

National Archives & Public Records Services
of Papua New Guinea.

PATROL REPORTS

District : Western Highlands.
Station : Jimi River
Volume : 8
ISBN No : 9980-910-94-1
Accession No : 496
Period : 1966-1967

Entered by/for the National Archives of Papua New Guinea,
Port Moresby, 1994.

Safe Custodian: National Archives of Papua New Guinea.

Papua New Guinea Patrol Reports

Digitized version made available by



The Library
UC SAN DIEGO

Copyright: Government of Papua New Guinea. This digital version made under a license granted by the National Archives and Public Records Services of Papua New Guinea.

Use: This digital copy of the work is intended to support research, teaching, and private study.

Constraints: This work is protected by the U.S. Copyright Law (Title 17, U.S.C.) and the laws of Papua New Guinea. Use of this work beyond that allowed by "fair use" requires written permission of the National Archives of Papua New Guinea. Responsibility for obtaining permissions and any use and distribution of this work rests exclusively with the user and not the UC San Diego Library.

Note on digitized version: A microfiche copy of these reports is held at the University of California, San Diego (Mandeville Special Collections Library, MSS 0215). The digitized version presented here reflects the quality and contents of the microfiche. Problems which have been identified include misfiled reports, out-of-order pages, illegible text; these problems have been rectified whenever possible. The original reports are in the National Archives of Papua New Guinea (Accession no. 496).

PATROL REPORT OF: JIMI RIVER

VOL. NO: 8 1966/67

ACC. NO: 496

NUMBERS OF REPORTS: 1



TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

PATROL REPORT

District of **WILLIAMS ISLANDS** Report No. **1/66-67**

Patrol Conducted by **MR. G. D. BROWN**

Area Patrolled **POSITION OF THE MOUNTAIN RANGES**

Patrol Accompanied by Europeans **A.C.A. AIRPORT INSPECTOR**

Natives **4 MEMBERS OF THE P.P.D.H.G.C.**

Duration—From **17/12/65** To **18/12/65**

Number of Days **14**

Did Medical Assistant Accompany? **No**

Last Patrol to Area by—District Services **/1964**

Medical **/1964**

Map Reference **MAP OF RANGES**

Objects of Patrol **PERMITS HAKAMBAH READING LEARN / AIRSTRIP SURVEY
MURKIN INVESTIGATIONS**

Director of Native Affairs,
PORT MORESBY.

Forwarded, please.

/ 19

District Commissioner

Amount Paid for War Damage Compensation £.....

Amount Paid from D.N.E. Trust Fund £.....

Amount paid from P.E.D.P. Trust Fund £.....

16

TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA.

Mount Hagen Sub-District,
Western Highlands District,
MOUNT HAGEN.

6th September, 1966

File:

The District Commissioner,
Western Highlands District,
Mount Hagen.

JIMI RIVER PATROL NO. 1 1966/57.

Enclosed please find Mr. Brown's report together with a
Land Investigation Report of the TENGAPI airfield site.

2. The alleged murderers have been brought back to Tabibuga
Patrol. They have not been committed for trial. They belong
to the HAGEN group which previously has had little or no
Administrative contact.

3. May the District Medical Officer be approached in regard to
the Mission's request for a medical orderly. I feel that the
request is very reasonable.

4. Mr. Brown conducted the patrol with his usual thoroughness
and has submitted a concise and informative report.

Forwarded please.

Grothitter
(C. G. LITTLER)
Assistant District Commissioner

la

R.S.B:JW

SHD564

MOUNT HAGEN. S.H.D.

20th September, 1966.

The Director,
Department of District Administration,
KOBEDOU.

JIKI PATROL REPORT No. 1/1966-67 - PORTION OF SUBRAKHAM
BARRIES - MR. T.D. BROWN, A.D.O.

Abovementioned report with covering memorandum by the Assistant District Commissioner, Mount Hagen attached, referr.

The character of this patrol was altered from routine to a murder patrol some days out from Takibuga when the Officer-in-Charge was informed by accompanying Missionaries of a double murder which had occurred some time previously. They had knowledge of it for some time but neglected to advise Mr. Brown. The Deputy District Commissioner took one Constable from Mount Hagen and obtained a further two from the Officer-in-Charge, Sumbi, to bring the Police strength up to a reasonable figure.

With the few police available, no knowledge of the area, Mr. Brown did excellently to apprehend the murderers and bring them back to Takibuga. As already stated by the Assistant District Commissioner the people concerned are very primitive and have little or no Administration contact in the past. Compensation has been paid and the murderers will be kept at Takibuga, working and learning prigian English and the ways of the Administration before being taken back by a subsequent patrol.

After Christmas and an expected increase in Field Staff a second officer will be posted to Takibuga to permit the Officer-in-Charge to make a major patrol through the whole of this seldom covered area. This, in conjunction with a permanent Mission Station in the area, should quickly bring the area under reasonable control.

A good patrol conducted under adverse conditions.

T.W.Ollie
(T.W. OLLIE)
District Commissioner

s.a. The Assistant District Commissioner,
Mount Hagen.

67-14-5.

13th October, 1944.

(13)

The District Commissioner,
Western Malabar District,
~~Malabar~~ India.

JUNGLE RIVER POLICE REPORT NO. 1 OF 1944/1945.

Report is acknowledged of the above-named
police report by Mr. H. D. Brown and your covering
information and that of the Andaman's District Commissioner
Mr. Brown.

2. This patrol was the subject of administrative
from Admin No. 700 and Mr. Brown should be informed
by his officers. The patrol succeeded the
objectives.

3. It is hoped that you will be able to make the
Air Force orderly to go into the town on regular basis.

(S. L. MURTHY)

TERRITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

DC/AGA
Administration
Press Advice
No. 768.

Port Moresby,
October 11, 1966.

LAW AND ORDER REACHES PRIMITIVES.

A group of primitive tribes in the Schrader Ranges bordering the Madang District, some 50 air miles north of Mt. Hagen, have had their first association with government law.

They are Hales and Tsengazi people who live in dense bush in the much crevassed, precipitous valleys near the upper reaches of the Aruni River.

Assistant District Officer Morris Brown, from Tabiboga Patrol Post, gave the people their first concept of law and order when he apprehended three Hales men alleged to have murdered two Langazi women.

Mr. Brown recently undertook a 23 hour walk in four days over very difficult terrain to apprehend the men and take them to the patrol post at Tabiboga.

In his report to District Administration headquarters this week Mr. Brown said the apprehension of the alleged murderers had added to government prestige in the area. The Tsengazi people appeared very pleased to find that the Administration was prepared to take so much trouble to introduce a form of government which would free them from the constant fear of their neighbours.

Western Highlands District Commissioner Mr. T.W. Ellis, commented Mr. Brown's action.

He said the 'big' people were very primitive and probably had never been contacted by patrolling officers. Their timid, shy nature made them a most difficult group to contact.

The three Hales men would be kept at Tabiboga to learn pidgin English and the Administration's role in the Territory before being returned to their villages by a subsequent patrol.

Mr. Ellis said the men were from an area remote from Administration influence and were not conversant with the law as practised in more advanced parts of the Territory.

67 14.5

(17)

TERITORY OF PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

Telephone: 222564
Our Reference: 222564
Writing on file:



Department of District Administration
MOUNT HAGEN. S.E.D.

20th September, 1966.

The Director,
Department of District Administration,
KONSEIGBU.

JIMI PATROL REPORT No. 1/1966 - A PORTION OF SCHABECK
RANGES - MR. N.G. BROWN, D.O.

Abovementioned report will be having memorandum by the Assistant District Commissioner, Mount Hagen, checked, referred.

The character of this patrol was altered from routine to a murder patrol some days out from Tabibuga when the Officer-in-Charge was informed by accompanying Namatanai Missionaries of a double murder which had occurred some time previously. They had knowledge of it for some time but neglected to advise Mr. Brown. The Deputy District Commissioner took one Constable from Mount Hagen and obtained a further two from the Officer-in-Charge, Simbai, to bring the Police strength up to a reasonable figure.

With the few police available, no knowledge of the area, Mr. Brown did excellently to apprehend the murderers and bring them back to Tabibuga. As already stated by the Assistant District Commissioner the people concerned are very primitive and have little or no administration contact in the past. Compensation has been paid and the murderers will be kept at Tabibuga, working and learning pidgin English and the ways of the administration before being taken back by a subsequent patrol.

After Christmas and an expected increase in Field Staff a second officer will be posted to Tabibuga to permit the Officer-in-Charge to make a major patrol through the whole of this seldom covered area. This, in conjunction with a permanent Mission Station in the area, should quickly bring the area under reasonable control.

A good patrol conducted under adverse conditions.

T.W. Ellis
(T.W. ELLIS)
District Commissioner

s.c. The Assistant District Commissioner,
Mount Hagen.

SUNDAY, JULY 1966:

RADIO LOG:

RADIO NO. 1 / 6607 - REPORTER JAMES LEE
SEARCH TEAM LEADER:

MONDAY, JULY 20, 1966:

Reported Tschingis Patrol Post by R.A.F. GUNNER

at 0800 hours and proceeded to KIRKET Patrol Post. Invited local
chiefs and had short discussion with C.I.C. KIRKET who was making ready to
depart on patrol. D.G.C. Airport Inspector JACK ADAMS arrived from
TAKHIT by R.A.F. at 0900 hours. Patrol departed KIRKET at 1100 hours
and proceeded by guided truck down the KIRKET valley to SAKHET. Arrived
SAKHET at 1730 hours and made camp in root house. This walk could be done
quicker but much trouble encountered changing courses on route. Assisted
by HALLIBURTON SEARCH OF two survivors in the KIRKET area.

TUESDAY, JULY 21, 1966:

Arrived A.D.C. Bob McWhorter Office 20 Major
of reported murders by mission radio and requested that 4 TAKHIT
police be sent to TAKHIT. Reported camp at 0630, and proceeded
over rough native track down the KIRKET valley. At 1030 hours started long &
steep climb up the north east side of the KIRKET CR. Approximately 1100
hours, helicopter dropped two constables bringing the total strength
to four. Patrol proceeded until 1400 hours and then made camp in bush
at the headwaters of KIRKET CR.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 22, 1966:

Reported camp at 0730 hours and walked for
05 minutes to the top of the KIRKET/AROK divide and then descended to
the north along a well marked track to TAKHIT. Arrived TAKHIT at 1230
hours. Conducted investigations of alleged murders. People most
hesitant to give any information. Finally got an account of the murders
from the small 9 year old son of one of the murdered women. Assisted with
survey of airstrip until 1800 hours. Reported camp at 2000 hours with four
police and walked to the area from whence the murders are alleged to have
come. With the aid of a guide, approached and surrounded the house occu-
pied by the murderers at 0800 and apprehended one of them. The other managed
to break away and fled into the bush. Patrol returned to camp and arrived at
1900 hours.

THURSDAY, JULY 23, 1966:

After arriving back at camp at 1900, the patrol slept
until 0830 hours. Helicopter arrived with A.D.C. Mt Hause and NOT SEARCH
from TAKHIT.

(P)

16
AND
B.C.A. Inspector returned with helicopter from A.D.C. to MY KASHE.

Three TSENGAPI men of influence were then sent to WAIKIK area to talk the other people named in the murders into giving themselves up to patrol. Discussed and explained proposed land purchase with TSENGAPI people who visited the camp with food supplies. Camped TSENGAPI.

12th JULY , 1966 SUNDAY :

at 0730 hours , started cutting land boundaries for HALARINE MISSION LEASE at TSENGAPI. Owners willingly helped. Work completed by 1400 hours. Some time spent during day in discussion with visitors from local group pc visiting TSENGAPI. Also received news of a dance ceremony to be conducted at WARDANK CK on Monday. Decided to attend as it offered an opportunity to talk to the people re the construction of the airstrip and cessation of hostilities. Camped at TSENGAPI.

13th JULY 1966 SUNDAY :

Worked on details of land purchases in the a.m. Attempted to contact the HALAR group 2 hours walk from TSENGAPI in the afternoon. This group has so far avoided all patrols to the area. Efforts in vain. Camped TSENGAPI.

1st AUGUST , 1966 MONDAY :

Reported TSENGAPI at 0600 hours and proceeded to WARDANK CK over precipitous native track. After travelling down the east bank of the CK for three hours it was possible to observe the specially prepared area for the dance ceremony. Through binoculars it was quite plain that the ceremony was not to take place that day. Sent three HORN carriers to a nearby house. The carriers later returned with a number of people who had been at the dance. However , the people had learnt of our intended visit and rushed the dance to its conclusion and once again taken to the bush. Camped in bush at the headwaters of WARDANK CK.

2nd AUGUST 1966 TUESDAY :

Departed camp at 0730 hours and returned to TSENGAPI. 5 hours steep walk. Any patrol wishing to proceed from TSENGAPI down WARDANK CK , should use a track on the west side of the stream which leads down to the junction of WARDANK CK and the ARAMY RIVER.

Completed the survey of the mission lease in the afternoon and did a check plot of same. Sent word for all owners of the land to be purchased to present themselves in the morning. Camped TSENGAPI.

3rd AUGUST , 1966 WEDNESDAY :

16
had turned up of course. Completed investigation of situation later.
Gave lengthy detailed explanation of the procedure and that it would
people quite willing to talk. At 1400 hours informants came to
~~SAINT~~ to bring in alleged informants arrived with the balance of
men named in connection with the robbery. Spent balance of day and
evening obtaining the final details.

ARMAMENT AND EQUIPMENT:

VALLEY people confined with 2 small pigs and one gun
still to pay compensation for the two dead men. Balance of day
spent attempting to talk to these people. Conversation most
difficult as these people speak a different language than the
TURK people and no easily ascertainable interlocutor as could be
found. It was necessary to turn the talk from man to man
language and then to the language of the TURK people. A
most lengthy and unsatisfactory procedure. Resulted however,

ARMAMENT AND EQUIPMENT:

Reported number of 8700 meters of wire and
and one machine at the TURK base camp. Turned over
to ~~SAINT~~ the 8700 meters. 2 hours walk from ~~SAINT~~. Took along
~~SAINT~~ truck.

ARMAMENT AND EQUIPMENT:

Arrived ~~SAINT~~ road house at 0800 hours and proceeded
by ground track to ~~SAINT~~ Patrol Post. 20 hours walk. 0.25
a mile about on patrol.

ARMAMENT AND EQUIPMENT:

Arrived ~~SAINT~~ patrol post.

ARMAMENT AND EQUIPMENT:

Arrived by R.A.P. ~~SAINT~~ to ~~SAINT~~ patrol Post.

ARMAMENT AND EQUIPMENT:

INVESTIGATE RIVER AREA AND THE SHREYA :

1a

RIVER JURGEN DR. 1 OF 1954/55 :

GENERAL RIVER POSITION OF THE SHREYA STREAM
AREA:

GENERAL STATE:

The patrol covered the upper reaches of the ARUN RIVER in the SHREYA DR. NAME and a portion of the VARDHAK DR. area which is formed by a tributary of the ARUN RIVER.

This area is made up of broken precipitous valleys covered in dense bush and secondary growth. The population is small and scattered over a wide area. The people have to date had very little contact with the Administration and their timid shy nature makes them a most difficult people to establish contact with.

The prime object of this patrol was to survey a proposed mission base for the MARATHAS DR. and to survey an airstrip site on the mission base. The initial patrol only intended to stay in the area long enough to accomplish these aims, and was not equipped to remain in the area for any length of time. The report of natives (see Appendix A) made it necessary to remain in the area longer than intended and additional supplies were brought in from BP NAME.

LAW AND ORDER :

In general the situation in this area has not changed in the least from that reported on in 1954. The people still remain difficult to establish contact with and to date only approximately 50% of the estimated population has been contacted by Administration patrols. The people are very timid and appear not to want Administration control in the area.

To date, TRIBALS have been provisionally appointed for the groups contacted and host houses established at TENGARY, SHREYA and VARDHAK DR. These have not been well maintained and there has only been a token effort made at constructing walking tracks in the area.

Indications are, that at the time of the patrol, the area was in a state of turmoil. The people were even more difficult to contact than normal. It is felt, that some other happening apart from the reported surveys had disrupted the

normal living habite of the people.

During visits off the beaten track north and west of TENGAPI, it was noticed that the people were not sleeping in their houses and hadn't been doing so for some time. Rather than expose themselves by sleeping at home the people had been sleeping without cover in the bush and shifting their camps at intervals. All these camps were located well away from the main tracks and ideally located for defense purposes. All fighting shields and weapons had been taken from the houses and livestock removed to the bush. It is highly possible that one other incident apart from the two murders reported had occurred and was kept from the patrols notice.

The activities of the patrol were concentrated mainly in the TENGAPI area which has been regularly visited by members of the HABAKUE mission and all Administration patrols to the upper ARAMI valley. Here, the people are more co-operative and of open friendly disposition. These people supplied food to the patrol and offered carriers on more than one occasion. The POGO and KUNIBAL groups of TENGAPI have some contact with the people in the KAHUK valley and are a little more appreciative of the work that can be done by the Administration and missions.

Groups to the north and west of TENGAPI speak another language and appear to associate more with the people living on the RABU fall of the SOROMBE RIVER. Their neighbours in the HABAKUE DISTRICT have not had a great deal of contact with the Administration and small isolated groups in this region still remain uncontacted.

In view of the isolation of this area, the sparse population and the shortage of field staff much of the pacification and contact work in this area will have to be done by the European HABAKUE missionary when he moves into the area permanently. Communications in this area will be greatly facilitated by the construction of a light aircraft strip at TENGAPI.

VILLAGE OFFICIALS :

The village officials provisionally elected in 1964 have had little effect on the area. Tukibuga Patrol Post is 9 days walk and four language groups away from the Upper ARAMI. Any word of mouth message has little chance of reaching the C.I.C. TAKIPIGA and the village officials will not make the long walk through what they consider hostile groups.

At the present stage of development the Village officials are ineffectual without the immediate backing of the C.I.C. Tukibuga and distance renders this impossible.

MISSION:

The MAHABALA MISSION RAMS is the only mission to show any interest in this difficult area. This mission has already made moves to establish a station at TENGAPI. Work has been done on the local language and work started on the TENGAPI airstrip. The head of the mission has advised that a resident missionary will commence living permanently at TENGAPI some time in September of this year.

The mission intends to establish a school and health facilities (see appendix B) in the area as soon as possible after the airstrip is completed.

With the adequate funds this mission has at its disposal, it should be able to rapidly make some impression on the area.

AIRSTRIP:

The airstrip at TENGAPI has now been surveyed to R.D.A. specifications for a commercial Category B airstrip. The strip site is however far from being an ideal one and much work will be required before completion. The sparse population will add to construction difficulties.

ANTHEMOLALI:

In the course of investigations into two alleged murders the people stated that nearly all deaths are attributed to either savagery or evil spirits. When the relatives of a deceased suspect a magusman is responsible for the death they place sharpened sticks on trails leading to and around the platform on which the dead body is placed. After a period of time, they start to watch for a person with a cut on his foot. If this person can be reasonably suspected he/she is killed by the deceased persons relatives.

Also, if a dog or a pig ay reaches the platform where the body is being kept the relatives of the deceased will follow the animal until it reaches its owners home. The unfortunate owner may then be found guilty of being a magusman and killed.

CONCLUSION:

It is felt that the arrests made on the occasion of this patrol may add a little to the prestige of the Administration in this area and help to reduce the homicide rate. The Tengapai people appeared to be quite pleased to find that the Administration was prepared to go to some trouble

to bring law and order to the area.

Future development in this area will depend
to a large extent on the completion of the TSENGAPI
airstrip and the establishment of the KALAHARI mission in
the area.

END OF PARENT REPORT

D. Brown

APPENDIX "A"

(4)

TSANGAPI MURDERS

A report of two murders committed one and a half hours walk from the northern end of the TSANGAPI airstrip site were reported to the patrol by the RASABENE MISSION. In the course of the patrol an investigation was carried out and arrests made.

Difficulty was encountered in getting a clear picture of what actually happened and the motives behind the murders. Thorough investigation was badly hampered by the lack of adequate interpreters and the nature of the motives involved.

The details obtained after two days of investigation are as follows:-

An aged woman NATEK died of some illness approximately three months ago. Her son KAIKUK , was much grieved by her death and claimed that she had been killed by sorcery. He mentioned this at a pig killing shortly after his mother's death and was told by a man LAMOPI that a widow living near him was a sorceress and that she had most certainly killed his mother. He named a woman PAIKLIK who had recently been claimed killed a two of his pigs that had entered her garden.

KAIKLIK claimed that on his return home , he noticed that the eyes and nose of his mother's corpse had been eaten and remembering what LAMOPI had said thought that a SAGUMA or an evil spirit used by a sorcerer/ess had eaten of his mother's corpse. KAIKLIK then called his two friends AIPAK and TAHEN LINGIN and told them that he had decided to kill the sorceress PAIKLIK. The following day the three men caught PAIKLIK and her daughter TEPIUP in their garden and killed them with axes and spears. A third woman women NMURANTIMP was also in the garden but managed to escape and was later to identify the murderers.

Interpretation was extremely difficult and it was almost impossible to get a clear picture of what actually took place. The people from the WAIK area do not speak the same language as the TSANGAPI people and none of the group speak pigin. It was therefore necessary to speak to a Ebon pigin speaker from the KAIPONE VALLEY who had then interpreted into the TSANGAPI language and from there to the language of the accused men.

The accused men are from outside the area where the Administration has made partial contact and claim , not to be conversant with the law. Also , they felt quite justified in their action of removing a sorceress from their society.

APPENDIX "C"

HEALTH :

The Namavone Mission will be moving into this area within the next month to start work on the THENGAI airstrip. While this work is in progress, they are anxious to start work in the field of Public Health by establishing an Aid Post.

Rev F White has requested that we supply an Aid Post Orderly until such time as the mission can supply its own. All supplies for the Aid Post can be sent in with the mission supplies free of charge and the orderly will be rationed and fed by the Mission free of charge.

It is felt that this arrangement would be of great assistance under the existing circumstances. The difficulties of supplying an Aid Post in this area has prevented the Administration from putting health facilities at the disposal of the people. This situation can now be overcome with the co-operation of the mission. In view of the health problem in this area it is to be hoped, that some suitable arrangement can be agreed to by the Department of Public Health and the Namavone Mission.

Morris D Brown
Morris D Brown

ASSISTANT DISTRICT OFFICER :

APPENDIX C

(7)

MAPS

The Land Inventory is a sketch map of the ~~LAND INVENTORY~~
area patrolled from CALIFORNIA FARMERS FIELD. This was for a prior
reference for the area covered with the 1964 ground report.
However, this map was lost before copies were made.

It would be appreciated if copies of this map, which is
made and at least 3 furnished to this office.


[REDACTED]
AUGUST 1964