, 1946, you requested our opinion on the following two questions:

- "1. Assuming that a pipeline is built connecting the Metropolitan Water District at San Jacinto with the City of San Diego's water system, sufficient to transfer 25 or 50 million gallons daily to San Diego; in case there is a shortage of water supply for domestic use, has not the United States government authority, by negotiation or otherwise, to take this water supply from the Metropolitan District and deliver it to San Diego for the use of government activities in San Diego County without the necessity of becoming a member of the Metropolitan Water District?
- Water Authority built its own facilities to a connection with the Metropolitan Water District at San Jacinto from San Diego, has the Metropolitan Water District now the legal right if it wishes so to do to rent for a reasonable period its unused carrying capacity in the Metropolitan Water District system to bring water from the Colorado River filed on by the city and county of San Diego, the understanding being that the terms and conditions will be mutually agreed on as to the time limit and price for the rental of this service. Is there anything in the Metropolitan Act which prohibits it?"

We discussed the first question with you orally and you made it clear that you contemplated if the United States did obtain any water from the Metropolitan Water District, it would pay therefor at a price first agreed upon or fixed by the court in the event of condemnation of the water.

Ed Fletcher Papers

1870-1955

MSS.81

Box: 3 Folder: 23

General Correspondence - California State. Agencies and miscellaneous



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