



# AD HOC COMMITTEE ON



# CHICANO RIGHTS

1837 Highland Ave.

Nat'l City, Cal. 92050

(714) 477-3620

## EXECUTIVE BOARD

Chairman  
Herman Baca

October 14, 1975

Vice Chairman  
Albert Puente

Mayor Kile Morgan  
1243 National Avenue  
National City, Ca. 92050

Secretary  
Albert Garcia

Dear Mayor Morgan:

Treasurer  
Pete Rios

An invitation is extended to you as Mayor of National City to attend the community meeting which has been called because of the large community concern over the death of Luis Robert Rivera by a National City police officer. As the top ranking official of National City we feel that the community deserves some answers to this tragic incident.

The meeting will be held tonight, October 14, 1975, at 6:00 p.m., at St. Anthony's Church Hall, National City. Please confirm one way or the other if you will be able to attend this meeting by calling us at 477-3800.

Thank you,

Herman Baca  
Chairman

cc. All News Media

H)

## MEMBER ORGANIZATIONS

C.A.S.A. Justicia-Chicano Federation-G.I. Forum-Hermandad Igualdad de Derechos-M.A.A.C.-M.A.P.A.

Mecha-Padre Hidalgo Center-Servicios de Inmigracion-S.S.P.A.-Trabajadores de La Raza-U.C.M.A.A.



# COP TERROR IN THE CHICANO COMMUNITY

- DEPORTATION OF UNDOCUMENTED WORKERS
- THE MURDER OF BERNARDO GALLARDO



**HERMAN BACA**

AD HOC COMMITTEE FOR  
CHICANO RIGHTS

**FRI. SEPT. 6**  
8 PM

**LIBRARY EAST**  
RM. 502 SDSU

**THE MILITANT FORUM**

280-1292





# AD HOC COMMITTEE ON



# CHICANO RIGHTS

1837 Highland Ave.

Nat'l City, Cal. 92050

(714) 477-3620

## EXECUTIVE BOARD

Chairman  
Herman Baca

RECEIVED

*Millie Valdez*

Vice Chairman  
Albert Puente

DATE

*10-14-75*

Secretary  
Albert Garcia

A HAND DELIVERED LETTER TO MAYOR KILE MORGAN, DATED OCTOBER 14, 1975

FROM THE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON CHICANO RIGHTS CONCERNING THE DEATH

Treasurer  
Pete Rios

OF LUIS ROBERT RIVERA.

3)

## MEMBER ORGANIZATIONS

*OK*  
C.A.S.A. Justicia-Chicano Federation-G.I. Forum-Hermandad Igualdad de Derechos-M.A.A.C.-M.A.P.A.

*OK*  
Techa-Padre Hidalgo Center-Servicios de Inmigracion-S.S.P.A.-Trabajadores de La Raza-U.C.M.A.A.

*AMAE*

*OK*





# AD HOC COMMITTEE

ON



# CHICANO RIGHTS

1837 Highland Ave.

Nat'l City, Cal. 92050

(714) 477-3620

## EXECUTIVE BOARD

October 21, 1975

Chairman  
Herman Baca

Vice Chairman  
Albert Puente

Secretary  
Albert Garcia

Treasurer  
Pete Rios

Alan Sieroty, Chairman  
Criminal Justice Committee  
449 Beverly Drive Suite 208  
Beverly Hills, Ca. 90212

Dear Sir:

Enclosed is a packet of information concerning the tragic death of Mr. Luis Roberto Rivera on October 12, 1975, by a National City police officer. This tragic incident has incensed not only the Chicano Community because of the manner in which Mr. Rivera met his death and the unorthodox manner in which the constituted authority of National City has chosen to handle the matter.

Because of this matter, we of the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights which were chosen at a community meeting to represent the positions passed by the community would like to request that the Criminal Justice Committee which you chair hold official public hearings here in National City on the whole issue surrounding Mr. Luis Rivera's death. Also, other serious questions like the gun police, procedures, etc., should be investigated by your Committee.

We will await your formal response from your office as soon as you can communicate to us your reply.

Thank you

Herman Baca  
Chairman

cc. Assemblymen Chacon and Torres

## MEMBER ORGANIZATIONS

C.A.S.A. Justicia-Chicano Federation-G.I. Forum-Hermandad Igualdad de Derechos-M.A.A.C.-M.A.P.A.

Mecha-Padre Hidalgo Center-Servicios de Inmigracion-S.S.P.A.-Trabajadores de La Raza-U.C.M.A.A.



Lord Tallion  
279-6080  
Floyd

PROPOSED CITY CHARTER AMENDMENT

Section 23. INITIATIVE, REFERENDUM, AND RECALL

The right to recall municipal officers and the powers of initiative and referendum are reserved to the people of the City. Any elective officer may be recalled from office, an ordinance may be initiated, and referendum may be exercised on any ordinance or resolution passed by the Council. Such measures, after their qualification, shall be submitted to vote of the people at the next election or elections for any purpose at which all the voters of the City are entitled to vote or any specially called election. Council action which by provision of this Charter takes effect immediately or before a proposed referendum qualifies, shall remain in effect pending vote of the people.

The following ordinances and resolutions shall automatically be subjected to referendum:

salary changes of elected officials in excess of 7 per cent annually;

redevelopment projects utilizing tax funds or tax credits;

lease purchase agreements involving land;

joint powers agreements which authorize the issuance of bonds;

revenue-producing measures which are new or increase an existing revenue measure by more than 5 per cent annually;

sale of city land exceeding a value of \$100,000;

franchises for periods over 10 years;

any ordinance, contract, or resolution which creates a new one-time expenditure or obligation for a designated purpose in excess of \$5 million, or for which purpose, there will be an annual operating expense in excess of \$1 million.

An initiative shall qualify upon petition of 10,000 registered



voters. Any ordinance or resolution shall be subjected to referendum upon petition of 10,000 registered voters. The recall of an elected official shall require a petition signed by 20,000 registered voters. An initiative petition, a petition for recall of an elected official, or a referendum petition must be circulated and filed within 180 days following the date when the first signature is affixed thereon. The Council shall by ordinance, according to Section 8, Article II, of this Charter, adopt complete procedures and provide necessary forms to facilitate and expedite the initiative, referendum, and recall by the people, and shall refer such ordinance or ordinances to vote of the people.

If any section, part, clause, or phrase hereof is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional, the remaining sections shall not be affected but remain in full force and effect.



Permission to use his name

Exact name as registered

First name, middle initial, + last name

Address

Laura Tallian

Coalition for Direct Democracy

2242 Morley St.

S.W. 92111

279-6080



**NOTICE OF INTENTION  
TO CIRCULATE PETITION  
FOR RECALL OF  
CITY OFFICIAL  
NOTICE OF INTENTION  
TO CIRCULATE PETITION  
FOR RECALL OF  
LUTHER G. REID  
FROM THE OFFICE OF  
COUNCILMAN OF THE CITY  
OF NATIONAL CITY,  
CALIFORNIA**

TO: MR. LUTHER G. REID

We, the undersigned, being duly qualified and registered voters of the City of National City, State of California, do hereby give notice pursuant to Section 27504 of the Election Code of the State of California, that we intend to circulate a petition for your recall

from the above identified office. The said recall is, and will be sought on the following grounds: We, the residents, citizens, and taxpayers of National City, hereby, declare our dissatisfaction with the current Administration of our civic affairs of our City. We, hereforth, state that the Mayor and the National City Council is condemned by us concerned individuals for condoning official lawlessness and violence under the color of law and furthermore, that the Mayor and the City council by their abuse of their constituted power, have failed to provide representative leadership and are responsible of gross in-

competency and irresponsibility in their failure to provide for the health, safety, and welfare of its residents, citizens, and taxpayers. We, the concerned citizenry in calling for a recall accuse the Mayor and the City Council of:  
1. bias towards corporate interest in establishing zoning regulations.  
2. failure to provide for the safety of our school children.  
3. inability to harness federal funds for local projects and social improvements.  
4. mismanagement of federal funds.  
5. failure to provide adequate guidelines and policies for law enforcement officials.

6. insensitivity to the Multi-cultural needs of our community.  
7. failure to respond to the will of the people.  
To remedy the above stated inequities and in order to provide for new responsive democratic leadership, we the people of National City hereby, urge the recall of the Mayor and the entire National City Council.  
Dated November 14, 1975  
Jesse Ramirez  
421 W. 16th Street  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-7120  
Herman Baca  
105 S. Harbison Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-3800

Consuelo Rubio  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-5469

Oscar O. Canedo, Ph.D.  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-5469

Beulah F. Xander  
1845 E. 16th Street  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-7904  
NC 4431 11-16-75

11-16-75

Mayor and the National City Council is condemned by us concerned individuals for condoning official lawlessness and violence under the color of law and furthermore, that the Mayor and the City council by their abuse of their constituted power, have failed to provide representative leadership and are responsible of gross incompetency and irresponsibility in their failure to provide for the health, safety, and welfare of its residents, citizens, and taxpayers.

We, the concerned citizenry in calling for a recall accuse the Mayor and the City Council of:

- 1. bias towards corporate interest in establishing zoning regulations.
- 2. failure to provide for the safety of our school children.
- 3. inability to harness federal funds for local projects and social improvements.
- 4. mismanagement of federal funds.
- 5. failure to provide adequate guidelines and policies for law enforcement officials.
- 6. insensitivity to the Multi-cultural needs of our community.
- 7. failure to respond to the will of the people.

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National City, Ca 92050  
477-7904  
NC 4431 11-16-75

**NOTICE OF INTENTION  
TO CIRCULATE PETITION  
FOR RECALL OF  
CITY OFFICIAL  
NOTICE OF INTENTION  
TO CIRCULATE PETITION  
FOR RECALL OF  
KILE MORGAN  
FROM THE OFFICE OF  
COUNCILMAN OF THE CITY  
OF NATIONAL CITY,  
CALIFORNIA**

TO: MR. KILE MORGAN

We, the undersigned, being duly qualified and registered voters of the City of National City, State of California, do hereby give notice pursuant to Section 27504 of the Election Code of the State of California, that we intend to circulate a petition for your recall from the above identified office.

The said recall is, and will be sought on the following grounds:

We, the residents, citizens, and taxpayers of National City, hereby, declare our dissatisfaction with the current Administration of our civic affairs of our City.

We, hereforth, state that the

*Star News  
11/16/75*



Dated: 16 November 1975  
(Fecha: 16 Noviembre 1975)  
NC 4426

**NOTICE OF INTENTION  
TO CIRCULATE PETITION  
FOR RECALL OF  
CITY OFFICIAL  
NOTICE OF INTENTION  
TO CIRCULATE PETITION  
FOR RECALL OF  
MICHAEL R. DALLA  
FROM THE OFFICE OF  
COUNCILMAN OF THE CITY  
OF NATIONAL CITY,  
CALIFORNIA**

**TO: MR. MICHAEL R. DALLA**

We, the undersigned, being duly qualified and registered voters of the City of National City, State of California, do hereby give notice pursuant to Section 27504 of the Election Code of the State of California, that we intend to circulate a petition for your recall from the above-identified office.

The said recall is, and will be sought on the following grounds:

We, the residents, citizens, and taxpayers of National City, hereby, declare our dissatisfaction with the current Administration of our civic affairs of our City.

We, heretofore, state that the Mayor and the National City Council is condemned by us concerned individuals for condoning official lawlessness and violence under the color of law and furthermore, that the Mayor and the City Council by their abuse of their constituted power, have failed to provide representative leadership and are responsible of gross incompetence and irresponsibility in their failure to provide for the health, safety, and welfare of its residents, citizens, and taxpayers.

We, the concerned citizenry in calling for recall accuse the Mayor and the City Council of:

1. bias towards corporate interest in establishing zoning regulations.
2. failure to provide for the safety of our school children.
3. inability to harness federal funds for local projects and social improvement.
4. mismanagement of federal funds.
5. failure to provide adequate guidelines and policies for law enforcement officials.
6. insensitivity to the Multi-cultural needs of our community.
7. failure to respond to the will of the people.

To remedy the above stated inequities and in order to provide for new responsive democratic leadership, we the people of National City hereby, urge the recall of the Mayor and the entire National City Council.

Dated November 14, 1975

Jesse Ramirez  
421 W. 14th Street  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-7120

Herman Baca  
105 S. Harbison Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-3800

Consuelo Rubio  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-5469

Oscar O. Canedo, Ph.D.  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-5469

Beulah E. Kander  
1845 E. 16th Street  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-7904  
NC 4432

11-16-75



Ione Campbell was quoted in the STAR-NEWS of January 8th ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ as explaining that wrong precinct numbers had been assigned to some of the names of people that signed the recall petition.

According to the California Election Codes, signatures with incorrect precinct numbers may be thrown out but the recall proponents may first be given a chance to ~~SEE~~ correct the incorrect numbers. The hitch is that according to the ~~XXXX~~ new law passed nobody other than the city clerk and the city clerk's deputies are ~~XXXX~~ allowed to see the petitions once they have been submitted. This could be solved easily enough if the city clerk would deputize some of the recall ~~SEE~~ proponents and allow them to correct the ~~XXXXXX~~ incorrect precinct numbers.

Mrs. Campbell expressed a concern that the right of people to petition may be denied if the ~~XXXXXX XXXXXXXX~~ incorrect precinct numbers are thrown out. Everyone who signed the petition signed the correct name and address, but the Ad Hoc Committee looked up the precinct numbers according to a map furnished by the National City officials.

STAR-NEWS of January 11 Ione Campbell gave the Ad Hoc Committee a list of 18 consolidated precincts to use for looking up the precinct numbers. The map she is ~~using~~ using to check the precincts has 44 different precincts on it. Because of this one-half to three-quarters of the signatures may have the ~~wrong~~ wrong numbers. Mrs. Campbell offered to deputize some of the Ad Hoc Committee members and the staff person in charge or checking the petitions agreed, but Sexton said that he felt that would not be permissible.

STAR<sup>1</sup>/NEWS January ~~22~~ 24 Mrs Campbell resumed checking the petition using a different map than the one given to the Ad Hoc Committee. She was waiting for a private legal decision about what map to use and whether or not members of the Ad Hoc committee could be deputized to correct the wrong precinct numbers. She said that she was not the legal consultant for people who wanted information about recall, and did not ~~provide~~ provide the Ad Hoc Committee with information they required to fulfill the requirements for recalling city officials.



quotes from Mayor Kile Morgan...

Morgan denies there has been any attempt to interfere with Mrs Campbell or the function of her office in connection with the recall.

About the charges, Morgan said...

"why didn't they bring this up when it happened? That's the time to bring it up. This is the first I've heard about it. I don't believe it.

I don't believe there should be any investigation by the city of this. They should take it to a higher authority than the city so we can't be accused of whitewashing it."

"They've told the same stories against the County Grand Jury, the city, the police and the district attorney. It is hard for me to believe this.

"These people for the recall always try to discredit anyone who doesn't agree with everything they say."

"They are trying to pass on their mistakes. They didn't do it properly, and they are mad because they made mistakes and they are trying to tear somebody else down."



Quotes from Deputy City Attorney Michael Cowett

He said Mrs Campbell had been under no threat other than that of the recall proponents to sue her if she threw out the signatures.

He said that he and Mrs Campbell have worked in close cooperation in the matter, with his providing written and oral interpretations of the laws affecting her function in the recall, and that such cooperation and conferring in no way constitutes a "conspiracy."

Cowett said he cannot see that the note poses any problem.

"That's weird. No that feeling, (of being bugged) is not prevalent in City Hall. That is the first time I have heard anything about bugging from Ione or any city official."

Cowett said, "Yes," he was monitoring Mrs Campbell's count (of the petition signatures).

Cowett said he and Mrs Campbell had agreed that he could not view the signatures but that he should review the petitions and affidavit of circulation forms to determine if they complied with recall law.

According to Cowett Mrs Campbell made a photocopy of a petition without any signatures on it which showed only the petition statement and the affidavit.

He said the petition statement and affidavit were in full compliance with the law.

He said Campbell furnished him with copies of the material so he could check the legality of the forms.



Mrs. Ione Campbell, quotes from the 1-29 STAR-NEWS

Mrs Campbell said that she had not been told that the councilmen under recall would sue her if her decision furthered recall, "but common sense told me they could."

Mrs Campbell said she had beentold by "someone in a group of people", but not a city official, that if a suit resulted after she went against city attorneys' advice, they probably would not defend her decision in court.

Asked if Sexton was the one who so advised her, Mrs. Campbell hesitated and said, "I can't remember."

Mrs Campbell admitted she wrote the note (about the technicality) but her intent was to advise Ramirez that the group should seek the advice of an attorney.

"I wanted to tell them to hve their attorneys review it, because the city attorneys were going to review ~~ix~~ the petitions for format, not ~~xxx xxx~~ names, and it could be knocked out in a technicality."

"I have been told by many people in the past that this office is bugged. I just did not feel comfortable in discussing recall with Ramirez. He wanted to talk about it and I didn't."

about the consolidated precincts...

"At no time did I tell them to do that. That precinct list was good for polling places only for the December 9 election." When asked if she told the Ad Hoc that this list was good only for polling places she replied, "I don't remember whether they asked that."



RECALL OF MUNICIPAL OFFICES  
A LEGAL SUMMARY

by Peter A. Schey  
233-5466

All relevant statutes are found in the California Election Code.

Section 27500

Proceedings are commenced against the holder of any city elective office by the service, filing and publication of a "notice of intention to circulate a recall petition" pursuant to section 27504. Proceedings may not be commenced against an office unless he/she has held office for at least six (6) months.

Section 27501

A "petition" demanding the recall of the officer shall be filed with the clerk of the legislative body of the city and the petition shall be signed by not less than 25 percent of the votes of the city, or in the case of a city councilman elected by district 25 percent of the votes of his district, according to the county clerk's last official report of registration to the Secretary of State.

NOTE: in collecting signatures on the petition, each petition offered for signatures must have on it the "notice of intention to circulate a recall petition" and the statement of the reasons for recall and the answer of the incumbent, if such an answer was made.

Section 27502

If a vacancy occurs in an office after a recall "petition" has been filed, the election shall nevertheless proceed as



provided herein, except as is provided in section 27519 (below).

#### Section 27503

One election is sufficient for the recall of one or more officers, but a separate petition is required to propose the recall of each office-holder.

#### Section 27504

No signature may be affixed to the petition until the proponents have served, filed, and published a "notice of intention to circulate a recall petition" containing:

1. Name of office-holder and title of his office; and,
2. A statement (not more than 500 words) of the grounds for the recall;
3. The name and address of between 1 and 5 proponents of the recall.

The original copy of the notice of intention must be served, either personally or by certified mail, on the office-holder, and a copy must be filed with the clerk of the legislative body along with a certificate of the time and manner in which the original was given to the office-holder.

#### Section 27505

Within seven (7) days after the filing of the "notice of intention", the office-holder may file with the clerk of the legislative body an answer (not more than 500 words), and if an answer is so filed, the office-holder must serve a copy, by certified mail or personally, on one of the proponents of the recall.

When the proponents publish the notice and statement (see section 27504, above), the office-holder may, at his expense, have his answer published. If the office-holder desires to



publish his answer, he shall file with the clerk a statement declaring his intent to have his answer published at the same time that his answer is filed with clerk.

#### Section 27506

The "notice" and "statement" (see section 27504, above), and the "answer", if it is to be published (see section 27505, above), are to be published as follows:

1. If there is a newspaper of "general circulation," as described in Government Code sections 6000-6066, adjudicated as such, the notice and statement shall be published therein at least once.

NOTE: Pursuant to Government Code sections 6020-6027, certain procedures are established which must be followed by a newspaper in order to get adjudicated as a "newspaper of general circulation." Check with the newspaper publisher to determine this.

#### Section 27507-

Seven days after the publication or posting of the notice, the recall "petition" may be circulated for signatures.

The petition shall contain a copy of the "notice of intention", "statement", and "answer" if an answer was filed. If the office holder has not answered, the petition shall so state. The petition must be filed with the clerk within 60 days from the filing of the "notice of intention."

Section 27508 - repealed.

#### Section 27509

Each separate section of the petition must have attached to it an affidavit made by a voter of the city stating:

1. According to his/her "best information and belief" . . .



2. Each signature appearing on each section of the petition is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be, and
3. That each signer was, at the time of signing, a registered and qualified voter of the city or district, and
4. That the affiant (person collecting signatures) personally observed each signer place on the petition his/her signature, date of signing and place of residence. Prior to turning in the petition, the name or precinct number of each signer should be noted.

#### Section 27510

Once the petition with supporting affidavits is turned over to the clerk, the clerk shall determine:

1. The number of registered voters of the city last officially reported to the Secretary of State by the County Clerk;
2. The number of signatures on the petition (each signature must also show a person's address, precinct name or number, and date of signature).

If the clerk determines that the 25% figure has been reached, the clerk then accepts the petition for filing and the petition is deemed filed as of the date of the clerk's determination. If the petition is not accepted, it shall be returned to the proponent of the recall.

NOTE: the law does not say how long the clerk may take in making the above determination. A law-suit may be required to get speedy action.

#### Section 27510.1

(a) After the petition has been filed (see section 27510, above) the clerk then must determine:

1. Whether each signature is genuine;
2. Whether each signer was a qualified registered voter as of the date of filing the petition;



3. Whether each signature also shows a date, an address, and a precinct name or number.

(b) If any signature is undated, or shows a date not falling within the legitimate time period to collect signatures, those signatures will be ignored. The same is true of any signature not showing an address and precinct name or number. If it appears that a date or address was not written in by the signer, that signature shall be ignored.

#### Section 27510.2

The clerk shall complete his/her examination (see section 27510.1, above) not later than 30 days from the date of filing of the petition ("filing" see section 27510). The clerk attaches a certificate showing the results of the examination, and the petition and certificate are then presented to the City Council at its next regular meeting. Within 5 days after his certification, the clerk must forward a copy of the certification to the proponents of the recall.

#### Section 27510.5

The failure to secure sufficient signatures shall not prejudice the filing later of an entirely new petition to the same effect.

#### Section 27511

If the clerk's certification (see section 27510.2) shows that the petition does not contain sufficient signatures, a supplemental petition, a duplicate of the original petition in form, with additional signatures may be filed within 30 days of the mailing of the certificate of insufficiency mailed to the proponents of the recall pursuant to section 27510.2, above.



### Section 27513

If the petition is sufficient, the clerk must, "without delay", submit it to the legislative body of the city. The legislative body must, "at once" order a special election to be held, not less than 74, nor more than 89 days after the "date of the order." If a regular municipal election is to occur not less than 74 days nor more than 104 days from the date of the order, the legislative body may order the special election to be held on the day of the regular election.

### Section 27513.5

If the recall is directed to an officer whose term of office is scheduled to end in less than 6 months after the petition is submitted to the legislative body, the legislative body shall not order a special election and the recall question shall not appear on the ballot at the regular election.

### Section 27514

The clerk shall mail to each voter, at least 10 days prior to the election, a sample ballot, and a separate printed copy of the statement of the proponents and of the answer, if any. If the recall of more than 1 officer is in question, the statement and answer, if any, shall be clearly distinguished for each officer.

### Section 27515

The following shall appear on the ballot: "Shall (name of person) be recalled from the office of (title of the office)?" Voters must vote either "yes" or "no".



Section 27516

Also the following question must appear on the ballot:  
"If the recall prevails, shall the (name of legislative body, e.g. city council) fill the vacancy or vacancies by appointment or call a special election for that purpose?" People must vote either by placing an X next to the words "By appointment" or "By special election."

Section 27517

The governing body of its next regular meeting after the election must canvass the votes and announce the results. If 51% or more voted for recall, the question has succeeded and the office shall be deemed vacant.

Section 27518

If the recall succeeds, and 51% or more voted for a special election to fill the vacancy, the legislative body shall, at its next regular meeting, call an election to be held not less than 74, nor more than 89 days, after the date of the order. If a regular election is to occur not more than 104 days, nor less than 74 days, from the date of canvassing the vote, the legislative body may provide for filling the vacancy at the next regular election. If the majority of voters voted to have the legislative body appointment someone to fill the vacancy, the legislative must "at once" make an appointment.

Section 27519

If a majority of the legislative body is recalled, the members recalled shall retain their offices until successors are elected and qualified. "Immediately" after canvassing the votes, the clerk shall call a special election to fill the vacancies, which must be held within 89 days after the canvass



AD HOC COMMITTEE CAMPAIGN VOLUNTEER FORM

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

PHONE \_\_\_\_\_

I can help with the campaign:

\_\_\_\_\_ Work at the campaign headquarters.

\_\_\_\_\_ Drive people to the polls.

\_\_\_\_\_ Make telephone calls.

\_\_\_\_\_ Put up signs.

\_\_\_\_\_ Distribute campaign literature.

\_\_\_\_\_ Use my name as an endorser.

\_\_\_\_\_ Make a campaign contribution.

\_\_\_\_\_ Have a coffee at my house for the candidates.

\_\_\_\_\_ Be a poll watcher for the elections.

\_\_\_\_\_ I have a car to drive people around.

\_\_\_\_\_ Other. (please indicate what you can do to help.)

\_\_\_\_\_ You can count on me all day March 2nd, election day.

Please indicate what days \_\_\_\_\_ and hours \_\_\_\_\_  
are the best for you.

please fill out this form and return it to:  
Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights  
1837 Highland Ave.

WE NEED YOUR HELP!!!



# HELP LIST

<u>Name</u>	<u>Telephone</u>
✓ Jerry Apodaca	271-6068 ✓
Jennette Apodaca	271-6068 ✓
✓ Gilbert Ambriz	474-1459
Phil Alcala	474-7442
✓ Greg Akili	264-7445
✓ David Avalos	224-0910
Kim Allen	283-3492
Rosemarie Ayala	477-6680
*Lilia Bartoleme	<sup>68</sup> <del>246</del> -8117
Gary Balsam	282-2432
Rita Baca	262-7807
*Robert Chavez	277-8728
✓ Juan Choyan	477-3800
✓ Gloria Cuevas	<del>453-9434</del> 453-9434
Manuel Cossio <sup>422</sup>	422-4966
Sylvia Carreno	474-3541
Vivian Castro	474-3541
✓ Norma Casas	474-1753
Maggie Carrillo	466-3498
Rosemarie Colmenero	477-3305
✓ Manuel Cavada	425-5565
Olga Casteneda	479-2530
✓ Oscar and Debra Canedo	477-5994
*Gus Gutierrez	236-1228
Laura Guerrero	477-0183



<u>Name</u>	<u>Telephone</u>
Patricia Galindo	452-8696
✓Anthony Gonzalez	452-9087
✓Hector Garcia	283-3537
Estela Garcia	474-1465
✓Jose Guerrero	236-1228
✓Fred Golner	428-1589
Tina Hernandez	477-7517 <i>not in sample</i>
Howard Hollman	
✓Tommy Hayden	477-3461
✓Nick Inzunza	477-5949
✓Ralph Inzunza	428-1717
✓Robert Imara	264-7445
✓Elsa and Monica Juarez	264-2756
Yolanda Lopez	224-0910
Carmen Lopez	264-4517
Marta Lugo	479- <del>9045</del> <sup>2994</sup>
Frances Muncz —	474-3541
✓Armando and Delia Macias	477-0834
-Frank and Mark Mezta	477-9577
✓Jose Moreno	236-1228
✓Ken Msemaji	264-7445
Mike MaGraw	281-2611
Kathy Miller	291-4322
✓Celestino Mancilla	477-3659
*John Nabrest <i>Nabrest</i>	282-2432
✓Louie Natividad	474-7656
Maria Omobono	477-7004

475-1309



<u>Name</u>	<u>Telephone</u>
Jorge Parra	282-2930 <i>not in service</i>
David Pittman	281-0389
Nanette Ponce	<del>unknown</del> 477-5982
Jesse and Celia Ramirez	477-7120
Mark Rich	280-1728
✓ Donna Reyes	477-1533
✓ Milton and Jackie Rivera	477-2890
* Jose and Alfred Rodriquez	477-7759
✓ Ralph Rivera	474-7875
✓ Johnny "Waterbed" Rodriquez	264-5081
✓ Raymond Rodriquez	4754087 — 477-9404
Joe Ryan	282-2432
Uri Ramos	282-2608
✓ Lourdes and Merna Rivera	477-7875
Ruben and Consuelo Rubio	477-5469
George Rosa	424-9122
✓ Don Sorsa	282-2432
✓ Jose Salazar	474-2510
✓ Linda Sanchez	477-5131
✓ Betty Suarez	475-4281
Jessica Star	280-1292
Patricia Salgado	262-7384
Jesse Sanchez	
✓ Billie Torres	263-3240 <i>not in service</i>
Barbara Tracy	479-7272 <sup>work</sup> 477-8171-4
✓ Robert Tambuzi	264-7445



<u>Name</u>	<u>Telephone</u>
Linda Vasquez	474-6906
✓ Carlos Vazquez	477-0952 477-3800
✓ Jim West	4770952 Message
Dick White	443-6668
✓ Peter Xander	477-7904 275-2301
Sylvia Zamudio	477-6012



SACRAMENTO ADDRESS  
STATE CAPITOL, ROOM 4111  
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95814  
PHONE: AREA CODE 916  
445-7556

DISTRICT OFFICE  
815 THIRD AVENUE, SUITE 219  
CHULA VISTA, CALIFORNIA 92011  
PHONE: AREA CODE 714  
427-7080

GARRET EDMUNDS  
ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

# Assembly California Legislature

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEES  
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES AND RETIREMENT  
TRANSPORTATION  
WAYS AND MEANS

MEMBER  
COMMISSION OF THE CALIFORNIAS  
MEDICAL MALPRACTICE COMMITTEE  
WAYS AND MEANS SUBCOMMITTEE  
ON EDUCATION

CHAIRMAN  
WAYS AND MEANS SUBCOMMITTEE  
ON EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

WADIE P. DEDDEH  
ASSEMBLYMAN, EIGHTIETH DISTRICT  
SAN DIEGO COUNTY

November 18, 1975

Mr. Jose Viesca  
Chula Vista Star News  
835 Third Avenue, Suite D  
Chula Vista, California 92011

Dear Mr. Viesca:

I read with interest and no small amount of disappointment your article which appeared in the November 13, 1975 edition of the Star News.

I say with disappointment because rarely have I seen a greater affront to the journalistic cannon of ethics than the half truths and incomplete information included in this article. I would have expected someone of your experience in writing these articles to have had the common sense to check your sources before making statements which cannot be substantiated in any basis of truth.

Let me bring a few matters to your attention. You ask in your article why it was necessary for only the Chicano Assemblyman in San Diego County to address himself to the Assembly Criminal Justice Committee requesting an investigation. If you had contacted my office, I or my staff would have been happy to inform you that I did request a hearing of the Criminal Justice Committee and, in fact, my request preceded that of Assemblyman Chacon. As a result of that request from my office a special hearing of the Criminal Justice Committee was held in San Diego



Mr. Jose Viesca  
Page 2  
November 18, 1975

to investigate specifically the question of what constitutes justifiable homicide by peace officers. Again, if you had bothered to contact my office, you would have discovered that I was the only member of the San Diego delegation to attend those hearings and to question both publicly and privately the expert witnesses who were there with regard to the unfortunate shooting in National City. I sincerely regret that those who claim to represent the Chicano community in this matter, those who approached Mr. Chacon's office with regard to this hearing, chose not to attend it. I sincerely believe that the hearing would have been more valuable with their participation.

You also ask why the Chicano's of the Seventy Seventh Assembly District (sic) are forced to look to Assemblyman Chacon to represent them and not their own Assemblyman. I do not know why some elements of the Chicano community felt it was more advantageous to approach Assemblyman Chacon than me, but again, had you had the courtesy of contacting my office you would have discovered that not only did many concerned Chicano citizens contact my office and discuss this matter with me but also my liaison with the Mexican-American community, Ernie Azhocar, representing me and my office and keeping me informed of each step, has been involved with and participated in the meetings of the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights.

You ask in your article why in a meeting with Chicano leaders did I and Senator Mills send our representatives, and not participate like Assemblyman Chacon did? If you had contacted my office you would have discovered that two weeks prior to this meeting mentioned, I received a letter from Mr. Baca representing the committee, requesting a meeting with me along with Senator Mills and Assemblyman Chacon. I immediately contacted Mr. Baca and informed him that I would be happy to meet with him and his group. However, it was my understanding that Senator Mills was out of town for a week and would be unavailable. I offered to meet with the committee separately or with Mr. Chacon or, if they desired, to wait until Senator Mills returned to meet along with Senator Mills and Assemblyman Chacon with the committee. As I said, two weeks after receiving that letter, Mr. Baca called my office late on Monday afternoon and informed me that a meeting had been set up for Wednesday night. Unfortunately, I already had a commitment to attend committee hearings in Sacramento on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday and it was impossible for me to be present at this arbitrarily set meeting date. I offered at that time to arrange for another date, however, it was felt that this particular date was necessary and at that point agreed to send my Administrative Assistant to represent me. I am at this



Mr. Jose Viesca  
Page 3  
November 13, 1975

time or any time in the future happy and willing to meet with any constituent or group of constituents for the purpose of discussing any matter which is of concern to them. Mr. Viesca, you need not even had contacted my office to be aware of this, since your own past experience with my availability of meeting with you and others is sufficient to inform you of my long established open door policy.

Finally, you ask why I have remained quiet regarding the homicide and before that why I had not spoken out against the conditions which have permitted this to happen? First of all, as this letter has indicated and as you would have found out had you contacted my office, it is clear that I have not remained quiet and inactive regarding this. It has not been my purpose to grab headlines because of the blood unfortunately and unnecessarily shed by Luis Rivera, I will leave that to others. I am interested in seeing that justice is done in this case and that future incidences of this nature are avoided. It is for that reason that I contacted the Criminal Justice Committee, and it is for that reason that I was the only member of the San Diego County delegation, to my knowledge, to have contacted the Attorney General's Office requesting a complete investigation of the Rivera killing.

The people of National City have chosen through our democratic electoral process, their City Council. The Council has obligations for governing the City of National City, I do not agree with their actions at all times, but it is not proper for me as a member of the State Legislature to involve myself in their decision making process any more than it is their responsibility as elected officials of National City to tell me how to vote in the Legislature. We all have the opportunity at election time to approve or reject by means of our vote the actions of our elected officials. The citizens of National City will have that opportunity in April, when two of their Councilmen come up for reelection. I am confident that the people will exercise good judgment in making that decision, without my interference. In the meantime, I will continue to work in the Legislature for the passage of legislation, such as that considered by the Criminal Justice Committee in their hearings in San Diego, which will attempt to offer to local police departments guidelines and procedures, as well as training methods to avoid the repetition of such sad incidences as occurred in National City in the future.

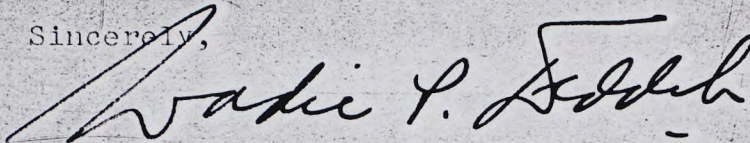
In the same way, I hope in the future we can avoid the kind of misleading reporting of nonfacts such as was contained in your article of November 13th. As always, I am happy to meet with



Mr. Jose Viesca  
Page 4  
November 18, 1975

you and discuss this or any other matter which are of concern to you as a reporter, as a member of the Mexican-American community, or as a citizen, who I count myself fortunate enough to represent in the California Legislature.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Wadie F. Dedden". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the typed name.

WADIE F. DEDDEN

WPD:dfg

cc: Lowell Blankfort



# INTERDEPARTMENTAL MEMORANDUM

To: City Attorney m

Date: 14 Nov 75

From: City Clerk

Subject: Notice of Intention to Circulate Petition for Recall

Attached are certificate of Service by Mail, letter of explanation (new notice of intention to circulate petition of recall), and notice of intention to circulate petition of recall for: Councilman Reid, Councilman Dalla, and Mayor Morgan.

These were served at 12:24 p.m. this date.

CC: City Manager  
(copies not attached - available on request)

By .....



Certificate of Service by Mail of Notice  
of Intention

I say: Phillip A. Alcala

I reside at 2625 Plaza Blvd. Apt. 205 Nat'l City, California and am, and, at all times herein mentioned was a permanent resident of the said city and a citizen of the United States of America and over the age of 18 years;

On November 14, 19 75, in National City, California, I deposited in the United States mail, by certified mail, postage fully prepaid, a sealed envelope containing a certain paper, of which the paper attached hereto is a true and correct copy, addressed to Kile Morgan at 1243 National Avenue, National City, California.

*Phillip A. Alcala*  
*2625 Plaza Blvd. #205*  
*National City Ca.*  
*92050*

RECEIVED  
CITY CLERK  
NOV 14 12 24 PM '75  
CITY OF NATIONAL CITY



November 14, 1975

Mayor Kile Morgan  
1243 National Avenue  
National City, Ca. 92050

Mayor Kile Morgan:

We have inadvertently incorrectly titled our notice of intention to circulate petition for recall. In order to avoid any questions or misunderstandings we the undersigned have decided to serve you with a new notice of intention to circulate petition for recall.

---

Jesse Ramirez  
421 W. 16th Street  
National City, Ca. 92050  
477-7120

---

Oscar O. Canedo, Ph.D.  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca. 92050  
477-5469

---

Herman Baca  
105 S. Harbison Avenue  
National City, Ca. 92050  
477-3800

---

Beulah F. Xander  
1845 E. 16th Street  
National City, Ca. 92050  
477-7904

---

Consuelo Rubio  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca. 92050  
477-5469

By  
Herman Baca



NOTICE OF INTENTION TO CIRCULATE  
PETITION FOR RECALL OF CITY OFFICIAL

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO CIRCULATE PETITION  
FOR RECALL OF ~~KILE MORGAN~~ FROM THE OFFICE OF  
~~MAYOR~~ OF THE CITY OF ~~NATIONAL CITY~~,  
CALIFORNIA

TO: MR. KILE MORGAN

We, the undersigned, being duly qualified and registered voters of the City of ~~National City~~, State of California, do hereby give notice pursuant to Section 27504 of the Election Code of the State of California, that we intend to circulate a petition for your recall from the above-identified office.

The said recall is, and will be sought on the following grounds:

We, the residents, citizens, and taxpayers of National City, hereby, declare our dissatisfaction with the current Administration of our civic affairs of our City.

We, hereforth, state that the Mayor and the National City Council is condemned by us concerned individuals for condoning official lawlessness and violence under the color of law and furthermore, that the Mayor and the City Council by their abuse of their constituted power, have failed to provide representative leadership and are responsible of gross incompetency and irresponsibility in their failure to provide for the health, safety, and welfare of its residents, citizens, and taxpayers.

We, the concerned citizenry in calling for a recall accuse the Mayor and the City Council of:

1. bias towards corporate interest in establishing zoning regulations.
2. failure to provide for the safety of our school children.
3. inability to harness federal funds for local projects and social improvement.
4. mismanagement of federal funds.
5. failure to provide adequate guidelines and policies for law enforcement officials.
6. insensitivity to the Multi-cultural needs of our community.
7. failure to respond to the will of the people.

To remedy the above stated inequities and in order to provide for new responsive democratic leadership, we the people of National City hereby, urge the recall of the Mayor and the entire National City Council.

Dated November 14, ,1975



Jesse Ramirez  
421 W. 16th Street  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-7120

Herman Baca  
105 S. Harbison Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-3800

Consuelo Rubio  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-5469

Oscar O. Canedo, Ph.D.  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-5469

Beulah F. Xander  
1845 E. 16th Street  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-7904

By  
Herman Baca



PS Form 3811, Nov. 1973

RETURN RECEIPT, REGISTERED, INSURED AND CERTIFIED MAIL

● SENDER: Complete items 1 and 2. Add your address in the "RETURN TO" space on reverse.

1. The following service is requested (check one).

Show to whom and date delivered..... 15¢

Show to whom, date, & address of delivery.. 35¢

DELIVER ONLY TO ADDRESSEE and show to whom and date delivered..... 65¢

DELIVER ONLY TO ADDRESSEE and show to whom, date, and address of delivery ..... 85¢

2. ARTICLE ADDRESSED TO:

3. ARTICLE DESCRIPTION:  
REGISTERED NO. CERTIFIED NO. INSURED NO.

(Always obtain signature of addressee or agent)

I have received the article described above.  
SIGNATURE

4. DATE OF DELIVERY POSTMARK

5. ADDRESS (Complete only if requested)

6. UNABLE TO DELIVER BECAUSE: CLERK'S INITIALS

\* GPO : 1974 O - 527-803

PS Form 3811, Nov. 1973

RETURN RECEIPT, REGISTERED, INSURED AND CERTIFIED MAIL

\* GPO : 1974 O - 527-803

PS Form 3811, Nov. 1973

RETURN RECEIPT, REGISTERED, INSURED AND CERTIFIED MAIL

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3. ARTICLE DESCRIPTION:  
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(Always obtain signature of addressee or agent)

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SIGNATURE

4. DATE OF DELIVERY POSTMARK

5. ADDRESS (Complete only if requested)

6. UNABLE TO DELIVER BECAUSE: CLERK'S INITIALS

\* GPO : 1974 O - 527-803





# CITY OF NATIONAL CITY, CALIFORNIA

1243 NATIONAL AVE. • NATIONAL CITY, CA 92050 • 477-1181



IONE MINOGUE CAMPBELL  
CITY CLERK

## PETITION, QUALIFIED ACCEPTANCE OF

Received from Herman Pass  
on 12/31/75 at 10:16  
(date) (time)

Civic Center, City of National City, petition(s) composed of  
approx 200 pages entitled Petition to obtain  
recall of Kile Morgan, Mayor

If upon examination, petition(s) is found on its face purportedly to have appended to it signatures of voters in the required numbers, in compliance with Sec. 27510 of the Elections Code of the State of California, the same will be accepted for filing and deemed filed as of the above time and date.

Ione Minogue Campbell  
City Clerk of the City of  
National City, California



**PROOF OF PUBLICATION**

(2015.5 C.C.P.)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,  
County of San Diego:

I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the County aforesaid; I am over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to or interested in the above-entitled matter. I am the principal clerk of the printer of the **NATIONAL CITY STAR-NEWS**, a newspaper of general circulation, printed and published **TWICE WEEKLY** in the City of National City, County of San Diego, and which newspaper has been adjudged a newspaper of general circulation by the Superior Court of the County of San Diego, State of California, under the date of May 21, 1952, Case Number 172803; that the notice, of which the annexed is a printed copy (set in type not smaller than nonpareil), has been published in each regular and entire issue of said newspaper and not in any supplement thereof on the following dates, to-wit:

11/16

all in the year 1975

I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Chula Vista

Dated at .....  
19 November 75  
California, this..... day of ....., 19.....

Signature

Principal Clerk

This space is for the County Clerk's Filing Stamp

NC 4433

Proof of Publication of

Notice to circulate a Petition

Mayor Kele Morgan

NOTICE OF INTENTION  
TO CIRCULATE PETITION  
FOR RECALL OF  
CITY OFFICIAL  
NOTICE OF INTENTION  
TO CIRCULATE PETITION  
FOR RECALL OF  
KILE MORGAN  
FROM THE OFFICE OF  
COUNCILMAN OF THE CITY  
OF NATIONAL CITY,  
CALIFORNIA

TO: MR. KILE MORGAN

We, the undersigned, being duly qualified and registered voters of the City of National City, State of California, do hereby give notice pursuant to Section 27504 of the Election Code of the State of California, that we intend to circulate a petition for your recall from the above-identified office.

The said recall is, and will be sought on the following grounds:

We, the residents, citizens, and taxpayers of National City, hereby, declare our dissatisfaction with the current Administration of our civic affairs of our City.

We, hereforth, state that the Mayor and the National City Council is condemned by us concerned individuals for condoning official lawlessness and violence under the color of law and furthermore, that the Mayor and the City council by their abuse of their constituted power, have failed to provide representative leadership and are responsible of gross incompetency and irresponsibility in their failure to provide for the health, safety, and welfare of its residents, citizens, and taxpayers.

We, the concerned citizenry in calling for a recall accuse the Mayor and the City Council of:

1. bias towards corporate interest in establishing zoning regulations.
2. failure to provide for the safety of our school children.
3. inability to harness federal funds for local projects and social improvements.
4. mismanagement of federal funds.
5. failure to provide adequate guidelines and policies for law enforcement officials.
6. insensitivity to the Multi-cultural needs of our community.
7. failure to respond to the will of the people.

To remedy the above stated inequities and in order to provide

leadership, we the people National City hereby, urge recall of the Mayor and the National City Council.  
Dated November 14, 1975

Jesse Ramirez  
421 W. 16th Street  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-7120

Herman Baca  
105 S. Harbison Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-3800

Consuelo Rubio  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-5469

Oscar O. Canedo, Ph.D.  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-5469

Beulah F. Xander  
1845 E. 16th Street  
National City, Ca 92050  
477-7904  
NC 4433

11-16-75





# CITY OF NATIONAL CITY, CALIFORNIA

1243 NATIONAL AVE. • NATIONAL CITY, CA 92050 • 477-1181



IONE MINOGUE CAMPBELL  
CITY CLERK

26 January 1976

Jesse Ramirez  
421 West 16 Street  
National City, Ca. 92050

✓ Herman Baca  
105 South Harbison  
National City, Ca. 92050

Consuelo Rubio  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca. 92050

Oscar O. Canedo, Ph.D.  
1729 Cleveland Avenue  
National City, Ca. 92050

Beulah F. Xander  
1845 East 16 Street  
National City, Ca. 92050

Dear Mr. Baca:

Enclosed is my certificate covering the petition for the recall of Kile Morgan as Mayor of the City of National City. The petition fell short of the required number of signatures needed to qualify.

Among the defects in the petition submitted are:

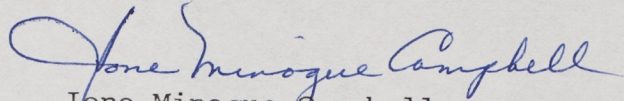
1. Incorrect precinct numbers (in some cases where the same person signed two or more petitions, more than one precinct number was used),
2. Duplication of signatures,
3. Affidavit of petition circulator was dated prior to the dates opposite the signatures on the petition,
4. Persons signed who live outside the corporate limits of the City,
5. Persons signed who are not registered voters,
6. Persons signed who are aliens, and
7. Ditto marks were used to indicate address and/or date.



26 Jan 76

You may file additional signatures within 30 days of the date of mailing of this certificate of insufficiency. (Sec. 27511, Elec. Code)

Yours very truly,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Ione Minogue Campbell". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Ione" starting with a large, decorative loop.

Ione Minogue Campbell  
City Clerk

/imc

Enc. Cert. to Petition  
Cert. Mailing



CERTIFICATE TO RECALL PETITION

State of California)
) ss.
County of San Diego)

I, IONE MINOGUE CAMPBELL, City Clerk of the City of National City, hereby certify that the Registrar of Voters in and for the County of San Diego, was appointed by me to certify a petition for the recall of Kile Morgan as Mayor of the City of National City filed with the City Clerk of the City of National City on the 31st day of December, 1975.

Said petition consists of 216 sections. The petition contains signatures, dates, addresses and numbers purporting to be the signatures of qualified electors of said City, the dates upon which such electors signed said petition, the correct addresses of such electors, the correct precincts within which the electors resided; that attached to said petition at the time the same was filed as aforesaid was an affidavit purporting to be the affidavit of the person who solicited the signatures thereon; that the person by whom said affidavit purports to have been taken and verified was at the time thereof an officer authorized to administer oaths; that therein affiant stated his own qualifications, that he had solicited the signatures upon said section, that all of said signatures were made in his presence and that to the best of his knowledge and belief each signature to the said section was the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be.

R. T. DENNY, Registrar of Voters (Acting) in and for the County of San Diego, has certified that he examined the petition and the affidavits of registration in this City current and in effect, to determine therefrom what number of qualified electors signed said petition; that 216 sections of the petition were examined containing 1,829 total names and that he found 521 to be valid signatures of qualified electors of this City which comply with the requirements imposed by Statute.

R. T. DENNY further certified that the total number of registered voters residing within the incorporated area of National City, as certified to the Secretary of State on January 3, 1975, was 7,021, 25% of this total would be 1,756, the number of valid signatures needed to qualify this petition for the recall of Kile Morgan as Mayor of the City of National City.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand and affixed my official seal this 26th day of January, 1976.

Ione Minogue Campbell
Ione Minogue Campbell, City Clerk
City of National City, California



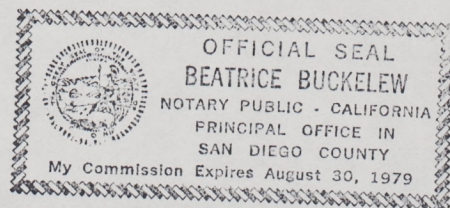
STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF San Diego } SS.
On January 26, 1976 before me,
the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said County and State,
personally appeared Ione Minogue Campbell

known to me
to be the person whose name is subscribed to the
within instrument and acknowledged that she executed the
same.

Beatrice Buckelew

Name (Typed or Printed)
Notary Public in and for said County and State

FOR NOTARY SEAL OR STAMP



Staple
Staple
(Cal.) Ac. Individual (Rev. 5-67)







DOAN

NAT. CITY

RECALL





# AD HOC COMMITTEE ON



# CHICANO RIGHTS

1837 Highland Ave.

Nat'l City, Cal. 92050

(714) 477-3620

## EXECUTIVE BOARD

January 29, 1976

Chairman  
Herman Baca

Ms. Regina Kutchins  
Fair Political Practices Commission  
Technical Assistance and Analysis Division  
1100 Kay Street  
Sacramento, California, 95814

Vice Chairman  
Albert Puente

Secretary  
Albert Garcia

RE: INTERPRETATION OF GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 82013.

Treasurer  
~~XXXXXXXX~~  
Ralph Inzunza

Dear Ms. Kutchins:

As per our telephonic conversation of January 29, 1976, I am writing this letter requesting an official response from your office whether or not the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights is a "committee" for purposes of California Government Code section 82013.

The Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights has been in existence for approximately three years. It is made up of a number of directors of local community organizations and various individuals. The Committee has concerned itself largely with the promotion and protection of the rights of minority groups, indigents, aliens and undocumented persons.

On October 28, 1975, the Committee organized a mass community meeting in National City following the shooting-death of a National City youth by a police officer. Following the shooting incident, the National City Council had refused to issue the name of the officer involved. Various courses of action were adopted at the October 28 meeting including the following: The Committee would seek a Grand Jury investigation into the shooting; the Committee would pursue a federal Civil Rights Commission investigation of the incident; the Committee would pursue an investigation by the State Attorney General's Office into the shooting incident; the Committee would call for the firing of the Chief of Police of National City; the Committee would seek to establish a citizens panel to review the incident; the Committee would organize a recall effort aimed at the members of the National City Council.

### MEMBER ORGANIZATIONS

C.A.S.A. Justicia-Chicano Federation-G.I. Forum-Hermandad Igualdad de Derechos-M.A.A.C.-M.A.P.A.  
Mecha-Padre Hidalgo Center-Servicios de Inmigracion-S.S.P.A.-Trabajadores de La Raza-U.C.M.A.A.



The Committee raised approximately five-hundred dollars at the mass meeting of October 28, 1975, people donating money without specifying which particular Committee activity that donation was to go towards. Subsequently, on November 14, 1975, pursuant to Elections Code section 27500, certain individuals, who are also members of the Ad Hoc Committee, filed with the City Clerk of National City notices of intention to circulate recall petitions against three members of the National City Council. The Ad Hoc Committee was not named as a proponent of the recall effort.

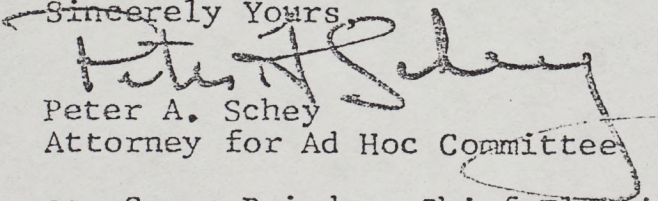
Subsequent thereto, the Ad Hoc Committee did coordinate the circulation of petitions and raised in excess of five-hundred dollars for the purpose of financing and advertising it's involvement in the effort to acquire signatures on the recall petitions. The Ad Hoc Committee has at all times relevant herein had a treasurer who has maintained records on all donations and all expenditures of the Committee.

The petitions were turned over to the City Clerk on December 31, 1975, and, according to information that I just received today, were certified as being non-sufficient as of approximately January 28, 1976.

Based on the above information could you please inform me as to whether or not the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights is deemed to be a "committee" for purposes of Government Code section 82013? Does our Committee, as described above, have any obligations under the Political Reform Act of 1974, and if so, could you please outline our obligations thereunder or refer me to the appropriate statutes.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter.

Sincerely Yours,

  
Peter A. Schey  
Attorney for Ad Hoc Committee

cc: Susan Baisden, Chief Elections Attorney, Secretary of State,  
Kenneth Brown, District Attorney's Office, San Diego County,  
Robert Denny, San Diego County Registrar of Voters.

PS:ys





# AD HOC COMMITTEE ON



# CHICANO RIGHTS

1837 Highland Ave.

Nat'l City, Cal. 92050

(714) 477-3620

EXECUTIVE BOARD

Feb. 26, 1976

Chairman  
Herman Baca

Stanley Pottinger  
Assistant Attorney General  
for Civil Rights  
U.S. Dept. of Justice

Vice Chairman  
Albert Puente

Secretary  
Albert Garcia

Enclosed are sworn statements from citizens of National City, California. Eversince these citizens initiated a recall effort against the City Council in November 1975, local officials have attempted to discredit and destroy the recall drive and are now attempting to frighten people from exercising their right to vote in the regular municipal election on March 2, 1976. The enclosed statements are only a sample of the harassment and intimidation which are people have faced.

Treasurer  
Pete Rios

We are bringing this to your attention because of our concern with the March 2nd election. Because of the continual pattern of harassment and intimidation by local authorities, we feel that a legal and democratic election is not possible without the presence of federal monitors. Federal monitors will insure that a fair and impartial election will be held here in National City, California on March 2, 1976.

We would appreciate your prompt attention to our request since the elections are less than one week away. Please contact me as soon as possible at 1837 Highland Ave, National City, California 92050 or call (714) 474-8195. Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely yours,

Herman Baca  
Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights

cc: Secretary of State, Senator Alan Cranston, Senator John Tunney, Congressman Lionel Van Deerlin, Fernando De Baca, Special Assistant to the President, Fair Political Practices Commission, Assemblyman Peter Chacon, Chairman Chicano Caucus, News Media

MEMBER ORGANIZATIONS

C.A.S.A. Justicia-Chicano Federation-G.I. Forum-Hermandad Igualdad de Derechos-M.A.A.C.-M.A.P.A.

Mecha-Padre Hidalgo Center-Servicios de Inmigracion-S.S.P.A.-Trabajadores de La Raza-U.C.M.A.A.





# AD HOC COMMITTEE ON



# CHICANO RIGHTS

1837 Highland Ave.

Nat'l City, Cal. 92050

(714) 477-3620

EXECUTIVE BOARD

Chairman  
Herman Baca

Vice Chairman  
Albert Puente

Secretary  
Albert Garcia

Treasurer  
Pete Rios

Feb. 26, 1976

Stanley Pottinger  
Assistant Attorney General  
for Civil Rights  
U.S. Dept. of Justice

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MEMBER ORGANIZATIONS

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Mecha-Padre Hidalgo Center-Servicios de Inmigracion-S.S.P.A.-Trabajadores de La Raza-U.C.M.A.A.





# AD HOC COMMITTEE ON



# CHICANO RIGHTS

1837 Highland Ave.

Nat'l City, Cal. 92050

(714) 477-3620

January 29, 1975

## EXECUTIVE BOARD

Chairman  
Herman Baca

Vice Chairman  
Albert Puente

Secretary  
Albert Garcia

Treasurer  
~~XXXXXX~~  
Ralph Inzunza

Mr. Daniel Lowenstein  
Chairman  
Fair Political Practices Commission  
1100 Kay Street  
Sacramento, Cal., 95814

RE: REQUEST FOR OPINION FROM FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION  
ON WHETHER ACTIVITIES OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON CHICANO  
RIGHTS FALL UNDER THE POLITICAL REFORM ACT OF 1974.

Dear Mr. Lowenstein:

The Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights is a community-based organization dedicated to promoting and protecting the civil rights of minority persons, low-income persons, aliens, undocumented persons and other persons otherwise involved in community affairs.

Recently the Ad Hoc Committee became involved in coordinating a recall effort in National City, California. The Committee has coordinated the gathering of signatures on petitions calling for recall. The petitions were presented to the City Clerk of National City on December 31, 1975, and have apparently been found to be insufficient. The Ad Hoc Committee raised over five-hundred dollars in order to finance it's involvement in the process of collecting signatures. I have been informed by a member of your staff that the Ad Hoc Committee is not a committee for purposes of Government Code section 82013 as far as it's activities in circulating petitions for recall is concerned. I have, this date, written a letter to your office requesting a formal statement to that effect.

An election is due to be held in National City on March 2, 1976, at which time the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights intends to support a number of candidates for office. We realize that once the Ad Hoc Committee endorses a candidate and raises \$500 or more, etc., we will then be a "committee" for purposes of Government Code section 82013 and will be

## MEMBER ORGANIZATIONS

C.A.S.A. Justicia-Chicano Federation-G.I. Forum-Hermandad Igualdad de Derechos-M.A.A.C.-M.A.P.A.

Mecha-Padre Hidalgo Center-Servicios de Inmigracion-S.S.P.A.-Trabajadores de La Raza-U.C.M.A.A.



Mr. Daniel Lowenstein  
page 2.

required to file a Statement of Organization and Campaign Statements when due. The Ad Hoc Committee has not yet endorsed a candidate.

However, the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights also believes that it should be involved in the task of registering people to become voters in the city of National City. The Ad Hoc Committee has during the past few months registered approximately 800 persons and hopes to continue it's registration drive in the future. This registration drive is aimed primarily at persons who have not previously registered to vote due to language problems and a host of other social problems. The efforts of the Ad Hoc Committee to register voters is viewed by the Committee as a necessary and legitimate activity to increase the political awareness and involvement of minority and Spanish-speaking persons. Should the Ad Hoc Committee endorse any candidate in the upcoming City Council elections, the Committee would hope that persons registered to vote through the Committee's efforts would vote for those candidates so endorsed. The Committee further hopes that those persons newly registered to vote support the recall effort currently underway. However, the Ad Hoc Committee views it's responsibility to register voters independent from it's activities in endorsing either a recall effort or candidates for political office. Irregardless of the outcome of either the recall effort or the March 2, 1976, election, the Ad Committee now intends to continue in it's efforts to register voters who previously have not participated in the election process.

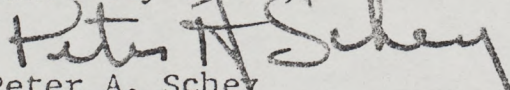
The Ad Hoc Committee recently held a fund-raiser party for the purpose of raising money in order to continue the registration drive. Over five-hundred dollars were raised at the party.

Based on the above information, we hereby request from you a formal ruling on the question of whether or not, under these circumstances, the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights is a "committee" pursuant to Government Code section 82013. We would further request that you inform us of our obligations under the Political Reform Act of 1974 or refer us to the relevant statutes.

Should you need any further information, please feel free to contact me at the address listed above, or by telephone at (714) 233-5463.

Thank you for your assistance in this matter.

Sincerely Yours,

  
Peter A. Schey  
Attorney for Ad Hoc Committee

cc: Susan Baisden, Chief Elections Attorney, Secretary of State,  
Robert Denny, San Diego County Registrar of Voters,  
Kenneth Brown, District Attorney's Office, San Diego County.



## TELEPHONE INSTRUCTIONS

Hello, my name is -----, I am from the Ad-Hoc committee. You signed the recall petition and or we registered you to vote for the March 2nd elections.

We would like to know if you have heard of our candidate's for the City Council. They are Oscar O. Canedo and Jesse Ramirez.

We are calling to ask if you would like to have a sign of the candidates put on your yard and or window. Would you be interested?

Record whatever response you get on the call next to the name. If the number is incorrect, or they want to help, write that down also. Also, mark where you left off, so that the next person can continue the calling.

Any questions about the above instructions, please contact Charlie or Don.

"P" means they signed the recall petition.

"R" means they are registered to vote.

"A" means Anglo.

"B" means Black.

"C" mean Chicano.



AFFIDAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

NAME: ELSA JUAREZ

ADDRESS: 1030 Delta St.

CITY: National City

I, Elsa Juarez, do solemnly swear that the statement I'm about to make are true to the best of knowledge.

At approximately the first week from returning from Christmas vacation. I was approached by men, that had previously talked to Mrs. Rhea Vice-principal and Mrs. Ferguson Secretary to the Principal of Sweetwater Union High School. After introducing themselves they asked me if I knew Mr. Luis Natividad I replied yes. They proceeded to ask me if I knew the people who were registering at the school the previous week, I in turn replied some, they specifically asked me if Mr. Natividad had a clipboard in his hand and how far was he from the persons who were doing the registering and finally if he had a petition with him. My replied was yes he had a clipboard and I pointed to a palm tree outside the building that was about 25 yards from where I was sitting, and that I didn't <sup>know</sup> if he had a petition with him. They also asked me what I was doing there? I told them that I was helping to round-up the students to register to vote. Couple days later I asked Mrs. Rhea who the two men were?. She replied they were from the FBI, but Mrs. Ferguson stated that they were from the DA's office.

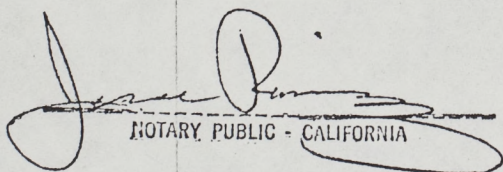
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME  
THIS 4th day of FEB. 1976  
at National City, California

Signed:  
Elsa Juarez  
January 27, 1976

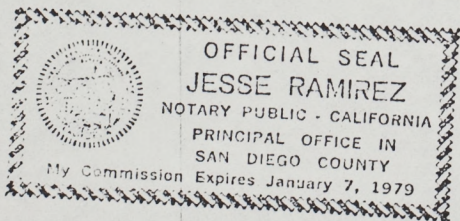
NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME

THIS \_\_\_\_\_ DAY OF \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_

  
NOTARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA

\_\_\_\_\_  
NOTARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA





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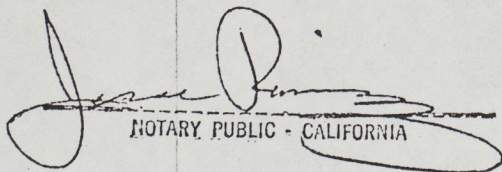
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME  
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Signed:  
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January 27, 1976

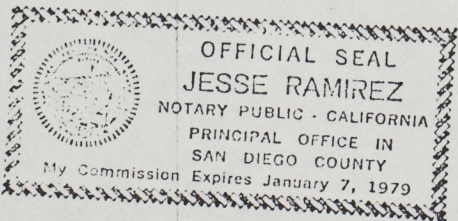
NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME

THIS \_\_\_\_\_ DAY OF \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_

  
NOTARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA

\_\_\_\_\_  
NOTARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA





AFFIDAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

GILBERT AMBRIZ  
1028 Hoover Avenue  
National City, California

I, Gilbert Ambriz, do solemnly swear that the following statement is true:

1. On November 5, 1975, in conjunction with my association with the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights, I was appointed Deputy Registrar of Voters for the purpose of taking affidavits of registration. My appointment expires on April 15, 1976.
2. On January 22, 1976, at approximately 6:00 P.M., Mr. Raul Manuel Aranda and myself were in the process of registering people to vote door to door at the Golden Tree Apartments, 2400 block of "B" Avenue. We were three-fourths of the way done with the above said apartments, when we were stopped by an officer of the National City Police Department. The Police Officer, badge #159, asked what I was doing. I proceeded to tell him my business. The Officer, badge #159, called for more units.
3. When another unit finally arrived, the same officer began to ask me how long I had been registering voters, who was paying me, who I was working for, and how much I was receiving for this. I answered that I was registering people to vote and was a volunteer for the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights.
4. After the questioning, he asked me to empty my pockets, which I did, he then proceeded to frisk me. I asked why he was doing this, and he answered that they were looking for some Blacks who had been committing some burglaries. Another officer was frisking Mr. Aranda. I am of Mexican-American ancestry.
5. When Officer, badge #159, finished with me, he proceeded to look through my registration affidavit book. I told him that they were legal documents and that the Voter Registrars office had instructed all registrars, at the time of classes, that we were solely responsible for those legal documents. After I so advised him, he continued to look through the list of persons who had registered to vote. After completing a police check on us, they finally released us.



AFFIDAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

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National City, California

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AFFADAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

February 24, 1976  
National City, Ca  
Hours of 3:55 and  
4:P.M.

I, Juana Martinez, do solely swear that the following is true and correct:

I was in my house, when two men arrived and greeted me. They showed me their identification. One said he was an Inspector and the other a Detective. One man carried in his hand some papers that said that they were signatures of voters and petitions that were made in December.

I only saw mine, it was my voter registration signature. There was an error made by the man that registered me. The Registrar placed his address and his address was Georgia, Imperial Beach. I told him that I never lived in Imperial Beach.

They asked me if Eloisa Perla, Maria Elena, David Norberto Lopez and Virginia Sanchez lived here. I said yes, they do live here, but they are in Tijuana. They went to see their father. They asked me again, your residence is not here, they live in Tijuana. I answered them, well, they are in tijuana and in Los Angeles, but more in Tijuana, since their father lives there. They said again, they don't live here. I already told them no, that they are visiting theri father. They asked me how old was Eloisa. I said 28 Or 29, I don't remember and if they were borthers or cousins. I answered, no!

I then asked them a question. Why, if they are American Citizens, why can't they vote. They work here, pay their taxes and buy their food. All their expenses were here in the UNITED STATES.

They told me that they should not vote during the day of elections, since they did not have residence here. They have to live in National City to vote.

That was all and they left.

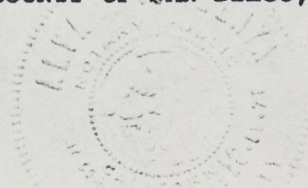
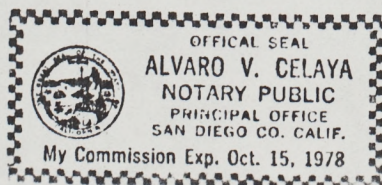
Juana Martinez

*Juana Martinez*

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME  
THIS 25 DAY OF Feb 1976  
AT NATIONAL CITY, CALIFORNIA (92050)

*Alvaro V. Celaya*

NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA





AFFADAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

February 24, 1976  
National City, Ca  
Hours of 3:55 and  
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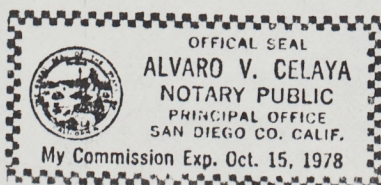
Juana Martinez

*Juana Martinez*

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME  
THIS 25 DAY OF Feb 1976  
AT NATIONAL CITY, CALIFORNIA (92050)

*Alvaro V. Celaya*

NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA





AFFIDAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

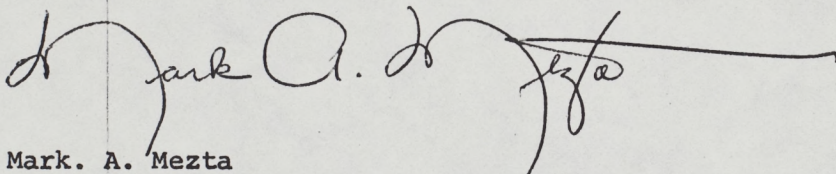
Mark A. Mezta  
2732 E. 24th Street  
National City, Ca 92050

I, Mark A. Mezta, do solely swear that the following is true and correct:

On February 20, 1976, at approximately 3:25 in the afternoon, two men in dress suits, one white caucasian and the other a Mexican-American rang the door bell of our home. They identified themsleves, I forgot the names, but one had an I.D. card with his picture and lettering which read "Federal Bureau of Investigation".

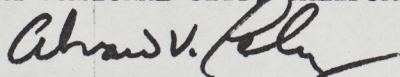
The man talking to me said he was running an investigation or survey from door to door and was from the Deputy Registrar of Voters. He was carrying a xerox copy of all people registered to vote who lived at our home. He asked me to name off all the persons. I named all persons.

They looked at the list and the man talking ~~to~~ replied, "thats all I wanted to know". Then they left.

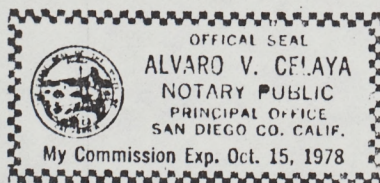


Mark. A. Mezta

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME  
THIS 25 DAY OF Feb. 1976  
AT NATIONAL CITY, CALIFORNIA 92050



NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA





AFFIDAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

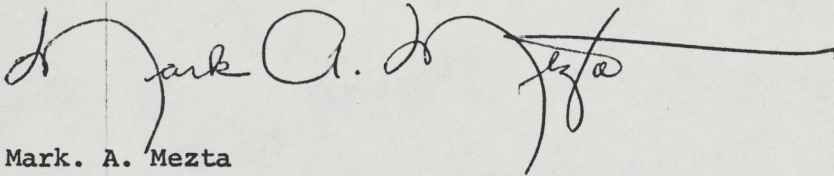
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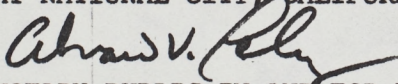
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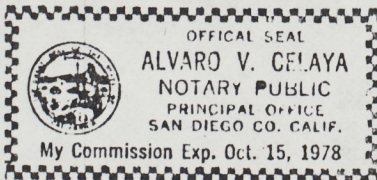


Mark. A. Mezta

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME  
THIS 25 DAY OF Feb. 1976  
AT NATIONAL CITY, CALIFORNIA 92050



NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA





AFFADAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

February 24, 1976

Date of incident:  
February 20, 1976

I, Angelina Reyes, do solemnly swear that the following is true and correct:

Today, two investigators came to my home, 1028 Hoover Avenue. They spoke to my son Arturo. They showed him an I.D. card which he did not have time to read. When I went to the door, they were asking him, how many people lived in our home. He told them eleven. They asked how many adults and Arturo said four. They asked for names. Arturo named Rosa Reyes, Raul Reyes, Lorrie Salcido and Angelina Reyes. I didn't know what it was about and why they were asking those questions.

Then, my daughter, Alicia went to the door and she noticed the sheets they were carrying. She asked if this pertained to the elections. One answered yes and said she was more intelligent than Arturo.

They asked Alicia where Manuel Ambriz lived, who he was and if she knew him. She said yes, that he was her uncle and was in Tijuana at that time. But since he resides here, he receives correspondence here and Victor and Dora Ambriz are his children. David Ambriz, my brother, is in Tijuana resting from an accident.

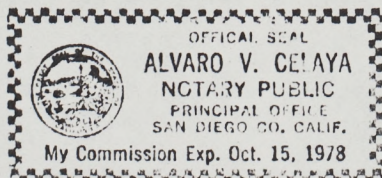
Alfredo and Alfonso Briseno also use this address but left for Los Angeles; they previously lived on "L" Street, they are not residing in Los Angeles, but simply looking for work.

They asked who Gilbert Ambriz was and where he was. She told them where he was and what he was doing. Then they began to speak to each other as to whether Gilbert could vote. Then they said that he could vote, but that his uncle and cousins could not and the Briseno's also. Then they excused themselves and left.

*Angelina Reyes*  
Angelina Reyes

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME  
THIS 25 DAY OF Feb. 1976  
AT NATIONAL CITY, CA 92050

*Alvaro V. Celaya*  
NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA





AFFADAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

February 24, 1976

Date of incident:  
February 20, 1976

I, Angelina Reyes, do solemnly swear that the following is true and correct:

Today, two investigators came to my home, 1028 Hoover Avenue. They spoke to my son Arturo. They showed him an I.D. card which he did not have time to read. When I went to the door, they were asking him, how many people lived in our home. He told them eleven. They asked how many adults and Arturo said four. They asked for names. Arturo named Rosa Reyes, Raul Reyes, Lorrie Salcido and Angelina Reyes. I didn't know what it was about and why they were asking those questions.

Then, my daughter, Alicia went to the door and she noticed the sheets they were carrying. She asked if this pertained to the elections. One answered yes and said she was more intelligent than Arturo.

They asked Alicia where Manuel Ambriz lived, who he was and if she knew him. She said yes, that he was her uncle and was in Tijuana at that time. But since he resides here, he receives correspondence here and Victor and Dora Ambriz are his children. David Ambriz, my brother, is in Tijuana resting from an accident.

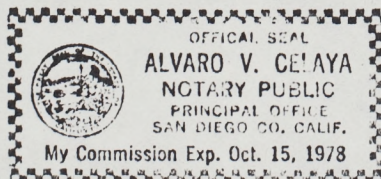
Alfredo and Alfonso Briseno also use this address but left for Los Angeles; they previously lived on "L" Street, they are not residing in Los Angeles, but simply looking for work.

They asked who Gilbert Ambriz was and where he was. She told them where he was and what he was doing. Then they began to speak to each other as to whether Gilbert could vote. Then they said that he could vote, but that his uncle and cousins could not and the Briseno's also. Then they excused themselves and left.

*Angelina Reyes*  
Angelina Reyes

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME  
THIS 25 DAY OF Feb. 1976  
AT NATIONAL CITY, CA 92050

*Alvaro V. Celaya*  
NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA





AFFIDAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

Ruth Rivera  
1130 E. 21 Street  
National City, Ca 92050

I, Ruth Rivera, do solemnly swear that the following is true and correct:

That I was home sick with the flu and an ear ache. That on February 20, 1976, at approximately 3:45 that same afternoon two men knocked at the door of my home. Immediately after opening the door, they identified themselves showing me an I.D. card and saying that they were from the Deputy Registrar of Voters Office. I can't remember what the I. D. card read and don't remember their names, because I was not feeling good that day and they surprised me. The man talking to me said he was checking the names of the registered voters at this home.

He questioned me about each person living here. He asked me if they were students, about their employment and who was Jose Manuel Rivera. He asked me if my son Ralph was working for Galvans and if David was a student. I told them that Ralph was working at Galvans. I told them that Daivd was not a student and that Rebecca was living here and so was my other daughter Norma with her two children. He then asked me if the children voted, I said no they are to young to vote. I asked him what was the problem and he answered that too many people voting from the same house. I said that there are 20 people living in other homes and they can vote.

The man then asked me who was Jose Manuel Rivera. I replied that he was my husband. He then said, you sure have a house full. At about the same time, Ralph was walking in the house. I said to the man "here comes my son Ralph". They just let him pass through and into the house.

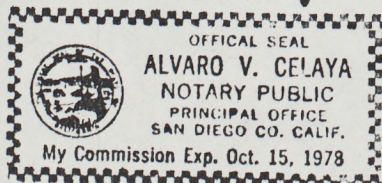
The man talking to me said that we are just checking. They thanked me and left. As they were leaving, I noticed that they had parked the car across the street. They could have parked in front. I noticed one of them put on some sun-glasses and reviewed what appeared to me as a list. After a few minutes, they left.

*Ruth Rivera*

Ruth Rivera

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME  
THIS 25 DAY OF Feb. 1976  
NATIONAL CITY, CALIFORNIA 92050

*Alvaro V. Celaya*  
NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA





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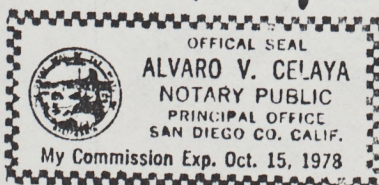
The man talking to me said that we are just checking. They thanked me and left. As they were leaving, I noticed that they had parked the car across the street. They could have parked in front. I noticed one of them put on some sun-glasses and re-viewed what appeared to me as a list. After a few minutes, they left.

*Ruth Rivera*

Ruth Rivera

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME  
THIS 25 DAY OF Feb. 1976  
NATIONAL CITY, CALIFORNIA 92050

*Alvaro V. Celaya*  
NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA





AFFADAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

February 24, 1976

Date of incident:  
February 20, 1976

I, Angelina Reyes, do solemnly swear that the following is true and correct:

Today, two investigators came to my home, 1028 Hoover Avenue. They spoke to my son Arturo. They showed him an I.D. card which he did not have time to read. When I went to the door, they were asking him, how many people lived in our home. He told them eleven. They asked how many adults and Arturo said four. They asked for names. Arturo named Rosa Reyes, Raul Reyes, Lorrie Salcido and Angelina Reyes. I didn't know what it was about and why they were asking those questions.

Then, my daughter, Alicia went to the door and she noticed the sheets they were carrying. She asked if this pertained to the elections. One answered yes and said she was more intelligent than Arturo.

They asked Alicia where Manuel Ambriz lived, who he was and if she knew him. She said yes, that he was her uncle and was in Tijuana at that time. But since he resides here, he receives correspondence here and Victor and Dora Ambriz are his children. David Ambriz, my brother, is in Tijuana resting from an accident.

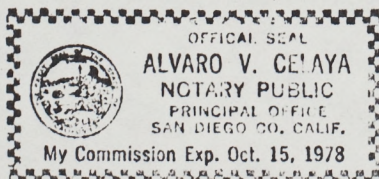
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*Angelina Reyes*  
Angelina Reyes

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME  
THIS 25 DAY OF Feb. 1976  
AT NATIONAL CITY, CA 92050

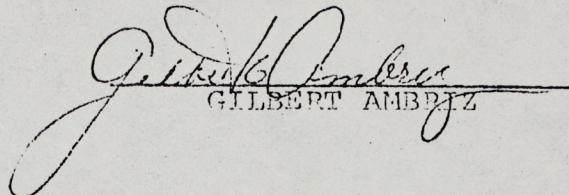
*Alvaro V. Celaya*  
NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA





Affidavit of Sworn Statement  
Gilbert Ambriz  
Page 2

6. We then continued to register people at the complex.  
I swear that the above is true and correct.

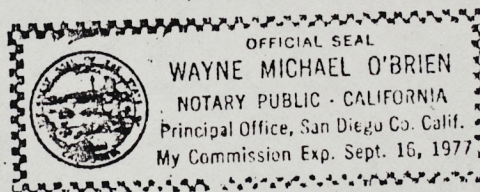
  
GILBERT AMBRIZ

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME

THIS 6<sup>th</sup> DAY OF Feb., 1976

IN THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO, COUNTY OF  
SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

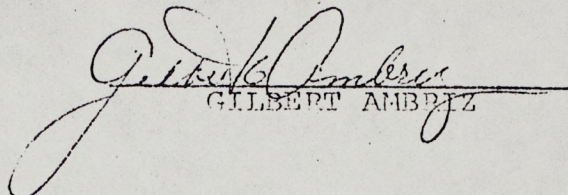
Wayne Michael O'Brien  
Notary Public





Affidavit of Sworn Statement  
Gilbert Ambriz  
Page 2

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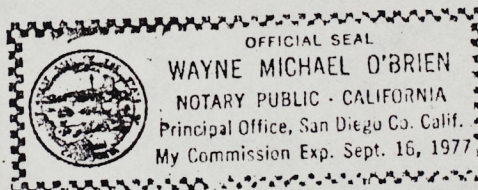
  
GILBERT AMBRIZ

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME

THIS 6<sup>th</sup> DAY OF Feb., 1976

IN THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO, COUNTY OF  
SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

Wayne Michael O'Brien  
Notary Public





KILE

MORGAN RECALL

1976



# NATIONAL CITY RECALL

An Interview with the Chairman of the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights



Voz Fronteriza - February 2, 1976



by David Avalos, Roberto Robledo and Enrique Torres

*It has been nearly four months since the killing of Luis "Tato" Rivera. But the shooting of citizens is nothing new to the community of National City.*

*The following interview with Herman Baca, Chairman of the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights, clearly indicates the dissatisfaction of the Chicano community towards the City Council's unwillingness to act on the Rivera investigation, and their insensitivity in previous community-related issues.*

*On Mar. 2, the citizens of National City, through municipal elections, will begin the process of deciding whether or not a change in their leadership is necessary. It should be pointed out that the sentiments favoring the recall are shared by members of all ethnic populations of the community; not solely those of the Chicano community as perpetrated by the media, in their usual manner of distorting real issues and events.*

*As a community organizer, Baca has been influential in the massive voter registration drive which has been organized in preparation for the municipal election to be held in March, as well as the organization and direction of the recall efforts. He has expressed concern for and acted upon community issues in the San Diego area since 1968. We began the interview by asking him to describe his present involvement with the Ad Hoc Committee:*

**VF** To begin with, what is the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights?

**Baca** Okay, the word Ad Hoc means temporary. When the Ad Hoc Committee was first organized in 1971, it was with the general principle of protecting the civil and constitutional rights of the Chicano community. We hoped that we wouldn't have to struggle endlessly, but we can now see that the struggle is not going to be temporary.

**VF** Who are the members of the AHC?

**Baca** The heads of twelve major Chicano organizations throughout San Diego County sit on the committee.

**VF** Why another Chicano organization when there seems to be so many in San Diego already?

**Baca** In 1971 it was felt that there should be some type of coalition to take on the gut issues that affected the Chicano community. A lot of organizations felt that they couldn't take on these issues alone due to their funding problems and what have you. There was a feeling that if there was going to be any real effort it had to come from a foundation from within the total Chicano community. As such the issues that came under the heading of the AHC were issues which were the civil and constitutional rights of the Chicano community.

**VF** What are some of the considerations in organizing a political effort?

**Baca** Politics requires control and accountability. The Anglo community controls its politics through organizations such as the P.T.A., Lions Club, Kiwanis

Club and the Chamber of Commerce. What do we have? We have controlled agents speaking for our interests.

**VF** What do you mean "controlled agents"?

**Baca** I'm referring to social service workers. Let me first emphasize that social services are very badly needed by our community. By social services I mean everything from collecting trash to referring people to jobs. The Anglo community doesn't use trashmen to speak out on the outstanding issues of the day. The cruel hoax in the Chicano and Black communities however, is that minority social service workers are spotlighted as spokesmen and leaders.

**VF** Why shouldn't these people be heard?

**Baca** Social service agencies are dependent on funding sources outside the minority community. Therefore, they are more accountable to the sources paying their salaries than the community. As such they are controlled and when decisions have to be made they tend to be against community interests.

**VF** How did this arrangement come about?

**Baca** Social service funding evolved out of a political movement. The War on Poverty came about because of the danger of an uprising. The exponents of change came to be employed in the social services. Check the records and you'll find that the administrators of poverty programs were former militants — as far as rhetoric anyway.

**VF** So you feel that as far as



political spokesmen these people have been de-fused? **Baca** If I've told them once, I've told them a thousand times: "Why don't you stick to delivering social services and leave the politicking to someone else?" As it is they don't deliver too many social services. It's a known fact that eighty percent of social service funds are eaten up by administrators.

**VF** If the social service workers are thus ineffective in providing political leadership, where will the leadership come from—the college campuses perhaps?

**Baca** One of the discouraging things about the college campuses is that they never look at community organizing pragmatically. They have a lot to offer but they get derailed by fine points of philosophy. To use an analogy, you must crawl before you learn to walk and only then can you learn to run. College students bypass the pragmatic facts of life; they try to start at the running stage.

**VF** We seem to be back to the question of how a political effort is organized.

**Baca** The first consideration is this: Do the political activists, the organizers make the decisions or does an informed, educated, politically aware community make the decisions that are going to affect their lives?

**VF** Well since you brought up the question, where do you stand as an organizer?

**Baca** I believe that the community has enough common sense intelligence to make its own decisions without some idiot from an ivory tower coming down and

telling them, "This is the road to Rome."

**VF** What specific issues has the AHC dealt with since 1971?

**Baca** The first major issue the AHC dealt with concerned a memorandum written by the San Diego County Sheriff John Duffy. The memo instructed taxicab drivers who suspected their passengers of being "illegal aliens" to call a secret code so that law enforcement agencies could go out and stop the cab and ask the Mexicano, the Chicano, the Latino, whoever, for documentation. If the individual's documentation checked out OK they could continue on their way. If not, they were subjected to harassment and intimidation.

**VF** Why did the AHC protest the Duffy memorandum?

**Baca** As a result of the memorandum many Chicanos were being harassed and intimidated; and in most cases simply were refused cab service. This was in gross violation of our people's fourth and fourteenth amendment rights to be free of search and seizure, the right to travel, as well as the right of equal protection under the law. We were questioning, "Why just Chicanos?"

**VF** Was the AHC protest effective?

**Baca** Yes. After six months of demonstrations, picketing and letter-writing campaigns, the memorandum was rescinded on April 26, 1972.

**VF** Was that the end of such harassment?

**Baca** No. Next came the Hoobler memorandum (the

San Diego Chief of Police). **VF** Why?

**Baca** Ignorance on the part of Chief Hoobler. After Duffy rescinded his memorandum, he was quoted in the San Diego Union as saying, "No one has the right, not even the F.B.I., to stop, question or interrogate people with immigration documents, other than those people delegated to deal with that issue." This is exactly what we had been saying all along! A survey was conducted of all San Diego County Police Chiefs and they all concurred with Duffy's statement except Hoobler who claimed that his officers had the right to search people.

**VF** How did the committee respond?

**Baca** We pointed out that since Duffy was the senior officer, Hoobler had no right to act. The whole issue started again. We took a position that we were no longer satisfied with only having the memorandum rescinded. We went to the San Diego City Council and demanded the chief of police be fired for illegal and unconstitutional acts against the Chicano community. The problem continued from 1972 until Hoobler's termination in 1975. As far as I'm concerned, the issue is still the same. The memorandum was never rescinded and nothing was resolved.

**VF** Didn't the Gallardo incident occur about this time?

**Baca** Yes, it did. It involved a young man from San Diego who was coerced into becoming an informer by two S.D. police officers. After threatening to send him back to prison or "worse,"



Gallardo was instructed not to say anything to anyone. He agreed. As soon as he was away from the two officers he contacted an attorney and the Community Relations Board and divulged all. A week later Gallardo was found dead.

**VF** What happened then?

**Baca** A great furor was raised about Gallardo's death and the activities of the police department with citizens on the street. One of his friends was indicted for Gallardo's death and sentenced to prison. The Grand Jury conducted a traditional investigation and concluded that it was too bad that the whole thing had to happen and that there was nothing wrong. Everything went back to business as usual. The AHC maintained our position of having the police chief fired.

**VF** How much influence did the efforts of the AHC have on Hoobler's eventual decision to resign?

**Baca** More than most people would ever be willing to admit. We demonstrated how local law enforcement agencies enforce intimidation — that psychological fear — in the Chicano community. It was revealing that what we were saying all along was true. Hoobler proved to be what we were saying all along — totally incompetent, a liar, a threat and a danger.

**VF** On October 12, 1975 Luis "Tato" Rivera after being yelled at to halt, was shot in the back with a .357 magnum pistol by a National City policeman. How did the AHC proceed in the protest against Tato's killing?

**Baca** At the time of the incident I was in L.A. When I returned to my office Monday morning I found the phones ringing off the hooks. A lot of people were calling expressing their concern about an article that had appeared in the San Diego Union describing the incident.

**VF** Did you immediately take action?

**Baca** No. I told the callers that the AHC's policy was not to take a stand unless requested to do so by the family; their wishes came before any political considerations.

**VF** ~~The family did open~~ forth. What happened next?

**Baca** The father told me to do whatever was necessary and with that in mind I called the member organizations of the AHC and related to them what the father had told me. We held a meeting of the general community to find out what they wanted us to do.

**VF** What came out of the meeting?

**Baca** Three to six hundred people packed St. Anthony's Church Hall. This was on a one-day notice. Out of much discussion four demands were adopted. We wanted first, a county Grand Jury investigation, as requested by Tato's father, Jesus Rivera. Second, a Federal Civil Rights Commission investigation. Third, an independent investigation by a committee of community people. Fourth, dismissal of the chief of police.

**VF** When were these demands presented to the city council?

**Baca** It was decided to ad-

journal our meeting and present our demands at the city council meeting that was being held that evening. Before we left there were several allegations made against the police. Eddie Perez from N.C. stated that Tato had been harassed by police officers in the past. They had told him, "We're gonna get you, Tato!"

**VF** What happened at the council meeting?

**Baca** About 150 of us went to the council meeting and presented the four demands explaining how they had been mandated at the community meeting. There was a lot of discussion. I asked the individual councilmen and the Mayor what they were going to do. They all stated that they were satisfied with the District Attorney's investigation and that it was out of their hands. I specifically remember asking the Mexican-American councilman what his position was. He pointed out that being the only person of Mexican ancestry on the council he felt very sorry, but that his hands were tied. We left and went to Tato's wake, to the velorio.

**VF** Having been entrusted by the community to carry out the four demands, what was your next step?

**Baca** We decided to circulate a petition to find out how much support existed in the community of National City for the demands. Support was also indicated by petitions that were circulated in other areas of San Diego.

**VF** What publicity had been given thus far to the case?

**Baca** Up to this point, the





Photo by Manuel Cavada

National City Councilman Luis Camacho

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**“I specifically remember asking the Mexican-American councilman what his position was. He pointed out that his hands were tied.”**

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media had been denied information because of the position taken by the police chief, city manager, and city council. Their position was to not divulge any information because they were satisfied with the investigation up to that point.

**VF** What was the general reaction to this “cover up”?

**Baca** Most people in the community saw what the authorities were trying to do, which was to cover their rears. The media started digging around because they were upset about the coverup, especially after the whole Watergate affair.

Since the authorities wrapped themselves in a blanket of secrecy, the media began an investigation of their own.

**VF** Did the media find anything?

**Baca** They found a Mr. John Harper who was a witness at the site after the shooting. According to the **National City Star-News**, Harper heard the yell of “Freeze!”, and three to five seconds later, the shot that killed Tato. Harper further stated that he heard two other witnesses at the scene being questioned by police. “Is this the suspect?”, asked one of the officers. “This is not him,

the other one is taller and skinnier,” one witness replied.

**VF** The police were quick to state that they received threats. We haven’t heard much about threats against the AHC. Is this because you haven’t received any?

**Baca** No, not at all. We started receiving threats almost immediately after taking action in the Rivera case. Most of the threats have been directed against me personally. My family has received threats at home and I had to change my phone



number. I took the precaution of taking my children to school.

**VF** Can you give us an example of the threats you have received?

**Baca** Yes, on one occasion my brother received a call at my office and the caller asked, "Are you a Mexican?" My brother replied, "Yes." The caller continued, "Well, you and every f - - - - - Mexican in that building is going to die." We take every threat seriously but sometimes you have to laugh to maintain your sanity. In retrospect this particular incident was funny as there were two Anglos in the building who were working with us. One of the Anglos asked, "What does he have — a special kind of bomb that will only kill Mexicans?"

**VF** Besides the petition, what other things was the AHC doing to implement the demands?

**Baca** We wrote letters to many people. We wrote to the Grand Jury demanding an investigation, to the Attorney General of the U.S., and to the Civil Rights Commission — to Mr. Phil Montez, who never did a thing.

We contacted California State Assemblyman Peter Chacon, Chairman of the Chicano Caucus. He made a real attempt to help out on his own, personally and politically. As long as I've known him, he never took such a strong position. He wrote the Grand Jury, the Mayor, and all the city councilmen. He pointed out that he had received many complaints from the Chicano community about police harassment, brutality and

impropriety on the city's part. In that regard I think Chacon should be complimented.

**VF** What happened next?

**Baca** The AHC had scheduled a meeting a week after Tato's death, October 19. The word got around and about 150 non-committee members showed up wanting information about what was happening and what we were going to do. It was all very healthy.

At this meeting Ruben Rubio, a National City resident and former mayoral candidate, pointed out that this was not the first time that this type of incident had happened. The whole issue had to be laid at the feet of the Mayor. The only recourse we had was recall.

**VF** What was the response to Rubio's suggestion?

**Baca** Since we had no clear-cut position from the general community concerning recall, the AHC members felt that it was premature to act on Rubio's suggestion. We appointed a committee to study the mechanics of a recall and find out the community feelings on the issue.

Meanwhile, we continued to write letters to politicians requesting that they apply appropriate political pressure to bring about a solution to the whole problem; not only what happened to Tato, but other police shootings that have occurred here under the color of law.

**VF** Can you tell us about some of these previous shootings?

**Baca** Yes, in the last seven years the National City police have killed five in-

dividuals, only one of whom was reported as being armed. In one case, councilman Luther Reid, acting as a reserve policeman, shot and killed an unarmed youth. You can see the type of mentality that has existed and continues to exist here in National City. This points out the whole thing about when does a police officer get to use his gun — I think their answer is that they can use it anytime they want to.

**VF** At this point the name of the officer who killed Tato had not yet been released, right?

**Baca** During all this time there was this cloud of secrecy. The city claimed that threats had been made against the officer's life. Twelve days after the killing we still didn't know who he was. The community was completely uptight. At a meeting we decided to have a protest march after the community requested it. We wanted to alleviate the frustration and drive home the point that we were not going to sit back and go away.

**VF** Tell us about the protest march.

**Baca** First let me say that there was a great deal of concern that the demonstration be a non-violent one. At the time there was an attitude that something dastardly was going to happen, like the town was going to go up in flames, or somebody was going to get shot.

**VF** Did you share this concern that the community would act violently?

**Baca** We had a great fear that due to the pressure of public opinion against the



**"In the last seven years the National City police have killed five individuals, only one of whom was reported as being armed. In one case, councilman Luther Reid, acting as a reserve policeman, shot and killed an unarmed youth."**

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police and city administration, that individuals from the law enforcement agency would try to infiltrate and act as provocateurs in an attempt to turn public opinion against the community.

**VF** What precautions were taken?

**Baca** Through our attorney we instructed the city attorney to get the cops off the street during the demonstration. We told him that if he wanted this thing to be non-violent to get the cops off the street; we didn't want to see one cop. We told him that we weren't concerned about our people. We were concerned about his people. There was a great fear that the cops would provoke something like they did in the Chicano moratoriums of 1970 in L.A.

**VF** How did the city attorney react?

**Baca** On the day of the demonstration he called us and expressed some concern that his informers were telling him that we had lost control of the people, and that there were going to be problems with outside groups busting in. We just laughed at him. We told him that he had better get some new informers.

**VF** What measures did you take to organize the crowd?

**Baca** We had organized 125 monitors. On the night of the march, they met while the

community met. At seven p.m., before the march began, I pointed out that the community had mandated a non-violent peaceful demonstration. I had instructed the monitors that if anyone got out of line, to treat them as a paid provocateur.

**VF** What was the mood of the crowd?

**Baca** The community wanted to see things resolved. They wanted some respect and some answers. They wanted something to be done so that this sort of thing would stop.

**VF** What happened at the march?

**Baca** On October 29, we met at St. Anthony's Hall and marched to city hall passing the scene where Tato had been shot. There were no incidents. We had a non-violent, peaceful demonstration.

**VF** What happened once you got to city hall?

**Baca** I went into the council chambers and presented the 2000 signatures that we had collected on the petitions. I pointed out that the community not only requested that the council act on the four original demands, but that they also release the police officer's name and immediately suspend him without pay. The council responded that they were completely satisfied with the investigation that was then

taking place. We were in no mood to argue with the yoyos, so we turned and left. Outside the people who had been listening to the proceedings over loudspeakers, were chanting, "We want justice!"

**VF** Finally on November 1, the name of the officer was released.

**Baca** Yes. It was Craig Short, a twenty-nine-year-old member of the N.C. police department for twenty months. It came out later that he had shot and killed another individual ten months prior to this incident.

**VF** What investigations were proceeding at this point?

**Baca** The Grand Jury conducted an investigation but found insufficient evidence to issue an indictment. However, the District Attorney took it upon himself to issue an indictment of manslaughter against the officer.

**VF** What do you think were the DA's reasons for indicting officer Short?

**Baca** The issue was one of justice, and how it was administered in the Chicano community. The agencies that were conducting investigations were themselves under public scrutiny. There was massive political pressure on the DA. I should point out that the DA is an elected official. There was a



possibility of an outside agency coming in and conducting an investigation — the job that the DA was supposed to do. The DA's actions were principally motivated out of political considerations. He acted to save his political position rather than out of any sense of justice or respect for the judicial system.

**VF** What was your reaction to the indictments?

**Baca** Before the indictment there was a lull. Some people thought that, "Gee, the system really works. Justice is being pursued by those agencies entrusted to do so." We called a press conference on November 3, 1975. We pointed out that the actions of the Grand Jury were shameful and unacceptable to us of the AHC.

Their action was a reflection of the discriminatory selection process by which jurors are chosen, and proved that the Grand Jury is not representative of the general population. This is especially true of the Chicano and Latino populations. Only five persons of Mexican ancestry have been chosen to serve on that body in the last 104 years.

**VF** Were you also critical of the DA?

**Baca** The DA's indictment of a charge of manslaughter, even though a move in the right direction, was inadequate. With the allegations being made about police threats to Tato's life, we felt the minimum charge should have been murder one. I think the only reason the DA pressed any charge at all was because of

the pressure from the community. In this respect this was a significant victory for the community.

**VF** At this point had any decision been made to proceed with a recall?

**Baca** On November 5, 1975, we began to actively pursue recall. We condemned the mayor and the city council for condoning official lawlessness — violence under the color of law. We pointed out that the officials had failed to provide representative leadership and had acted in a grossly incompetent and irresponsible way. We began circulating the petition for recall on November 24.

**VF** Have Chicanos initiated recall procedures in other parts of California?

**Baca** In Lamont, California, situated near Delano in Kern County, a noble gesture was initiated by two Raza Unida Party members. They tried to recall the Board of Trustees. What happened was that the authorities turned the tables on them; they were charged with perjury and falsifying the petitions and not filing properly.

They threw them in jail because they got the Raza Unida members on technicalities.

**VF** Since the Raza Unida members were thrown in jail ~~on north for initiating a~~ recall, do you feel threatened here in National City?

**Baca** First, let me say that we wrote a letter to the authorities in Lamont asking for an immediate investigation into the whole issue.

Let me tell you this, we

discovered that our own city officials don't even know what the election codes are about.

We discovered that the city attorney's assistant was monitoring the certification of the petitions, which is totally illegal. The only persons that are allowed to view the petitions after they've been filed is the City Clerk and her deputy. We found that five to ten seconds after we submitted the petitions, the assistant City Attorney was down there watching her count them.

**VF** Have any other attempts been made in National City to recall city councilmen?

**Baca** Back in 1958 there existed a segment of the community that decided to commence recall procedures. However, this was not an action started by Chitanos but by Anglos. The issue evolved around the rezoning of the west side.

**VF** Is the recall which resulted from the Rivera incident strictly a Chicano issue?

**Baca** One of the questions the AHC had to address itself to was, How do we present recall to the entire National City community. We were thinking of an election in a multi-cultural community that involves Blacks, Filipinos, Chicanos, who comprise fifty-two percent of the city's population. We also wanted the support of the Anglo community and in general all concerned citizens. The initial effort for recall was Chicano-based, but other ethnic groups quickly compiled their grievances against the established authorities in





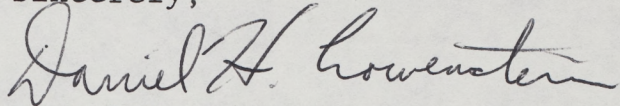


Mr. Peter A. Schey  
February 18, 1976  
Page Two

be prepared by the staff for presentation to the Commission, and a copy of this draft will be furnished to you in approximately 60 days.

If you have any questions, please contact Natalie West, an attorney with the Commission staff.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Daniel H. Lowenstein". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the printed name and title.

Daniel H. Lowenstein  
Chairman

DHL:jp



FACTS

Chronological ~~Factos~~ on National City Recall, Campaign

October 12 Luis Rivera shot and killed by National City cop.

October 14 Community meeting at St. Anthony's Church, people go to City Council meeting to demand they take action.

October 28 Community meeting and march of 1500 decide to launch campaign to recall entire National City Council.

November 1 Short identified as cop who killed Rivera.

October 31 Grand jury report on killing comes out, no action taken.

November 4 Recall notices served on Morgan and 4 City Council members.

November 15 A technicality develops. Notices should have said "Notice of intention to circulate petitions for recall of city officials" instead of "Recall petitions." Entire recall campaign set back 10 days. Also Pinson and Camacho cannot be recalled because of the scheduled elections for March. Petitions with correct heading are ~~XXXX~~ served on Morgan, Reid, Dalia.

November 24 Recall petitions were circulated throughout the community starting today.

December 4- Short acquitted on charges. Recall campaign continues.

December 31 Recall petitions bearing the names of at least 1760 people are served on Morgan, Reid, Luther.

December 7 Ione Campbell notifies Ad Hoc Committee that it appears the wrong precinct numbers have been put on signatures.



The idea of citizen recall of elected public officials came out of Switzerland and was adopted by over 1000 cities and 12 states in this country.

The first city to adopt the recall policy and official law was Los Angeles in 1903. It was exercised one year later when a City Council members was recalled for suspicious connections with contracts given out for city construction.

The reason cities and states adopted recall procedures in the early 1900s was in an attempt to guarantee public control of elected officials. The procedures governing recall campaign were complicated to follow, and expensive, requiring extensive circulation of recall petitions.

Despite this expensive and confusing procedure there have been several important, successful recall camapigns.

The governor of North Dakota was recalled in 1912, the mayor of Detroit in 1929 was recalled, and the people of Los Angeles recalled their mayor ~~in~~ in 1938.

There have been other successful recall efforts, but it has been used mainly against City Council members.



## Recall Information

The concept of recalling political officials originated in Switzerland. The first city in the United States to adopt laws to allow for the ~~regulation~~ recall of officials was Los Angeles in 1903.

Oregon was the first state to adopt recall laws in 1908. Right now about 1000 cities and 12 states have recall laws.

Successful recall campaigns have occurred in:  
Los Angeles, 1904, a city councilmember.  
North Dakota, 1912, the governor.  
Detroit, 1929, their mayor.  
Los Angeles, 1938, their mayor.

The recall has mainly been used against city councilmembers. There was no record of the times it was successful.

The procedure used by National City is the same general recall procedure used by all cities and states. That is, having a recall petition circulated, followed by a recall ~~xxxx~~ vote.

Federal officials cannot be recalled and neither can members of the United States Senate or House of Representatives.

All books, encyclopedias, dictionaries explained that the reason the recall laws were adopted (all between 1900 and 1926) was because that was the era of American "Progressivism."



The idea of citizens having the right to recall elected officials was adp~~ted~~ in an attempt to help guarantee democratic government. Because of the difficulty and expense of having to meet all the requirements, and because the people that passed the recall laws were the people in office, and because the people that are in power are the people that are supposed to expedite the recall process, ~~wa~~ ~~fix~~ there has been a small number of successful recall attempts.

The recall in and of itself, does not guarantee democratic government.

Despite the difficulties and expense there have been several successful recall campaigns. Most notable have been recalls ~~again~~ ~~st~~ ~~the~~ mayor



AFFIDAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

PHILLIP A. ALCALA  
2625 Plaza Blvd. Apt. #205  
National City, Ca 92050

I, Phillip A. Alcala, do solemnly swear that the following is true and correct:

1. I am a member of the AD-HOC Committee on Chicano Rights, 1837 Highland ave, National City, California, 92050. I have been a member of the Committee since October, 1975.
2. On October 28, 1975, the AD-HOC Committee committed it self to coordinate a recall effort aimed at certain National City office holders. I was appointed Registrar Coordinator by the AD-HOC Committee.
3. On November 4, 1975, various individual members of the AD-HOC Committee filed "Notice of Intention to Circulate Petition for Recall of City Official " documents with Ione Minogue Campbell, City Clerk of National City. These documents named Councilman Michael R. Dalla, Councilman Luther G. Reid and Mayor Kile Morgan as the officers sought to be recalled.
4. On November 13, 1975, Herman Baca, chairman of the AD-HOC Committee, in the presence of Carlos Vazquez and myself telephoned Mrs. Ione Campbell, City Clerk of National City and informed her that I, Phillip A. Alcala would pick up from her office precinct maps later that afternoon to be used in the gathering of signatures in the recall petition drive.
5. At approximately 3:00 P.M. on November 13, 1975, I entered the City Clerks office and contacted Mrs. Ione Campbell. I identified myself by name, and told her that I was there to pick up the precinct maps for Herman Baca to be used in the recall effort. I specifically asked Mrs. Ione Campbell to provide me with a map showing the precinct numbers that would be used in our recall petition drive.
6. Mrs. Ione Campbell produced two large identical maps showing 44 precinct numbers. She then handed to me a 4 page document entitled "Special Municipal Election". Mrs. Ione Campbell proceeded to explain to me how to use the document in conjunction with the map. The purpose of the document, as stated by her, was to consolidate the precincts reducing the number of precincts from 44 to 18.
7. During the recall petition drive that followed in the months of November and December, 1975, the AD-HOC Committee at all times used the precinct maps on the basis of the instructions provided by Mrs. Ione Campbell. All volunteers who assisted the AD-HOC Committee in collecting signatures on the recall petitions were instructed accordingly. At all times throughout the petition drive, voters who signed the petition were assigned a precinct number found in the document provided myself by Mrs. Campbell.
8. On December 31, 1975, all petitions containing signatures were turned over to Mrs. Ione Campbell, City Clerk of National City.



9. On January 8, 1976, I was informed by Herman Baca that he had received a call from Mrs. Ione Campbell informing him that numerous signatures had incorrect precinct numbers attached.

10. Subsequent to receiving the maps and documents from Mrs. Ione Campbell on November 13, 1975, I color-coded one of the maps to show 18 consolidated precincts that she had informed us to use. I also crossed out those precinct numbers that were not to be used due to the consolidation.

11. Attached to this affidavit as exhibit A, is a true and correct copy of the map provided to me on November 13, 1975, by Mrs. Ione Campbell. The map shows the markings referred to in paragraph 10 above.

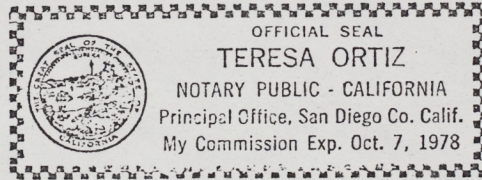
12. Attached to this affidavit as exhibit B, is a true and correct copy of the four page document provided me on November 13, 1975, by Mrs. Ione Campbell.

I swear that the above is true and correct.

Date, January 6, 1976,

PHILLIP A. ALCALA

*Phillip A. Alcala*



Subscribed and sworn before me

this 6th day of February

in the City of San Diego, County

of San Diego, State of California.

*Teresa Ortiz*  
Notary Public



SPECIAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION  
December 9, 1975  
NATIONAL CITY, CALIFORNIA

OFFICERS AND POLLING PLACES

Consolidated Precinct No. 51560  
(Precincts Nos. 51560, 51771 & 51870)

Polling Place: Rubio's Little Mexico, 725 West 18th St.

Inspector: Consuelo Rubio, 1729 Cleveland Ave.  
Judge: Deborah M. Canedo, 1729 Cleveland Ave.  
Clerk: Eva Contreras, 1520 McKinley Ave.  
Clerk: Mary Avalos, 741 W. 22nd St.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51570  
(Precincts Nos. 51570 & 51770)

Polling Place: Casa de Salud, 1408 Harding Ave.

Inspector: Martha Coddling, 440 W. 18th St.  
Judge: Catalina M. Romero, 1838 Wilson Ave.  
Clerk: Evangeline M. Mendez, 1523 Wilson Ave.  
Clerk: Rachel Eddleman, 1240 Harding Ave.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51580  
(Precincts Nos. 51580 & 51690)

Polling Place: Apostolic Assembly Church Hall, 537 G. Ave.

Inspector: Donna Doud, 608 E. 2nd St.  
Judge: Helen R. Jacobus, 505 E. 3rd St.  
Clerk: Esther V. Young, 214 F Ave.  
Clerk: Lois A. Hanson, 510 E. 5th St.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51590  
(Precincts Nos. 51590 & 51680)

Polling Place: 1114 East Division St.

Inspector: Irma L. Bethea, 1407 E. Division St.  
Judge: Mary Selvaggi, 1225 E. Division St.  
Clerk: Beatrice P. Pittman, 1114 E. Division St.  
Clerk: Audrey Bush, 1414 E. Division St.



Consolidated Precinct No. 51600  
(Precincts Nos. 51600 & 51610)

Polling Place: Garage, 202 No. T Ave.

Inspector: Stella Schwab, 1709 Gamma St.  
Judge: Helen Garcia, 1637 Gamma St.  
Clerk: Jeannette Jones, 202 North T Ave.  
Clerk: Olive Atkins, 21 "T" Ave.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51620  
(Precincts Nos. 51620 & 51630)

Polling Place: El Toyon Com. Bldg., 2005 E. 4th St.

Inspector: Nellie J. Kennett, 235 So. Belmont Ave.  
Judge: Agnes Michetti, 40 So. Kenton Ave.  
Clerk: Mary E. Bailey, 518 So. Harbison Ave.  
Clerk: Allen G. Thornberg Jr., 2325 Melrose

Consolidated Precinct No. 51660  
(Precincts Nos. 51660, 51720 & 51721)

Polling Place: Better Living Center, Helen Rice Res., 723 Euclid Ave.

Inspector: Lavilla M. Willett, 2226 E. 11th St.  
Judge: Norma Dibley, 3003 East 11th St.  
Clerk: Fern J. Sendt, 710 Rachael Ave.  
Clerk: Thelma G. Culp, 1017 Helen Circle

Consolidated Precinct No. 51640  
(Precincts Nos. 51640, 51641, 51650 & 51730)

Polling Place: Harbison School, 3235 E. 8th St.

Inspector: Sylvia Miller, 1015 Manchester St.  
Judge: Aline Kearns, 3444 Tolas Ct.  
Clerk: Nettie Ciuchta, 3405 E. 7th St.  
Clerk: Donna DeMoss, 841 Angelo Dr.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51670  
(Precincts Nos. 51670 & 51701)

Polling Place: Assembly of God Church, 1200 E. 8th St.

Inspector: Opal A Dodson, 615 So. Q Ave.  
Judge: Ethel M. Bartlett, 1639 East 17th St.  
Clerk: Ellen Stratton, 819 East 7th St.  
Clerk: Helen E. Mendenhall, 1131 East 8th St.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51700  
(Precincts Nos. 51700 & 51760)

Polling Place: St. Matthew's Episcopal Church Hall, 523 E. 8th St.

Inspector: Sara P. Harger, 626 "C" Ave.  
Judge: Darlene Robertson, 614 "C" Ave.  
Clerk: Floyd Johnson, 1025 "B" Ave.  
Clerk: Leonard Case, 1118 "C" Ave.



Consolidated Precinct No. 51710  
(Precincts Nos. 51710 & 51810)

Polling Place: Garage, 2040 "O" Ave.

Inspector: Lillian Kramer, 2040 "O" Ave.  
Judge: Annetta Richard, 1411 E. 16th St.  
Clerk: Virginia C. Hernandez, 1415 E. 17th St.  
Clerk: Therese D. Harrigan, 1429 E. 22 St.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51740  
(Precincts Nos. 51740 & 51830)

Polling Place: Palmer Way School, 2900 Palmer St.

Inspector: Frances Kruse, 2326 E. 13th St.  
Judge: Joan M. Lortscher, 2537 E. 13th St.  
Clerk: Evelyn Gillespie, 1840 Prospect St.  
Clerk: Julia Groves, 1507 Orange Ave.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51750  
(Precincts Nos. 51750 & 51800)

Polling Place: Congregational Church Hall, 835 East 16th St.

Inspector: Lois Benninger, 1036 E. 15th St.  
Judge: Mildred L. Krekelberg, 1324 K Ave.  
Clerk: Hazel Movido, 1320 L Ave.  
Clerk: Ethel Platzner, 1405 "I" Ave.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51780  
(Precincts Nos. 51780 & 51790)

Polling Place: Patio, 2027 "E" Ave.

Inspector: Neaville B. Courtney, 2027 "E" Ave.  
Judge: Helen Dollar, 2112 "D" Ave.  
Clerk: Helen Kile, 2004 "F" Ave.  
Clerk: Valoris Phillips, 2005 "E" Ave.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51820  
(Precinct No. 51820)

Polling Place: Garage, 2649 Virginia Dr.

Inspector: Betty L. Helgeson, 2649 Virginia Dr.  
Judge: Azalia F. Kiefer, 2929 N Ave.  
Clerk: Retha Walkup, 2231 E. 32 St.  
Clerk: Maude Hayden, 2745 Virginia Dr.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51840  
(Precincts Nos. 51840, 51881 & 51882)

Polling Place: Lincoln Acres School, 2200 Lanoitan Ave.

Inspector: Lois B. Davison, 2011 Orange St.  
Judge: Millie Speck, 2353 Ridgeway Dr.  
Clerk: Cecil Davidson, 2011 Orange St.  
Clerk: Jean F. Culver, 2435 Ridgeway Dr.



Consolidated Precinct No. 51860  
(Precincts Nos. 51860, 51861 & 51862)

Polling Place: Sweetwater High School, Rm. 513, Highland Ave. (near 28th St.)

Inspector: Marilyn J. Knight, 525 E. 26th St.

Judge: Ruth Weber, 405 E. 26th St.

Clerk: Eastleena Billings, 535 E. 26th St.

Clerk: Frances Richardson, 439 E. 26th St.

Consolidated Precinct No. 51880  
(Precincts Nos. 51880 & 51890)

Polling Place: Patio, 3726 Stockman St.

Inspector: Enid Young, 3726 Stockman St.

Judge: Elsie L. Moore, 3401 Menard St.

Clerk: Glenda M. Schoneman, 3705 Kellie Ct.

Clerk: Bernice Rockhill 3117 Stockman St.



AFFIDAVIT OF SWORN STATEMENT

I, JESSE RAMIREZ, swear that the following is true and correct:

1. I am a United States citizen and resident of National City, California, residing at 421 West 16th Street, National City, California, 92050.
2. I am employed as a Training Officer at the Veterans Administration Hospital, San Diego County, California.
3. I am a member of the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights, 1837 Highland Avenue, National City, California, 92050.
4. On November 4, 1975, documents entitled "Petition for Recall of City Official" were filed with Ione Minogue Campbell, City Clerk, National City. I was named as a proponent of the recall in said petitions.
5. On November 14, 1975, documents entitled "Notice of Intention to Circulate Petition for Recall of City Official" were filed with Mrs. Campbell, City Clerk. These documents were filed as a member of the Ad Hoc Committee was contacted by Mrs. Campbell subsequent to November 4, 1975, and was informed that the documents submitted on November 4, 1975, were incorrectly labelled. Other than the change in title, the documents filed on November 14, 1975, were identical with those documents filed on November 4, 1975. Again, I was named as a proponent of the recall in those documents filed on November 14, 1975.
6. On or about December 24, 1975, at approximately 4:30 P.M., I went to the City Clerk's office, National City, in order to file a candidates statement pursuant to Elections Code Section 10012. I am a candidate for the office of City Councilman in the upcoming election scheduled in National City for March 2, 1976.
7. When first in Mrs. Campbell's office we discussed my candidacy. The conversation then turned to the recall petition drive in which I am named as a proponent. When the conversation turned to the recall petition drive being coordinated by the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights, Mrs. Campbell lowered her voice and motioned with her hand towards the ceiling, specifically a ventilation duct. Mrs. Campbell whispered that she believed her office may be "bugged."



8. Mrs. Campbell then wrote the following message in red pencil on two small white pieces of paper:

"City Atty says to accept and let him review before I certify. Be sure your attorney goes over whole procedure before petition is filed.

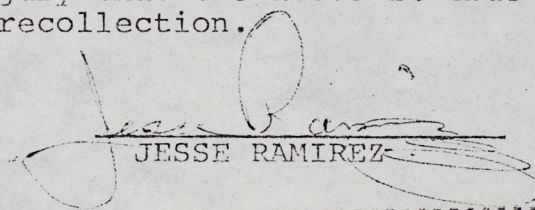
They will try to knock it out on a technicality."

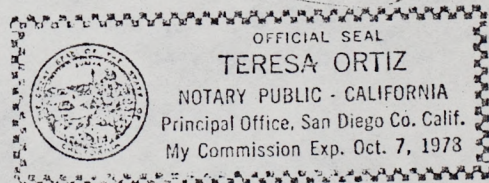
A true and correct copy of said two page note is attached to this Affidavit as Exhibit A.

9. I told Mrs. Campbell that I thought the request contained in her note was unusual and I further requested that nothing out of the ordinary be done with the petitions once filed in her office. I also told Mrs. Campbell that the Ad Hoc Committee was doing everything possible to comply with the law. I further stated that the proponents of the recall petition drive desired no more than to have the petitions reviewed in a lawful and fair manner once submitted to the City Clerk's office.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct to the best of my recollection.

DATED: 2-5-76

  
JESSE RAMIREZ

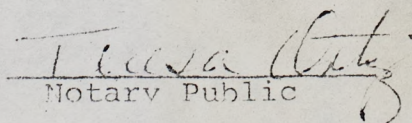


SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME

THIS 5 DAY OF Feb, 1976,

IN THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO, COUNTY OF

SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

  
Notary Public





Form 420

(Interim Form)
COMMITTEE
CAMPAIGN STATEMENT

(GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 84200-84214)

Statement covers period from 2/19/76 through 5/6/76

AD-HOC COMMITTEE ON CHICANO RIGHTS

747447

NAME OF COMMITTEE: 1 1837 Highland Ave. National City, California I.D. NUMBER: 92050
ADDRESS OF COMMITTEE: Mr. Ralph Inzunza 714-474-8195

NAME OF TREASURER: 2 3878 Beyer Blvd San Ysidro, California 92073 NONE

RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS OF TREASURER: 3 1837 Highland Ave. National City, California 92050 714-474-8195

BUSINESS ADDRESS OF TREASURER: [ ] LINE 1 [ ] LINE 2 [X] LINE 3 [ ] OTHER

CHECK APPLICABLE BOX FOR MAILING ADDRESS: Municipal March 2, 1976 10 A
TYPE OF ELECTION: PRIMARY, GENERAL, SPECIAL DATE OF ELECTION: MONTH, DAY, YEAR TOTAL PAGES: 10 OFFICIAL USE ONLY: A

ALLOCATION OF EXPENDITURES BY CANDIDATES AND MEASURES

(Allocate the totals of Schedules E and F by Candidates and Measures; Amounts may be rounded off to whole dollars)

Table with 5 columns: OFFICIAL USE ONLY, NAME OF CANDIDATE AND OFFICE, CHECK ONE (SUPPORT/OPOSE), AMOUNT OF EXPENDITURES THIS PERIOD, CUMULATIVE TO DATE. Includes entries for JESSE RAMIREZ and DR. OSCAR O. CANEDO.

Attach additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.

VERIFICATION

C I declare under penalty of perjury that to the best of my knowledge, this statement and its schedules are true, correct and complete and that I have used all reasonable diligence in their preparation.

D Executed on 5/7/76 at National City by [Signature] (SIGNATURE OF TREASURER)

E A candidate who controls a committee must also verify the campaign statement.

F I declare under penalty of perjury that to the best of my knowledge this statement and its schedules are true, correct and complete and the treasurer of this committee has used all reasonable diligence in the preparation of this statement and its schedules.

Executed on [ ] at [ ] by [ ] (SIGNATURE OF CANDIDATE)







**SUMMARY PAGE**

Name AD-HOC COMMITTEE ON CHICANO

I.D. Number 747447  
(If Committee)

<b>COLUMN A</b>	<b>COLUMN B</b>	<b>COLUMN C</b>
<b>Cumulative total from previous period</b>	<b>This period</b>	<b>Cumulative to date</b>

**RECEIPTS**

1. Monetary contributions (Line 5, Part 3 of Schedule A)	\$ <u>1577</u>	\$ <u>2779</u>	\$ <u>4356</u> (Column A + Column B)
2. Unpaid loans (Line 9, Part 3 of Schedule B)	<u>900</u> (Total at beginning of period)	<u>1,090</u> (Net change for period)	<u>190</u> (Total at end of period)
3. Miscellaneous receipts (attach explanation)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u> (Column A + Column B)
4. Total monetary contributions, Net cash receipts (Lines 1+2+3)	\$ <u>2477</u>	\$ <u>3869.</u>	\$ <u>6346</u> (Column A + Column B)
5. Non-monetary contributions (Line 3 of Schedule C)	<u>300</u>	<u>250</u>	<u>550</u> (Column A + Column B)
6. Pledges (Line 7 of Schedule D)	<u>####</u> (Total at beginning of period)	<u>####</u> (Net change for period)	<u>####</u> (Total at end of period)
7. Total receipts (Lines 4+5+6)	\$ <u>2777</u>	\$ <u>4119</u>	\$ <u>6896</u> (Column A + Column B)

**EXPENDITURES**

8. Payments (Line 6, Part 3 of Schedule E)	\$ <u>2777</u>	\$ <u>4185</u>	\$ <u>6962</u> (Column A + Column B)
9. Accrued expenses (unpaid bills) (Line 5 of Schedule F)	<u>900</u> (Total at beginning of period)	<u>1090</u> (Net change for period)	<u>0</u> (Total at end of period)
10. Total expenditures (Lines 8+9)	\$ <u>3677</u>	\$ <u>5,275</u>	\$ <u>8952</u> (Column A + Column B)

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL CONDITION**

11. Cash on hand at the beginning of this period	\$ <u>375.00</u>
12. Cash receipts this period (Line 4, column B)	<u>3869.00</u>
13. Cash payments this period (Line 8, column B)	<u>4185.00</u>
14. Cash on hand at closing date (Lines 11+12-13)	<u>62.00</u>
15. Liabilities (Line 2, column C + Line 9, column C)	<u>0</u>
16. Surplus (if Line 14 is greater than Line 15, subtract Line 15 from Line 14)	\$ <u>62.00</u>
17. Deficit (if Line 15 is greater than Line 14, subtract Line 14 from Line 15)	\$ <u>( )</u>





# AD HOC COMMITTEE ON



# CHICANO RIGHTS

1837 Highland Ave.

Nat'l City, Cal. 92050

(714) 477-3620

## EXECUTIVE BOARD

Feb. 26, 1976

Chairman  
Herman Baca

Stanley Pottinger  
Assistant Attorney General  
for Civil Rights  
U.S. Dept. of Justice

Vice Chairman  
Albert Puente

Secretary  
Albert Garcia

Treasurer  
Pete Rios

Enclosed are sworn statements from citizens of National City, California. Eversince these citizens initiated a recall effort against the City Council in November 1975, local officials have attempted to discredit and destroy the recall drive and are now attempting to frighten people from exercising their right to vote in the regular municipal election on March 2, 1976. The enclosed statements are only a sample of the harassment and intimidation which are people have faced.

We are bringing this to your attention because of our concern with the March 2nd election. Because of the continual pattern of harassment and intimidation by local authorities, we feel that a legal and democratic election is not possible without the presence of federal monitors. Federal monitors will insure that a fair and impartial election will be held here in National City, California on March 2, 1976.

We would appreciate your prompt attention to our request since the elections are less than one week away. Please contact me as soon as possible at 1837 Highland Ave, National City, California 92050 or call (714) 474-8195. Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely yours,

Herman Baca  
Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights

cc: Secretary of State, Senator Alan Cranston, Senator John Tunney, Congressman Lionel Van Deerlin, Fernando De Baca, Special Assistant to the President, Fair Political Practices Commission, Assemblyman Peter Chacon, Chairman Chicano Caucus, News Media

## MEMBER ORGANIZATIONS

C.A.S.A. Justicia-Chicano Federation-G.I. Forum-Hermandad Igualdad de Derechos-M.A.A.C.-M.A.P.A.

Mecha-Padre Hidalgo Center-Servicios de Inmigracion-S.S.P.A.-Trabajadores de La Raza-U.C.M.A.A.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

3211 Fifth Avenue  
Post Office Box 3636  
San Diego, California 92103

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. SD 44-729

March 18, 1976

Mr. Herman Baca  
Chairman, Ad Hoc Committee  
on Chicano Rights  
1837 Highland  
National City, California 92050

Dear Mr. Baca:

Please be advised that your letter addressed to Mr. Edward Levy, Attorney General of the United States, dated February 27, 1976, was received by the United States Department of Justice, Washington, D. C. This letter on behalf of the Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights, expressed your grave concern over recent incidents which may involve officials from the United States Department of Justice.

A limited investigation was conducted at San Diego, California, and results have been submitted to the United States Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

Further communication on your part may be directed to J. Stanley Pottinger, Assistant Attorney General, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

Sincerely yours,

RONALD L. MALEY  
Special Agent in Charge







# CITY OF NATIONAL CITY, CALIFORNIA

1243 NATIONAL AVE. • NATIONAL CITY, CA 92050 • 477-1181



IONE MINOGUE CAMPBELL  
CITY CLERK

April 15, 1976

Jesse Ramirez  
421 West 16 Street  
National City, Ca. 92050

Herman Baca  
105 South Harbison Ave.  
National City, Ca. 92050

Consuelo Rubio  
1729 Cleveland Ave.  
National City, Ca. 92050

Oscar Canedo  
1729 Cleveland Ave.  
National City, Ca. 92050

Beulah F. Xander  
1845 East 16 St.  
National City, Ca. 92050

Dear Mr. Baca:

After reviewing the Supplemental Petition for the Recall of Michael R. Dalla as Councilman submitted at 2:30 p.m. April 14, 1976, I have determined that the Supplemental Petition contains 564 signatures.

The Supplemental Petition fails to meet the requirements set forth in my Notice of Insufficiency dated March 30, 1976 and, further, it fails to qualify for filing.

The Supplemental Petition is being returned to the proponents.

Yours very truly,

*Ione Minogue Campbell*  
Ione Minogue Campbell

/imc



CC: COUNSEL FOR RESPONDENT(S)

State of California  
CLERK, COURT OF APPEAL  
FOURTH DISTRICT

No 5131

90-1485  
1222

SAN DIEGO

April 15 1976

RECEIVED from *Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights*

*Fifty* Dollars

In the matter of *Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights, et al*  
vs. *Morgan, et al*

No. **4CIV. 14974**

ERVIN J. TUSZYNSKI, Clerk

*E. Peterson*

Deputy Clerk

Transcript

Original proceedings

Certificate of Clerk

Copy of opinion

Miscellaneous

*NOTICE OF Appeal*

*50 ad*



1. PETER A. SCHEY, ESQ.  
2. RALPH ARREOLA, ESQ.  
3. Ad Hoc Committee on Chicano Rights  
1837 Highland Avenue  
National City, CA 92050

F I L E D  
Robert D. Zumwalt, Clerk  
APR 14 1976

4. Attorneys for Plaintiffs

RECEIVED  
APR 15 1976

BY \_\_\_\_\_  
DEPUTY

4CIV 14974

Court of Appeal - Fourth Dist.  
San Diego

8. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

9. IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

10. AD HOC COMMITTEE ON CHICANO )  
11. RIGHTS, ~~an unincorporated~~ *etc* )  
~~organization~~, et al., )

NO. 377709

12. Plaintiffs/~~Petitioners~~, )  
*Appellants* )

NOTICE OF APPEAL

13. vs. )

[Cal Rules of Ct, Rule 1(a)]

14. KILE MORGAN, ~~individually and as~~ *etc.* )  
15. ~~Mayor of National City~~; et al., )

16. Defendants/~~Respondents~~ )  
17. \_\_\_\_\_ )

18. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that plaintiffs/petitioners, AD HOC  
19. COMMITTEE ON CHICANO RIGHTS, <sup>et al.</sup> appeal from that portion of the order  
20. which states that in the event that a notice of insufficiency is  
21. prepared as herein above described, the clerk shall report to  
22. the proponents the number of signatures by which the petitioners  
23. with deficient and shall notify the proponents that they must  
24. fill additional signatures, which, when combined with previously  
25. files valid signatures, equal not less than 25% of the register  
26. votes in National City according to the County Clerks 1976  
27. official reports of registration to the Secretary of State entered  
28. herein on March 24, 1976.

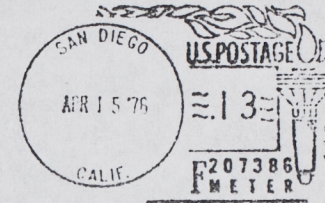
Dated April 14, 1976.

By: Ralph Arreola  
For: PETER A. SCHEY  
RALPH ARREOLA

Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Petitioners



CLERK'S OFFICE  
COURT OF APPEAL  
FOURTH APPELLATE DISTRICT  
DIVISION ONE  
6010 STATE BUILDING  
SAN DIEGO, CALIF. 92101



*Handwritten notes:*  
12:15  
11:30 -  
May  
Chat  
452-2180-  
V.C.  
Circo de Mayo

Mr. Peter A. Schey  
Attorney at Law  
1837 Highland Ave.  
National City, Ca., 92050



