T. B. 00



Margery and Albert Cahn

Ruth Abramson

to: mu Syland Please call The. Frendly Pl1-2345, extense 1966. He tried to reach you but there was no Vannue on your extense. I am altacky the pleolos mos. Lalard requested. Shek W 6752/0 WD 27930

arnes.

35, Salvyn Gardens, Campridge. Rowledgel Angust 10 by dear Szilard, Partly beening a television snot, partly because I doub posess oue (15 de perhaps the sour grapes ? No 1 bloub terribe so) I miss so often Ree very good and in this case the fest. I heard from Dora Rouburn Mont Missed You - beening on. She Tois over come by your risdom and said the Americans gove The impression of beening Structuro Confused filerollogs, ?! Relieve me I am very tery soul I olid not bear or see Jou. Becourse - une this is not a electoreation of love but Just a forch: from all The people Couning and going in these past years, The ruly one I mussed and alrays miss is you! Becomese of lows clear and independent and so fotally hu modolled mind. And Shew ever There is a decision of Coursequence to make 1 think or try to unagrue that You would

orchoise. And this I shall outroys do. Shortly after I have seen You in Cambridge 1 reub to S. Rhidesia and strayed or Mallier had a pred à terre at The Adams, took lots of photographics of pink children of realty porents, but mainly attached Myself to the Native Education Dept. and sour a great blead - but home of The usual feauty spots. Walter has built up a quite Wouderful Vuiversity, Here block + slite mises happily and almost without any olypiculties. There are not yet many, but some extremely intelligent African Students, gods and Joung Men. It still is all in The beginning but growing fast although the financial problems are considerable and so is The opposition from many quarters. He seems to be court autly over worked but very

hoppy. Walter loves his work there. The country and has blevoted friends of all colours. Tama low much pregret to ray hates it all comb feor Africa, Repeople, The ray of life and it made her hard + less lovable. - I live now in Countradge, have been here buly to mouth and some reeles and find it a bet hourd to get rome human Contacts, it is all Go tery Intellectual and I am not. They all 9 cem to have achieved Go much and I have not, I hardly know any People here. Adriciu is terribly tall, scenes ho grow in 6 oues + flesh + un visclom + tachierments, rapidly. He is away in selvol. Dear dever Leo, I com not ray short feel al viet You, Town illuers + Trusde Es 1 Just Send You wy Love, Berll. (Gage)

my thoughts are with you.

for the life is the electric terms with the

A - 45 ) Fig. Cr. Vi - Vi - Vi Ara-day ( or with the village of

particular to the first transfer of the first

Pear Leo,

I ras so glad to hear from Jon. I knew Jon rould be busy and most probably have converted part of the hospital nuto an office rite secretaries typing and ideas flowing? I so visit Ion Could go to Russice, They rill lister to Jon and it could help so much to preduce autorgomesm feor and mistrust on both sides. I so key much hype that Jon can go. The book Jon are rocking on, rill it be published here as sell? Shall I be able to get it here?

Thank You so tery much for Sciencing loss, L. to Me. We toeked and talked for hours, She is intelligent and precise and tery charming. I high she rould not liase Combridge so Soon. I am off to Italy for a fort might, invited by my brother the lives in Tilano, I rank to show A concern all soits of teamliful bits of The rorld — hear tilano -. I sour Since Enchmerum alis Jears,

I court help thinking of you all The true, its every good rish, and rich love.

13.6.

1 vote la Trude, la Peuver, but the letter come back to me. Please gir her my love.

I do hope your book it going well — and you will go to knowin; I'm sure you will do so much good. Even we little frogs in Bryanston have been taught all The right things:— one day, last term I walked into my science class (The only one in The week!) late (of course) and The very first word I heard was....

Szilard. Thereupon we had a lesson on your part, almost exclusively, in The development of The Tr. I shad I hope + expect that all q us will here about it.

With all book wishes + love

addresses.



# NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

TELEPHONE: REPUBLIC 7-4215 CABLE ADDRESS: NATGAL

June 12, 1963

Dear Dr. Szilard:

This is just a note to let you know "The Voice of the Dolphins" has arrived safely. I will take it with me to my summer home at Kitty Hawk, where I will read it promptly. I will write you again as soon as I have digested it. It was a great pleasure to meet you.

Sincerely yours,

Unutrugten Caises

Dr. Leo Szilard Hotel Dupont Plaza 1500 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. Washington 6, D. C.

## CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

General Offices:

Campus:

7425 FRANKLIN AVENUE, LOS ANGELES 46, CALIFORNIA

23534 GOLDEN STATE HIGHWAY 99, NEWHALL, CALIFORNIA

Telephone: HOllywood 5-2696 - If no answer call: HOllywood 3-0497

December 21, 1961.

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Dr. Leo Szilard Professor of Bio-Physics Hotel DuPont Plaza Washington, D. C.

Dear Professor Szilard:-

In connection with your significant "Council to Abolish War" project (about which I am just reading in a Hungarian weekly published in New York) I take this opportunity to send you the enclosed material about some pertinent work which I did not wish to send you earlier because of your illness.

I am sending it now as I see that you are taking leadership bravely despite of handicaps and devote yourself to a most important cause of humanity.

The CIAS, although for reputation reasons it starts with postdoctoral research in theoretical physics, chemistry, mathematics and architecture on October of 1963, wishes to serve mankind with objective research in the methods of the prevention of wars first of all. The enclosed WCPC program which was welcome recently in Japan in a thirty nation conference on survival and cooperation will become a postdoctoral research project of CIAS soon after the start.

At the present time we have seminar meetings and preparation conferences, as well as large public lectures, concerts and art programs through which our aims will become known and cooperative participation secured. (See the enclosed announcement of the Richard Neutra lecture; the Roth-Quartet with soloist Andre Previn will give a concert for us free in April).

Since I believe that our facilities (now in the architectural planning process, and including the design of a cultural model community by Richard Neutra and Assoc.)

would be most suitable to assist your high social aims on the West Coast — but, indirectly, also on awworldwide scale— I enclose our brochure and ask you to let us know what way could we assist you.

Cordially yours,

D. M. Morandini, Vice- Pres. & Academic Coordinator, CIAS

DMM/jr Naugun o nilok, hvy egeszsége & Academic Co e szép mun kat megendedle « Academic Co Kutukung és ujévi legjöbb Kivansájokkul SMM

#### UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

LAWRENCE RADIATION LABORATORY BERKELEY 4, CALIFORNIA

May 8, 1961

Dr. Leo Szilard Hotel duPont Plaza Washington, D. C.

Dear Dr. Szilard:

This is to acknowledge the receipt of your book The Voice of the Dolphins which arrived in Berkeley during Professor Calvin's absence. When he returns next week, I am sure he will welcome it.

I took the liberty of reading it -it is wonderful.

Sincerely yours,

marilyn Yaylor (Mrs.) Marilyn Taylor

Secretary to Professor Melvin

Calvin

#### UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY BERKELEY 4, CALIFORNIA

May 17, 1961

AIR MAIL

Dr. Leo Szilard Hotel duPont Plaza Washington, D C.

Dear Leo:

I was pleased indeed at your kind thought in sending me a copy of 'The Dolphins'. Needless to say, I had already bought several copies as educational gifts myself.

Also, accept my warm welcome on your belated election to The Academy.

Greetings and very truly yours,

Melvin Calvin

Professor of Chemistry

MC:mt

R. F. D. 4, Huntington New york.

February 6 th., 1955.

Dr. Leo Sziland, University of Bhicago, Gaicago, Illinois.

Dear Sir:

The New york Times for February 6th. prints a letter of yours that contains more sense than is usually found in dozens of pages of ordinary newspaper wordage. I only hope that while there is still Time all those connected with the N.Y. Times 4 everyone else calling themselves responsible will do all in Their power to help sensible

people such as you + The many others with ability, devotion + ... courage. The latter virtue, it seems to me is searces than the others; no wonder, when to possess it earns unmented, visions treatment.

If only all the stupid, fowerful people who do not realize that modern war will benefit no one, including themselves, would come to their senses!

Sincerely, P. Cammer (Mr.)

University of Chicago Chicago 37, Ill February 12, 1955

Mrs. P. Cammer R.F.D. 4 Huntington, N. Y.

Dear Mrs. Cammer:

Many thanks for your very kind letter of February 6th. It might, perhaps, interest you that the "letter to the Editor" will be reprinted by the Denver Post. The initial reactions seem to be quite favorable but it is too early to say whether there will be enough moral support forthcoming to catalyse some concrete course of action.

Very truly yours,

Leo Szilard

LS/nr

16 September 1957

Mrs. Walter E. Campbell
President, Planned Parenthood
Federation of America, Inc.
501 Madison Avenue
New York 22, N.Y.

Dear Mrs. Campbell:

This will acknowledge the receipt of your letter of September 12th, inviting Professor Leo Szilard to attend the luncheon which will culminate PPFA's 37th Annual Meeting.

Dr. Szilard wishes me to express his appreciation of your kind invitation and to say that, since he will be in Europe on that date, he greatly regrets being unable to accept.

Very sincerely yours,

Norene Mann (Mrs.) Secretary to Professor Leo Szilard

#### CANADIAN BROADCASTING CORPORATION

354 Jarvis Street, Toronto, Ontario.

20th April, 1960.

Dr. Leo Szilard, Room 133, Memorial Hospital for Cancer & Allied Diseases, 444 East 68th Street, New York, N.Y.

Dear Dr. Szilard,

This is to confirm our agreement with you concerning your appearance on the CBC program "Close-Up" on April 21, 1960, namely that you will be given a fee of five hundred dollars, and that the program will not be telecast in the United States without permission from the Columbia Broadcasting System and yourself.

Yours truly,

Patrick Watson, Producer,

CBC-TV,

Toronto.

PW:MAB.



# CANADIAN CAMPAIGN

FOR NUCLEAR

DISARMAMEN

file invitations

August 21, 1963.

Dr. Leo Scilard, c/o University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Dr. Szilard:

The Regine Branch of the Canadian Campaign for Nuclear Disarrament would like to arrange for you to visit Regine sometime during the next year.

Our Branch has had a series of fairly successful demonstrations and meetings with a solid core of support, but now we feel that we must do something to command the attention of a larger section of the public. To do this, we need the help of someone whose work for world peace is already known and respected by large numbers of people.

Knowing how busy you are, we have thought of several nossibilities, depending on how much time you can spare:

- 1. A large public meeting in Regina with press, radio and television interviews before and an informal discussion with a small group after.
- 2. A weekend seminar in Regina, probably in co-operation with the Voice of Women and the United Nations
  Association, including both public meetings and small study and discussion groups.
- 3. A speaking tour of major Canadian cities arranged by the National office of the Campaign.

Could you consider these ideas and let me know whether any of them sound workable to you? The time could be this autumn, winter or spring of 1964, or even the autumn of 1964, if this next year looks impossible.

Yours hopefully,

Long Tin Romanda

(Mrs) Doris M. Rands 3630 Argvle Road, Regina, Sask.

dr:j

31 January, 1964 Mrs. Doris M. Rands 3630 Argyle Road Regina, Sask., Canada Dear Mrs. Rands: I must apologise for answering your kind letter of August 1 last year with such delay. I regret that I am not in a position at this time to schedule any talks in Canada. However, I have filed your letter in the appropriate folder and if the situation should change I intend, if I may, to come back to it and write you to see if something can be worked out. With best wishes, Yours sincerely,

Leo Szilard

LS: jm

# Canadian Industries Limited

Office of the President and Managing Director October 6, 1939.

C.J. I House Montreal, Canada.

Dear Mr. Szilard:

In reply to your letter of October 3rd to Mr. Purvis, this is to advise you he is still with Canadian Industries Limited.

Very truly yours,

Private Secretary.

5. L. Srad

Leo Szilard, Esq., King's Crown Hotel, 420 West 116th Street, New York, N.Y.

# The Canadian Institute on Public Affairs

JOINT SPONSOR WITH THE CBC OF THE COUCHICHING CONFERENCES

H. L. KEENLEYSIDE, PRESIDENT JOHN G. DIEFENBAKER, VICE-PRESIDENT MURRAY G. ROSS, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

J. H. SWORD, SECRETARY C/O SCHOOL OF GRADUATE STUDIES UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO, TORONTO 5, ONTARIO DON R. GORDON, WINTER CONFERENCE SECRETARY

March 22, 1955

Professor Leo Szilard, King's Crown Hotel, 420 West 116th St., New York City, N. Y.

Dear Professor Szilard:

The programme committee of the Couchiching Conference has asked me to invite you to deliver the opening address of this year's conference on Saturday evening August 13th.

The topic, tentatively phrased - Implications of the Atomic Age - is intended to establish the atmosphere for a week long conference on the general theme: The Dangers We Face - What We Can Do About Them. The committee hopes that this topic could include consideration, in unequivocally realistic terms, of both destructive and constructive possibilities of nuclear energy. In short, the meaning of an atomic age for a world whose peoples do not yet comprehend its full significance.

Since one hour of each evening meeting at the conference is broadcast over a national radio network (and a number of United States' stations) we have discovered from experience that speakers prefer rather briefer formal presentations than are usual; say, between 25 and 30 minutes. The opening statements have been followed by a brief comment from another speaker before the beginning of an audience question period. The conference meetings usually extend for about three-quarters of an hour beyond the broadcast portion.

Among other topics to be considered later in the week are: Co-existence - Why and How? Is the Free World Shrinking? Nationalism and Colonialism, The Economy, What is Happening to World Trade? and The Role of Institutions (in an atomic age). Our committee hopes, if you can accept this invitation, that you will be able to stay for some of the other sessions. Our experience suggests that speakers as well as conference members find this an agreeable arrangement.

# The Canadian Institute on Public Affairs

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J. H. SWORD, SECRETARY
C/O SCHOOL OF GRADUATE STUDIES
UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO, TORONTO 5, ONTARIO
DON R. GORDON, WINTER CONFERENCE SECRETARY

-2-

## Professor Leo Szilard, (cont.)

We would be responsible for your travel expenses from New York to Couchiching and return, your hospitality at the conference and for an honorarium of \$300.

For your information, I am enclosing copies of the last two conference programmes.

We very much hope that you will be able to accept this invitation. We can assure you a warm welcome and an interesting visit.

Sincerely yours,

Secretary.

JHS/vs Encs.

# The Canadian Institute on Public Affairs

JOINT SPONSOR WITH THE CBC OF THE COUCHICHING CONFERENCES

244 ST. GEORGE STREET TORONTO TELEPHONE: WA. 3-7123

May 6, 1958

Professor Leo Szilard University of Chicago Chicago, Illinois

Dear Professor Szilard:

I am writing to invite you to participate in the 27th annual public affairs conference of the Canadian Institute on Public Affairs. This meeting will be held at Geneva Park, Ontario. . some ninety miles north of Toronto. . from the 9th to the 16th of August, next.

This annual conference, more familiarly known as the "Couchiching Conference", has become over the past twenty-five years, the major platform in this country for the discussion of public affairs. Each year we invite outstanding leaders from Canada and from abroad to meet with each other and with some two hundred delegates from a cross-section of Canadian groups and interests, to discuss both formally and informally the major problems facing Canada and the world. The Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, our partner in this enterprise, broadcasts hour-long portions of the major sessions each evening on the trans-Canada network; press coverage in all of the major newspapers and magazines from coast to coast brings the discussion to an ever-widening audience, and the printed reports are in increasing demand.

The topic we have selected for discussion this year is "Crisis: '58". This theme reflects our concern about the present international situation, the problems of leadership and diplomacy, of science and education, and of world standards of living, of the sources and use of authority, etc. Some aspect of the general theme will be discussed each evening, with the topics being tentatively worded as follows:

Saturday, August 9 - "The Crisis in Western Leadership."

Sunday, August 10th- "Disengagement: Solution in Europe?"

Monday, August 11th- "Propaganda and the Uncommitted Nations."

Tuesday, August 12 - "The International Implications of American Economic Policy."

Wednesday, August 13th - "Science and Survival." Thursday, August 14th - "Is Western Defense Policy Obsolete?"

Friday, August 15th - "Can Canada Influence Western Policy?"

Our general format, which remains flexible to a certain extent, is for the main speaker to give a presentation of some twenty-five to thirty minutes. This is followed by brief comments from one or two other speakers, and then an audience question period. We would, then, like you specifically to give the major presentation on the topic presently scheduled for Wednesday, August 13th, which you will see we have worded "Science and Survival."

While details of speakers and topics are not worked out, I can tell you at this point that among the other participants this year will be Robert Mackenzie of the London School of Economics, and Fritz Erler, Vice-Chairman of the German Social Democratic Party. Among the Canadians will be the Honourable Lester B. Pearson and Dr. Sidney E. Smith.

If, as we hope, you are able to accept this invitation, we would be pleased to take care of your transportation from Chicago and your accomodation at Geneva Park, together with an honorarium of \$500.00. We would very much hope that, should you be able to come, you would plan to spend several days with us and to participate in supporting roles in one or more of the other programs. Our guests invariably comment on the excellence in participation in question periods and in the informal discussions of our registrants; and because of the relaxed atmosphere of the camp in which the Conference is held, it is possible for our guests to combine a holiday with a speaking engagement.

Should you have any questions you would like to ask before making your decision, I would be pleased to hear from you. I might say, however, that because we try to have our discussions closely related to events of the day, it is not possible for us to issue invitations as far ahead of time as we would otherwise consider advisable from the point of view of speakers. For the same reason, we would be most grateful for a prompt reply. . even if it is just to say that the invitation is being considered.

I think I need hardly add that we would consider it a privilege indeed to welcome you to the 1958 Couchiching Conference, and can assure you of a very warm welcome.

> Yours sincerely, Latherws Which

Miss Catherine D. McLean

Executive Secretary

## CANADIAN SPEAKERS' & WRITERS' SERVICE

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MATIE MOLINARO, Director

November 21, 1960.

44 DOUGLAS CRESCENT TORONTO 5, ONTARIO WAInut 1-4443 Cable Address: "SPEAKWRITE"

Dr. Leo Szillard, C/o The Memorial Hospital, 68th Street and York Avenue, New York City, N.Y., U. S. A.

Dear Dr. Szillard:

Last week, Sir Robert Watson-Watt telephoned me to ask if I would be willing to represent you in various negotiations which would involve your services to television and any other media in which you would need some assistance. I told Robert at the time that I should be very honoured to do this, but if you would let me know what your specific problems were at the moment, I would get after them at once.

I understand that you and your wife will be going to Moscow at the end of this week with Robert and Jean for a conference there. I hope to get to New York on the 20th of December and could possibly give you a call on the 21st so that I could meet you briefly to discuss any other problems which may have come up by that time. This all sounds a little vague because I am at the disadvantage of not knowing precisely what you require of me. If you care to write and tell me what you would like me to do, if anything, during your absence, I shall be pleased to get started; otherwise, we shall leave it until I see you next month.

Meanwhile, I hope you have a very rewarding trip to Moscow and I shall look forward to assisting you in any way that I possibly can.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Matie Molinaro, Director, C. S. W. S.

There Nalemano

MM/am

December 6, 1960

Mrs. Matie Molinaro
Director, Canadian Speakers' and
Writers' Service
44 Douglas Crescent
Toronto 5, Ontario, Canada

Dear Mrs. Molinaro:

Referring to your letter of November 21st,
Dr. Szilard will return from his trip to Moscow either
the end of this week or next. Thus he should be back
in New York on the 21st when you plan to call him.

Very truly yours,

Norene Mann (Mrs.) Secretary to Professor Leo Szilard

#### CANE CREEK OIL COMPANY

BRANCH OFFICE

412 WEST SIXTH STREET LOS ANGELES 14, CALIFORNIA

July 18, 1956

To Stockholders of Cane Creek Oil Company:

The annual stockholders' meeting, originally scheduled for the first Monday in June, will be held in Moab, Utah, on August 6, 1956, at 10 o'clock A. M. Postponement of the June meeting was considered advisable owing to the fact that many of the stockholders who wished to attend the meeting in person, would not be able to actually see the well operations because of the road from Moab to the well site having been made impassable by the recent flood waters of the Colorado River. According to the most recent report from Mr. Mason, the operator, the road to the well should be completely repaired by the first of August and production tests again run on the present well. In addition, heavy equipment needed for drilling a new well 660 ft. east of the present site should have been delivered.

By way of general news in the immediate area, it is reported that Pure Oil Company moved in heavy drilling equipment on Big Flat Top June 11. This is the area to the northwest of Cane Creek on which Glen Ruby and King Oil Company drilled three wells. Pure Oil Company has acquired a substantial percentage interest in that property for the drilling of test wells, and information received today states that they are now seismographing the area for the location of the next well to be drilled.

Also the Tonopah North Star Corporation has completed the drilling of a test well about two miles west of the west line of the Cane Creek leases, and they have also acquired additional acreage west of us, having been encouraged to do further drilling by the results they obtained in their test well.

There has also been considerable activity in the northeastern part of Utah, and the Shell Oil Company has been especially active in drilling and bringing in several producing wells in the southeastern area known as "Four Corners" -- where Utah, Arizona, Colorado and New Mexico join. It is also from this latter location that the Pacific Northwest Pipeline Corporation has completed a gas line which goes through Moab and on up to the Pacific Northwest states.

Oil and gas drilling activity continues to increase in Utah, and with the immense expenditures of money by the various companies responsible for the drilling activity on the Cane Creek property, all of which had good oil and gas shows, we are optimistic over commercial production being obtained.

Please sign and mail the enclosed proxy to vote your stock at the coming meeting. If you plan to attend, then your proxy will be void and you may cast your own vote.

Very truly yours,

#### PLEASE SIGN AND MAIL TODAY:

### KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

That I, the undersigned stockholder in the Cane Creek Oil Company, do hereby constitute and appoint any of the following,

(Henry L. Rath, Jack D. Israel, Howard P. Dean)

as my true and lawful attorney, in my name, place and stead to vote at the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of said Corporation, to be held on the 6th day of August, 1956, or at any adjourned meeting thereof, all shares of the capital stock standing in my name on the books of said Corporation.

| All previous proxies or authorizations | s are nereby revoked. |     |
|--|-----------------------|-----|
| WITNESS my hand this                   | day of July, 1956.    | 100 |
| WITNESS:                               |                       |     |
|  |                       |     |
|  | Number of Shares      |     |

Important: Proxies must be signed exactly as the name appears on stock certificate.

## CANE CREEK OIL AND GAS COMPANY

P.O. BOX 95

MOAB, UTAH

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CANE CREEK OIL COMPANY AND CAL-UTE OIL COMPANY

Transcontinental Oil Corporation, of Dallas, Texas, took over the operations on Cane Creek Anticline on May 1st, and we are informed that Transcontinental intends to commence a deep test of approximately \$500 feet to the McCracken sand before July first.

You probably have read in the papers that Pure Oil Company has put on production during the last month a well on Big Flat which is reported to have now reached a production rate of 100 barrels an hour. Big Flat is the adjoining structure to Cane Creek Anticline. This well and the Pure discovery on Lisbon Anticline give to Cane Creek a most promising outlook and warrant the optimism that the Transcontinental test on Cane Creek will be equally successful.

Most of you have asked when stock would be issued in this company to shareholders of your two companies, pursuant to the consolidation which was completed in 1958. It now seems important that the stock should be issued in this company at the present time, in accordance with the agreement of consolidation between Cane Creek Oil Company and Cal-Ute Oil Company. Therefore, if you own stock in Cane Creek Oil Company you should endorse your certificate in the space provided on the back thereof for transfer of stock, have your signature guaranteed by your bank, and send the certificate, or certificates, with the enclosed form to Cane Creek Oil and Gas Company, P.O. Box 95, Moab, Utah.

If you own stock in both Cane Creek Oil Company and Cal-Ute Oil Company you should also sign the enclosed authorization in duplicate as a stockholder of Cal-Ute Oil Company.

Stock will then be issued in this corporation, share for share, in accordance with the consolidation agreement, and we will mail to you a certificate for your total holdings. We, therefore, hope that you can send in your stock promptly so that we can complete the issuance of stock in Cane Creek Oil and Gas Company and deliver your certificates to you.

CANE CREEK OIL AND GAS COMPANY

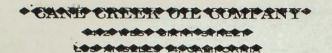
Bv

Dated June 20, 1960.

Vice-President

| Cane Creek Oil and Gas Company<br>P.O. Box 95<br>Moab, Utah  |   |
|--|---|
| Gentlemen:   |   |
| You are handed herewith to certificates of stock in Cane Creek which you are authorized to deliver poration for cancellation when you to me a certificate evidencing my content of shares of stock in and Gas Company. | c Oil Company<br>to said cor-<br>issue and deliver<br>ownership of an |
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| Name   |   |
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| Address  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |

Date\_



CANE CREEK OIL AND GAS COMPANY

P. O. BOX 95 MOAB, UTAH

> Leo Szilard c/o A. N. Spanel Box 88 Princeton, New



UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE

4200 EAST NINTH AVENUE

DENVER 7, COLORADO

DEPARTMENT OF BIOPHYSICS

June 9, 1952

Dr. Leo Szilard Institute of Radiobiology and Biophysics The University of Chicago Chicago, Illinois

Dear Dr. Szilard:

Ted and I feel that it would be advisable for Mr. Phelps to attend the Summer Quarter at The University of Chicago, and register for the following courses:

Physiology 203, or 352

Qualitative Organic Analysis 325A and B

Chemical Thermodynamics I, 361.

Credit for these courses would be applied toward his degree. Those members of Mr. Phelps' Advisory Committee whom I have been able to contact are quite agreed. I trust that our recommendations meet with your approval.

With kindest personal greetings, I remain,

Sincerely yours,

John R. Cann

John R. Cann

JRC: hw

### 5650 Ellis Avenue

June 10, 1952

Dr. John R. Cann
Department of Biophysics
Department of Medicine
University of Colorado
4200 East Ninth Avenue
Denver 7, Colorado

Dear Cann:

Re your letter of June 9th, I wish to express

assent.

With kind regards,

Sincerely,

Leo Szilard

LS/sds

1155 East 57th Street Chicago 37, Illinois July 14, 1950

Dr. Paul R. Cannon Pathology Department 950 East 59th Street Chicago 37, Illinois

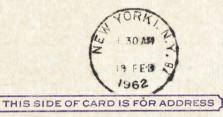
Dear Dr. Cannon:

I am writing to you in your capacity as a member of the Council. Dr. Urey, at the last Council meeting, outlined the basic philosophy upon which, in his opinion, satisfactory plan for retirement benefits ought to rest. I have attempted to show in the enclosed memorandum how such a plan could be implemented by describing one possible set of provisions and by estimating the magnitude of the sums which would be involved.

The purpose of the present letter is merely to give you notice of the existence of this plan and to put it into your hands so that you might form an opinion concerning its merits.

Sincerely yours,

Leo Szilard





THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

WBAI 30 E 39 St N Y 16

2-16-62 me and are enjoy Hear Surs: A few weeks ago you broad-cast a speech by les Sylard, during which he offered to send copies of it to the audience. I would appreciate your forwarding my request for the speech. Patrick Carey NY3 Dr. Leo Szilard University of Chicago 1155 East 57th Street Chicago 37, Illinois

Dear Dr. Szilard:

Remember last March when you attended the Scripps Institution of Oceanography's biology symposium? I did some work for you at that time and you were kind enough to offer to give me a letter of recommendation if at any time I should care to have one. Now is the time. I am most interested in obtaining a secretarial position at General Atomic here in San Diego, and a good recommendation by such an outstanding scientist as you would go a long way.

What I would like to have you mention is my ability to take technical shorthand and transcribe it as well as taking dictation direct on the typewriter. We had several days of that, remember? They would be interested in speed, accuracy, general intelligence and understanding of scientific terms.

Would you kindly write direct to Mr. Quidor, Personnel Director, General Atomic, Division of General Dynamics Corp., 2969 Barnard, San Diego, California. I would appreciate a carbon copy of the letter so that I will know when it arrives.

Thank you for your kindness, with appreciation I am

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Karolyn Carlton
Karolyn Carlton

2406 Locust Street San Diego 6, California

adresses

### CARNEGIE CORPORATION OF NEW YORK

589 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 17, N.Y.

JAMES A. PERKINS
Vice President

March 29, 1955

Mr. Leo Szilard Metallurgical Laboratory University of Chicago Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Szilard

We have read your two letters with great interest because you have presented a problem of the greatest importance. However, I am afraid we are not going to be able to help. This kind of project is so far removed from our pattern of grants that I am afraid I must send you a negative reply. I am sorry that this must be the case because discussions such as you have indicated should be undertaken by many groups of American citizens. I hope that with or without foundation support you will be able to carry on with the idea you have in mind.

Very sincerely

Amus a. Cakas

JAP:rlt



### THE 1962 CAROLINA SYMPOSIUM

### South Building

The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

WILLIAM B. AYCOCK, CHANCELLOR Honorary Chairman

Post Office Box 6 November 4, 1961

WALTER S. SPEARMAN Faculty Adviser

JOE L. OPPENHEIMER
Chairman

Dr. Leo Szilard DuPont Plaza Hotel 1500 New Hampshire Ave., N. W. Washington, D. C.

Dear Dr. Szilard:

The Carolina Symposium is trying to complete its plans for featured speakers for its presentation of Today's Revolutions this coming April 1 through April 5. We are very pleased that Dr. Crane Brinton, author and historian of Harvard University, will deliver the opening address concerning "The Concept of Revolution", and we are also enthusiastic about the participation of Senator Gale W. McGee of Wyoming who will discuss "Political Revolutions".

It is sincerely hoped that you also will be able to accept our invitation of October 18 to speak on the evening of April 2 regarding "Revolutions in Science". Your participation will add significantly to the success of our program, and we are eager to know that you will be with us.

Sincerely yours.

Joe L. Oppenheimer

Spenkeemer

Chairman

JLO/jgm

annier dette/b/

### CARR AND COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

THIRTY NINE BROADWAY

NEW YORK 6, N. Y.

DIGBY 4-1350

May 12, 1953

### AIR MAIL SPECIAL DELIVERY

Dr. L. Szilard Quadrangle Club Chicago University Chicago 37, Illinois

Dear Leo:

I wrote out your proposed plan, and am enclosing it herewith.

Please let me know whether this expresses your thoughts. I again wish to remind you that there are several "bugs", both legal and taxwise, that have to be ironed out before a decision on the feasibility of this plan can be arrived at.

Sincerely yours,

JC:C:LGH enc.

Joseph Carr

### RECAPITALIZATION AND STOCK OFFERING PLAN

It is proposed to recapitalize the common stock of the Y Corp., so that the present common stockholders who own approximately one million five hundred thousand shares of common stock receive in exchange therefore the following:

375,000 shares . . . Class A stock 375,000 shares . . . Class B stock 750,000 shares . . . Class C stock

Each share of stock shall have the same voting power. The Class C stock shall be entitled to no dividends. When, as and if dividends are declared, they shall be declared in the following ratio:

Class A stock . . . 3 Class B stock . . . 1

The corporation shall have the privilege of converting the Class C stock and Class A stock into Class B stock. However, for every share of Class A stock it converts into Class B stock, it must convert two shares of Class C stock into Class B stock. Conversion of Class C and Class A stock must be simultaneous.

It is proposed that the stockholders sell the entire issue (375,000 shares) of Class A stock to the profit sharing trust of the corporation which will be in existence at the time the sale takes place. It is further proposed that the stockholders of the Class B stock will sell such stock at public issue. Payment for Class A stock shall be as follows:

Maximum price . . \$15.00 per share Minimum price . . \$9.00 per share.

Payments shall be made periodically as dividends are received, and shall be equivalent to the dividends received by the profit sharing trust on the A stock. If A stock is converted before a five year period, then the price of \$15.00 per share shall be reduced to the market price of the B stock, at the time of such conversion, provided such price is less than \$15.00 per share. In no event shall the price of the A stock be less than \$9.00 per share.

Even though title to the A stock will pass to the profit sharing trust, the voting rights of this stock will be retained by the vendors until the A stock is fully paid.

Mr. Joseph Carr 39 Broadway New York, New York

Dear Joe:

I am writing to you concerning the affairs of one of your clients and I wondered if you could submit to the president and the chairman of the board my recommendation which is as follows: They are to proceed at this time with preparing an announcement that will give their employees a right to a certain amount of paid vacation in 1954. This announcement, in order to have beneficial effect, would have to reach the employees before the end of April.

The most modest proposal which I believe would not be questioned would be as follows: They grant their employees an irrevocable right to paid vacation in 1954, each employee being assured as much vacation as would accrue to him up to April 30 of this year, if they were to apply the same formula to the computing of his vacation as was used in computing vacations last year.

I have little doubt that the value of this commitment will be regarded as a legitimate expense incurred in April of this year.

This measure will have no appreciable affect on the total income of the current tax year. It will, however, reduce the income for the period prior to April 30 and increase the income by the same amount for the period following April 30. Assuming that the amount of this vacation pay is about \$250,000, (this is merely a guess - I do not know the actual amount), there could result a tax saving - under certain plausible assumptions which I have discussed with you - of about \$125,000.

Those employees who might share in the profits that accrue to the company after April 30 would of course benefit from this measure and I believe that such benefit is quite legitimate under the circumstances.

I do not know whether it would be advisable and useful to go further and to proclaim in April in addition to the above vacation benefit either,

- (a) paid vacations corresponding to the time of service between April 30 and vacation time, i.e., irrespective of whether an employee may quit the company in the meantime, or
- (b) paid vacations corresponding to the time between April 30 and the beginning of the vacation period for those employees who are on the payroll of your company at the beginning of the vacation period.

These are details on which you can advise them.

I also wish to suggest that a study be started at this time to determine what other legitimate expenses they may wish to incur between now and April 30th in order to take legitimate advantage of the circumstances that would arise under the plausible assumptions upon which this letter is based.

Sincerely,

Leo Szilard

MR. JOSEPH CARR

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Jon

1155 East 57th Street January 12, 1948

Mrs. Bettins B. Carter 710 California Avenue Oakmont, Pennsylvania

Dear Mrs. Carter:

It was very kind of you to write me about the article in the December issue of the Bulletin and I wish to thank you for having taken the trouble of writing in such an encouraging manner.

Sincerely,

Leo Szilard

Oakmont, Pa.
December 21, 1947

Dr. Leo Szilard, The Editors, Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists, Chicago, Ill.

Dear Friends:

Please know that, in my opinion, Dr. Szilard's "Letter to Stalin" is one of the most significant and courageous documents known to history. I read it with increasing admiration for each paragraph. Yes, it is undoubtedly being called naive. Actually, it constitutes the highest realism. The world has long since passed the day of trusting peace to the machinations of career diplomats. It is the era of the people's peace or else the end of the world.

What an immature world it is! It is only with the beginning of this century that we have considered war to be wrong. We are almost into the second half of it before the scientists (and I am one of them, if only in a small way) left their laboratories to point the way to peace. But we may be grateful for even these few gains.

I wish the "Letter" could be more widely publicized. I wish more people might read it, might heed and understand. I wish also the many groups in the United States which work for peace could forget their differences in one cause. We have dissipated our energies badly yet we all want the same thing.

I am keenly aware of the courage and selflessness necessary for the writing of such a letter. These are times when nothing less is enough. People all over the world are in debt to Dr. Szilard.

Sincerely yours, Bettina B. Carter

Mrs. Bettina B. Carter, 710 California Ave., Oakmont, Pa.

### UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS

Department of
CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING
URBANA

The William Albert Noyes Laboratory

May 1, 1961

Dr. Leo Szilard
Department of Biophysics
University of Chicago
Chicago 37, Illinois

Dear Professor: Szilard:

I would like to extend to you my heartiest congratulations on your election to the Academy of Sciences. This was indeed a pleasant development and one which gave me a good deal of satisfaction.

I enjoyed very much the opportunity to get a little acquainted with you and it was most pleasant to have your wife with us for the dinner for our Russian guests. I thought that both of you would be interested to know, if you do not already, that Hans Neurath was also elected to the Academy last week.

I hope that everything goes well with you and will look forward to seeing you at future Academy meetings.

With best regards.

Very truly yours,

H. E. Carter, Head Department of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering

HEC:eb

September 20, 1963

William H. Cary, Jr. South Bolton Road Bolton, Massachusetts

Dear Mr. Cary:

Your letter of September 18th has arrived while Dr. Szilard is still abroad. I do not have a definite date for his return, though I expect it will be in the early part of October. Dr. Szilard will undoubtedly be writing to you upon his return to Washington.

In the meantime, I enclose some of the Council for a Livable World's latest publications giving their thoughts on the test ban. (You will note that they have changed their name from Council for Abolishing War.)

May I also commend to you a recent article in the September issue of WAR/PEACE REPORT, by Senator George McGovern which deals specifically with the issue of the economics of disarmament and its ramifications.

I believe that Col. Henry A. Crosby, who will become Executive Director of the Council for a Livable World on October 31st, may also be able to supply you with further information, and I would suggest that you write Col. Crosby at the following address: Council for a Livable World, 1346 Connecticut Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20036.

Sincerely yours,

Kay M. Shannon Secretary to Dr. Szilard

ENC: Meselson testimony
Sept. WASHINGTON BULLETIN

McGovern speech: "New Perspectives on American Security"

Sept. 18, 1963

Dr. Leo Szilard Council for Abolishing War Hotel Dupont Plaza Washington 6, D.C.

Dear Dr. Szilard:

A friend of mine in Warsaw, Poland, a well-known journalist of thoughtful mind and well-balanced judgment, Mr. Bibrowski, has asked me to gather and send him some material, including bibliographies, for some articles and perhaps a book which he plans to write on "peaceful coexistence as viewed from the West." I should appreciate receiving any material which you would consider helpful for such a study.

What he has in mind is this: The test-ban treaty must lead to further international agreements and to eventual disarmament if we are not all to be destroyed; but are the national leaders and the people, in the West especially, prepared in their attitudes and understanding, for the economic, political and social changes which coexistence would require? Mr. Bibrowski considers it very important that an international public "dialogue" on these problems should develop rapidly. How are responsible Americans thinking through these problems?

I have a little material here, from my work with the American Friends Service Committee in their campaign against bomb-testing and for disarmament, but not much. (I have just sent to Mr. Bibrowski the book, "Disarmament and the Economy," ed. by Benoit & Boulding; also Charles Osgood's "An Alternative to War or Surrender" and "A World Without War", by Millis, Brown, Douglas, etc.) Perhaps you would have some further suggestions?
I have also written today to the Canadian Peace Research Inst.; Nat. Planning Assn; COSWA; and the International Newsletter on Peace Research.

Sincerely yours,

William H. Cary, Ja,

### The University of Chicago

CHICAGO 37, ILLINOIS

Institute of Radiobiology and Biophysics

6200 Drexel Avenue

October 27, 1949

Dr. T. Casperson
Nobel Institute for Cell Investigation
Solnavagen 1
Stokholm 60, Sweden

Dear Dr. Casperson:

Enclosed is a manuscript of a paper which will appear in the next issue of the proceedings of the National Academy and which will perhaps interest you.

With kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leo Szilard

LS/sds Enclosure \$10 Centibution

## DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY YALE UNIVERSITY NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

STERLING CHEMISTRY LABORATORY BOX 1901A YALE STATION

Dec. 31

Dear Mr. Brower

Here is a contribution

Howard the Syclard Movement.

Theartif approve what

Thave learned so for, & would

like to be shept posted.

You two are good to

undertake this—

Inceres yours,

Harold Cassid;

H.G. CASSIDY

anneages



House of Commons, London, S.W.1

3rd August, 1961.

Dear Mrs. Szilard,

In Mrs. Castle's absence I am writing to thank you for the book of short stories which you so kindly sent her. I am sure she will be interested to see these.

Yours sincerely,

Sylvia Aberciomby

Secretary to Mrs. Barbara Castle M.P.

Mrs. L. Szilard, Hotel Dupont Plaza, Dupont Circle & New Hampshire Avenue N.W., Washington 6, D.C., U.S.A.

1155 East 57th Street Chicago 37, Illinois July 14, 1950

Mr. James L. Cate 1126 East 59th Street Chicago 37, Illinois

Dear Mr. Cate:

I am writing to you in your capacity as a member of the Council. Dr. Urey, at the last Council meeting, outlined the basic philosophy upon which, in his opinion, a satisfactory plan for retirement benefits ought to rest. I have attempted to show in the enclosed memorandum how such a plan could be implemented by describing one possible set of provisions and by estimating the magnitude of the sums which would be involved.

The purpose of the present letter is merely to give you notice of the existence of this plan and to put it into your hands so that you might form an opinion concerning its merits.

Sincerely yours,

Leo Szilard

# ISTITUTO SIEROTERAPIGO MILANESE

ENTE MORALE AGGREGATO ALLA UNIVERSITÀ DI MILANO MILANO - VIA DARWIN, 20

TELEF. 30640-30677-31757-32823-33917

written in Italiany too.

TELEGR .: SIEROTERAPICO - MILANO

U. P. I. C. MILANO N. 48709

Direzione Scientifica

Milano, 11/12/50.

Dear Dr. Sgiland, many thanks for your papers which I have reed with much interest. I think you idea of sending duploted copin of papers to be justished to people actively interested to the James or Jimilar problems should generalize. It wears an advantage of fix months at least. I am emboring unflere offprints \* flat might purhages intenst you. will you please notice my day of address for the present year. But greeting + Xm & the New Year Young pinanely luig Caralli-\* I am afraid it is mostly sld stuff, and importunally

November 7, 1950

L. L. Cavalli, Esq.
Department of Genetics
University of Cambridge
Cambridge, England

Dear Mr. Cavalli:

J. Lederberg told us of the correspondence he had with you and we are following with interest the work which you are publishing. Enclosed you will find two manuscripts which might perhaps interest you.

With best wishes --

Yours very truly,

Leo Szilard

MA

# Law School of Harvard University Cambridge 38, Mass.

file M

November 13, 1961

Dr. Leo Szilard Dupont Plaza Hotel Washington, D.C.

Dear Leo,

I have spoken to the Forum about your plans, and they are writing to you. I have spoken to the officer of a College student group, Tocsin, who will help interest undergraduates in your talk.

We are having a small luncheon in the Law School for two Soviet international lawyers on Saturday. Since the Forum has arranged for you to meet students on Saturday morning and afternoon in a nearby dormitory, I thought you might care to join us. Professor Milton Katz, Director of International Legal Studies, joins in this invitation.

Sincerely yours,

David F. Cavers

## Law School of Harvard University

Cambridge 38, Mass.

fre M

November 13. 1961

Dr. Leo Szilard Dupont Plaza Hotel Washington, D. C.

Dear Leo,

I have given more thought to the paper you read to me, and a few ideas have occurred to me that have seemed worth passing along for your consideration.

- l. I have searched for a substitute for "The Enlightened Minority". The alternative that has struck me as most appealing is "The Responsible Minority". As I see it, what you are striving for is to induce a small fraction of the population to assume responsibility for attacking the problem of abolishing war and to do so responsibly. The dual meaning of "Responsible" tends to diminish the invidious comparison that is implicit in "Enlightened" and, since responsibility is a burden, the assumption of it is less likely to suggest an arrogant elite the fear the original term aroused in me.
- 2. To raise a point that I did not have time to mention Saturday, I am somewhat troubled by your having to label your assessment of Russian intentions as "truth". It may well be true -- I for one am inclined to believe it -- but is it necessary for your case that your hearers be convinced that you have arrived at true conclusions on this and the other issues? Since you are not arguing that you personally should be the Minority's source of guidance on foreign policy, you don't have to stake your political proposal on your ability to establish the validity of your own ideas of foreign policy. Wouldn't it be better strategy to present them as hypotheses? Isn't it enough, for your political thesis, that your audiences recognize that your ideas, if true, would justify major shifts in our foreign policy, that your ideas, if viewed without national bias, deserve the most serious consideration, and yet, because of national bias, can command no political backing?
- 3. A strong opening seems to me very important. I have had a thought for one which you might like. How about something like this?

\* If my recollection is correct that, by implication at least, you do.

"In countries all over the world, young men today are thinking, writing, speaking, agitating, demonstrating, fighting, being clubbed, being gassed, and being killed in an effort to shape the political policies of their homelands. What they are striving for is to achieve a better future for themselves and their countries. Their ideas may often be tragically ill-conceived and wrong-headed, but at least they are not content to sit inert and accept whatever fate and their elders mete out to them.

"In America, you and young men like you are working diligently to prepare yourselves for successful careers in professions or in business in the most affluent, comfort-loving civilization the world has yet seen. In your week-ends and your spare time you have fun and games. When you think of the future, you think about the job, the girl, and the home in prospect.

"This is pleasant, but it isn't realistic. The future ahead for the young men of America is far from secure. Within a decade, you may find yourselves burrowing underground in a garrison state. You may be losing your cherished American freedoms, as the nation gives more and more power to leaders who ready it for total war. Finally, you may be caught by total war. Then there won't be any more future to plan for.

"You don't have to have a future like that. But the kind of future you do have may depend on what you yourselves are willing to do -- not five, ten, or twenty years from now but this year, next year, and all the years to follow. What I am trying to bring to you and to college men and women in other universities is a summons to responsibility -- responsibility for your country's policies and for your own destiny."

I think this should prove arresting and should tie in with the rest of your paper. I read this hurriedly to Roger and his reaction was favorable. He also agreed with my other points, but I should add that he had little time in which to consider them.

I am sending this off before I have seen the Forum and Tocsin about the cards. I shall write you shortly about them.

It was a pleasure to see you and your wife again and to learn of your plans. I am looking forward to seeing you in Cambridge.

Sincerely yours,

David F. Cavers



WITH ALL GOOD WISHES

Phristman

AND

THE

New Year

Dr. Camille Kereszturi Cayley

Camille Kereszturi Cayley, M.D.
450 Riverside Drive
New York 27, N.Y.
MOnument 2-5675

July 1961

Dear Doctor,

May I let you know that in July and August I shall

May I let you know that in July and August I shall be available only on Tuesdays and Fridays for diagnosis and treatment of private psychiatric patients. The rest of the time you may reach me by person to person call to Carmel 5-3407. I should be more than glad to come to town on other days as well, if I can be of service to you with some emergency case.

After Labor Day I will live in the city again and be available seven days a week as usual.

I hope that you will have a pleasant vacation.

Thouk you for Jour book!

Tenjoyed reading it a lot!

Kope you are also enjoying your above brow.

Tohen you come to hew Jork you would make me very hopy, if Jour wither me.





at Memorial Hospital

444 East 68 th Street

New York

N. Y.

U. S. A.

Sender's name and address: Sir James Chadwich

Wynne's Parc

Denbigh

- Second fold here -

V.K.

AN AIR LETTER SHOULD NOT CONTAIN ANY ENCLOSURE; IF IT DOES IT WILL BE SURCHARGED OR SENT BY ORDINARY MAIL.

Wynne's Pase Denbigh 20 April 1960.

My deur Sziland, Dr. Paul Rosbaud told me a little time ago that you were in hispital and he has now given me more news of you and sent me your address.

2 am very sony to learn about your trouble and I wish to offer you my sympathy and my

warmest hopes for a quick recovery,

2 send you also my angratulations on The award of the Einstein Edd Hedal and some substantial money award which Rosbaud does not specify. These matters are seldom reported here and my congratulations may be belated. But the news is very welcome and

pleases me. According to Rosbaud's informant, you are making full use from enforced leisure in writing. I shall hope to see your articles in due course. 2

expect Rosband will keep me informed.

You may be somewhat surprised beer my The explanation is that 2 resigned the Mastership address at the end of 1958. 2 don't Think 2 had of Cams

quite come to the end of my usefulness There, but my wife and 2 both felt that we ought to start making a home for ourselves before I was too det to enjoy it! So we know are settling down in a small house with a large garden, too large perhaps, in North Wales where we have many friends. And in early reach of Liverpool so that we can see our many old friends there and so that 2 can keep in touch with may the laboratories and the University. With kindest regards and all good wishes Yours sincerely achmanledged J. Madirik.

First fold here

February 24, 1962

Professor Owen Chamberlain Physics Department University of California Berkeley, California

Dear Dr. Chamberlain:

Things are going rather well, and the opinion here is that we ought to set up the Council now. The political organization need not be set up now, at least not until such time as the Council has identified a sufficiently large number of people who say that they would want to spend 2 percent of their income on campaign contributions.

I shall write you soon about the next step. In the meantime you will see from the attached sheet something about the responses to date.

I am also enclosing a set of press clippings and photocopies of a sample of my mail. Perhaps you could keep these in your office and make them available to others who might want to have a peek at it.

Sincerely,

Leo Szilard

Hotel Dupont Plaza
Washington 6, D. C.
Telephone: HUdson 3-6000

Enclosures

Washington, D. C. March 3, 1962

Professor O. N. Chamberlain Department of Physics University of California Berkeley, California

Dear Chamberlain:

The attached letter is meant for you and those others whose names are listed in the memo "The Next Step". I should be very grateful to you for reading the attached letter and the enclosures, and for advising me as soon as possible whether you are willing to serve as an Associate.

I hope very much that you will be willing to serve as a Fellow and that you are not going to disqualify yourself from serving on the Board of Directors of the Council.

Sincerely,

Leo Szilard

Hotel Dupont Plaza
Washington 6, D. C.
Telephone: HUdson 3-6000

#### Enclosures

P.S. I am enclosing the revised and final version of my speech, which will be printed in the April issue of the Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists.

April 6, 1964

Professor Leo Szilard Enrico Fermi Institute University of Chicago Chicago 37, Illinois

Dear Professor Sailard:

On behalf of Chanceller Cheadle and the Committee on Arts and Lectures. I am writing to see if you expect to have an opportunity to visit our campus in the Fall. We regret that you were unable to accept a Regent's Lectureship this Spring, but now we are hopeful that your schedule has become clear enough for you to forsee a month in the fall when you might come to us.

In your last letter to Chancellor Cheadle, you asked for clarification of time involved. This could be left very much to your own convenience, since the Regent's Lectureships are flexible, varying from two weeks to two months or more at the rate of \$1500 per month plus travel expenses.

As to time required after arrivel, this tee is subject to some flexibility. If you could be with us for a menth, we would hope for two public lectures of a general nature (non-technical), a seminar with students once-a-week and office hours a few days each week for students and faculty. We would assume that you would also be called upon for some class visitations, according to developments ence you arrive on campus.

Please let us hear from you at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely.

Philip Chamberlin Geordinator dis offer.

### THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

YERKES OBSERVATORY WILLIAMS BAY, WIS.

1961, May 20

Dr. Leo Szilard Hotel Dupont Plaza 1500 New Hampshire Avenue, N. W. Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Leo:

I hope you will forgive me if I say quite frankly that I find your attempt to use the National Academy of Sciences in connection with your petition to the President of the United States a transgression of propriety. Moreover, the choices you give in your memorandum on page 3, if one eliminates the common politeness of language, is essentially an order to the members of the Academy (in the various sections to whom you have addressed your memorandum) to stand up and be counted. I do not feel that anyone should assume this right and I am deeply resentful: and I should be resentful even if I were in agreement with the sentiments of your memorandum.

As for your memorandum itself, it is a protestation of a moral attitude. If I may quote Eddington from one of his memorable statements during the First World War: "A moral attitude is not always the more convincing for being ostentatiously proclaimed".

With regard to the substance of your petition, what I find wrong is not what it says but what it fails to say. In particular, I find nowhere an appreciation of what President Kennedy so clearly stated in one of his newsconferences:

"The use with which the Communists make of democracy, and then when they seize power, the effectiveness with which they manage the police apparatus so that dissent cannot arise, and so that the people can no longer express their will - liquidation by gunfire of the opposition or by forcing them out of the country to be refugees - this suggests the kind of problem which we are going to have in this decade."

I sincerely regret that this letter is strongly worded, and I regret it all the more since my position in similar matters has been close to your own.

With best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

S. Chandrasekhar

Chandra

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

File M

DATE 4-23-62

To Dr. Leo Szilard

DEPARTMENT Research Institutes

FROM J.L. Chapman

DEPARTMENT Radio and Television

IN RE: Attached correspondence

Your address "Are We on the Road to War?" has caused a number of people to ask for its text. I have sent such transcripts to each.

I thought you might be interested to see the attached correspondence, as some of it is addressed to you.

J. L. Chamar

### OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY

OPERATED BY

UNION CARBIDE NUCLEAR COMPANY



POST OFFICE BOX Y OAK RIDGE, TENNESSEE

April 20, 1961

Dr. Leo Szilard University of Chicago 5741 Drexel Avenue Chicago 37, Illinois

Dear Dr. Szilard:

Thank you for having Simon and Schuster send me an advance copy of your new book, "The Voice of the Dolphins." I have read it with great interest and enthusiasm. In fact, I was unable to put it down once I had gotten into it. Your thoughts, stated and implied, as conveyed in the "Dolphin Stories" have stimulated several new ideas in me.

Thank you once again for this most enjoyable experience.

Sincerely yours,

Robert A. Charple

RAC:cc

The Charles F. Kettering Foundation Far Hills Branch Post Office Dayton 9, Ohio

Gentlemen:

Please send me a copy of your publication,
The Culturing of Algae (1950), and bill me at the
above address.

Sincerely yours,

Leo Szilard Professor of Biophysics

eds

Check for \$2.25 sent 5-9-51

CHAS. PFIZER & CO., INC. 11 Bartlett Street Brooklyn 6, N. Y.

July 27, 1950

Mr. John Menke Nuclear Development Associates, Inc. 33 West 60th Street New York 23, New York

Dear Mr. Menke:

Further discussion of the proposal regarding the Szilard liquid-liquid extractor had been postponed due to the illness of Mr. J. Goett. Yesterday afternoon however this subject again received attention during the visit of Prof. Sherwood.

Various counterproposals were entertained but the final unanimous conclusion was that this company should not become involved in the development of this extractor, even under the most favorable terms. This is not intended to imply that interest in the device is lacking. To the contrary we would undoubtedly wish to purchase a unit in a finally proven form; and if it were possible to draw specifications now on operating efficiency and a reasonable guarantee on mechanical performance, we might even be in a position to place an order for future delivery.

Thus, it is our opinion that the development of the Szilard extractor should be undertaken by others with venture capital provided for such purposes; and in such undertaking we have every hope that success will be achieved.

Sincerely,

Elliott R. Weyer, Ph.D.

ERW: HCB

November 10, 1953

Chase National Bank of New York 25 Broadway

New York, N. Y.

Gentlemen:

Will you kindly transmit to me through the bearer of this letter two folding pocket check books.

Yours truly,

SL:db

Leo Szilard

October 10, 1962

Mr. Abraham Chayes Legal Adviser U. S. Department of State Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Chayes:

Since I had lunch with you I have seen Ambassador
Dobrynin, handed him a document (of which I am enclosing two
copies) and asked him that he transmit it with such comments
as he might care to make.

If you should happen to see Carl Kaysen, I should be grateful for your mentioning this matter to him. You may also give him on that occasion one of the two copies of the enclosed document.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leo Szilard

Enclosures

Telephoned RBL - 4/14/42



# THE LEGAL ADVISER DEPARTMENT OF STATE WASHINGTON

November 30, 1962

Dear Dr. Szilard,

I have not replied earlier to your letter of October 10 since at first I was in Europe and later very much involved in the Cuban affair. I also thought that the last three or four weeks were not the right time to put your proposal to Carl Kaysen.

I am writing now to tell you that I have sent him the proposal. But I am leaving for Europe again for two weeks and so will not have a chance to sound out his reactions until I get back. As soon as I do I will let you know.

Sincerely,

Abram Chayes

Dr. Leo Szilard,
Hotel Dupont Plaza,
Dupont Circle and New Hampshire Ave., N.W.,
Washington 6, D. C.

### CHEMICAL CORPS BIOLOGICAL LABORATORIES

MM DIVISION

Camp Detrick, Frederick, Maryland

19 September 1951

Miss Marjorie Elswick University of Chicago Institute of Radiobiology and Biophysics 5640 Ellis Avenue Chicago 37, Illinois

Dear Miss Elswick:

I plan to arrive in Chicago on September 30 and then plan to see Dr. Szilard or his associate the following morning.

I am making arrangements for hotel reservations in close proximity of the campus. If, by chance, I encounter any difficulty I will try to contact you again to make some arrangements for me.

I plan to stay until Saturday, October 6, 1951.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours, Leonard a. Mika

LEONARD A. MIKA

LAM/jld



#### ACS APPLIED PUBLICATIONS

ADVANCES IN CHEMISTRY SERIES
ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY
INDUSTRIAL AND ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY
JOURNAL OF AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD CHEMISTRY
JOURNAL OF CHEMICAL AND ENGINEERING DATA

## CHEMICAL AND ENGINEERING NEWS

PUBLISHED BY THE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

1155 Sixteenth St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C. • REpublic 7-3337

December 28, 1961

answered 31 Dec 61

Dr. Leo Szilard University of Chicago Chicago, Illinois

Dear Dr. Szilard:

In the near future, we are planning to publish an article on the chemistry of aging. Knowing of your interest in this field, we are hoping you might be kind enough to review it for us.

We would very much like to have you check the preliminary draft for accuracy. Your comments and corrections would be most helpful. If you feel that further information should be added or that some particular point needs stressing, we would welcome your suggestions.

We hope we may have the opportunity to hear from you on this within the next two weeks. Any assistance would be sincerely appreciated.

Cordially yours.

Howard Sanders Associate Editor

HS/mcb

4

Washington, D.C. 31 December 1961

Mr. Howard Sanders
Associate Editor
Chemical and Engineering News
1155 Sixteenth Street, N.W.
Washington 6, D.C.

Dear Mr. Sanders:

I have your letter of December 28th and I am writing to say that there is little resemblance between the views attributed to me and my theory.

My theory is quite different from Faille (who, incidentally, has died). I do not attribute aging to gene mutation but rather to the inactivation of a whole chromosome in some random process. In my theory, the random aging hits are not due to radiation. Moreover, my theory does not predict what effect radiation may have on the aging of the exposed population but it does predict the effect on the aging of the offspring of the exposed population.

I doubt that it is possible to summarize my theory in one paragraph and since I am about to leave for the West Coast for an extended trip I shall not attempt to do so. A one page summary of my theory was printed in 1959 in the British magazine, "New Scientist".

Sincerely,

Leo Szilard Hotel Dupont Plaza Washington 6, D.C.

# UNIVERSITY OF DENVER SOCIAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION DENVER-10, COLORADO

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### AIR MAIL - SPECIAL DELIVERY

Dr. Leo Szilard University of Chicago Chicago, Illinois

Dear Dr. Szilard:

We are indeed happy that you can be a delegate to the Conference on the International Control and Utilization of Atomic Energy at Association Camp, Estes Park, June 24-26.

An advance copy of the agenda is enclosed for your convenience. You will note that the import of the Conference is a series of discussions both in general and in panel meetings of the various alternatives for international control of mass weapons. Out of these discussions we hope will come a vital expression of opinion, to be transmitted both to the United States delegation to the United Nations Committee on Atomic Energy, and to the international meeting of atomic scientists at Oxford, England, in the latter part of July.

In addition, we hope to exert a significant force upon public opinion in this region and in this country by way of full radio and press coverage.

Arrangements have been made for meals to be served to Conference delegates and their families as a group, in the special conference dining room. We will ask each of our guests to submit a statement at the close of the Conference of transportation, lodging, meals, and other expense. Reimbursement will be made on that basis.

If you can wire us your exact arrival time in Denver, we shall be happy to arrange for your transportation up to the Conference Camp, which is five miles west of Estes Park Village.

Although the agenda was already complete by the time your acceptance was received, we hope it will be possible, with your consent, to make use of your great experience and knowledge throughout all of the meetings of the Conference.

Very cordially yours,

Ben M. Chevrington

Ben M. Cherrington

Enclosure

Skephen Spr 27/7 Am Morshah Bellorugh on Hem for an 3) lobby of the am Hobel (1) br. Byron Cohn

October 27, 1949

Lord Cherwell
The Clarendon Laboratory
Oxford, England

Dear Lord Cherwell:

Enclosed you will find a manuscript which might perhaps interest you and also Simon.

Wish best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

Leo Szilard

LS:WV

Washington, D. C. March 3, 1962

Professor Jeffrey Chew Department of Physics University of California Berkeley, California

Dear Dr. Chew:

The attached letter is meant for you and those others whose names are listed in the memo "The Next Step". I should be very grateful to you for reading the attached letter and the enclosures, and for advising me as soon as possible whether you are willing to serve as an Associate.

I hope very much that you are willing to serve as a Fellow and that you are not going to disqualify yourself from serving as a member of the Board of Directors of the Council.

Sincerely,

Leo Szilard

Hotel Dupont Plaza
Washington 6, D. C.
Telephone: HUdson 3-6000

#### Enclosures

P.S. I am enclosing the revised and final version of my speech, which will be printed in the April issue of the Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists.

1155 East 57th Street Chicago, Illinois August 18, 1944

Lord Cherwell 10 Downing Street London, England

Dear Lord Cherwell:

It seems to me that we have to reckon with the possibility that the Germans might now start using atomic bombs before long and I am writing to you because I hope that you might decide to give this possibility your continued personal attention from now on. Perhaps you are doing this already.

Private communications originating from Switzerland which reached me two years ago indicated that the Germans knew by the middle of 1942 how to make a chain reaction go and that Heisenberg, who was in charge of that work, had some conspicuous successes along this or the other parallel line of work during that year and consequently was put in full charge of all the work (made director of the Kaiser-Wilhelm Institute for Physics) late in 1942. This was about the time of Stalingrad after which the Germans must have realized that they may have to win this war by other than ordinary methods. Unless I completely misjudge the psychology of the Germans, they must have gone full scale into this work soon after Stalingrad at the latest.

I could hardly hope to convince anybody by this type of reasoning who does not know Germany and the Germans from personal experience. But you yourself lived quite a long time in Germany before 1914 and it might therefore carry weight with you.

We know that there are a <u>number of methods</u> which can be used for obtaining materials suitable for atomic bombs. If we rule out the three most expensive methods on the ground that they would have put top great a burden on the already strained German war economy there still remain two methods available to the Germans which are considerably less expensive, and we know that the Germans have been considering them early in 1942. If they have chosen either or both of them and started in earnest after Stalingrad at a scale of a twenty million pound enterprise they ought to be making by now one or two bombs per month.

Of course we cannot entirely exclude the possibility that the Germans have hit on some better methods than those of which we are aware and if so, they may produce a large number of bombs and win the war. However, it seems to me better not to contemplate this possibility but rather to steer a middle course and to assume that they do not know much more than we do and that there is not anything that we know that they do not know also.

If we are willing to proceed on this assumption, we may then regard as the chief danger not so much that the Germans may use the bombs as a military weapon but rather that they may use it as a political weapon. Unless we are fully prepared to meet this danger they may detonate their first bomb high above Whitehall at the time when the House of Commons meets and kill a large number of persons who are important for the functioning of the machinery of the government. They

may detonate a few more bombs over other cities and try to make the world believe that they have an unlimited supply. Unless we are reliably informed of the scope of their industrial effort they may successfully bluff us and reach their political objectives.

I believe that if you become fully acquainted with the scope of action of atomic bombs you will want to acquaint yourself with the material relating to such activity in Germany that must have gradually been gathered by the British Military Intelligence. I should not be surprised however if the British Intelligence had failed so far to find any evidence for the manufacture of the pertinent materials in Germany. Clearly there are a number of possible pitfalls in the way of finding such evidence particularly if the routine methods of gathering intelligence are applied to this task. If the agents are not fully aware of all potential possibilities they may not find anything unless the questions put to them by the physicists have been selected with great care and circumspection. There may be too much reluctance to tell the agent enough to enable him to do his work and the questions put to him may not be pertinent ones. The physicists who collaborate may not be sufficiently convinced that something must be going on and therefore may not be able to put together the pieces of the puzzle and obtain a coherent picture from the odd bits of information which may come in.

You might, if you look through the whole record of the information which has been gathered by the British Intelligence, perhaps come to the conclusion that the methods used are capable of improvement or that the scale of the investigation ought to be greatly increased.

I wonder whether it would be possible for you to organize a small group of physicists either in your office or perhaps in the office of the Prime Minister and to use some members of this group as liaisons with the British Intelligence. If these men are then authorized to report back to you directly, you would be able to follow closely the material which is being gathered and be able to judge the proper time when sufficient evidence has been obtained for bringing the matter up before the War Cabinet for such urgent action as may then be needed.

I am rather convinced that a properly organized effort of the British Intelligence will lead to the discovery of industrial installations for the manufacture of the relevant materials in Germany but when the location of the German factories is discovered, it may be found that we would have to pay an exceedingly high price for their destruction by large scale parachute invasion or other such methods. Some of us might think that these factories have to be destroyed practically at any price but in order that you should be in a position to advise the war Cabinet how far to go in this respect you ought to have first-hand knowledge of the action radius within which life will be destroyed if a small atomic bomb is detonated above a city. Clearly you are the only member of the Cabinet who can have convictions based on his own conputations rather than on official "reports" or other forms of "hearsay".

If you check the calculations of others or make calculations of your own you will have a firm conviction of your own and will be able to arrive

at a balanced recommendation and also be able to assist the War Cabinet in reaching what may be a very difficult decision.

If you wish to acquaint yourself with the calculations that have been made or can be made to determine the action radius of atomic bombs you will want to consider three different types of action which will destroy people, each having a different action radius.

The action radius of the blast that will destroy buildings as well as kill people is one of the three and you might find it rather difficult to arrive at a reliable estimate for this length particularly since its value depends on such unknown factors as the quantity of material which is used for the construction of the German bomb and the manner in which it is detonated. Still such estimates give rise to grave concern if they are based on reasonable assumptions as to size and efficiency of the atomic bomb.

On the other hand, the action radius for killing people by radiation emitted at the moment of detonation from an atomic bomb which is exploded at a certain height above a city is practically independent of the construction and size of the bomb. You will therefore be able to obtain a fairly reliable estimate for this radius. You might then choose to consider an estimate for this radius as a lower limit for the action radius of small bombs.

The third type of action is the cause of death by radiation due to the dispersal of the products after the detonation of the atomic bomb and might again be more difficult to estimate and perhaps impossible to express in the form of an action radius since meteorological factors may affect the result.

I take it that any knowledge that may have been accumulated on

this subject is accessible to you in the form of written reports, but from general experience I would not expect such reports to contain the pertinent information in an explicit form. Therefore you would perhaps wish to move faster and call in for consultation some of the British theoretical physicists who are up to date on this question. I do not know whether Peierls is up to date at present and whether he can be spared, but you may think of some other first class theoretical man whom you could use. It should not take too much time for a good man to acquaint himself with the facts if he is given the opportunity to have oral discussions with those members of your organization who are up to date on these questions.

I am certain you appreciate that I could not have made more specific statements in this letter without special authorization and to attempt to get that might have caused an undue delay. As it is I am informing the organization with which I am associated of the content of this personal letter and shall subsequently forward the letter by diplomatic mail. My writing to you may be a breach of etiquette from the official point of view, but as I see it something more important than etiquette is at present involved. I feel confident that you will understand my reasons for writing this letter particularly if you decide to go more deeply into the study of the issues involved or have done so already.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

August 19, 1957

The Chicago Daily Tribune 435 North Michigan Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Gentlemen:

Professor Leo Szilard of the above Institute would like to obtain three copies of the Friday, August 16th, 1957 issue of the Chicago Daily Tribune. I enclose 25¢ in stamps which I assume is sufficient to cover costs and mailing. If not, please advise.

With thanks for your attention to this request,

Very truly yours,

Norene Mann (Mrs.) Secretary to Dr. Leo Szilard

Encl.

### The University of Chicago

CHICAGO 37, ILLINOIS

Institute of Radiobiology and Biophysics

6200 Drexel Avenue

April 4, 1950

President
Chicago Pen Company
7 South Dearborn Street, Room 500
Chicago 3, Illinois

Dear Sir:

I am returning herewith the six Eversharp
Reload Cartridges sent to me by your company on
March 30th. My pen is an Eversharp "Slim Jim",
and the cartridges sent to me do not fit it.

I would appreciate your immediate attention to seeing that I am sent the proper sized refills for my pen.

Sincerely yours,

Leo Szilard

sds

he mustatives CHICAGO TEACHERS COLLEGE 6800 STEWART AVENUE CHICAGO 21, ILLINOIS April 30, 1964 Professor Leo Szilard Quadrangle Club 1155 East 57th Chicago, Illinois 60637 Dear Mr. Szilard: On Thursday, May 28, our college is holding its annual Honors Convocation at 8 p.m. We would like to invite you to be our speaker, paying whatever is customary. You will have about forty minutes to speak; the topic is of your own choosing. We hope you will be able to accept this invitation. Sincerely yours, Virginia McDavid Associate Professor of English

May 8, 1964 Virginia McDavid Associate Professor of English Chicago Teachers College 6800 Stewart Avenue Chicago 21, Illinois Dear Virginia McDavid: Many thanks for the kind invitation contained in your letter of April 30. To my regret I cannot accept because in the meantime I have shifted my residence to La Jolla, California. I greatly appreciate, however, your having invited me to be your speaker. Sincerely yours Leo Szilard LS:jm

# Chicago Tribune



Telephone Superior 7-0100 August 2, 1957

Dr. Leo Szilard University of Chicago Chicago 37, Illinois

Dear Dr. Szilard:

Relative to the attached letter from Artist Gary
Sheahan, it is our belief that his painting of the squash
court scene will prove to be an historical one, the only visual
record of an epochal scene. We plan not only to reproduce
the picture but to make sure that the painting is properly
preserved for posterity. Mr. Sheahan is taking all possible
pains to make the painting as accurate as possible, and to
capture the significance of the moment, and your cooperation
will be greatly appreciated. I have suggested to Mr. Sheahan
that he keep any notes and correspondence relating to the
painting for the archives of the museum finally selected for
the painting.

Sincerely,

Lloyd Wendt

Sunday Magazine Editor

LW.MM Enc.

# Chicago Tribune



Telephone Superior 7-0100
August 2, 1957

Dr. Leo Szilard University of Chicago Chicago 37, Illinois

Dear Sir:

With this letter I am inclosing a photograph of a sketch of a painting I am making of the scene at the squash court beneath Stagg Field grandstand, at the University of Chicago, December 2, 1942, when the first atomic pile was put in operation. This painting will be for the Chicago Tribune Magazine.

There have been several conflicting descriptions of this event in minor details. In this picture I should like to construct as accurate a picture of this scene as possible, therefore I am sending out these letters to several people who were there in the hope that their memory of that historic day may supply me with some accurate material that I have been unable to obtain from the sources I have used.

These are some of the questions I am trying to find answers to:

How many people do you remember were on the balcony? Dr. Compton, in his book, says "...on the balcony with us were 20 others." A booklet put out by the Atomic Energy Commission lists the names of 42, "present". Were some of these 42 in another part of the building? Do you remember which ones of the attached list they were?

Were some of the observers in overcoats, and/or were overcoats hung over balcony railing?

Where was the balloon cloth covering? Was it hung from ceiling on this day, or had it been taken down to lie loosely at base of pile? What color was it?

Was floor of court, black with graphite?

Were there ceiling lights, or lights over instrument panel?

Was anyone else other than G. L. Weil on the ground floor?

Were there wires from both sides of thepile to instruments on the balcony? Other prominent wireing?

Was there any machinery other than air pump at the N.E. corner of pile? (This pump not included in sketch)

Was door above stairway leading to court open or closed?

Do you remember other features that I have not shown that you feel should be incorporated into the picture?

On a separate photograph I have identified certain people shown in the larger photograph, can you name others who were there to be added?

I should like to thank you at this time for any help that you may have been able to give me on this project.

Very truly yours.

Tary Sheohon

Gary Sheahan

GS.MM Enc.

cc S K Allison

H L Anderson

F H Spedding

R F Christy

E P Wigner

A C Graves D K Froman

R G Nobles

W H Zinn

C H Greenewalt

A H Compton

Mrs L W Marshall

## LIST OF THOSE PRESENT AT "CHICAGO PILE" EXPERIMENT

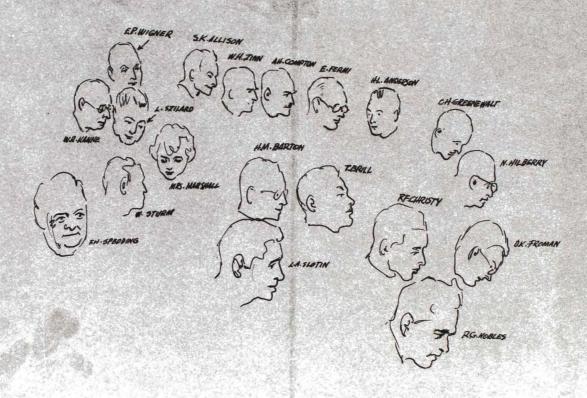
### from THE FIRST PILE

### issued by the Atomic Energy Commission

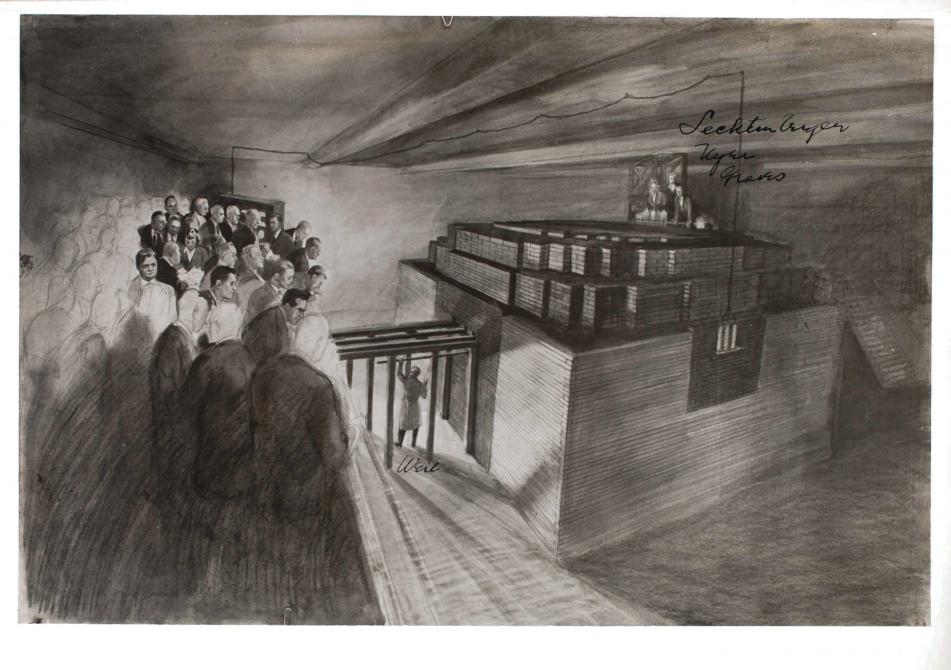
H. M. Agnew S. K. Allison H. L. Anderson H. M. Barton T. Brill R. F. Christy A. H. Compton E. Fermi R. J. Fox S. A. Fox D. K. Froman A. C. Graves C. H. Greenewalt N. Hilberry D. L. Hill W. H. Hinch W. R. Kanne P. G. Koontz H. E. Kubitschek H. V. Lichtenberger

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6 in wide .\_



MARQUIS W. CHILDS 1028 CONNECTICUT AVE. mary/ can Dr. Filors I nay I say again that Cheril gorn/ poper is ragnificent stimulas to thinking in this field. admire In so much sutting it tegether. let the Battetin toin and the release 7 Spring 16. Ch my Column fre llas Jeenlo de Iness Co

that dean de justice to the post themse that your have somethed. Soncerely Jones, Mayne Chilles, P. S. Jenelse mylist

# PRODUCT ENGINEERING

#### THE MCGRAW-HILL MAGAZINE FOR DESIGN ENGINEERS

330 West 42nd Street, New York 36, N. Y. LOngacre 4-3000

December 8, 1961

Dr. Leo Szielard University of Chicago Chicago, Illinois

Dear Dr. Szielard:

I have read with interest your plans to establish a Council for Abolishing War in the New York Times, December 3.

I certainly would like more information regarding this organization.

Has the organization been established, or are you still in the planning stage? Also, is there someone whom I can contact in the New York vicinity for information?

Your intention to lobby for peace is a sound one, although I would say off-hand that your request for members to contribute two percent of their total income seems a bit on the high side.

I note that your lecture program entails considerable travel, but I hope that this letter reaches you in the near future. I will be looking forward to your reply.

Sincerely,

Nicholas Chironis Associate Editor

Nedoles Chums

## The Christopher Reynolds Toundation, Inc. Lix East Forty-fifth Street New York 17, N. Y.

January 28, 1963

Dr. Leo Szilard Hotel DuPont Plaza DuPont Circle & New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Dr. Szilard:

I am pleased to advise that our Board has acted favorably upon your request and will make a grant in the amount of \$7500.00 towards the program set forth in your letter of January 10th, 1963 to Dr. John Neustadt. Our Board is extremely interested in what you are trying to accomplish and hopes you will be able to obtain the additional financing required from other sources.

As requested by you, I am returning herewith the three copies of the memorandum submitted to Mrs. Reynolds, Mr. Kahn and myself, together with the three copies mailed by you and which failed to arrive in time for our meeting. Incidentally, the memoranda which you originally sent did not reach us in time for our meeting because the envelope was misaddressed - instead of "121" East 61st Street, it was addressed "161" East 61st Street. However, I am glad to say that the envelope was subsequently forwarded to Mrs. Reynolds.

With best wishes, I remain

Sincerely yours,

THE CHRISTOPHER REYNOLDS FOUNDATION, INC.

By Secretary

JC:sm encls.

February 7, 1964

Honorable Frank Church U. S. Senate Washington 25. D.C.

Dear Senator Church:

I shall be leaving Washington on February 20 to take up residence on the West Coast and I should greatly appreciate having an opportunity to talk to you at your convenience before I go. I would want to tell you on this occasion

- a) why I believe that in the situation that has arisen it has become important for us to reach an arrangement with Russia on arms control, even though far-reaching measures of general disarmament would have to await a general political settlement, and
- b) why I believe that it would be important that you take a personal interest in this matter.

I understand that if you should decide to take an interest in this matter the Council would be very glad to be of assistance to you in making available to you all the information you would need to have in order to form a balanced judgment on the issues involved.

If you can set up an appointment for me to see you, perhaps your secretary could call me at the Hotel Dupont Plaza, Room 745, HU. 3-6000.

Very truly yours,

#### Leo Szilard

P.S. I am enclosing two preprints of an article which will appear in the Bulletin for Atomic Scientists, together with its Summary. I wrote this article in order to focus the discussion on the one significant step in arms control, which could be negotiated, in the absence of a general political settlement.

February 10, 1964

Honorable Frank Church U. S. Senate Washington 25, D.C.

Dear Senator Church:

I am looking forward to having lunch with you on Friday, the 14th, and I shall call at your office at 12:30 p.m.

I enclose a preprint of an article which will appear late in February in the Bulletin of Atomic Scientists. It was written for the purpose of focusing attention on the only meaningful step of arms control that could be negotiated with the Russians in the absence of a general political settlement. Attached to this letter is a Summary of the paper.

I should be very glad to discuss with you on Friday any questions which my paper might raise in your mind.

I fear that what could be negotiated will not be negotiated because of the currently employed methods of negotiating with the Russians. These are not likely to lead to a meeting of the minds even in the areas in which their interest and our interest coincide.

With best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

Leo Szilard

WILLIAM C. COOK

WILLIAM P. CLANCY Education Director

## Field Director

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DR. CHARLES D. TREXLER
PROF. D. ELTON TRUEBLOOD
PRES. HENRY P. VAN DUSEN

170 EAST 64th STREET New York 21, N. Y.

June 18, 1957

Cable Address: "ECCLEPAX, NEW YORK"
Telephone: TEmpleton 8-4120

Dr. Leo Szilard Professor of Physics University of Chicago Chicago 37, Illinois

Dear Dr. Szilard:

The World Affairs Center and The Church Peace Union have decided to postpone the seminar set for Tuesday, July 2, on "Ethics, Security and the Free Society in the Thermonuclear Age." We have had an enthusiastic response from a number of program participants and seminar registrants. We reached this decision, however, because we found it impossible in the short time available to enlist in the program certain individuals whose views we felt were essential to the purposes of the seminar.

Both the World Affairs Center and we at The Church Peace Union value your interest in this seminar and hope that you will participate in it at a later date.

Sincerely yours,

AWL:ma

A. William Loos Executive Director

Jenfolo June 24, 1957 Mr. A. William Loos Executive Director The Church Peace Union 170 East 64th Street New York 21, N.Y. Dear Mr. Loos: I wish to thank you for advising me of the postponement of your seminar set for July 2nd. I shall appreciate your informing me about the new date should the new date be set later on. I expect to be out of the country, however, until the middle of October. Very sincerely yours, Leo Szilard m